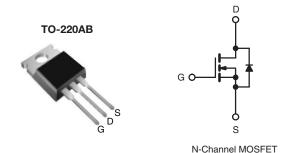


### Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY				
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	20	200		
$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	0.80		
Q <sub>g</sub> (Max.) (nC)	14	ļ		
Q <sub>gs</sub> (nC)	3.0	3.0		
Q <sub>gd</sub> (nC)	7.9	7.9		
Configuration	Sing	Single		



#### **FEATURES**

- Dynamic dV/dt Rating
- Repetitive Avalanche Rated
- · Fast Switching
- Ease of Paralleling
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC





#### **DESCRIPTION**

Third generation Power MOSFETs from Vishay provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The TO-220AB package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 W. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220AB contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.

ORDERING INFORMATION	
Package	TO-220AB
Load (Dh) froe	IRF620PbF
Lead (Pb)-free	SiHF620-E3
SnPb	IRF620
SIFD	SiHF620

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T <sub>C</sub>	= 25 °C, unless otherwis	se noted)		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	200	- V	
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	± 20		
Continuous Drain Current	$T_C = 25 ^{\circ}C$	I <sub>D</sub>	5.2	
	$V_{GS}$ at 10 V $T_C = 100 ^{\circ}C$		3.3	Α
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	18		
Linear Derating Factor		0.40	W/°C	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>b</sup>	E <sub>AS</sub>	110	mJ	
Repetitive Avalanche Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>AR</sub>	5.2	Α	
Repetitive Avalanche Energy <sup>a</sup>	E <sub>AR</sub>	5.0	mJ	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	50	W
Peak Diode Recovery dV/dtc	dV/dt	5.0	V/ns	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to + 150	°C	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)	for 10 s		300 <sup>d</sup>	
Mounting Torque	6-32 or M3 screw		10	lbf ⋅ in
	o-3∠ of IVI3 screw		1.1	N⋅m

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- b.  $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$ , starting  $T_J = 25 \text{ °C}$ , L = 6.1 mH,  $R_g = 25 \Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 5.2 \text{ A}$  (see fig. 12).
- c.  $I_{SD} \le 5.2$  A,  $dI/dt \le 95$  A/ $\mu$ s,  $V_{DD} \le V_{DS}$ ,  $T_{J} \le 150$  °C.
- d. 1.6 mm from case.

<sup>\*</sup> Pb containing terminations are not RoHS compliant, exemptions may apply



THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	62		
Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	R <sub>thCS</sub>	0.50	-	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	2.5		

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TES	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Static								
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		200			V	
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	Reference to 25 °C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA		-	0.29	-	V/°C	
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V <sub>DS</sub> =	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$		-	4.0	V	
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = ± 20 V		-	-	± 100	nA	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 200 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 160 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 125 \text{ °C}$		-	-	25 250	μΑ	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		-	-	0.80	Ω	
Forward Transconductance	9 <sub>fs</sub>		= 50 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.1 A	1.5	-	-	S	
Dynamic								
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V},$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V},$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}, \text{ see fig. 5}$		-	260	-	pF	
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>			-	100	-		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			-	30	-		
Total Gate Charge	Qg	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	I <sub>D</sub> = 4.8 A, V <sub>DS</sub> = 160 V, see fig. 6 and 13 <sup>b</sup>	-	-	14	nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>			-	-	3.0		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>			-	-	7.9		
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 100 V, $I_{D}$ = 4.8 A, $R_{g}$ = 18 $\Omega$ , $R_{D}$ = 20 $\Omega$ , see fig. 10 <sup>b</sup>		-	7.2	-	- ns	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>			-	22	-		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>			-	19	-		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			-	13	-		
Internal Drain Inductance	L <sub>D</sub>	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25") from package and center of die contact		-	4.5	-	-11	
Internal Source Inductance	L <sub>S</sub>			-	7.5	-	- nH	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic	s							
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode		-	-	5.2	A	
Pulsed Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>SM</sub>			-	-	18	^	
Body Diode Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	$T_J = 25  ^{\circ}\text{C}, \ I_S = 5.2  \text{A}, \ V_{GS} = 0  \text{V}^{\text{b}}$		-	-	1.8	V	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, I <sub>F</sub> = 4.8 A, dl/dt = 100 A/μs		-	150	300	ns	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>			-	0.91	1.8	μC	
Forward Turn-On Time	t <sub>on</sub>	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-			n-on is dominated by Ls and Ln)			

#### Notes

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- b. Pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s; duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.



### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

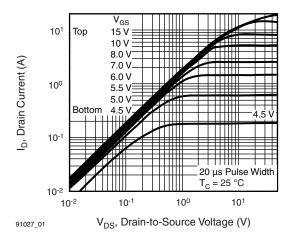


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics, T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C

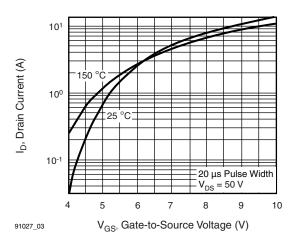


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

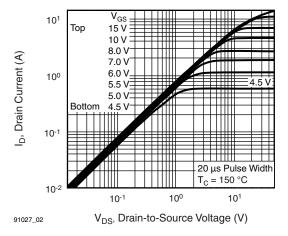


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics, T<sub>C</sub> = 150 °C

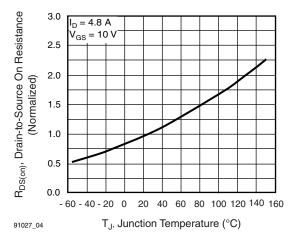


Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



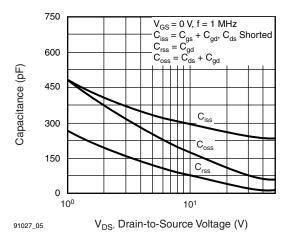


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

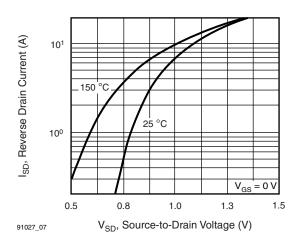


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

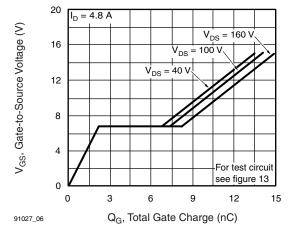


Fig. 6 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

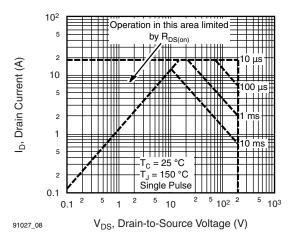


Fig. 8 - Maximum Safe Operating Area



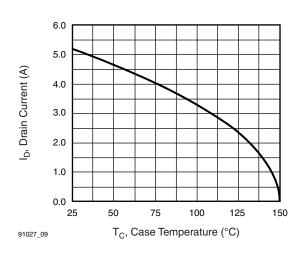


Fig. 9 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

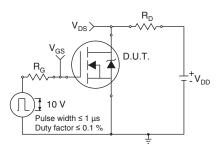


Fig. 10a - Switching Time Test Circuit

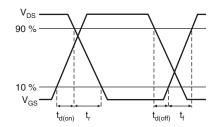


Fig. 10b - Switching Time Waveforms

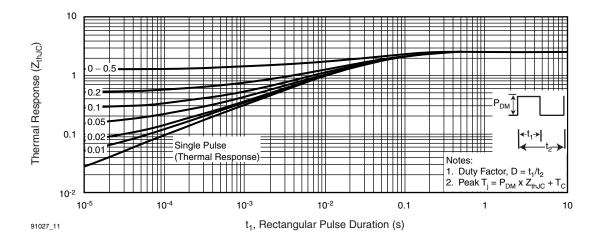


Fig. 11 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

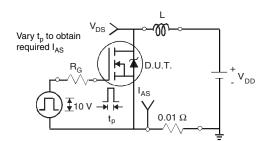


Fig. 12a - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

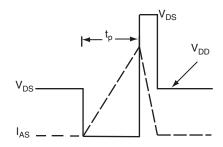


Fig. 12b - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



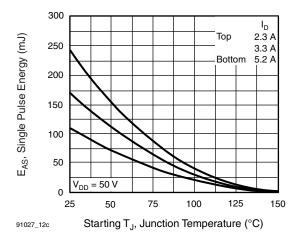


Fig. 12c - Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

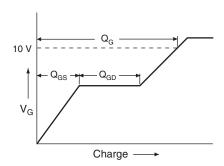


Fig. 13a - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

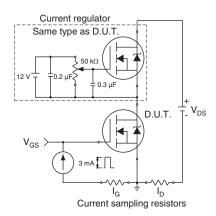
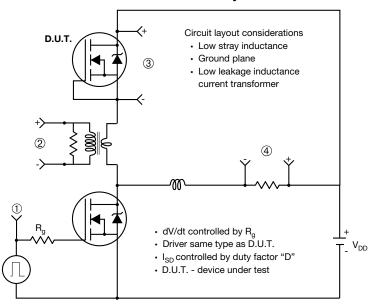


Fig. 13b - Gate Charge Test Circuit



#### Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit



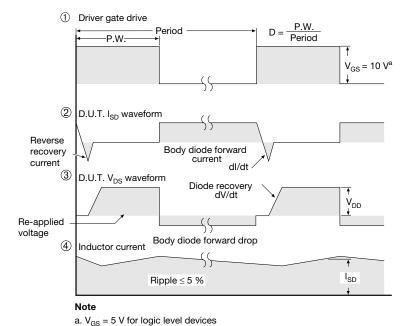


Fig. 14 - For N-Channel

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