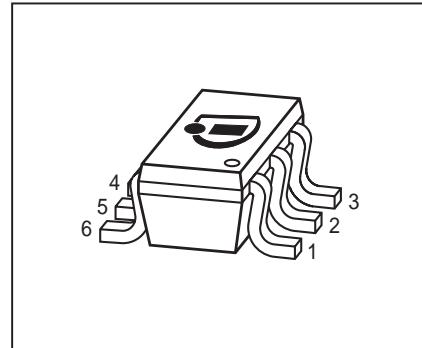


LED Driver

Features

- Continuous output current up to 250mA with external resistor
- Supply voltage up to 24V
- Digital PWM input up to 10kHz frequency (BCR321U)
- Up to 1W power dissipation in a small SC74 package
- Negative thermal coefficient reduces output current at higher temperatures
- Easy paralleling of drivers to increase current
- Pb-free (RoHS compliant) package
- Automotive qualified according to AEC Q101



Applications

- Architectural LED lighting
- Channel letters for advertising, LED strips for decorative lighting
- Retail lighting in fridge, freezer case and vending machines
- Emergency lighting (e.g. steps lighting, exit way signs etc.)

General Description

The BCR320U/BCR321U provide a low-cost solution for driving 0.5W LEDs with a typical LED current I_{LED} of 150mA to 200mA. Internal breakdown voltage is >16V, this is the maximum voltage that the LED driver IC can sustain when the output is directly connected to supply voltage. The BCR320U/BCR321U can be operated at supply voltages of 16V or higher, by regarding the voltage drop of the LED load, which reduces the supply voltage to the maximum output voltage of the driver.

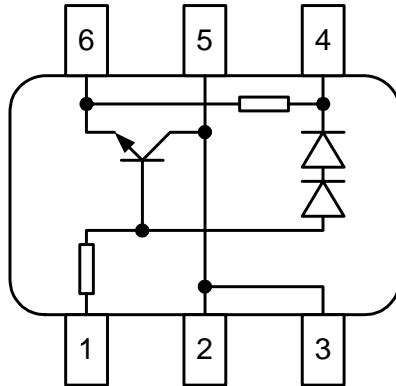
The enable pin (BCR320) can withstand a maximum voltage of 25 V, which can also be increased by stacking a series in front of the LED drivers, resulting in a certain voltage drop of the LEDs, reducing the voltage at the enable pin below 25V.

A digital input pin (BCR321U) allows dimming via a Microcontroller with frequencies of up to 10 kHz.

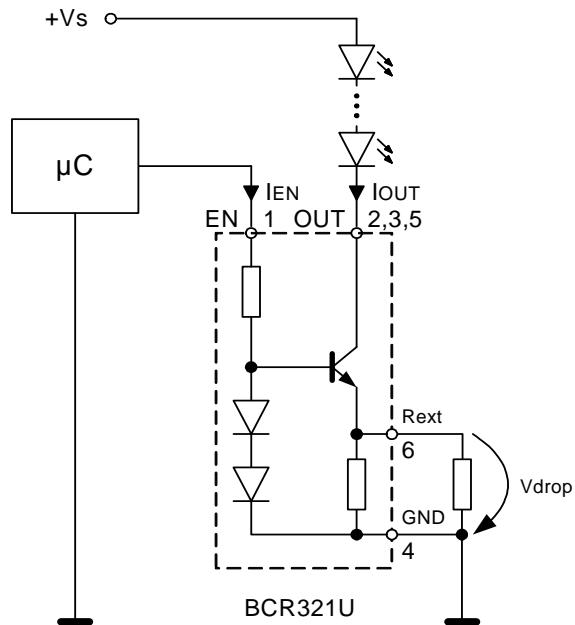
A reduction of the output current at higher temperatures is the result of the negative temperature coefficient of 0.2 %/K. of the LED drivers.

With no need for additional external components like inductors, capacitors and free wheeling diodes, the BCR320U/BCR321U LED drivers are a cost-efficient and PCB-area saving solution for driving 0.5W LEDs.

Pin Configuration



Typical Application



Type	Marking	Pin Configuration				Package
BCR320U	30	1 = EN	2;3;5 =	4 = GND	6 = R _{ext}	SC74
BCR321U	31		OUT			SC74

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Enable voltage	V_{EN}	25	V
BCR320U		4.5	
BCR321U			
Output current	I_{out}	300	mA
Output voltage	V_{out}	16	V
Reverse voltage between all terminals	V_R	0.5	
Total power dissipation, $T_S = 102^\circ C$	P_{tot}	1000	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	150	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 ... 150	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	50	K/W

