

SEMITRANS<sup>®</sup> 2

## **IGBT** Modules

#### SKM 145GB123D SKM 145GAL123D

#### Features

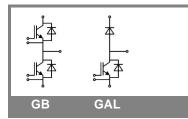
- MOS input (voltage controlled)
- N channel, Homogeneous Si
- Low inductance case
- Very low tail current with low temperature dependence
- High short circuit capability, self limiting to 6 x I<sub>cnom</sub>
- Latch-up free
- Fast & soft inverse CAL diodes
- Isolated copper baseplate using DCB Direct Copper Bonding
- Large clearance (10 mm) and creepage distances (20 mm)

### **Typical Applications**

- Switching (not for linear use)
- AC inverter drives

Symbol	te Maximum Ratings		Values	Units
IGBT			Values	onits
V <sub>CES</sub>	T <sub>i</sub> = 25 °C		1200	V
I <sub>C</sub>	$T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$ $T_i = 150 \text{ °C}$	T <sub>case</sub> = 25 °C	145	A
	,	T <sub>case</sub> = 80 °C	110	А
I <sub>CRM</sub>	I <sub>CRM</sub> =2xI <sub>Cnom</sub>		200	А
V <sub>GES</sub>			± 20	V
t <sub>psc</sub>	$\label{eq:V_CC} \begin{array}{l} V_{CC} = 600 \; V; \; V_{GE} \leq 20 \; V; \\ V_{CES} < 1200 \; V \end{array}$	T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C	10	μs
Inverse	Diode			
I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	T <sub>case</sub> = 25 °C	130	А
		T <sub>case</sub> = 80 °C	90	А
I <sub>FRM</sub>	I <sub>FRM</sub> =2xI <sub>Fnom</sub>		200	А
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms; sin.	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	900	А
Freewh	eeling Diode			
I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	T <sub>case</sub> = 25 °C	170	A
		T <sub>case</sub> = 80 °C	115	A
I <sub>FRM</sub>	I <sub>FRM</sub> =2xI <sub>Fnom</sub>		300	А
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms; sin.	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	1440	А
Module				
I <sub>t(RMS)</sub>			200	А
Τ <sub>vj</sub>			- 40+ 150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>			- 40+ 125	°C
V <sub>isol</sub>	AC, 1 min.		2500	V

Characteristics T <sub>c</sub>			25 °C, unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Units
IGBT						
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 4 \text{ mA}$		4,5	5,5	6,5	V
I <sub>CES</sub>	$V_{GE}$ = 0 V, $V_{CE}$ = $V_{CES}$	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		0,1	0,3	mA
V <sub>CE0</sub>		T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		1,4	1,6	V
		T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C		1,6	1,8	V
r <sub>CE</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C		11	14	mΩ
		T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C		15	19	mΩ
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	I <sub>Cnom</sub> = 100 A, V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V	T <sub>j</sub> = °C <sub>chiplev.</sub>		2,5	3	V
C <sub>ies</sub>				6,5	8,5	nF
C <sub>oes</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 25, V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V	f = 1 MHz		1	1,5	nF
C <sub>res</sub>				0,5	0,6	nF
Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = -8V - +20V			1000		nC
R <sub>Gint</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = °C			5		Ω
t <sub>d(on)</sub>				160	320	ns
t <sub>r</sub> E <sub>on</sub>	R <sub>Gon</sub> = 6,8 Ω	V <sub>CC</sub> = 600V		80	160	ns
E <sub>on</sub>		I <sub>C</sub> = 100A		16		mJ
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	R <sub>Goff</sub> = 6,8 Ω	T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C		400	520	ns
t <sub>f</sub>		V <sub>GE</sub> = -15V		70	100	ns
E <sub>off</sub>				12		mJ
R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>	per IGBT				0,15	K/W



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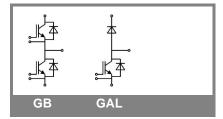
### **Typical Applications**

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Characte						
-	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Units
Inverse D						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	I <sub>Fnom</sub> = 100 A; V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V			2	2,5	V
		$T_j = 125 \ ^\circ C_{chiplev.}$ $T_j = 25 \ ^\circ C$		1,8		V
V <sub>F0</sub>				1,1	1,4	V
		T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C				V
r <sub>F</sub>		T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		9	11	mΩ
		T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C				mΩ
I <sub>RRM</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 100 A	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C		35		А
Q <sub>rr</sub>	di/dt = 1000 A/µs			5		μC
E <sub>rr</sub>	$V_{GE} = 0 V; V_{CC} = 600 V$					mJ
R <sub>th(j-c)D</sub>	per diode				0,36	K/W
	eling Diode					
V <sub>F</sub> = V <sub>EC</sub>	I <sub>Fnom</sub> = 150 A; V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C <sub>chiplev.</sub>		2	2,5	V
		T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C <sub>chiplev.</sub>		1,8		V
V <sub>F0</sub>		$T_j = 125 \ ^\circ C_{chiplev.}$ $T_j = 25 \ ^\circ C$		1,1	1,4	V
		T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C				V
r <sub>F</sub>		T <sub>i</sub> = 25 °C		9	11	V
		T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C				V
IRRM	I <sub>F</sub> = 150 A	T <sub>i</sub> = 25 °C		55		Α
Q <sub>rr</sub>		2		8		μC
E <sub>rr</sub>	$V_{GE} = 0 V; V_{CC} = 600 V$					mJ
R <sub>th(j-c)FD</sub>	per diode				0,3	K/W
Module						
L <sub>CE</sub>					30	nH
R <sub>CC'+EE'</sub>	res., terminal-chip	T <sub>case</sub> = 25 °C		0,75		mΩ
30 · LL		T <sub>case</sub> = 125 °C		1		mΩ
R <sub>th(c-s)</sub>	per module				0,05	K/W
M <sub>s</sub>	to heat sink M6		3		5	Nm
M <sub>t</sub>	to terminals M5		2,5		5	Nm
w					160	g

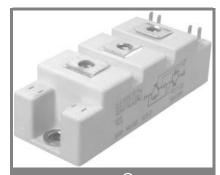
This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

This technical information specifies semiconductor devices but promises no characteristics. No warranty or guarantee expressed or implied is made regarding delivery, performance or suitability.



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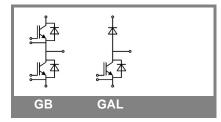
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Z <sub>th</sub>			
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
Z R <sub>i</sub>			
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 1	100	mk/W
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 2	38	mk/W
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 3	10	mk/W
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 4	2	mk/W
tau	i = 1	0,03	s
tau	i = 2	0,0287	s
tau	i = 3	0,0012	s
tau <sub>i</sub>	i = 4	0,0002	s
Z R <sub>i</sub> th(j-c)D			
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 1	240	mk/W
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 2	95	mk/W
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 3	22	mk/W
R <sub>i</sub>	i = 4	3	mk/W
tau <sub>i</sub>	i = 1	0,054	s
tau	i = 2	0,0113	s
tau	i = 3	0,0012	s
tau <sub>i</sub>	i = 4	0,005	s

