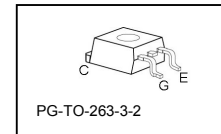
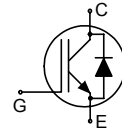


Fast IGBT in NPT-technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- 75% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation combined with low conduction losses
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for frequency inverters for washing machines, fans, pumps and vacuum cleaners
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



| Type | V_{CE} | I_C | $V_{CE(sat)}$ | T_j | Marking | Package |
|----------|----------|-------|---------------|-------|---------|---------------|
| SKB02N60 | 600V | 2A | 2.2V | 150°C | K06N60 | PG-TO-263-3-2 |

Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Collector-emitter voltage | V_{CE} | 600 | V |
| DC collector current | I_C | 6.0 | A |
| $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 6.0 | |
| $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 2.9 | |
| Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax} | I_{Cpuls} | 12 | |
| Turn off safe operating area | - | 12 | |
| $V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | | |
| Diode forward current | I_F | 6.0 | |
| $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 6.0 | |
| $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 2.9 | |
| Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax} | I_{Fpuls} | 12 | |
| Gate-emitter voltage | V_{GE} | ± 20 | V |
| Short circuit withstand time ² | t_{SC} | 10 | μ s |
| $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | | |
| Power dissipation | P_{tot} | 30 | W |
| $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | |
| Operating junction and storage temperature | T_j , T_{stg} | -55...+150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Soldering temperature (reflow soldering, MSL1) | T_s | 245 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

² Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Max. Value | Unit |
|---|-------------|------------|------------|------|
| Characteristic | | | | |
| IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case | R_{thJC} | | 4.2 | KW |
| Diode thermal resistance, junction – case | R_{thJCD} | | 7 | |
| SMD version, device on PCB ¹⁾ | R_{thJA} | | 40 | |

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|--|---------------|---|----------|-------------|-------------|------|
| | | | min. | Typ. | max. | |
| Static Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $V_{(BR)CES}$ | $V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$ | 600 | - | - | V |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $V_{CE(sat)}$ | $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=2A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.7 - | 1.9 2.2 | 2.4 2.7 | |
| Diode forward voltage | V_F | $V_{GE}=0V, I_F=2.9A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.2 - | 1.4 1.25 | 1.8 1.65 | μA |
| Gate-emitter threshold voltage | $V_{GE(th)}$ | $I_C=150\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| Zero gate voltage collector current | I_{CES} | $V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ | - - | - - | 20 250 | |
| Gate-emitter leakage current | I_{GES} | $V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$ | - | - | 100 | nA |
| Transconductance | g_{fs} | $V_{CE}=20V, I_C=2A$ | - | 1.6 | - | S |
| Dynamic Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Input capacitance | C_{iss} | $V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1\text{MHz}$ | - | 142 | 170 | pF |
| Output capacitance | C_{oss} | | - | 18 | 22 | |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | C_{rss} | | - | 10 | 12 | |
| Gate charge | Q_{Gate} | $V_{CC}=480V, I_C=2A$ $V_{GE}=15V$ | - | 14 | 18 | nC |
| Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case | L_E | | - | 7 | - | nH |
| Short circuit collector current ²⁾ | $I_{C(SC)}$ | $V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC}\leq 600V,$ $T_j\leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ | - | 20 | - | A |

¹⁾ Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for collector connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|--|--------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=2\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=118\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 180nH, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 180pF Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. | - | 20 | 24 | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | | - | 13 | 16 | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | | - | 259 | 311 | |
| Fall time | t_f | | - | 52 | 62 | mJ |
| Turn-on energy | E_{on} | | - | 0.036 | 0.041 | |
| Turn-off energy | E_{off} | | - | 0.028 | 0.036 | |
| Total switching energy | E_{ts} | | - | 0.064 | 0.078 | |
| Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=2.9\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | 130 | - | ns |
| | t_s | | - | 12 | - | |
| | t_F | | - | 118 | - | |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q_{rr} | | - | 65 | - | nC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I_{rrm} | | - | 1.9 | - | A |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b | di_{rr}/dt | | - | 180 | - | A/ μs |

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Value | | | Unit |
|--|--------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| IGBT Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=2\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=118\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 180nH, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 180pF Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. | - | 20 | 24 | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | | - | 14 | 17 | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | | - | 287 | 344 | |
| Fall time | t_f | | - | 67 | 80 | mJ |
| Turn-on energy | E_{on} | | - | 0.054 | 0.062 | |
| Turn-off energy | E_{off} | | - | 0.043 | 0.056 | |
| Total switching energy | E_{ts} | | - | 0.097 | 0.118 | |
| Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic | | | | | | |
| Diode reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=2.9\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | 150 | - | ns |
| | t_s | | - | 19 | - | |
| | t_F | | - | 131 | - | |
| Diode reverse recovery charge | Q_{rr} | | - | 150 | - | nC |
| Diode peak reverse recovery current | I_{rrm} | | - | 3.8 | - | A |
| Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b | di_{rr}/dt | | - | 200 | - | A/ μs |

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

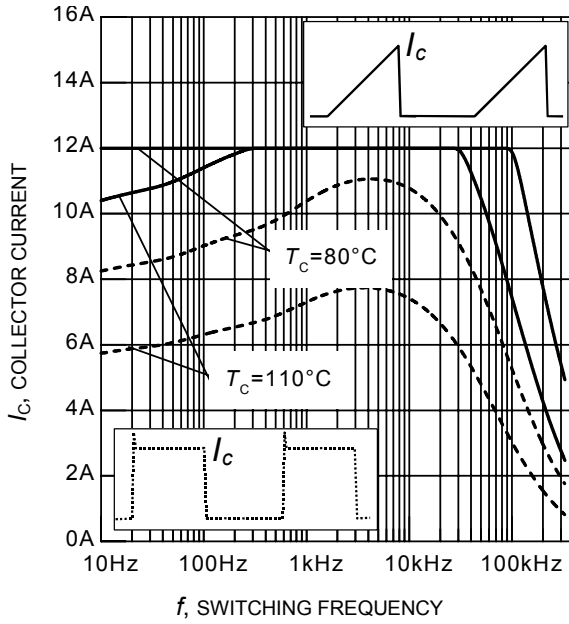


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency

($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$)