¹For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

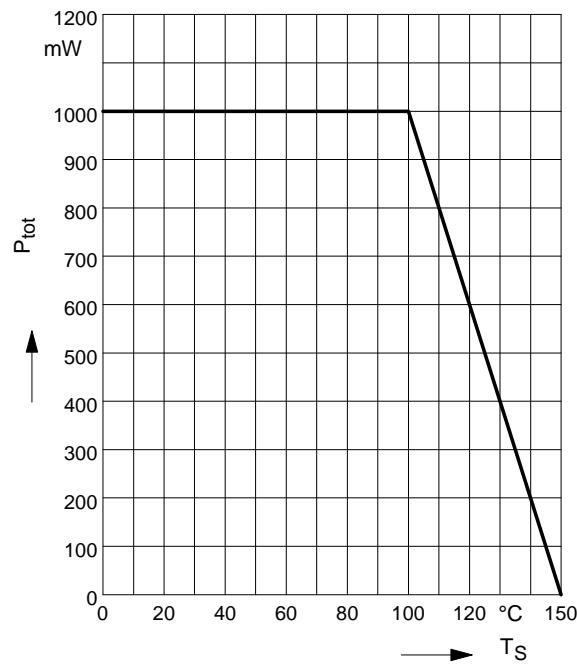
Electrical Characteristics at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics					
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	$V_{BR}(\text{CEO})$	16	-	-	V
Enable current $V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V}$, BCR320U $V_{EN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, BCR321U	I_{EN}	-	1.2	-	mA
-	-	-	1.2	-	
DC current gain $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	200	350	500	-
Internal resistor $I_{Rint} = 10 \text{ mA}$	R_{int}	65	90	105	Ω
Bias resistor BCR320U BCR321U	R_B	-	10	-	k Ω
-	-	-	1.5	-	
Output current $V_{out} = 1.4 \text{ V}, V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V}$, BCR320U $V_{out} = 1.4 \text{ V}, V_{EN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, BCR321U $V_{out} = 1.4 \text{ V}, V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V}, R_{EXT} = 3 \Omega$, BCR320U $V_{out} = 1.4 \text{ V}, V_{EN} = 3.3 \text{ V}, R_{EXT} = 3 \Omega$, BCR321U	I_{out}	8	10	12	mA
-	-	8	10	12	
-	-	-	250	-	
-	-	-	250	-	
Voltage drop (V_{Rext}) $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$	V_{drop}	0.85	0.95	1.05	V

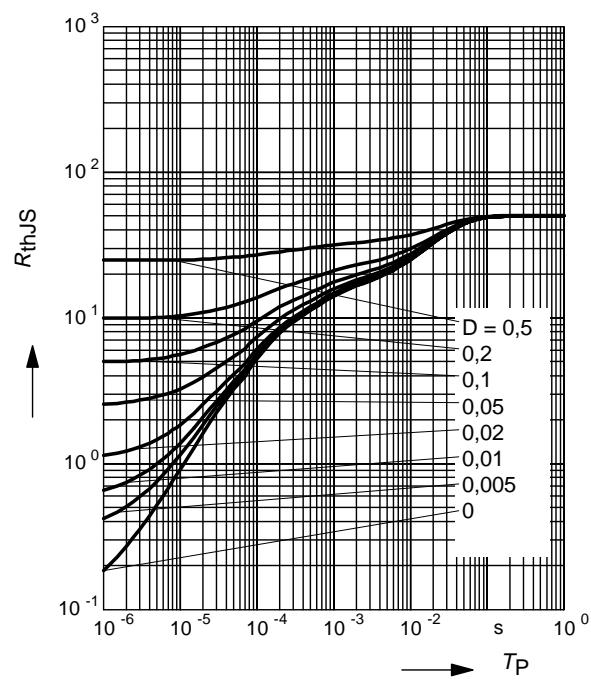
DC Characteristics with stabilized LED load

Lowest sufficient supply voltage overhead $I_{out} > 18 \text{ mA}$	V_{Smin}	-	1.4	-	V
Output current change versus T_A $V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V}; V_{out} > 2.0 \text{ V}$, BCR320U $V_{EN} = 3.3 \text{ V}; V_{out} > 2.0 \text{ V}$, BCR321U	$\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$	-	-0.2	-	%/K
-	-	-0.2	-	-	
Output current change versus V_S $V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V}; V_{out} > 2.0 \text{ V}$, BCR320U $V_{EN} = 3.3 \text{ V}; V_{out} > 2.0 \text{ V}$, BCR321U	$\Delta I_{out}/I_{out}$	-	1	-	%/V
-	-	1	-	-	

Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

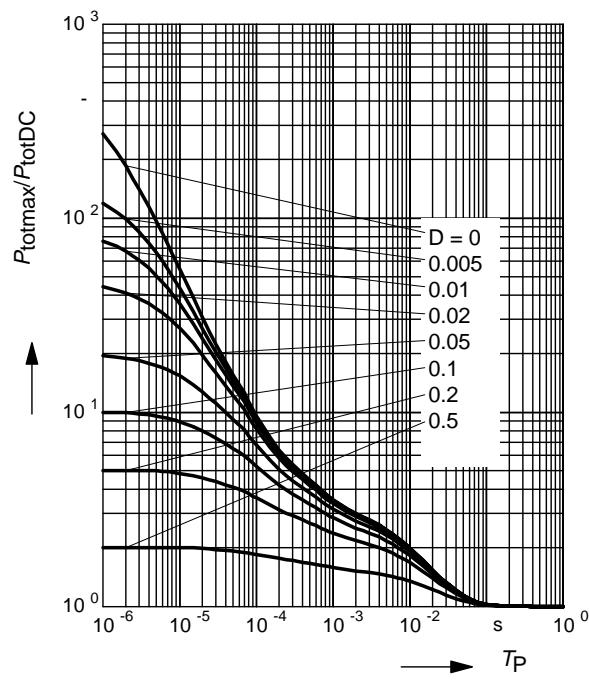


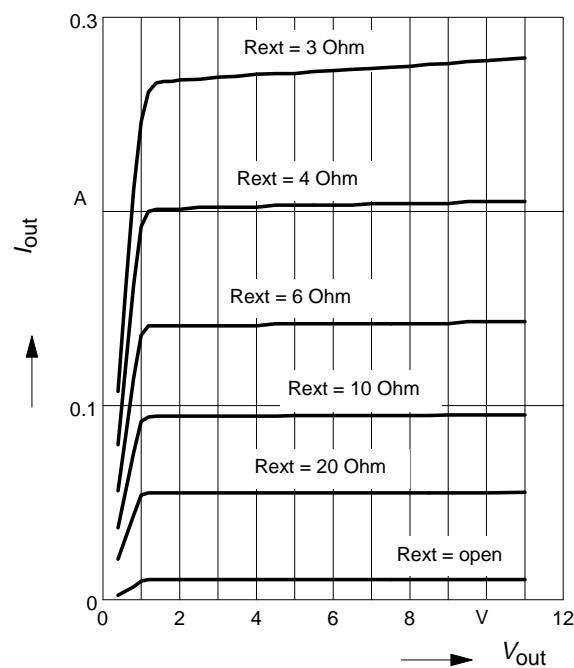
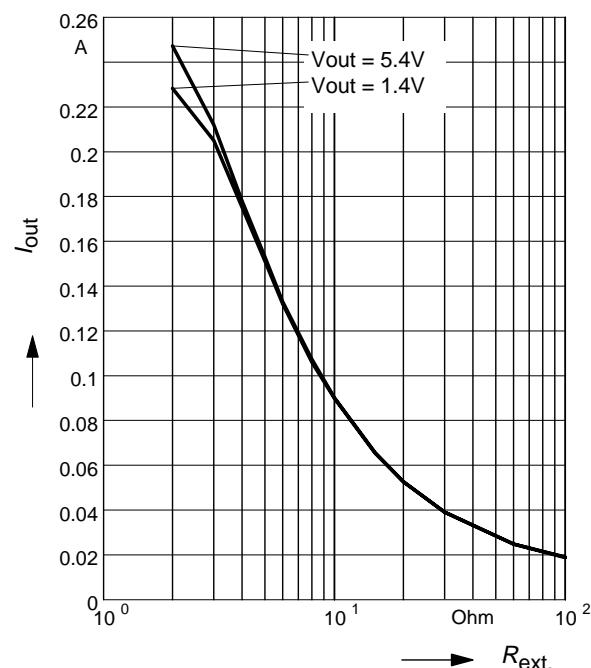
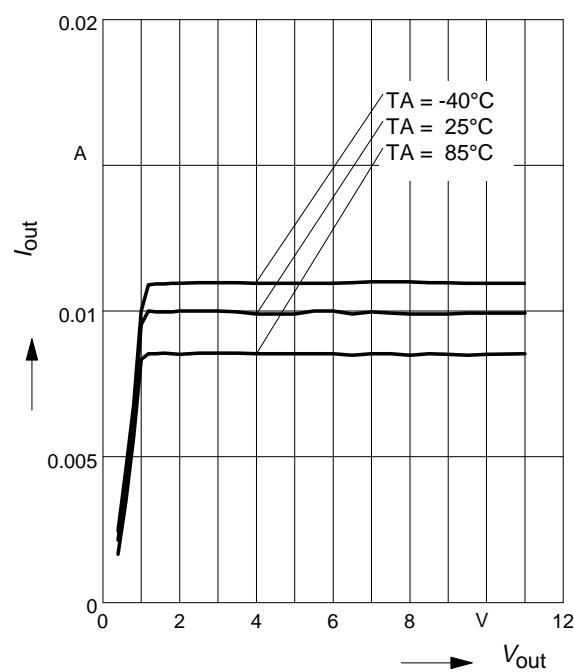
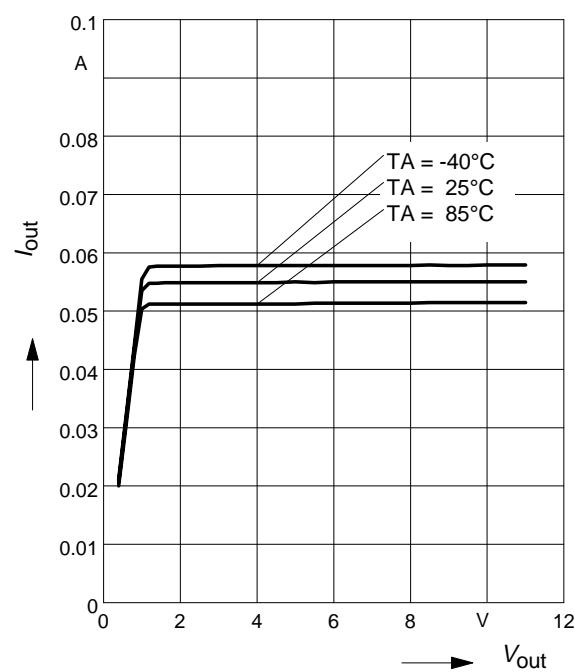
Permissible Pulse Load $R_{\text{thJS}} = f(t_p)$



Permissible Pulse Load

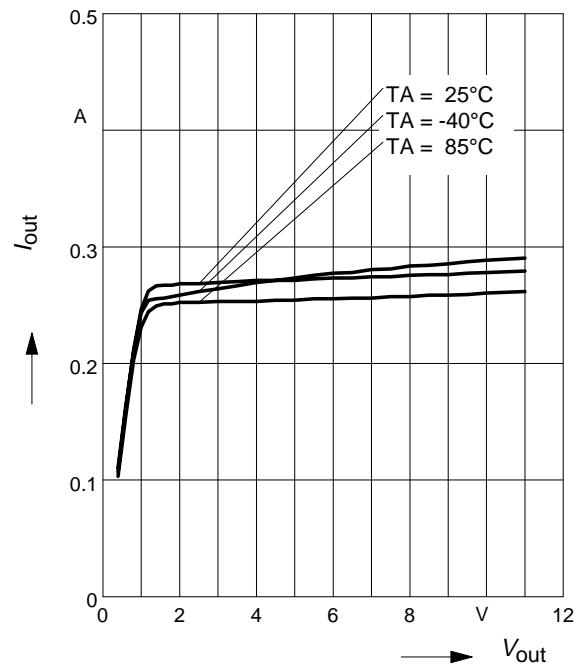
$P_{\text{totmax}} / P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$



