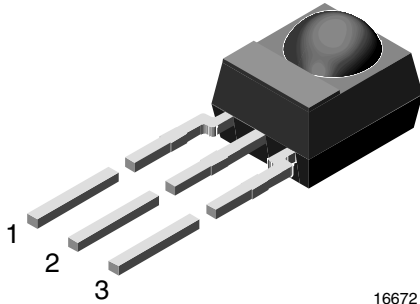


IR Receiver Modules for Remote Control Systems



16672

MECHANICAL DATA

Pinning

1 = OUT, 2 = GND, 3 = V_S

FEATURES

- Low supply current
- Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- Improved shielding against EMI
- Supply voltage: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Improved immunity against ambient light
- Insensitive to supply voltage ripple and noise
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



RoHS
COMPLIANT

DESCRIPTION

The TSOP41..., TSOP43.. series are miniaturized receivers for infrared remote control systems. A PIN diode and a preamplifier are assembled on a lead frame, the epoxy package acts as an IR filter.

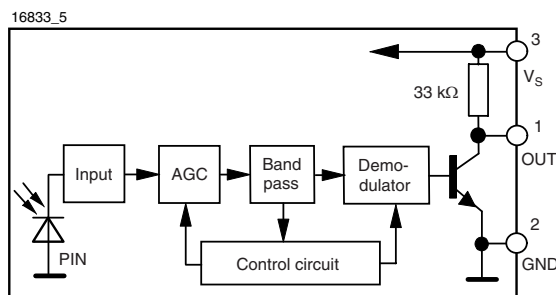
The demodulated output signal can directly be decoded by a microprocessor. The main benefit of the TSOP41.. is the compatibility to all IR remote control data formats. The TSOP43.. is optimized to better suppress spurious pulses from fluorescent lamps, LCD TVs or plasma displays.

This component has not been qualified according to automotive specifications.

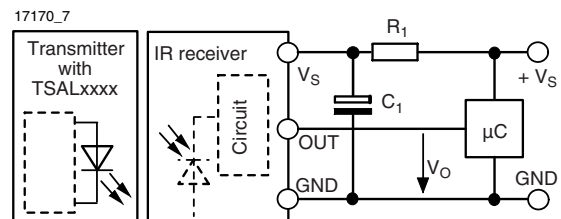
PARTS TABLE

CARRIER FREQUENCY	SHORT BURSTS AND HIGH DATA RATES (AGC1)	NOISY ENVIROMENTS AND SHORT BURSTS (AGC3)
30 kHz	TSOP4130	
33 kHz	TSOP4133	
36 kHz	TSOP4136	
36.7 kHz	TSOP4137	
38 kHz	TSOP4138	TSOP4338
40 kHz	TSOP4140	
56 kHz	TSOP4156	

BLOCK DIAGRAM



APPLICATION CIRCUIT



The external components R_1 and C_1 are optional to improve the robustness against electrical overstress (typical values are $R_1 = 100 \Omega$, $C_1 = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$). The output voltage V_O should not be pulled down to a level below 1 V by the external circuit. The capacitive load at the output should be less than 2 nF.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ⁽¹⁾				
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply voltage (pin 3)		V_S	- 0.3 to + 6.0	V
Supply current (pin 3)		I_S	5	mA
Output voltage (pin 1)		V_O	- 0.3 to 5.5	V
Voltage at output to supply		$V_S - V_O$	- 0.3 to ($V_S + 0.3$)	V
Output current (pin 1)		I_O	5	mA
Junction temperature		T_j	100	°C
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	- 25 to + 85	°C
Operating temperature range		T_{amb}	- 25 to + 85	°C
Power consumption	$T_{amb} \leq 85$ °C	P_{tot}	10	mW
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 10$ s, 1 mm from case	T_{sd}	260	°C

Note

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability.

ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS ⁽¹⁾						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply current (pin 3)	$E_v = 0, V_S = 5$ V	I_{SD}	0.65	0.85	1.05	mA
	$E_v = 40$ klx, sunlight	I_{SH}		0.95		mA
Supply voltage		V_S	2.7		5.5	V
Transmission distance	$E_v = 0$, test signal see fig. 1, IR diode TSAL6200, $I_F = 400$ mA	d		45		m
Output voltage low (pin 1)	$I_{OSL} = 0.5$ mA, $E_e = 0.7$ mW/m ² , test signal see fig. 1	V_{OSL}			100	mV
Minimum irradiance	Pulse width tolerance: $t_{pi} - 5/f_0 < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 6/f_0$, test signal see fig. 1	$E_{e \text{ min.}}$		0.17	0.35	mW/m ²
Maximum irradiance	$t_{pi} - 5/f_0 < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 6/f_0$, test signal see fig. 1	$E_{e \text{ max.}}$	30			W/m ²
Directivity	Angle of half transmission distance	$\phi_{1/2}$		± 45		deg

Note

⁽¹⁾ $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

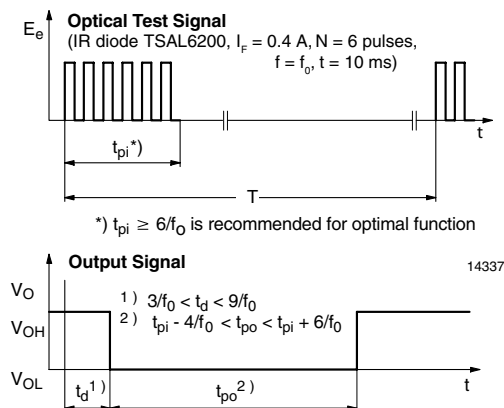


Fig. 1 - Output Active Low

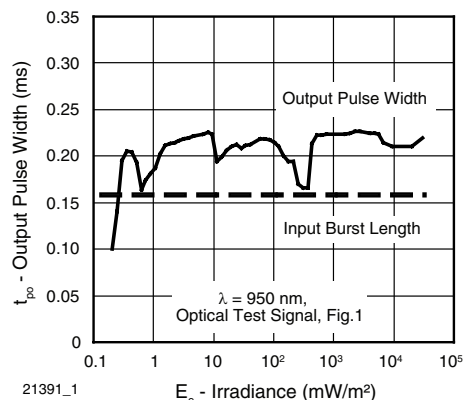


Fig. 2 - Pulse Length and Sensitivity in Dark Ambient

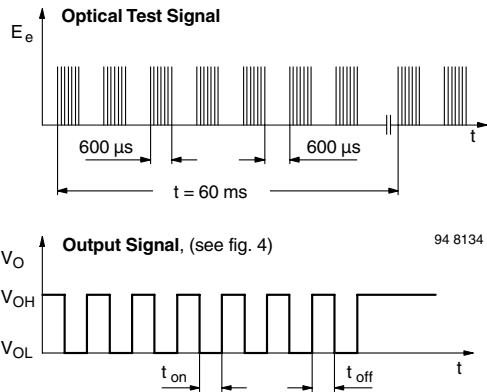


Fig. 3 - Output Function

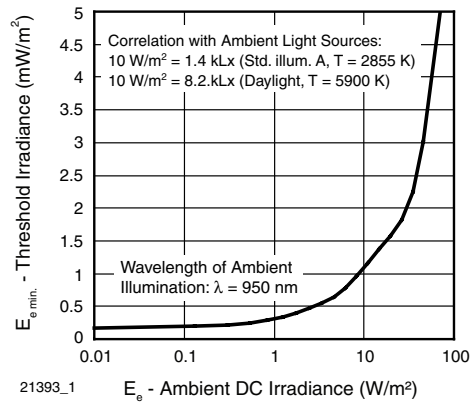


Fig. 6 - Sensitivity in Bright Ambient

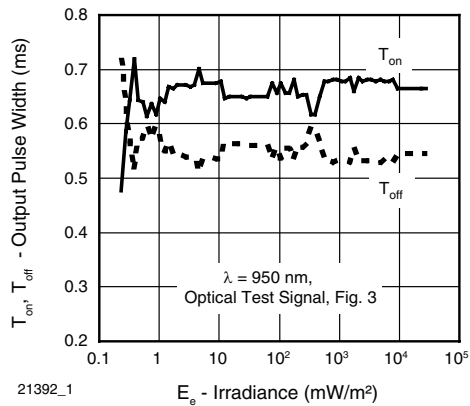


Fig. 4 - Output Pulse Diagram

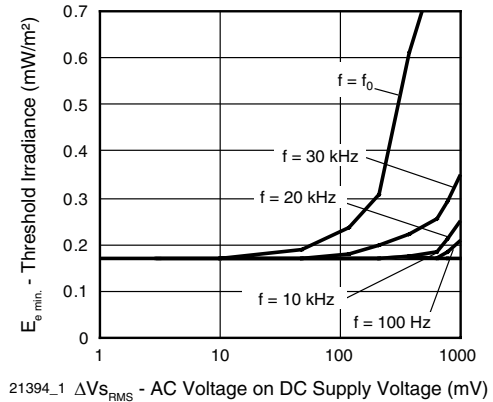


