

## NTE172A Silicon NPN Transistor Darlington Preamp, Medium Speed Switch

### **Description:**

The NTE172A is a silicon NPN Darlington transistor in a TO92 type case designed for preamplifier input stages requiring input impedances of several megohms or extremely low level, high gain, low noise amplifier applications.

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings:** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Collector–Base Voltage, $V_{CBO}$ .....	40V
Collector–Emitter Voltage, $V_{CEO}$ .....	40V
Emitter–Base Voltage, $V_{EBO}$ .....	12V
Collector Current, $I_C$	
Continuous .....	300mA
Pulsed (Note 1) .....	500mA
Base Current, $I_B$ .....	50mA
Total Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ), $P_D$ .....	400mW
Derate Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	4mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature Range, $T_J$ .....	$-65^\circ$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range, $T_{stg}$ .....	$-65^\circ$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (During Soldering, 1/16" $\pm$ 1/32" from case for 10sec max.), $T_L$ .....	$+260^\circ\text{C}$

Note 1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$

### **Electrical Characteristics:** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Static Characteristics</b>						
Collector–Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	$I_C = 0.1\mu\text{A}$ , $I_E = 0$	40	–	–	V
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	$I_C = 10\text{mA}$ , $I_B = 0$	40	–	–	V
Emitter–Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	$I_E = 0.1\mu\text{A}$ , $I_C = 0$	12	–	–	V
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ , $I_C = 2\text{mA}$	7000	–	70000	
		$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ , $I_C = 100\text{mA}$	20000	–	–	
Collector Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 40\text{V}$ , $I_E = 0$	–	–	100	nA
		$V_{CB} = 40\text{V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $T_A = +100^\circ\text{C}$	–	–	20	$\mu\text{A}$

**Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd):** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Static Characteristics (Cont'd)</b>						
Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 12\text{V}, I_C = 0$	–	–	100	nA
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 200\text{mA}, I_B = 0.2\text{mA}$	–	–	1.4	V
Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 200\text{mA}, I_B = 0.2\text{mA}$	–	–	1.6	V
Base–Emitter Voltage	$V_{BE}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 200\text{mA}$	–	–	1.5	V
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>						
Small–Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, f = 1\text{kHz}$	7000	–	–	
Current Gain–High Frequency	$ h_{fe} $	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, f = 1\text{kHz}$	15.6	–	–	dB
Current Gain–Bandwidth Product	$f_T$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, f = 10\text{MHz}$	60	–	–	MHz
Input Impedance	$h_{ie}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA}, f = 1\text{kHz}$	–	650	–	$k\Omega$
Collector–Base Capacitance	$C_{cb}$	$V_{CB} = 10\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	–	7.6	10.0	pF
Emitter Capacitance	$C_{eb}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	–	10.5	–	pF
Noise Voltage	$e_n$	$I_C = 0.6\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, R_G = 160k\Omega, f = 10\text{Hz to } 10\text{kHz}, \text{B.W.} = 15.7\text{kHz}$	–	195	230	$nV/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