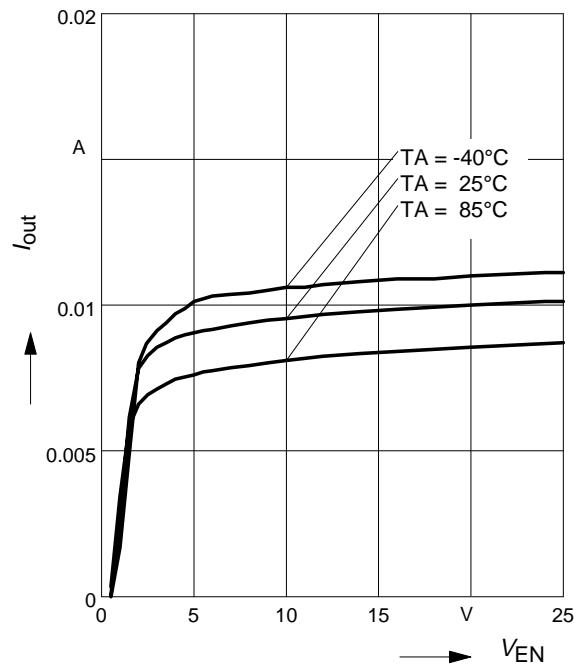
BCR320U: Output current versus V_{out}
 $I_{out} = f(V_{out}); V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V};$
 $R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$

BCR320U: Output current versus R_{ext}
 $I_{out} = f(R_{ext}); V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V};$
 $V_{out} = \text{Parameter}$

BCR320U: Output current versus V_{out}
 $I_{out} = f(V_S); V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V}; R_{ext} = \text{open};$
 $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

BCR320U: Output current versus V_{out}
 $I_{out} = f(V_S); V_{EN} = 12 \text{ V}; R_{ext} = 20 \text{ Ohm};$
 $T_A = \text{Parameter}$


BCR320U: Output current versus V_{out}

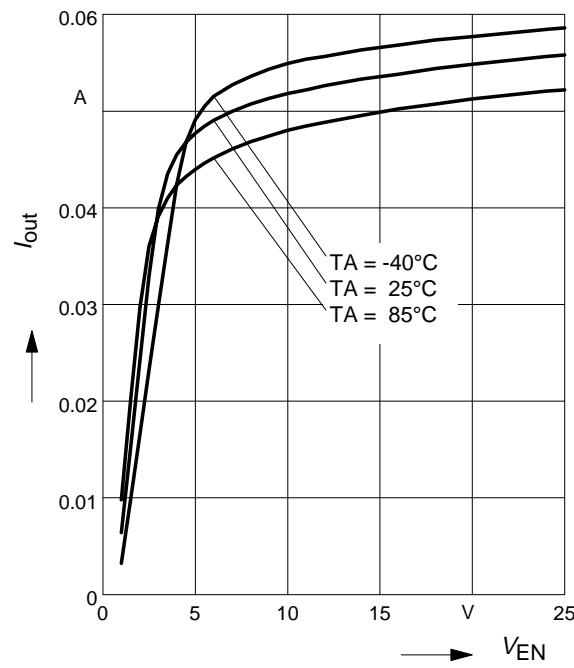
$I_{out} = f(V_S)$; $V_{EN} = 12$ V; $R_{ext} = 3$ Ohm;
 T_A = Parameter


BCR320U: Output current versus V_{EN}

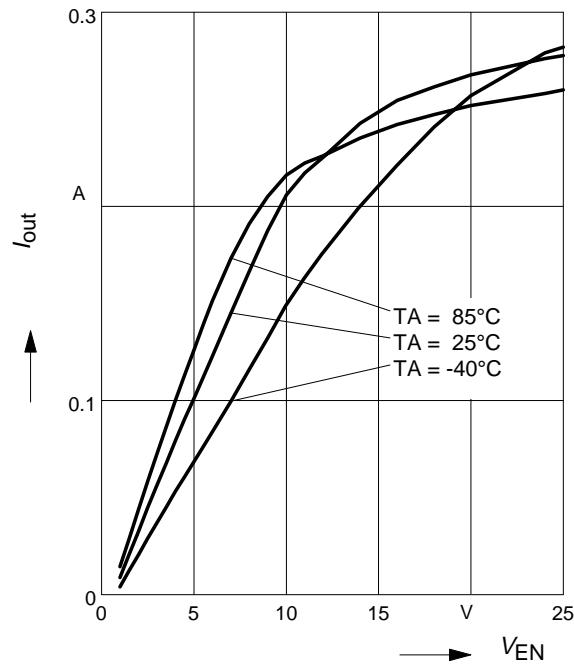
$I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_{out} = 2.0$ V; R_{ext} = open;
 T_A = Parameter