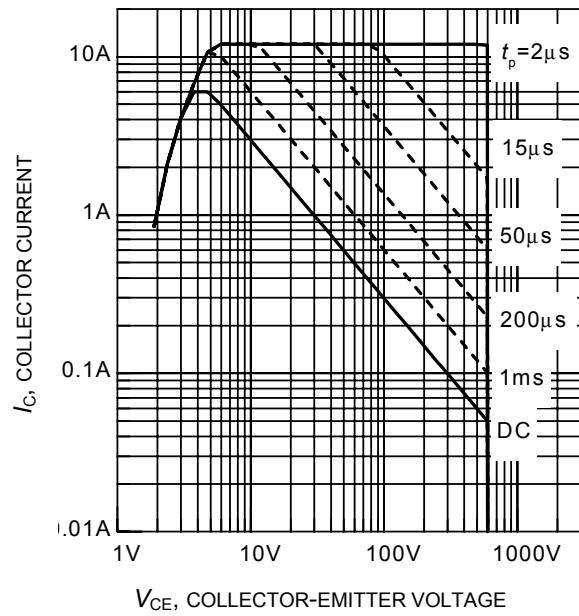


Figure 2. Safe operating area

($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

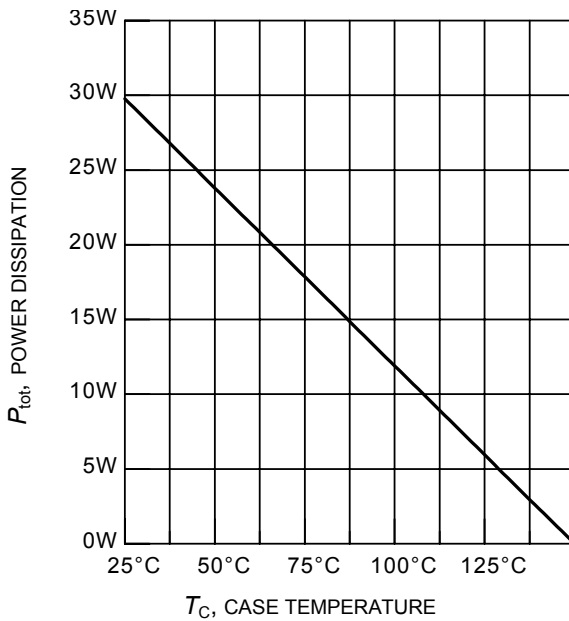


Figure 3. Power dissipation (IGBT) as a function of case temperature

($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

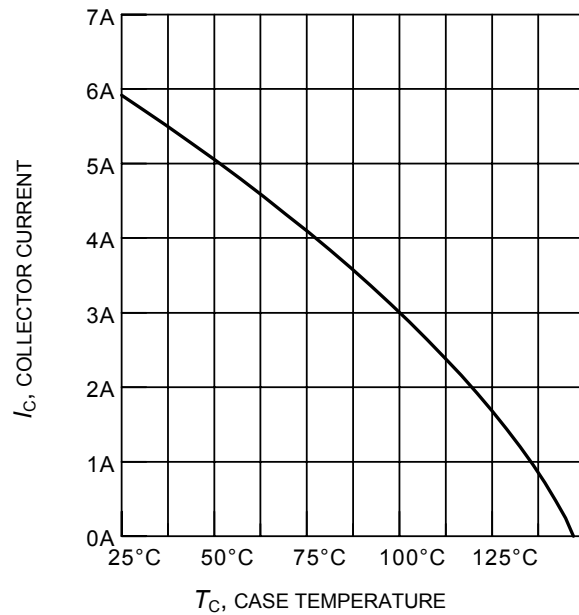


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature

($V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

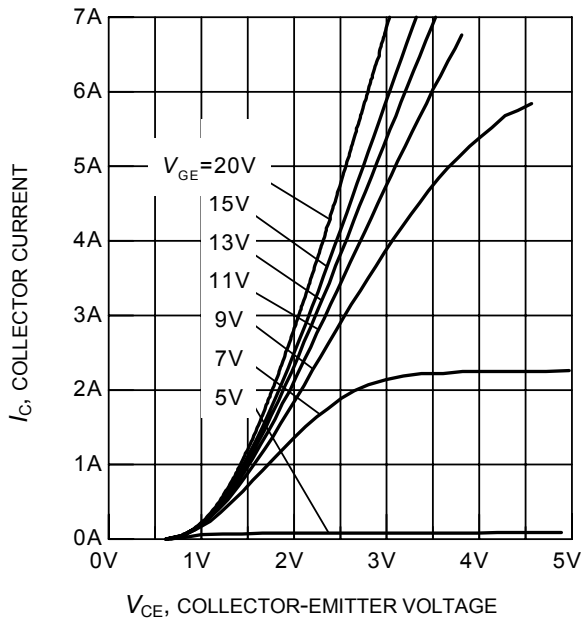


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