Fig. 7 - Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage Disturbances

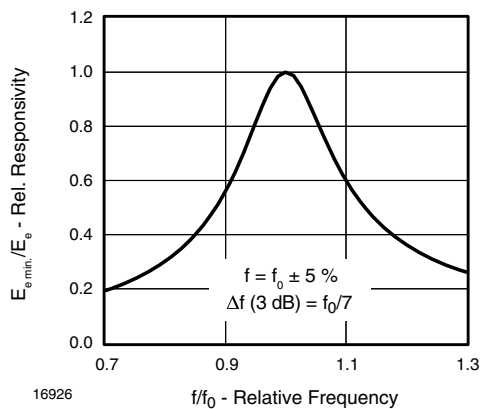


Fig. 5 - Frequency Dependence of Responsivity

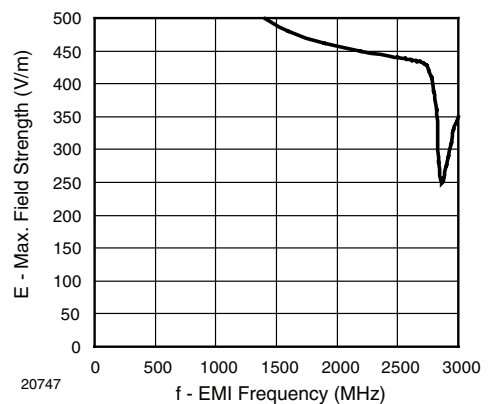


Fig. 8 - Sensitivity vs. Electric Field Disturbances

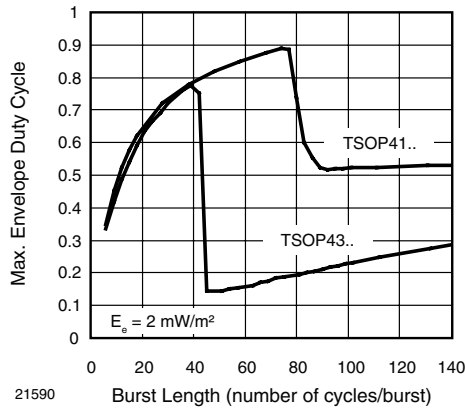


Fig. 9 - Max. Envelope Duty Cycle vs. Burst Length

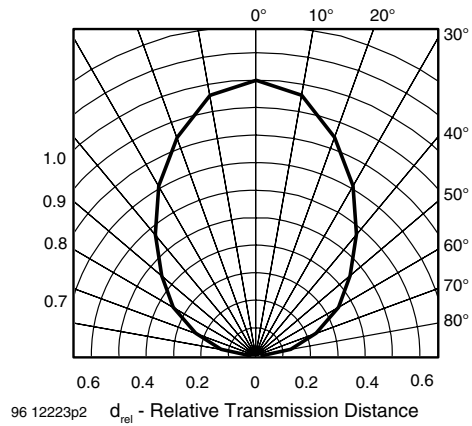


Fig. 12 - Horizontal Directivity

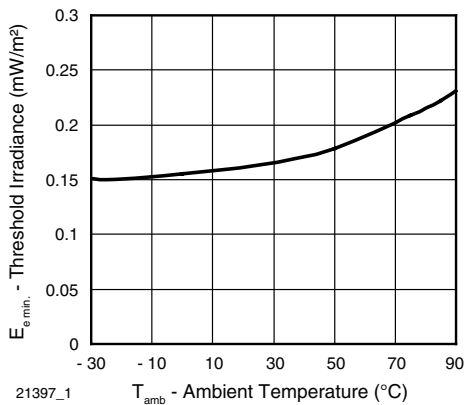


Fig. 10 - Sensitivity vs. Ambient Temperature

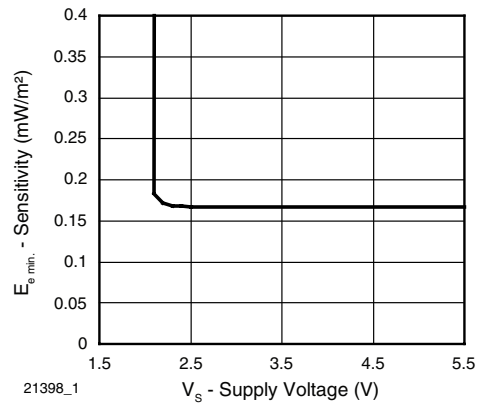


Fig. 13 - Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage

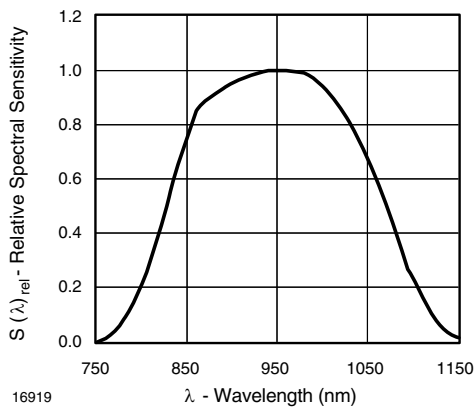


Fig. 11 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

SUITABLE DATA FORMAT

The TSOP41.., TSOP43.. series are designed to suppress spurious output pulses due to noise or disturbance signals. Data and disturbance signals can be distinguished by the devices according to carrier frequency, burst length and envelope duty cycle. The data signal should be close to the band-pass center frequency (e.g. 38 kHz) and fulfill the conditions in the table below.

When a data signal is applied to the TSOP41.., TSOP43.. in the presence of a disturbance signal, the sensitivity of the receiver is reduced to insure that no spurious pulses are present at the output. Some examples of disturbance signals which are suppressed are:

