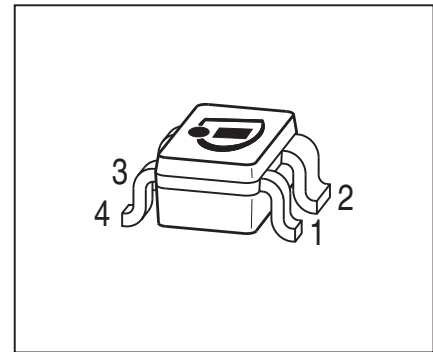


NPN Silicon Germanium RF Transistor

- Highly linear low noise RF transistor
- Provides outstanding performance for a wide range of wireless applications
- Based on Infineon's reliable high volume SiGe:C technology
- Ideal for CDMA and WLAN applications
- Collector design provides high linearity of 14.5 dBm OP1dB for low voltage application
- Maximum stable gain
 $G_{ms} = 21.5 \text{ dB at } 1.8 \text{ GHz}$
 $G_{ma} = 11 \text{ dB at } 6 \text{ GHz}$
- Outstanding noise figure $NF_{min} = 0.7 \text{ dB at } 1.8 \text{ GHz}$
 Outstanding noise figure $NF_{min} = 1.3 \text{ dB at } 6 \text{ GHz}$
- Accurate SPICE GP model enables effective design in process
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) package
- Qualified according AEC Q101



ESD (Electrostatic discharge) sensitive device, observe handling precaution!

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration						Package
BFP620	R2s	1=B	2=E	3=C	4=E	-	-	SOT343

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage $T_A > 0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_A \leq 0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	V_{CEO}	2.3 2.1	V
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}	7.5	
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	7.5	
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	1.2	
Collector current	I_C	80	mA
Base current	I_B	3	
Total power dissipation ¹⁾ $T_S \leq 95\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	185	mW
Junction temperature	T_J	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Ambient temperature	T_A	-65 ... 150	
Storage temperature	T_{Stg}	-65 ... 150	

¹⁾ T_S is measured on the emitter lead at the soldering point to pcb

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	≤ 300	K/W

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	2.3	2.8	-	V
Collector-emitter cutoff current $V_{CE} = 7.5\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{BE} = 0$	I_{CES}	- -	- 0.001	10 0.04	μA
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_E = 0$	I_{CBO}	-	1	40	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 0$	I_{EBO}	-	10	900	
DC current gain $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.5\text{ V}$, pulse measured	h_{FE}	110	180	270	-

¹⁾ For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note AN077 Thermal Resistance

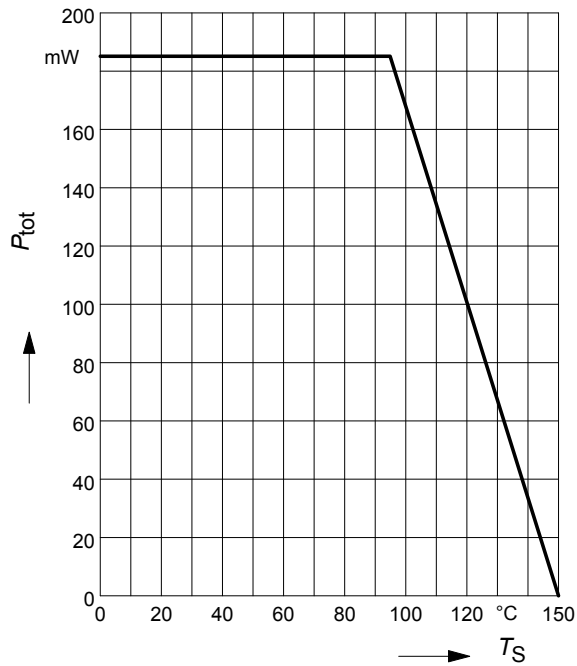
Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
AC Characteristics (verified by random sampling)					
Transition frequency $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ GHz}$	f_T	-	65	-	GHz
Collector-base capacitance $V_{CB} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, emitter grounded	C_{cb}	-	0.12	0.2	pF
Collector emitter capacitance $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{BE} = 0$, base grounded	C_{ce}	-	0.22	-	
Emitter-base capacitance $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CB} = 0$, collector grounded	C_{eb}	-	0.46	-	
Minimum noise figure $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $f=1.8\text{GHz}$ $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$ $I_C = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $f= 6\text{GHz}$ $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$	NF_{min}	- -	0.7 1.3	- -	dB
Power gain, maximum stable ¹⁾ $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $f = 1.8\text{GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$	G_{ms}	-	21.5	-	dB
Power gain, maximum available $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $f = 6\text{ GHz}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$, $Z_L = Z_{Lopt}$	G_{ma}	-	11	-	dB
Transducer gain $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} =1.5\text{ V}$, $Z_S=Z_L=50\ \Omega$ $f = 1.8\text{ GHz}$ $f = 6\text{ GHz}$	$ S_{21e} ^2$	- -	20 9.5	- -	dB
Third order intercept point at output ²⁾ $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $Z_S=Z_L=50\ \Omega$, $f=1.8\text{GHz}$	IP_3	-	25.5	-	dBm
1dB compression point at output $I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $Z_S =Z_L=50\ \Omega$, $f=1.8\text{ GHz}$	P_{-1dB}	-	14.5	-	