BCR320U: Output current versus V_{EN}

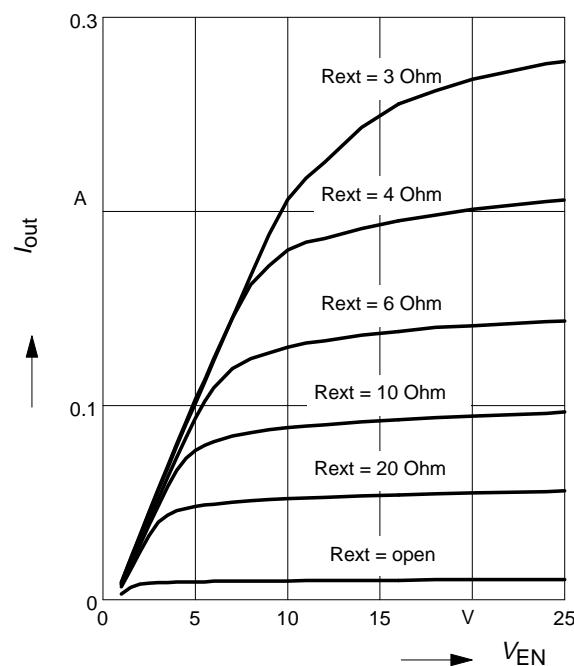
$I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_{out} = 2.0$ V; $R_{ext} = 20$ Ohm;
 T_A = Parameter

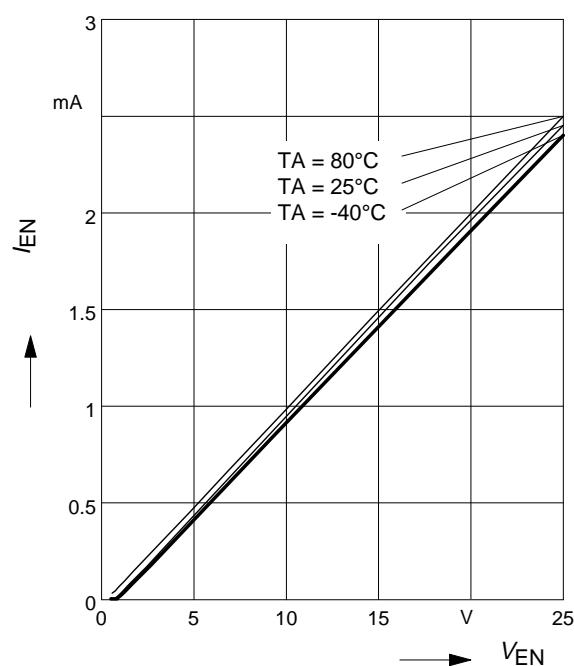

BCR320U: Output current versus V_{EN}

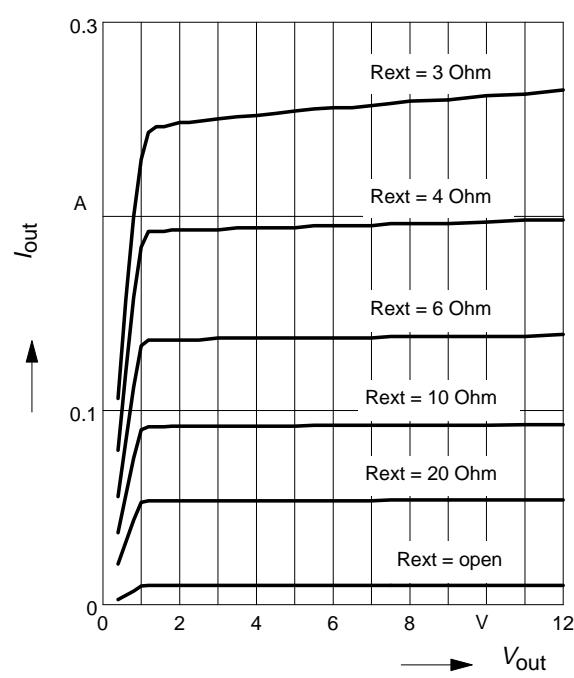
$I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_{out} = 2.0$ V; $R_{ext} = 3$ Ohm;
 T_A = Parameter

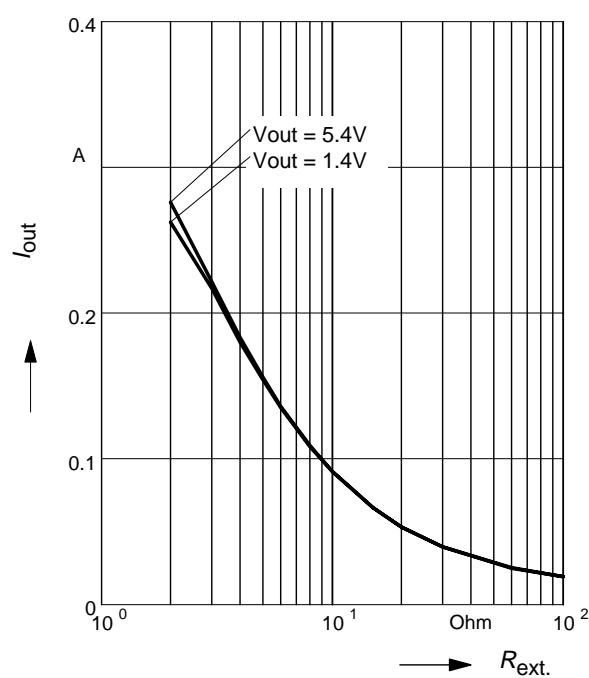


BCR320U: Output current versus V_{EN}
 $I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_{out} = 2.0 \text{ V}$;

 $R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$

BCR320U: Enable current versus V_{EN}
 $I_{EN} = f(V_{EN})$; $R_{ext} = \text{open}$; $I_{out} = 0$;

