LM258, LM358, LM358A, LM2904, LM2904A, LM2904V, NCV2904

Single Supply Dual Operational Amplifiers

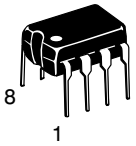
Utilizing the circuit designs perfected for Quad Operational Amplifiers, these dual operational amplifiers feature low power drain, a common mode input voltage range extending to ground/V_{EE}, and single supply or split supply operation. The LM358 series is equivalent to one−half of an LM324.

These amplifiers have several distinct advantages over standard operational amplifier types in single supply applications. They can operate at supply voltages as low as 3.0 V or as high as 32 V, with quiescent currents about one−fifth of those associated with the MC1741 (on a per amplifier basis). The common mode input range includes the negative supply, thereby eliminating the necessity for external biasing components in many applications. The output voltage range also includes the negative power supply voltage.

Features

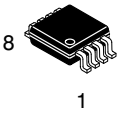
- Short Circuit Protected Outputs
- True Differential Input Stage
- Single Supply Operation: 3.0 V to 32 V
- Low Input Bias Currents
- Internally Compensated
- Common Mode Range Extends to Negative Supply
- Single and Split Supply Operation
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase Ruggedness of the Device without Affecting Operation
- Pb−Free Packages are Available
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Control Changes

ON Semiconductor®



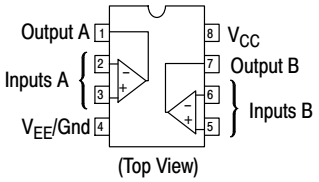
PDIP−8
N, AN, VN SUFFIX
CASE 626

SOIC−8
D, VD SUFFIX
CASE 751



Micro8™
DMR2 SUFFIX
CASE 846A

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 10 of this data sheet.

DEVICE MARKING INFORMATION

See general marking information in the device marking section on page 11 of this data sheet.

Publication Order Number:
LM358/D

MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Rating		Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltages Single Supply Split Supplies		 V_{CC} V_{CC}, V_{EE}	 32 ±16	Vdc
Input Differential Voltage Range (Note 1)		V_{IDR}	±32	Vdc
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 2)		V_{ICR}	−0.3 to 32	Vdc
Output Short Circuit Duration		t_{SC}	Continuous	
Junction Temperature		T_J	150	°C
Thermal Resistance, Junction−to−Air (Note 3)	Case 846A Case 751 Case 626	$R_{\theta JA}$	238 212 161	°C/W
Storage Temperature Range		T_{stg}	−65 to +150	°C
ESD Protection at any Pin Human Body Model Machine Model		V_{esd}	 2000 200	V
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	 LM258 LM358, LM358A LM2904/LM2904A LM2904V, NCV2904 (Note 4)	T_A	 −25 to +85 0 to +70 −40 to +105 −40 to +125	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. Split Power Supplies.
2. For supply voltages less than 32 V the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
3. All $R_{\theta JA}$ measurements made on evaluation board with 1 oz. copper traces of minimum pad size. All device outputs were active.
4. *NCV2904 is qualified for automotive use.*