- DC light (e.g. from tungsten bulb or sunlight)
- Continuous signals at any frequency
- Modulated noise from fluorescent lamps with electronic ballasts (see figure 14 or figure 15)

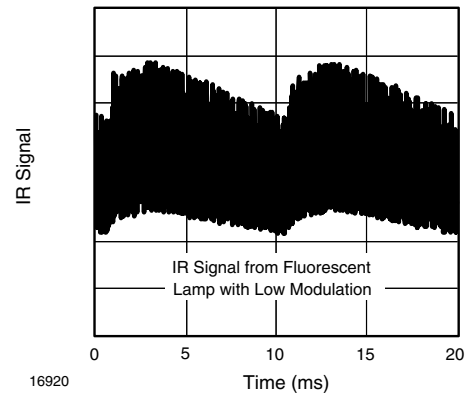


Fig. 14 - IR Signal from Fluorescent Lamp with Low Modulation

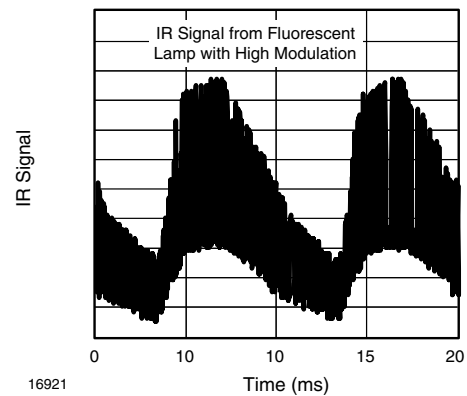


Fig. 15 - IR Signal from Fluorescent Lamp with High Modulation

	TSOP41..	TSOP43..
Minimum burst length	6 cycles/burst	6 cycles/burst
After each burst of length a minimum gap time is required of	6 to 70 cycles ≥ 10 cycles	6 to 35 cycles ≥ 10 cycles
For bursts greater than a minimum gap time in the data stream is needed of	70 cycles > 1.1 x burst length	35 cycles > 6 x burst length
Maximum number of continuous short bursts/second	2000	2000
Recommended for NEC code	yes	yes
Recommended for RC5/RC6 code	yes	yes
Recommended for Sony code	yes	no
Recommended for RECS-80 code	yes	yes
Recommended for RCMM code	yes	yes
Recommended for r-step code	yes	yes
Recommended for XMP code	yes	yes
Suppression of interference from fluorescent lamps	Common disturbance signals are suppressed (example: signal pattern of fig. 14)	Even critical disturbance signals are suppressed (examples: signal pattern of fig. 14 and fig. 15)

Note

For data formats with long bursts (more than 10 carrier cycles) please see the data sheet for TSOP48..