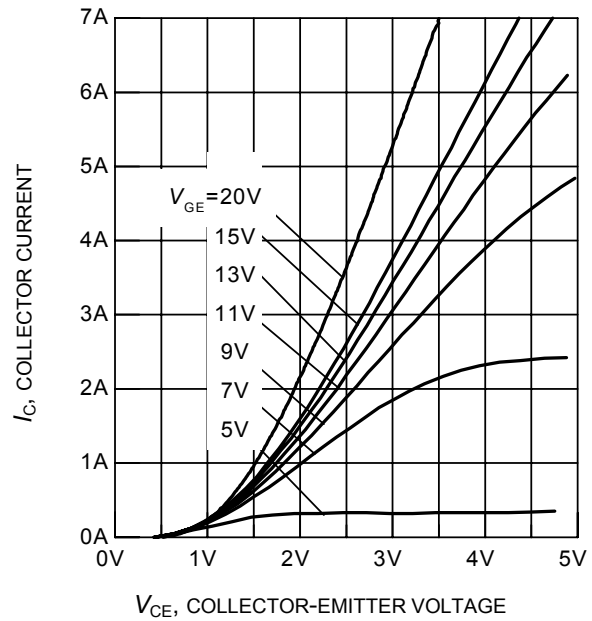


Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

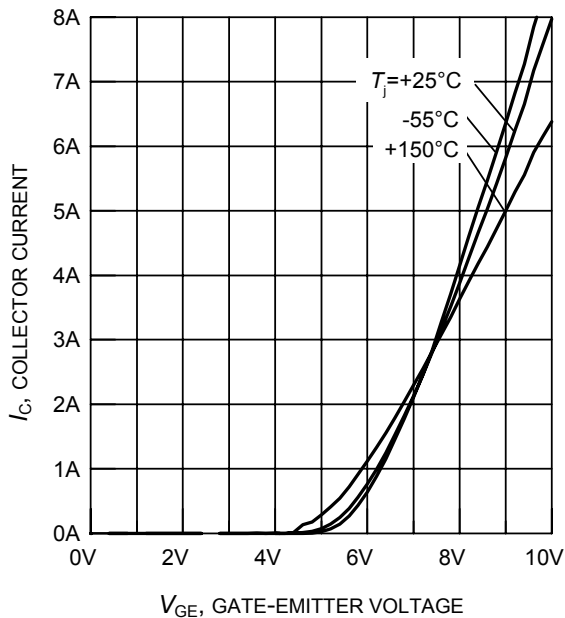


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)

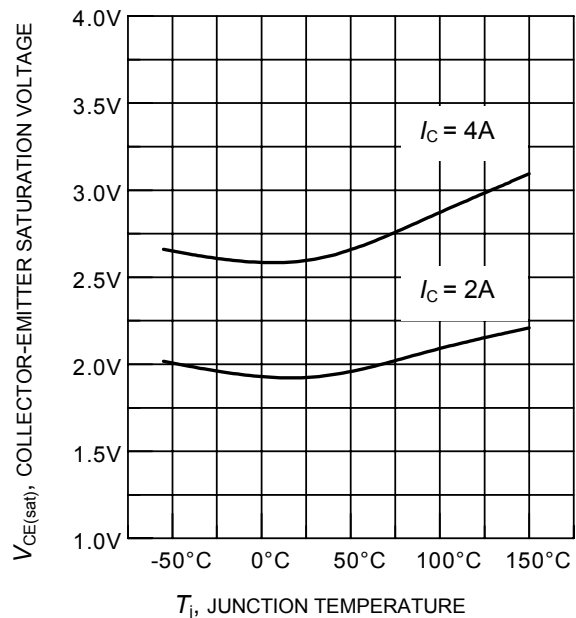


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

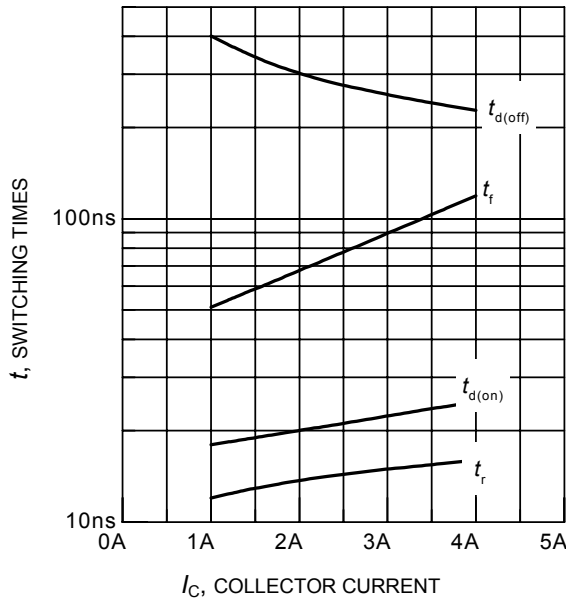


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

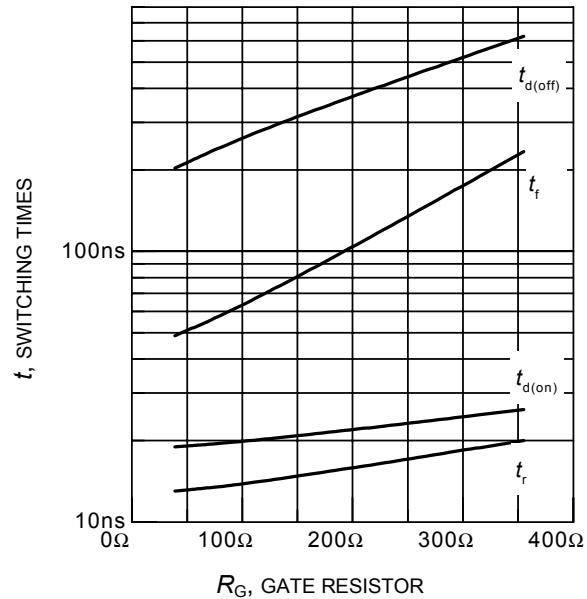


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 2\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