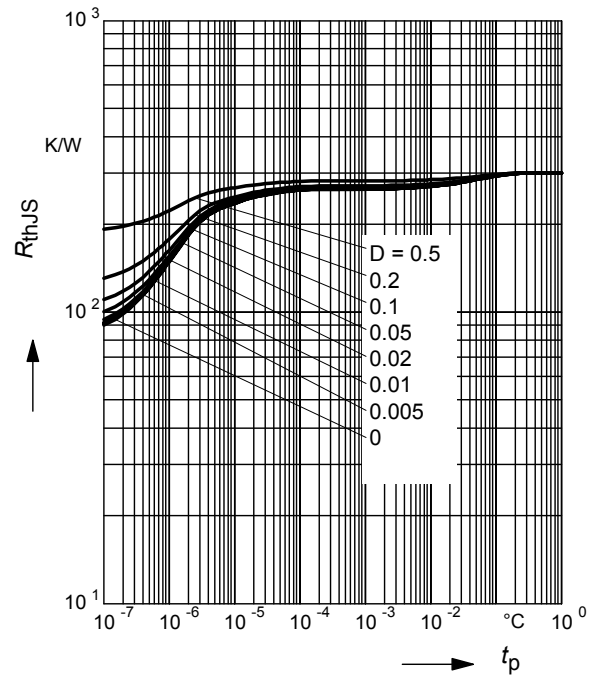
¹⁾ $G_{ms} = |S_{21} / S_{12}|$

²⁾ IP_3 value depends on termination of all intermodulation frequency components.
Termination used for this measurement is $50\ \Omega$ from 0.1 MHz to 6 GHz

Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

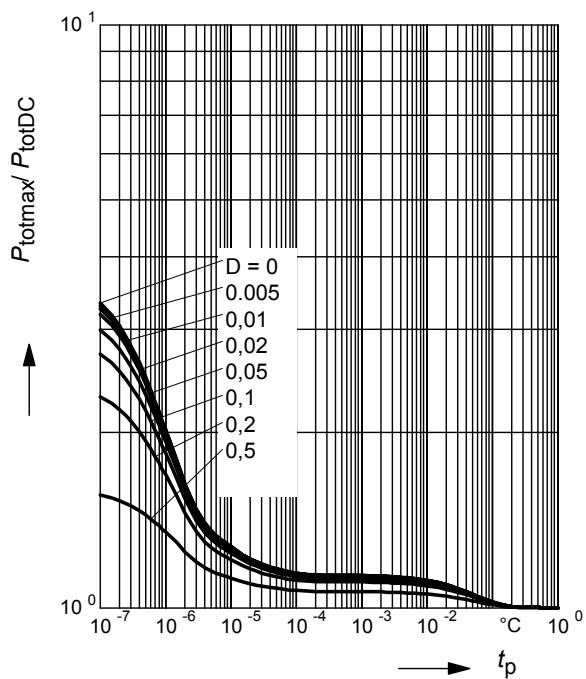


Permissible Pulse Load $R_{\text{thJS}} = f(t_p)$



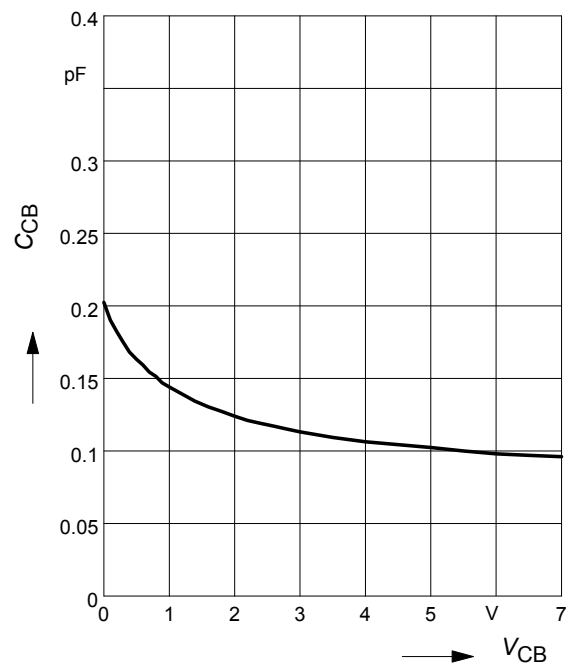
Permissible Pulse Load

$P_{\text{totmax}}/P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$



Collector-base capacitance $C_{\text{cb}} = f(V_{\text{CB}})$

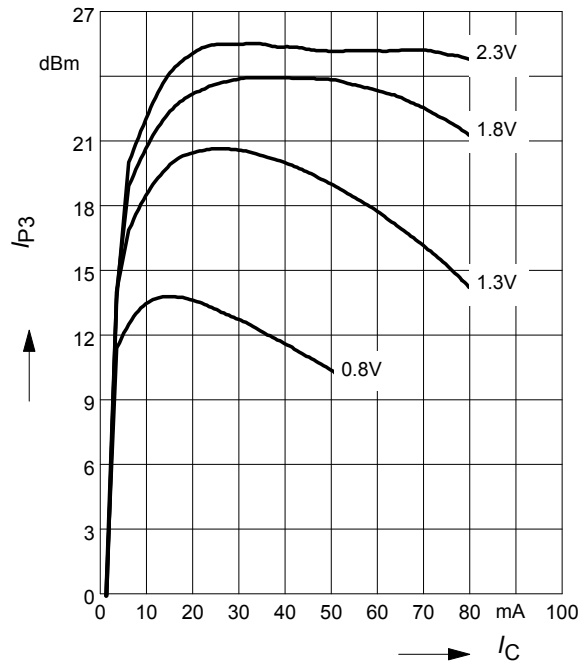
$f = 1\text{MHz}$



Third order Intercept Point $IP_3 = f(I_C)$

(Output, $Z_S = Z_L = 50 \Omega$)

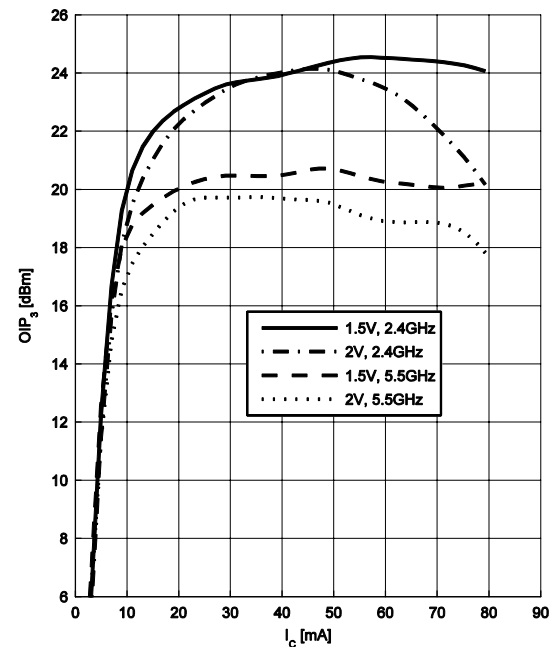
$V_{CE} = \text{parameter}$, $f = 900\text{MHz}$



Third order Intercept Point $IP_3 = f(I_C)$

(Output, $Z_S = Z_L = 50 \Omega$)