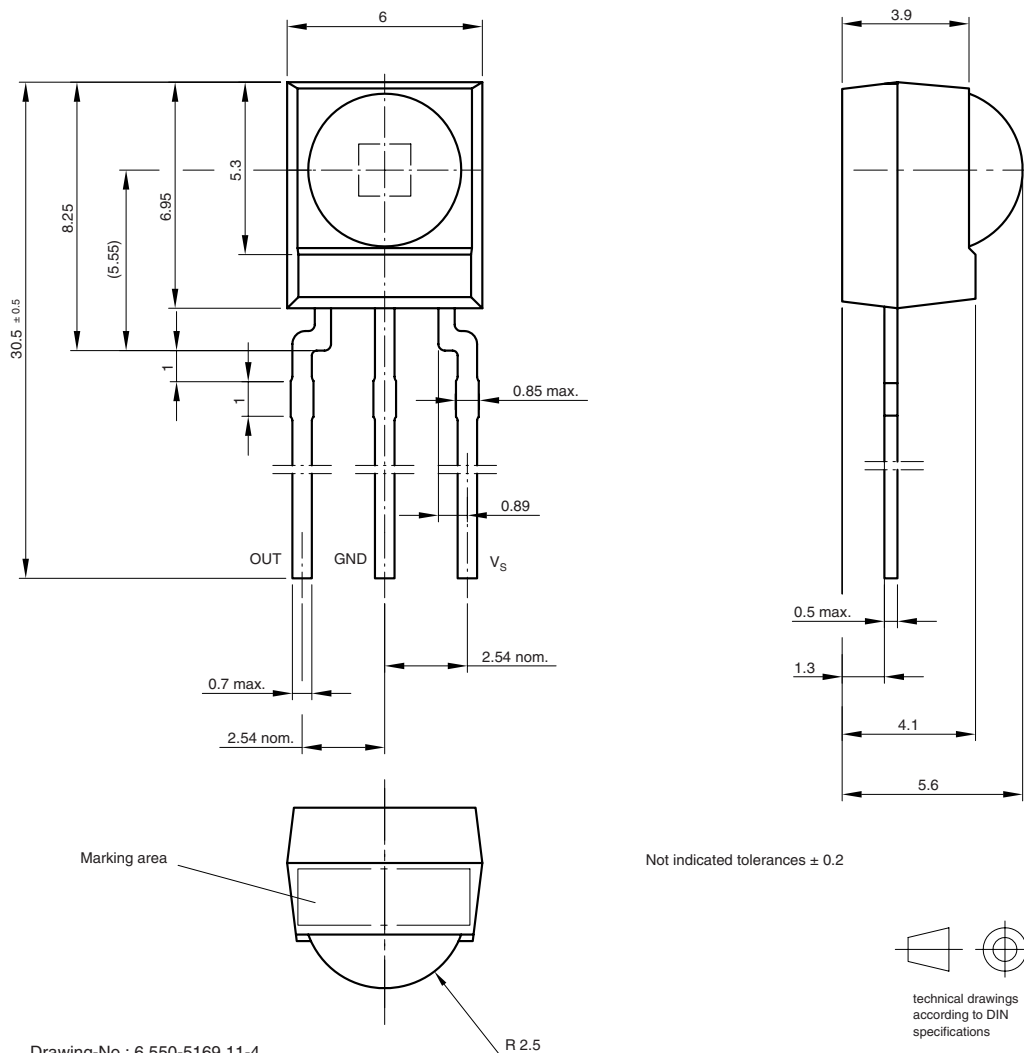
New TSOP41.., TSOP43..

Vishay Semiconductors

IR Receiver Modules for
Remote Control Systems



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 6.550-5169.11-4

Issue: 13; 17.12.08

16003



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