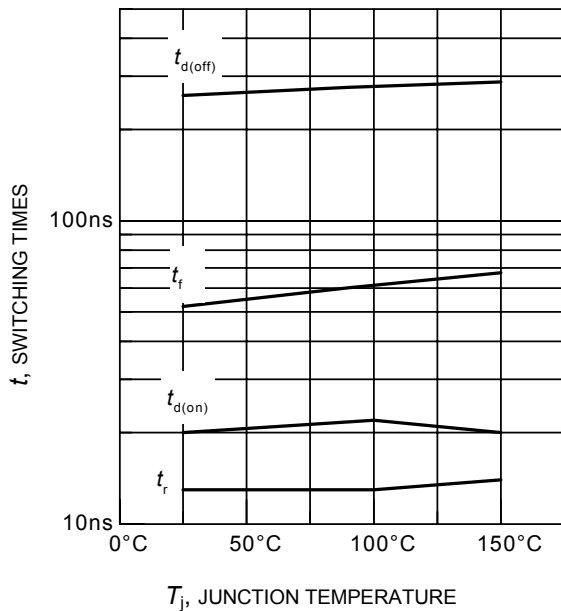


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 2\text{A}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

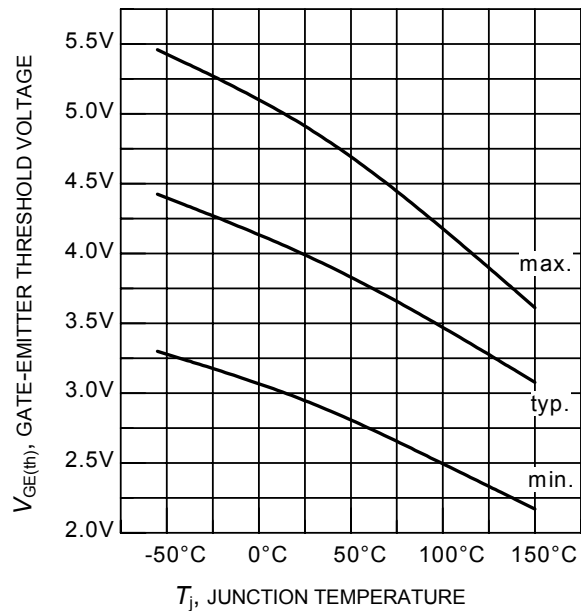


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

($I_C = 0.15\text{mA}$)

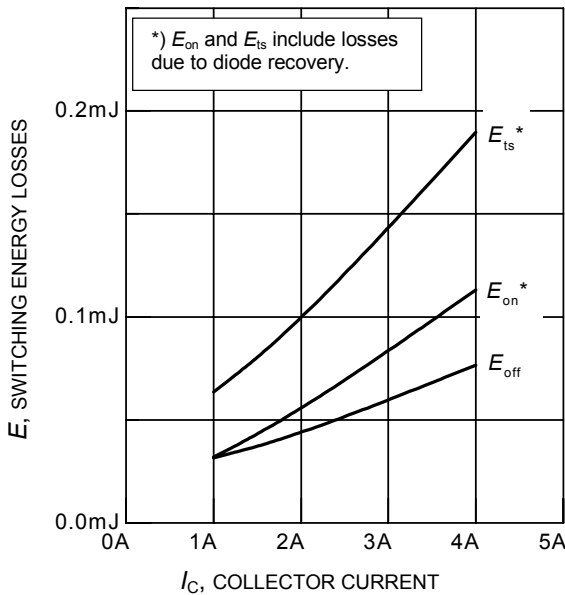


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

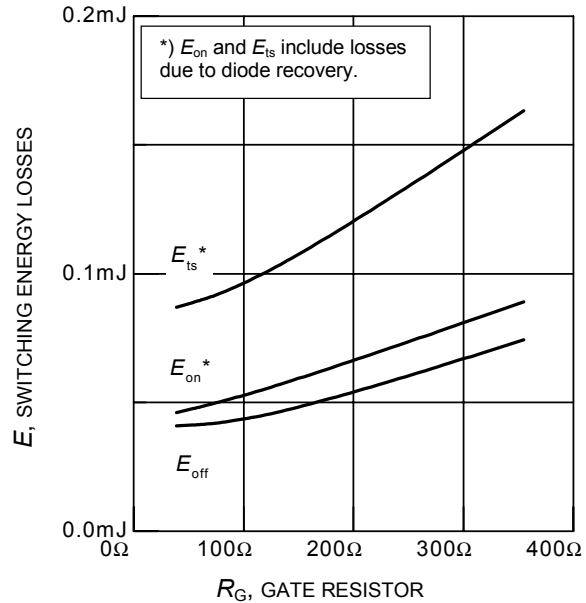


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 2\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

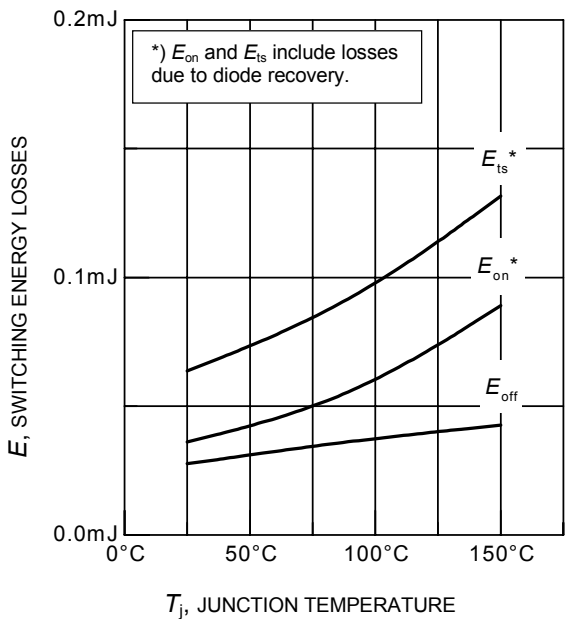


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 2\text{A}$, $R_G = 118\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