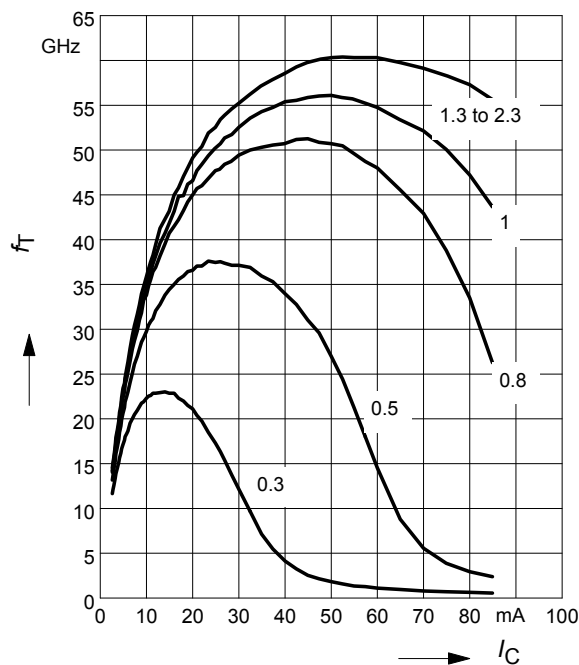
$V_{CE} = \text{parameter}$, $f = \text{parameter}$



Transition frequency $f_T = f(I_C)$

$f = 1 \text{ GHz}$

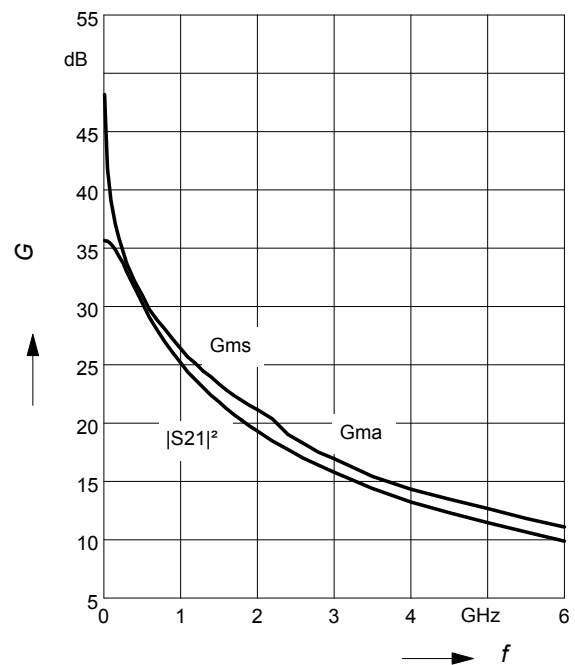
$V_{CE} = \text{parameter in V}$



Power gain $G_{ma}, G_{ms} = f(f)$

$|S_{21}|^2 = f(f)$

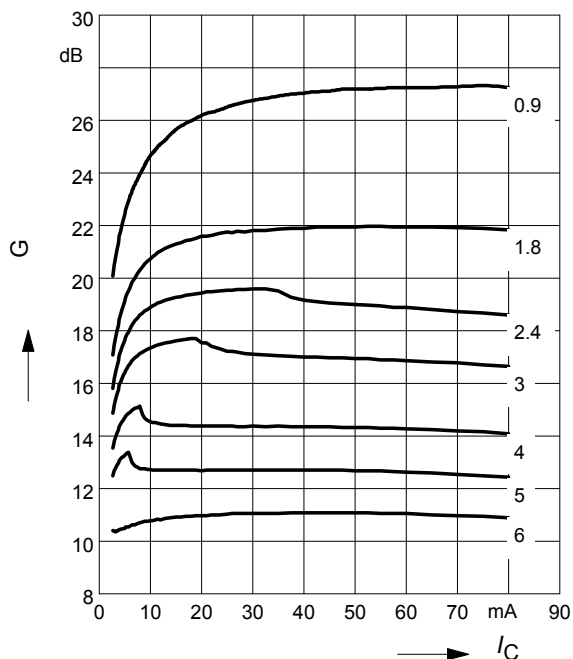
$V_{CE} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$



Power gain G_{ma} , $G_{ms} = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 1.5V$