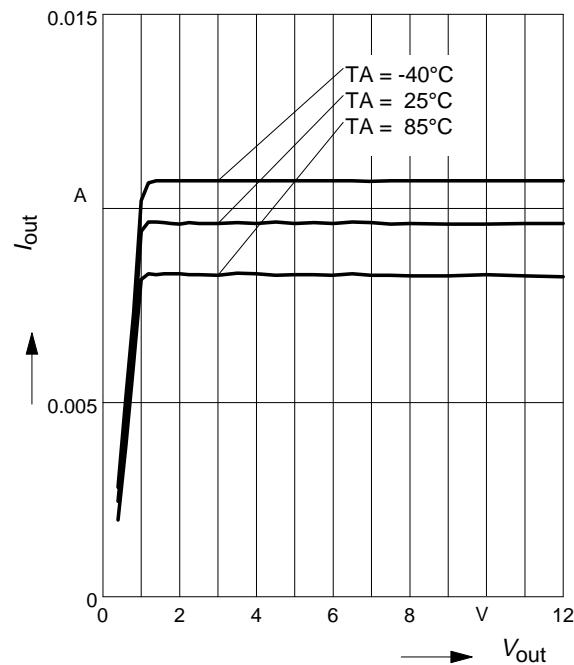
 $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

BCR321U: Output current versus V_{out}
 $I_{out} = f(V_{out})$; $V_{EN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$;

 $R_{ext} = \text{Parameter}$

BCR321U: Output current versus R_{ext}
 $I_{out} = f(R_{ext})$; $V_{EN} = 3.3 \text{ V}$;

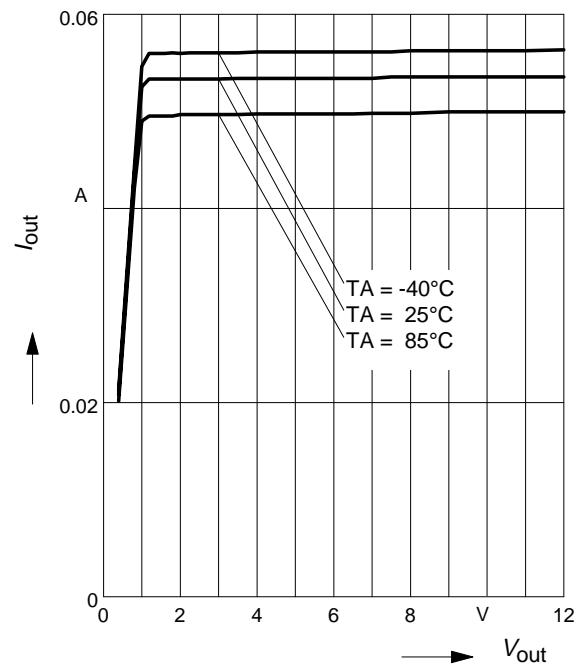
 $V_{out} = \text{Parameter}$


BCR321U: Output current versus V_{out}

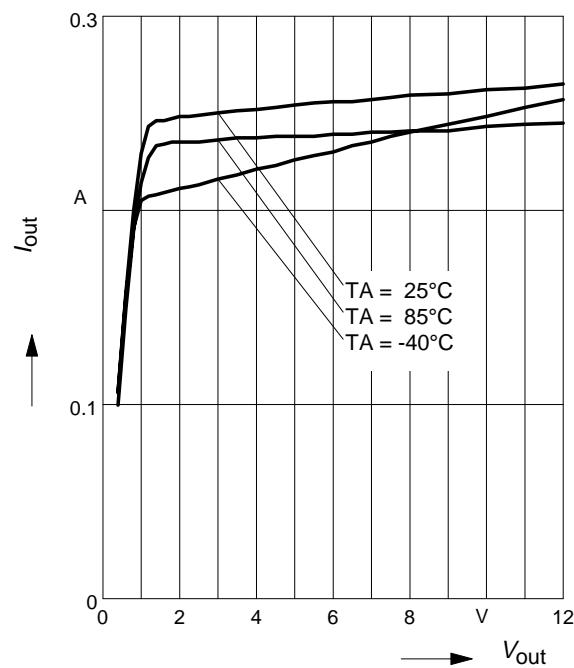
$I_{out} = f(V_S)$; $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V; $R_{ext} = \text{open}$;
 $T_A = \text{Parameter}$


BCR321U: Output current versus V_{out}

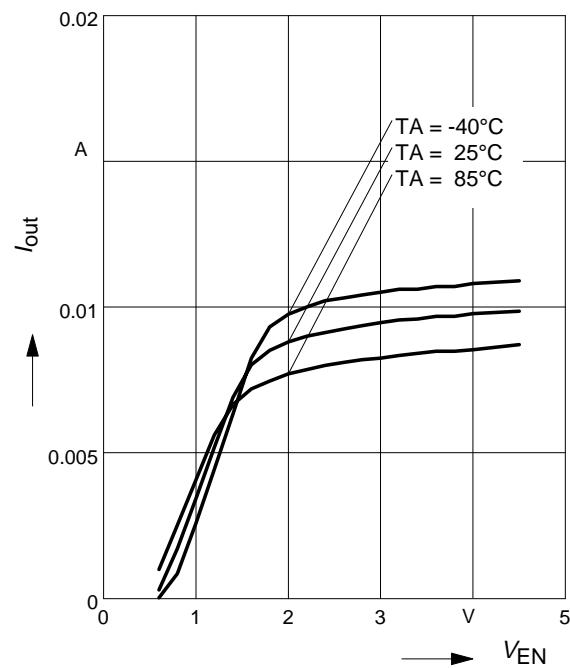
$I_{out} = f(V_S)$; $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V; $R_{ext} = 20$ Ohm;
 $T_A = \text{Parameter}$