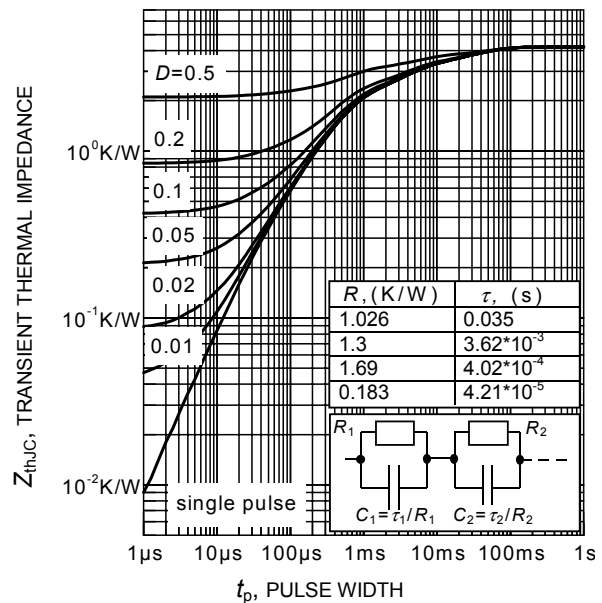


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $(D = t_p / T)$

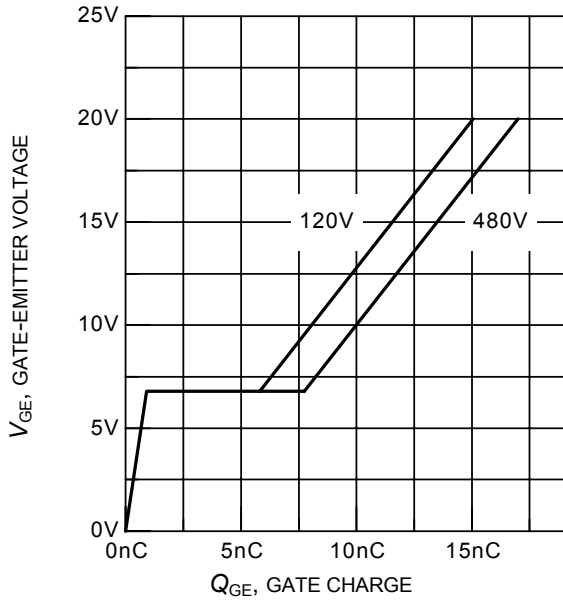


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 2A$)

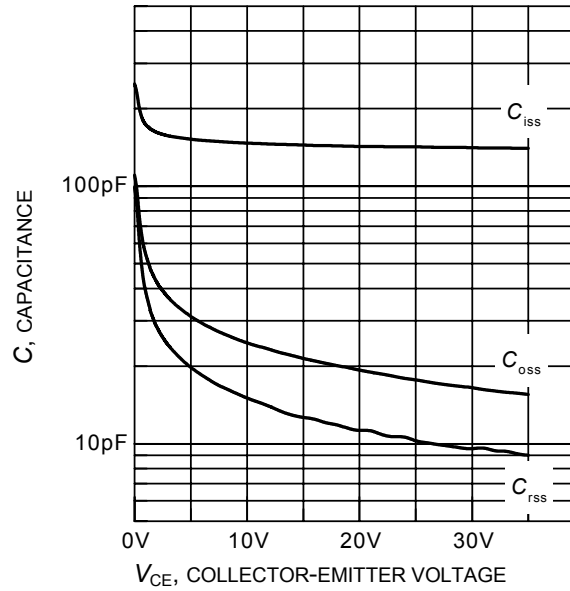


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$)

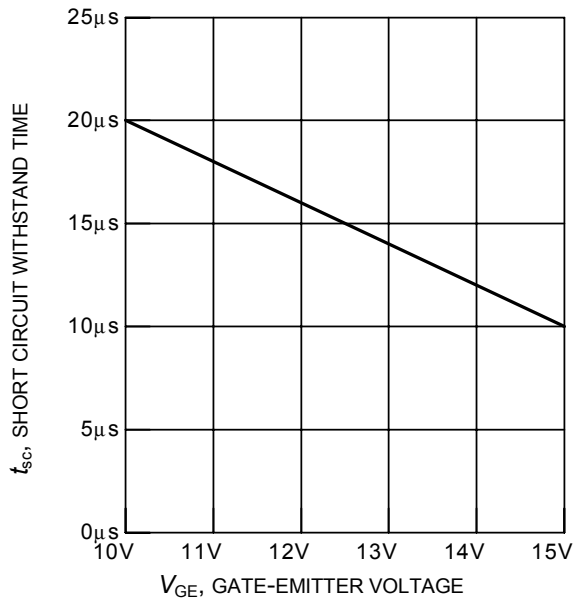


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 600V, \text{start at } T_j = 25^\circ C$)