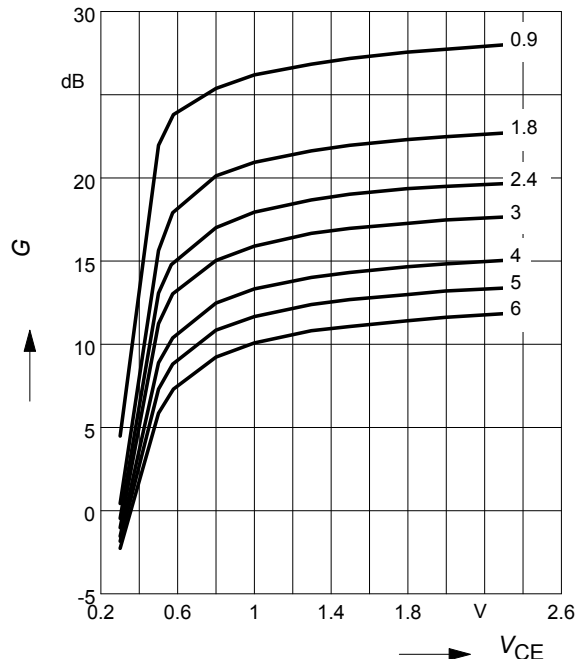
f = parameter in GHz



Power gain G_{ma} , $G_{ms} = f(V_{CE})$

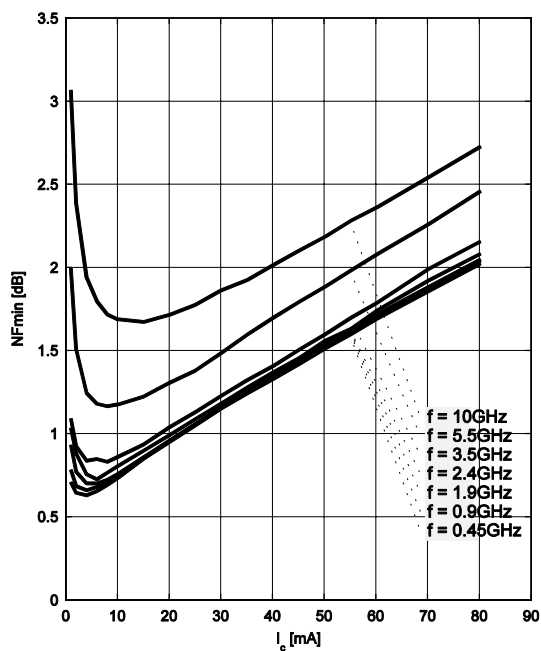
$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$

f = parameter in GHz



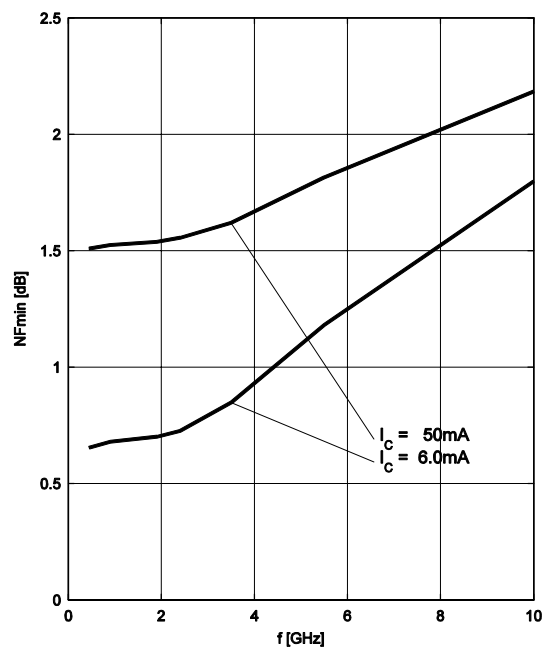
Minimum noise figure $NF_{min} = f(I_C)$