BCR321U: Output current versus V_{out}

$I_{out} = f(V_S)$; $V_{EN} = 3.3$ V; $R_{ext} = 3$ Ohm;
 $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

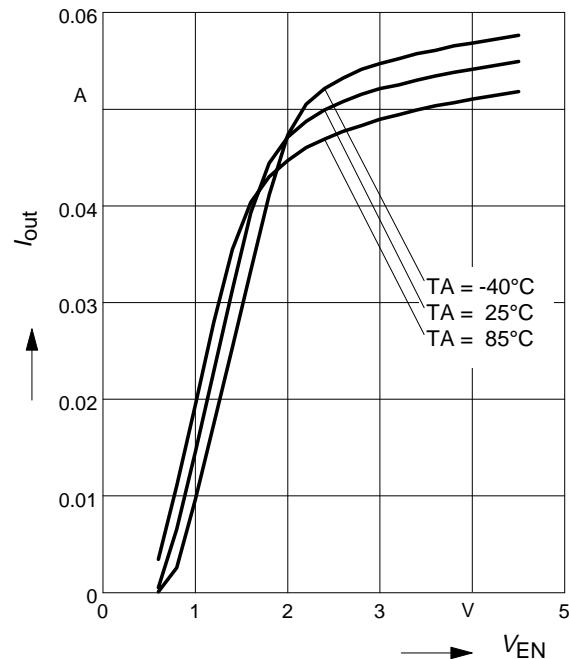

BCR321U: Output current versus V_{EN}

$I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_{out} = 2.0$ V; $R_{ext} = \text{open}$;
 $T_A = \text{Parameter}$

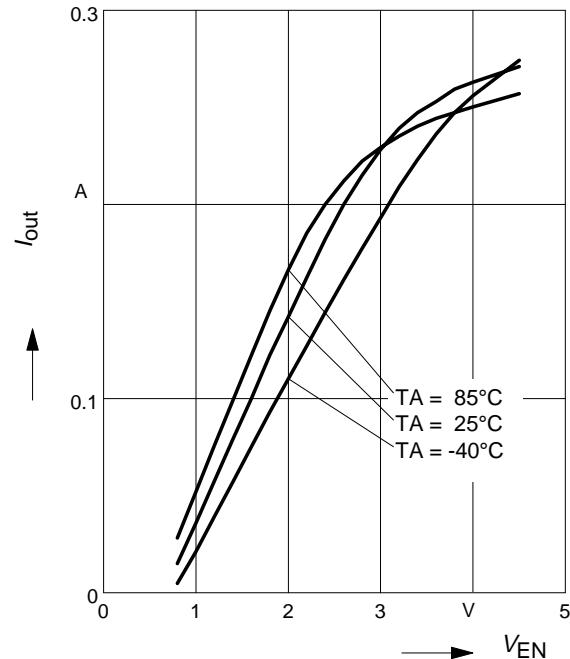


BCR321U: Output current versus V_{EN}

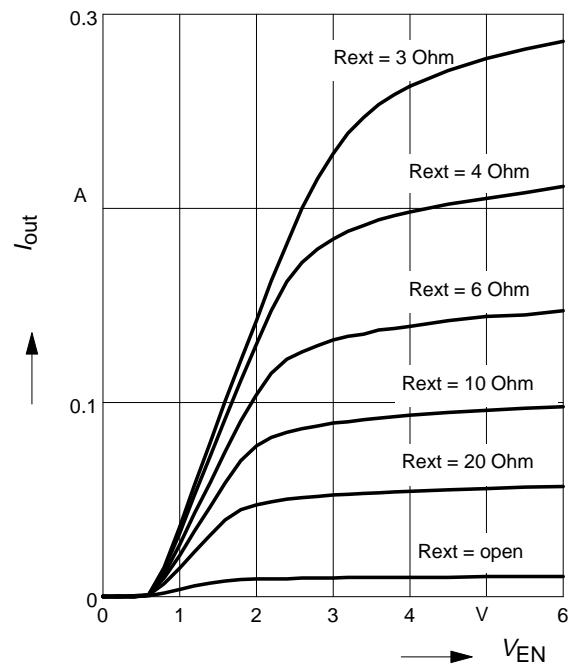
$I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_{out} = 2.0$ V; $R_{ext} = 20$ Ohm;
 T_A = Parameter


BCR321U: Output current versus V_{EN}

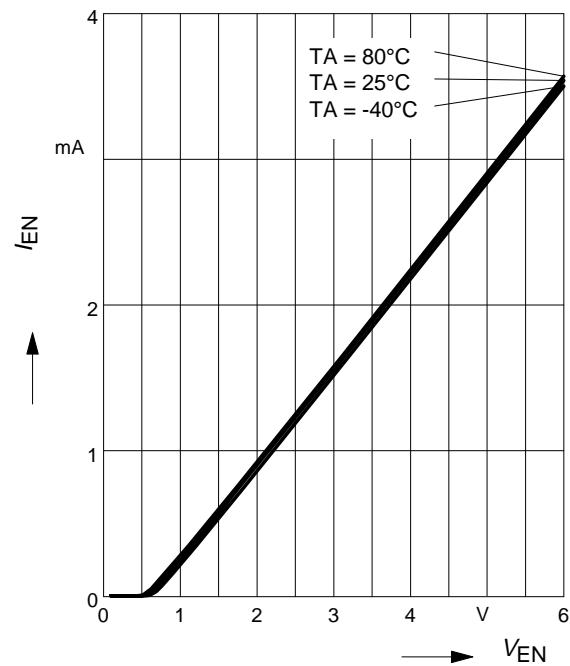
$I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_{out} = 2.0$ V; $R_{ext} = 3$ Ohm;
 T_A = Parameter