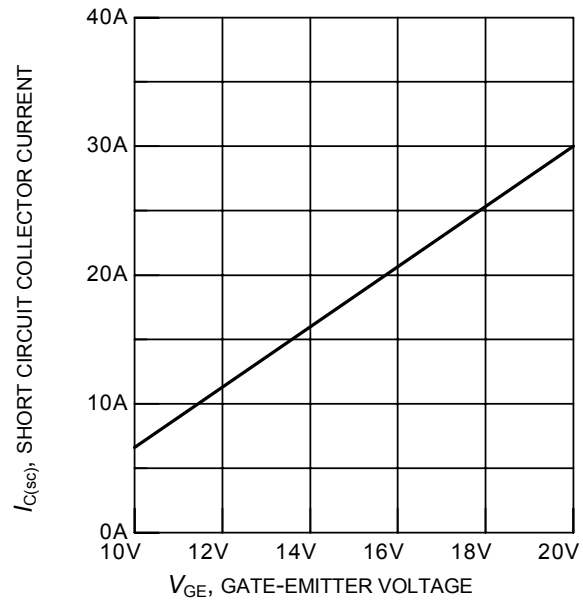
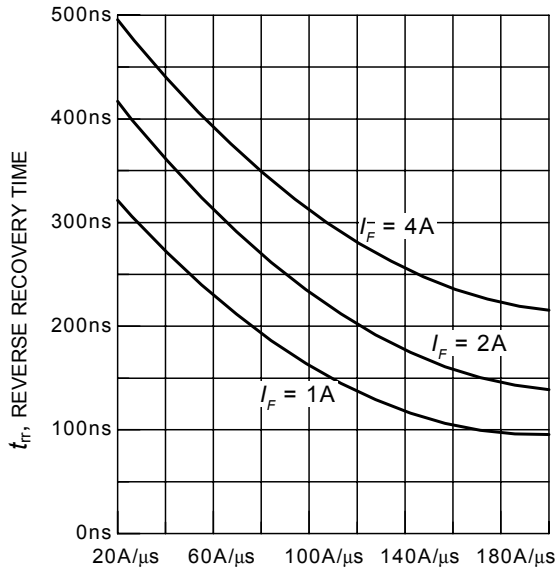
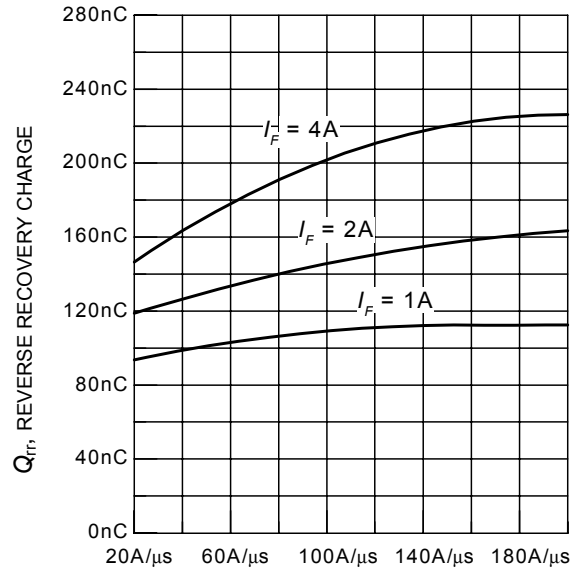


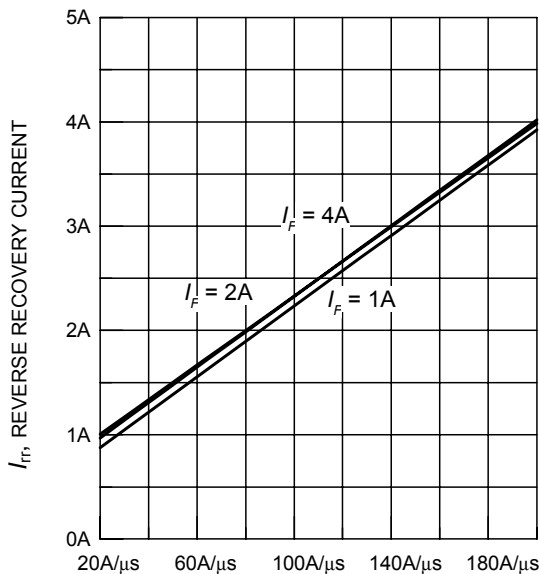
Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600V, T_j = 150^\circ C$)



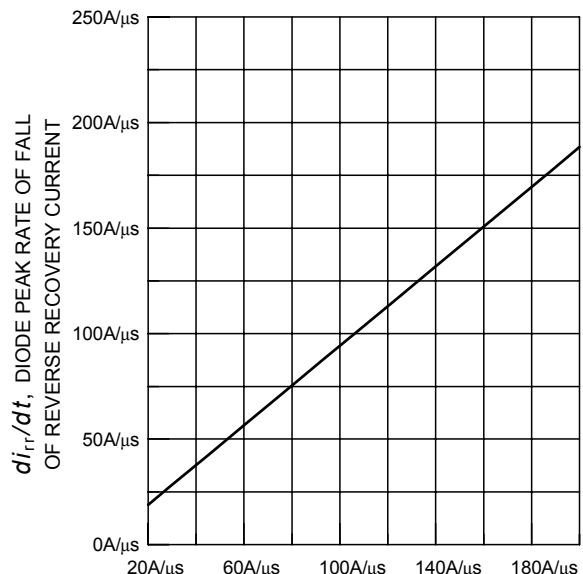
di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