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 5.0 V, V_{EE} = GND, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	LM258			LM358			LM358A			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage V_{CC} = 5.0 V to 30 V, V_{IC} = 0 V to V_{CC} −1.7 V, $V_O \simeq$ 1.4 V, R_S = 0 Ω	V_{IO}										mV
T_A = 25°C		–	2.0	5.0	–	2.0	7.0	–	2.0	3.0	
T_A = T_{high} (Note 5)		–	–	7.0	–	–	9.0	–	–	5.0	
T_A = T_{low} (Note 5)		–	–	7.0	–	–	9.0	–	–	5.0	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	7.0	–	–	7.0	–	–	7.0	–	μV/°C
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}	–	3.0	30	–	5.0	50	–	5.0	30	nA
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)		–	–	100	–	–	150	–	–	75	
Input Bias Current	I_{IB}	–	−45	−150	–	−45	−250	–	−45	−100	
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)		–	−50	−300	–	−50	−500	–	−50	−200	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)	$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	10	–	–	10	–	–	10	–	pA/°C
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 6), V_{CC} = 30 V	V_{ICR}	0	–	28.3	0	–	28.3	0	–	28.5	V
V_{CC} = 30 V, T_A = T_{high} to T_{low}		0	–	28	0	–	28	0	–	28	
Differential Input Voltage Range	V_{IDR}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	V
Large Signal Open Loop Voltage Gain	A_{VOL}										V/mV
R_L = 2.0 kΩ, V_{CC} = 15 V, For Large V_O Swing,		50	100	–	25	100	–	25	100	–	
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)		25	–	–	15	–	–	15	–	–	
Channel Separation 1.0 kHz ≤ f ≤ 20 kHz, Input Referenced	CS	–	−120	–	–	−120	–	–	−120	–	dB
Common Mode Rejection R_S ≤ 10 kΩ	CMR	70	85	–	65	70	–	65	70	–	dB
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	65	100	–	65	100	–	65	100	–	dB
Output Voltage−High Limit T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)	V_{OH}										V
V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 2.0 kΩ, T_A = 25°C		3.3	3.5	–	3.3	3.5	–	3.3	3.5	–	
V_{CC} = 30 V, R_L = 2.0 kΩ		26	–	–	26	–	–	26	–	–	
V_{CC} = 30 V, R_L = 10 kΩ		27	28	–	27	28	–	27	28	–	
Output Voltage−Low Limit V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 10 kΩ, T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)	V_{OL}	–	5.0	20	–	5.0	20	–	5.0	20	mV
Output Source Current	I_{O+}										mA
V_{ID} = +1.0 V, V_{CC} = 15 V		20	40	–	20	40	–	20	40	–	
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (LM358A Only)								10	–	–	
Output Sink Current	I_{O-}										
V_{ID} = −1.0 V, V_{CC} = 15 V		10	20	–	10	20	–	10	20	–	mA
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (LM358A Only)								5.0	–	–	mA
V_{ID} = −1.0 V, V_O = 200 mV		12	50	–	12	50	–	12	50	–	μA
Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 7)	I_{SC}	–	40	60	–	40	60	–	40	60	mA
Power Supply Current (Total Device) T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 5)	I_{CC}										mA
V_{CC} = 30 V, V_O = 0 V, R_L = ∞		–	1.5	3.0	–	1.5	3.0	–	1.5	2.0	
V_{CC} = 5 V, V_O = 0 V, R_L = ∞		–	0.7	1.2	–	0.7	1.2	–	0.7	1.2	