BCR321U: Output current versus V_{EN}

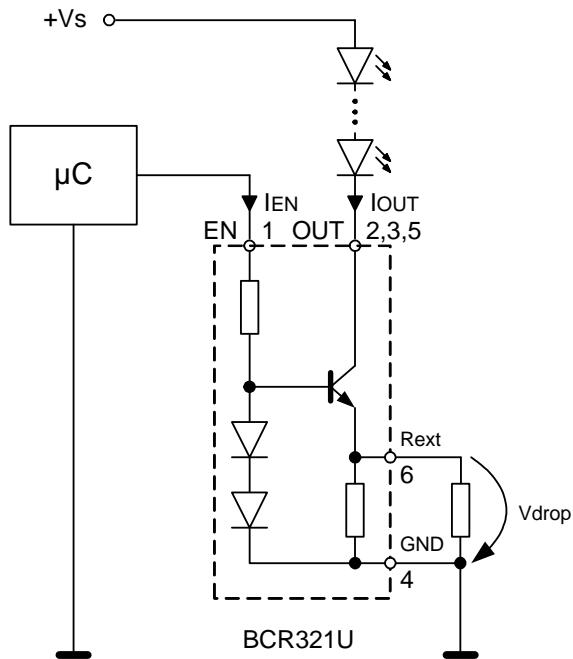
$I_{out} = f(V_{EN})$; $V_S = 3.3$ V;
 R_{ext} = Parameter


BCR321U: Enable current versus V_{EN}

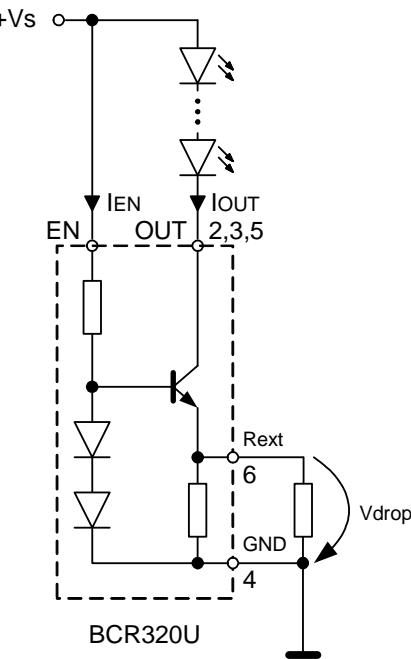
$I_{EN} = f(V_{EN})$; R_{ext} = open; $I_{out} = 0$;
 T_A = Parameter



Application circuit:
Enabling / PWM by micro controller



Application circuit:
Enabling by connecting to Vs

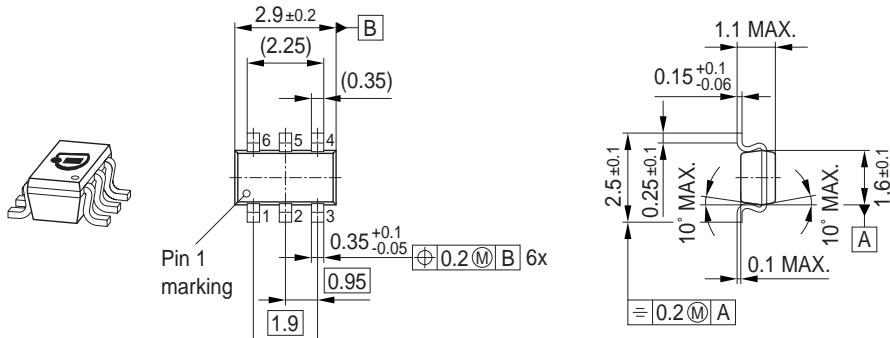


Application hints

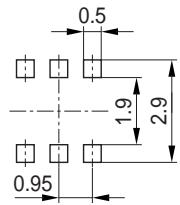
BCR320U / BCR321U serve as an easy to use constant current sources for LEDs. In stand alone application an external resistor can be connected to adjust the current from 10 mA to 250 mA. R_{ext} can be determined by using the diagram 'Output current versus external resistor'. Please take into account that the resulting output currents will be slightly lower due to the self heating of the component and the negative thermal coefficient.

Please visit our web site for application notes: www.infineon.com/lowcostleddriver for up-to-date application information

Package Outline

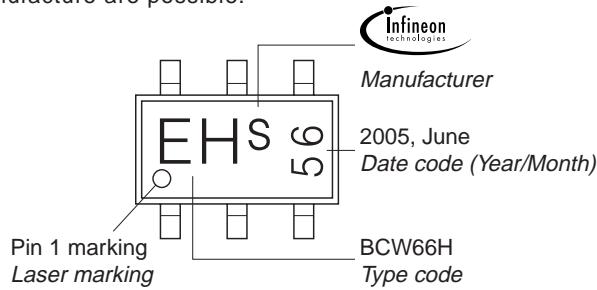


Foot Print



Marking Layout (Example)

Small variations in positioning of Date code, Type code and Manufacture are possible.

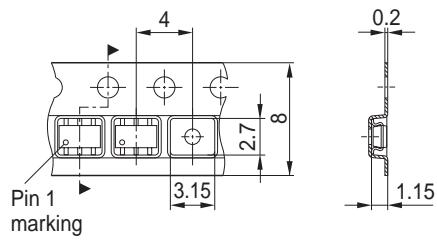


Standard Packing

Reel ø180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel

Reel ø330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel

For symmetric types no defined Pin 1 orientation in reel.



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