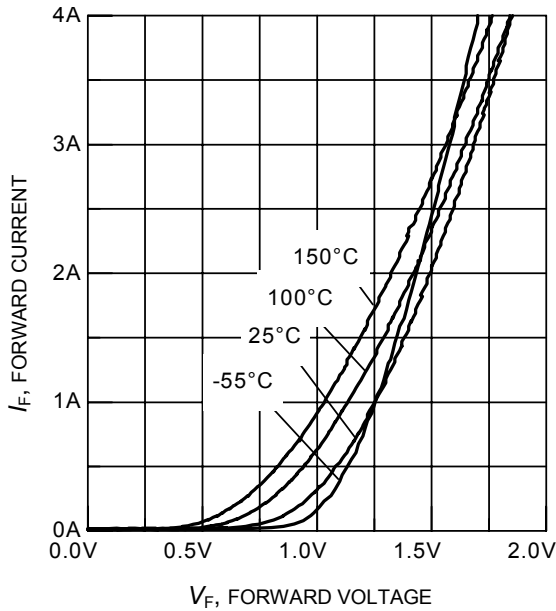


Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

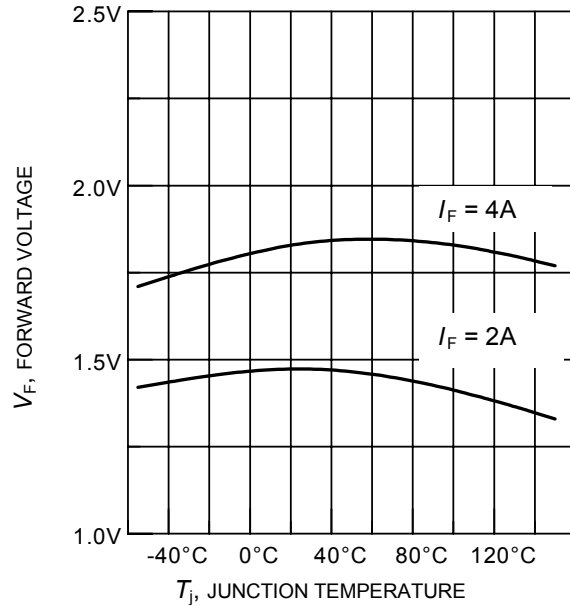


Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

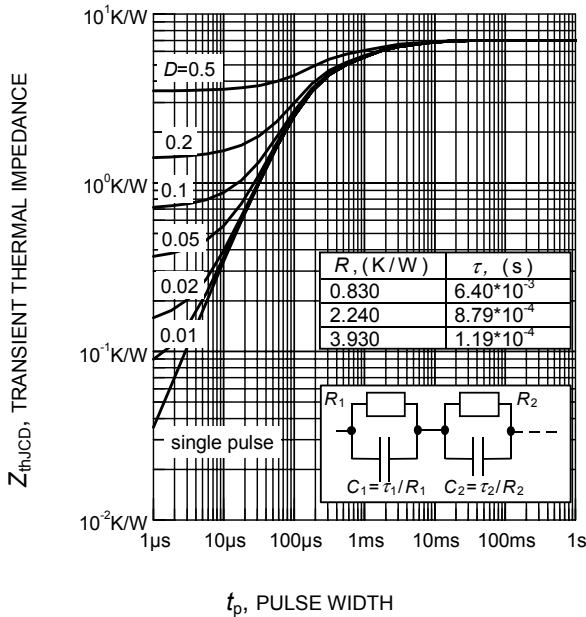
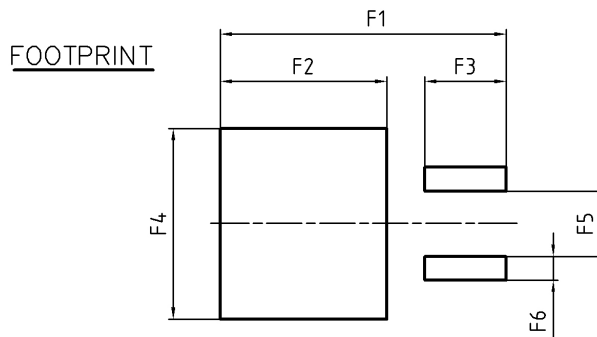
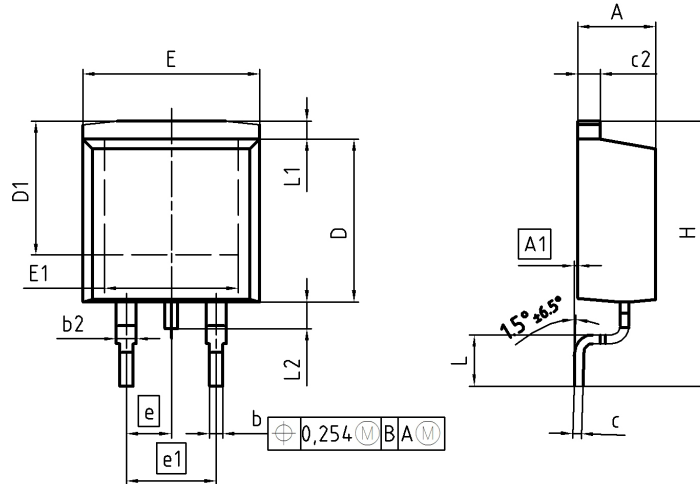


Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ($D = t_p / T$)

PG-TO263-3-2



| DIM | MILLIMETERS | | INCHES | |
|-----|-------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 4.30 | 4.57 | 0.169 | 0.180 |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.25 | 0.000 | 0.010 |
| b | 0.65 | 0.85 | 0.026 | 0.033 |
| b2 | 0.95 | 1.15 | 0.037 | 0.045 |
| c | 0.33 | 0.65 | 0.013 | 0.026 |
| c2 | 1.17 | 1.40 | 0.046 | 0.055 |
| D | 8.51 | 9.45 | 0.335 | 0.372 |
| D1 | 7.10 | 7.90 | 0.280 | 0.311 |
| E | 9.80 | 10.31 | 0.386 | 0.406 |
| E1 | 6.50 | 8.60 | 0.256 | 0.339 |
| e | 2.54 | | 0.100 | |
| e1 | 5.08 | | 0.200 | |
| N | 2 | | 2 | |
| H | 14.61 | 15.88 | 0.575 | 0.625 |
| L | 2.29 | 3.00 | 0.090 | 0.118 |
| L1 | 0.70 | 1.60 | 0.028 | 0.063 |
| L2 | 1.00 | 1.78 | 0.039 | 0.070 |
| F1 | 16.05 | 16.25 | 0.632 | 0.640 |
| F2 | 9.30 | 9.50 | 0.366 | 0.374 |
| F3 | 4.50 | 4.70 | 0.177 | 0.185 |
| F4 | 10.70 | 10.90 | 0.421 | 0.429 |
| F5 | 3.65 | 3.85 | 0.144 | 0.152 |
| F6 | 1.25 | 1.45 | 0.049 | 0.057 |