$V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



Minimum noise figure $NF_{min} = f(f)$

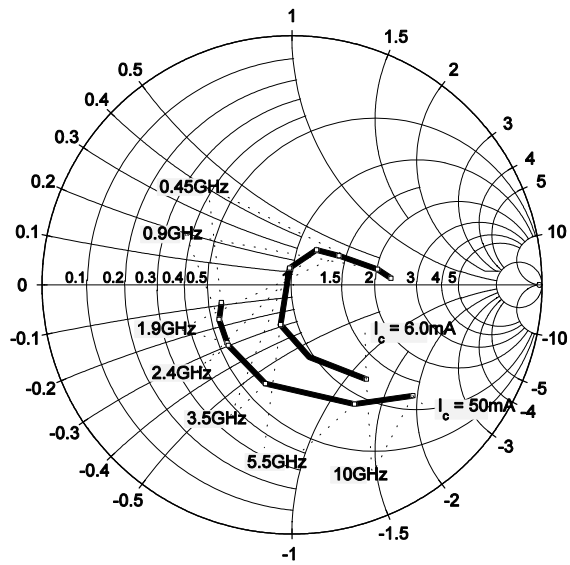
$V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}$, $Z_S = Z_{Sopt}$



Source impedance for min.

noise figure vs. frequency

$V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$, $I_C = 6\text{ mA} / 50\text{ mA}$



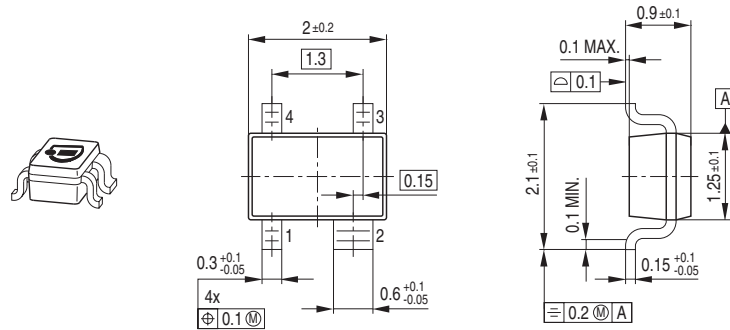
SPICE GP (Gummel-Poon)

For the SPICE Gummel Poon (GP) model as well as for the S-parameters (including noise parameters) please refer to our internet website

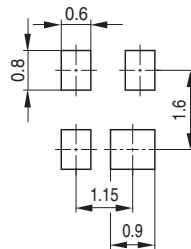
www.infineon.com/rf.models.

Please consult our website and download the latest versions before actually starting your design. You find the BFP620 SPICE GP model in the internet in MWO- and ADS-format, which you can import into these circuit simulation tools very quickly and conveniently. The model already contains the package parasitics and is ready to use for DC and high frequency simulations. The terminals of the model circuit correspond to the pin configuration of the device. The model parameters have been extracted and verified up to 10 GHz using typical devices. The BFP620 SPICE GP model reflects the typical DC- and RF-performance within the limitations which are given by the SPICE GP model itself. Besides the DC characteristics all S-parameters in magnitude and phase, as well as noise figure (including optimum source impedance, equivalent noise resistance and flicker noise) and intermodulation have been extracted.

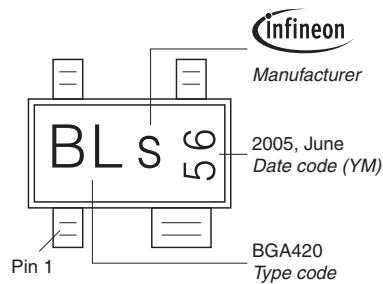
Package Outline



Foot Print

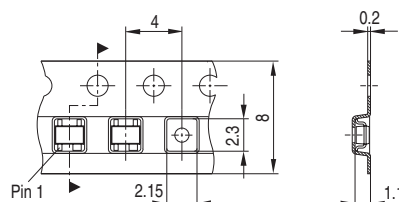


Marking Layout (Example)



Standard Packing

Reel ø180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel
 Reel ø330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



Datasheet Revision History: 21 September 2010

This datasheet replaces the revision from 20 April 2007.

The product itself has not been changed and the device characteristics remain unchanged. Only the product description and information available in the datasheet has been expanded and updated.

Previous Revision 20 April 2007	
Page	Subject (changes since last revision)
2	Typical values for leakage currents included, values for maximum leakage currents reduced
5	@ 2400 MHz OIP3 curves added
7	charts added describing noise figure

Edition 2009-11-16

**Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany**

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