5. LM258: T_{low} = −25°C, T_{high} = +85°C; LM358, LM358A: T_{low} = 0°C, T_{high} = +70°C
   LM2904/LM2904A: T_{low} = −40°C, T_{high} = +105°C; LM2904V & NCV2904: T_{low} = −40°C, T_{high} = +125°C
   NCV2904 is qualified for automotive use.
6. The input common mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common mode voltage range is V_{CC} − 1.7 V.
7. Short circuits from the output to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous shorts on all amplifiers.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 5.0 V, V_{EE} = Gnd, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	LM2904			LM2904A			LM2904V, NCV2904			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Input Offset Voltage V_{CC} = 5.0 V to 30 V, V_{IC} = 0 V to V_{CC} −1.7 V, $V_O \simeq$ 1.4 V, R_S = 0 Ω	V_{IO}										mV
T_A = 25°C		–	2.0	7.0	–	2.0	7.0	–	–	7.0	
T_A = T_{high} (Note 8)		–	–	10	–	–	10	–	–	13	
T_A = T_{low} (Note 8)		–	–	10	–	–	10	–	–	10	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	7.0	–	–	7.0	–	–	7.0	–	μV/°C
Input Offset Current	I_{IO}	–	5.0	50	–	5.0	50	–	5.0	50	nA
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)		–	45	200	–	45	200	–	45	200	
Input Bias Current	I_{IB}	–	−45	−250	–	−45	−100	–	−45	−250	
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)		–	−50	−500	–	−50	−250	–	−50	−500	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)	$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	10	–	–	10	–	–	10	–	pA/°C
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 9), V_{CC} = 30 V	V_{ICR}	0	–	24.3	0	–	24.3	0	–	24.3	V
V_{CC} = 30 V, T_A = T_{high} to T_{low}		0	–	24	0	–	24	0	–	24	
Differential Input Voltage Range	V_{IDR}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	–	–	V_{CC}	V
Large Signal Open Loop Voltage Gain	A_{VOL}										V/mV
R_L = 2.0 kΩ, V_{CC} = 15 V, For Large V_O Swing,		25	100	–	25	100	–	25	100	–	
T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)		15	–	–	15	–	–	15	–	–	
Channel Separation 1.0 kHz ≤ f ≤ 20 kHz, Input Referenced	CS	–	−120	–	–	−120	–	–	−120	–	dB
Common Mode Rejection R_S ≤ 10 kΩ	CMR	50	70	–	50	70	–	50	70	–	dB
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	50	100	–	50	100	–	50	100	–	dB
Output Voltage−High Limit T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)	V_{OH}										V
V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 2.0 kΩ, T_A = 25°C		3.3	3.5	–	3.3	3.5	–	3.3	3.5	–	
V_{CC} = 30 V, R_L = 2.0 kΩ		22	–	–	22	–	–	22	–	–	
V_{CC} = 30 V, R_L = 10 kΩ		23	24	–	23	24	–	23	24	–	
Output Voltage−Low Limit V_{CC} = 5.0 V, R_L = 10 kΩ, T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)	V_{OL}	–	5.0	20	–	5.0	20	–	5.0	20	mV
Output Source Current V_{ID} = +1.0 V, V_{CC} = 15 V	I_{O+}	20	40	–	20	40	–	20	40	–	mA
Output Sink Current	I_{O-}										
V_{ID} = −1.0 V, V_{CC} = 15 V		10	20	–	10	20	–	10	20	–	mA
V_{ID} = −1.0 V, V_O = 200 mV		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	μA
Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 10)	I_{SC}	–	40	60	–	40	60	–	40	60	mA
Power Supply Current (Total Device) T_A = T_{high} to T_{low} (Note 8)	I_{CC}										mA
V_{CC} = 30 V, V_O = 0 V, R_L = ∞		–	1.5	3.0	–	1.5	3.0	–	1.5	3.0	
V_{CC} = 5 V, V_O = 0 V, R_L = ∞		–	0.7	1.2	–	0.7	1.2	–	0.7	1.2	

8. LM258: T_{low} = −25°C, T_{high} = +85°C
   LM358, LM358A: T_{low} = 0°C, T_{high} = +70°C
   LM2904/LM2904A: T_{low} = −40°C, T_{high} = +105°C
   LM2904V & NCV2904: T_{low} = −40°C, T_{high} = +125°C
   NCV2904 is qualified for automotive use.
9. The input common mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common mode voltage range is V_{CC} − 1.7 V.
10. Short circuits from the output to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous shorts on all amplifiers.