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SCALE

0 5 5 7.5mm

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

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01

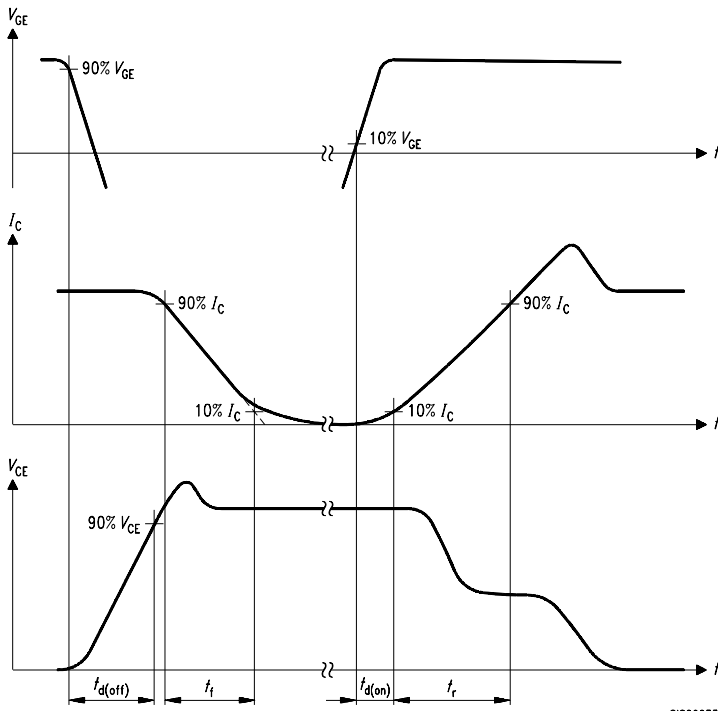


Figure A. Definition of switching times

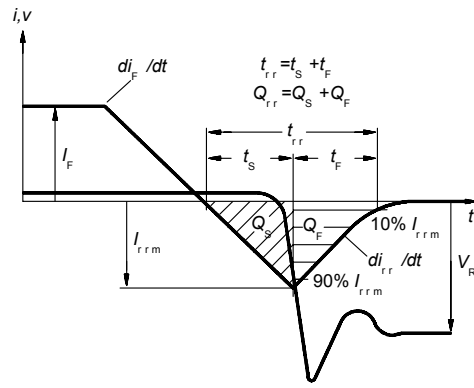


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

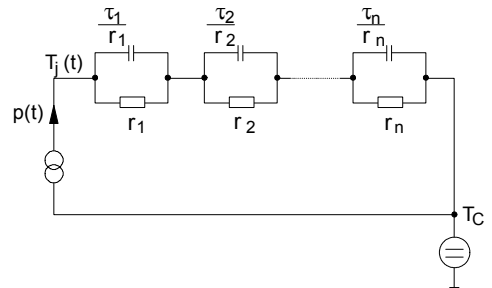


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

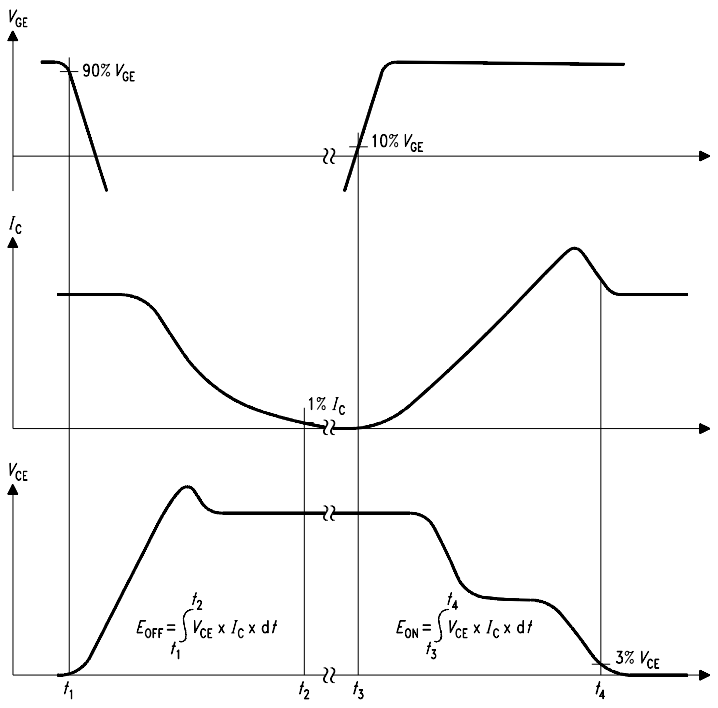


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

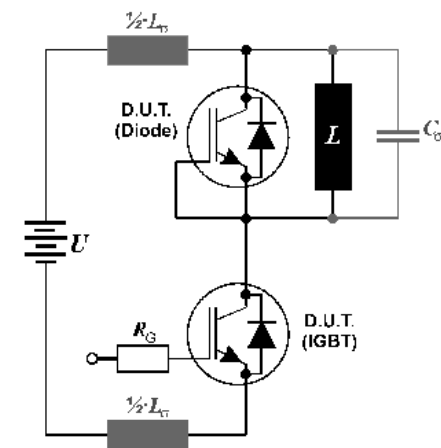


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_{\sigma} = 180\text{nH}$
and Stray capacity $C_{\sigma} = 180\text{pF}$.

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