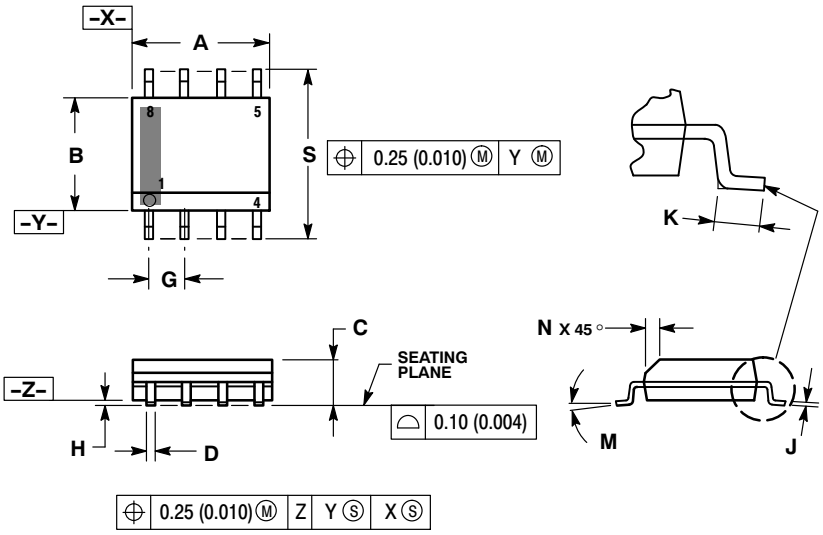
ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Shipping†
LM358ADR2G	0°C to +70°C	SOIC−8 (Pb−Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
LM358D		SOIC−8	98 Units/Rail
LM358DG		SOIC−8 (Pb−Free)	98 Units/Rail
LM358DR2		SOIC−8	2500 Tape & Reel
LM358DR2G		SOIC−8 (Pb−Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
LM358DMR2		Micro8	4000 Tape & Reel
LM358DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb−Free)	4000 Tape & Reel
LM358N		PDIP−8	50 Units/Rail
LM358NG		PDIP−8 (Pb−Free)	50 Units/Rail
LM258D	−25°C to +85°C	SOIC−8	98 Units/Rail
LM258DG		SOIC−8 (Pb−Free)	98 Units/Rail
LM258DR2		SOIC−8	2500 Tape & Reel
LM258DR2G		SOIC−8 (Pb−Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
LM258DMR2		Micro8	4000 Tape & Reel
LM258DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb−Free)	4000 Tape & Reel
LM258N		PDIP−8	50 Units/Rail
LM258NG		PDIP−8 (Pb−Free)	50 Units/Rail
LM2904D	−40°C to +105°C	SOIC−8	98 Units/Rail
LM2904DG		SOIC−8 (Pb−Free)	98 Units/Rail
LM2904DR2		SOIC−8	2500 Tape & Reel
LM2904DR2G		SOIC−8 (Pb−Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
LM2904DMR2		Micro8	2500 Tape & Reel
LM2904DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb−Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
LM2904N		PDIP−8	50 Units/Rail
LM2904NG		PDIP−8 (Pb−Free)	50 Units/Rail
LM2904ADMG		Micro8 (Pb−Free)	4000 Tape & Reel
LM2904ADMR2		Micro8	4000 Tape & Reel
LM2904ADMR2G		Micro8 (Pb−Free)	4000 Tape & Reel
LM2904AN		PDIP−8	50 Units/Rail
LM2904ANG		PDIP−8 (Pb−Free)	50 Units/Rail

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

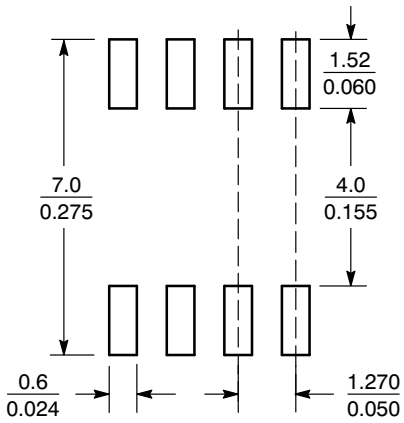
SOIC−8 NB
CASE 751−07
ISSUE AJ



NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
6. 751−01 THRU 751−06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751−07.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
B	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
C	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
J	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
M	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



SCALE 6:1 (mm / inches)

*For additional information on our Pb−Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.