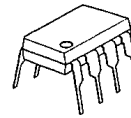


SIGNAL LEVEL SENSOR SYSTEM

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2072 is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for signal level sensor system. The NJM2070 features low power, low voltage operation, and high input sensitivity and is suited for the signal level sensor system for micro cassette, vox for telecommunications.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM2072D

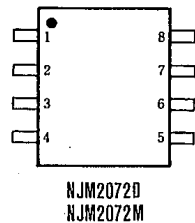


NJM2072M

■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage (0.9V~7V)
- Low Operating Current 0.55mA typ.
- High Input Sensitivity -36dB typ.
- Package Outline DIP8, DMP8
- Bipolar Technology

■ PIN CONFIGURATION

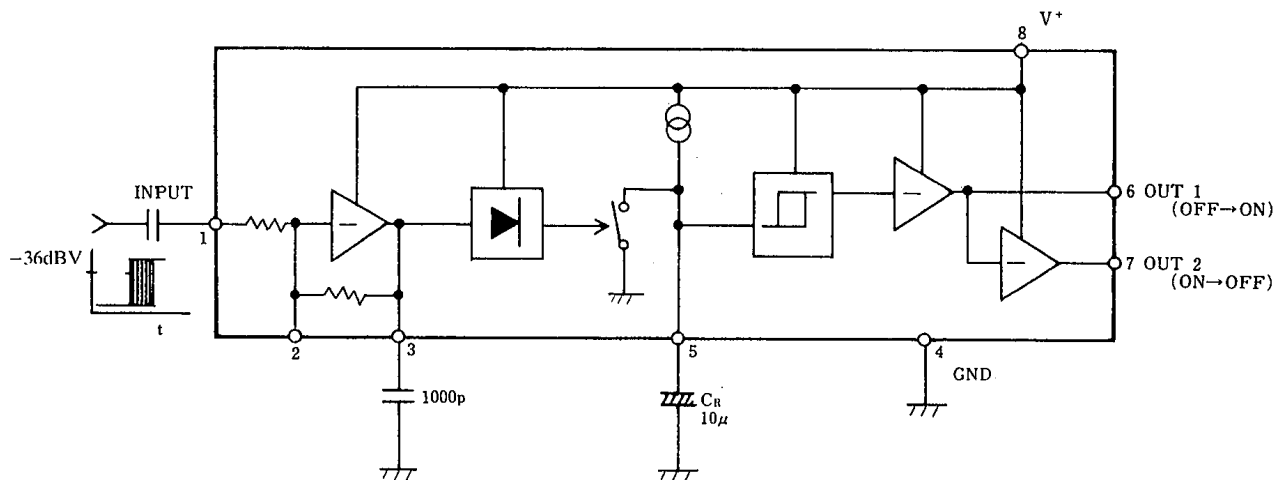


PIN FUNCTION

1. INPUT
2. Gain Control
3. Amp. Output
4. GND
5. Capacitor for Recovery time
6. OUT1
7. OUT2
8. V⁺

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM

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■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V ⁺	8	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	(DIP8) 500 (DMP8) 300	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +125	°C
Maximum Input Voltage	V _{imax}	V ⁺ - 1	V

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C, V⁺=3V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Voltage	V ⁺		0.9	—	7	V
Operating Current	I _{cc}	V _{IN} =0mVrms, R _L =∞	0.2	0.55	1.5	mA
Input Sensitivity	V _{ins}	f=1kHz	-39	-36	-33	dBV
Attack Time (note 1)	T _{ate}	C _R =10μF, f=1kHz	—	1	25	mSec
Recovery Time (note 2)	T _{rec}	C _R =10μF, f=1kHz	—	2	—	Sec
Output Current at ON(OUT 1)	I _{O1 on}	V _{in} =30mVrms, V _o =0.3V	1	3	—	mA
Output Current at ON(OUT 2)	I _{O2 on}	V _{in} =0mVrms, V _o =0.3V	1	3	—	mA
Output Current at OFF(OUT1)	I _{O1 off}	V _{in} =0mVrms, V _o =8V	—	—	1	μA
Output Current at OFF(OUT2)	I _{O2 off}	V _{in} =30mVrms, V _o =8V	—	—	1	μA
Input Resistance	R _{in}		16	20	24	kΩ
Charge Current	I _{chg}		1.0	2.0	3.0	μA

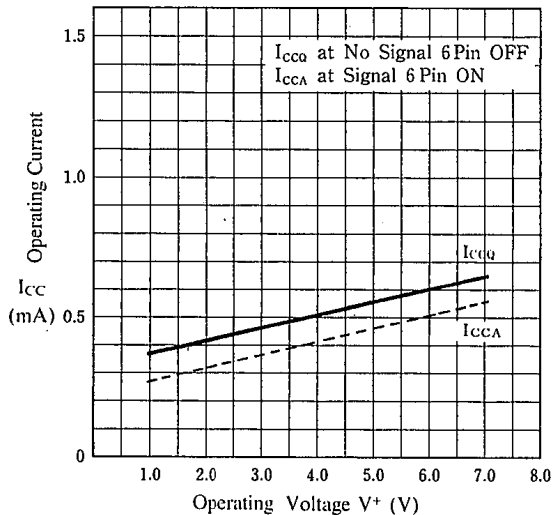
(note 1) Attack Time: Period from putting input signal of more than minimum input sensitive signal to output level change.

(note 2) Recovery Time: Period from input signal becoming lower than minimum input sensitive signal to output level change.

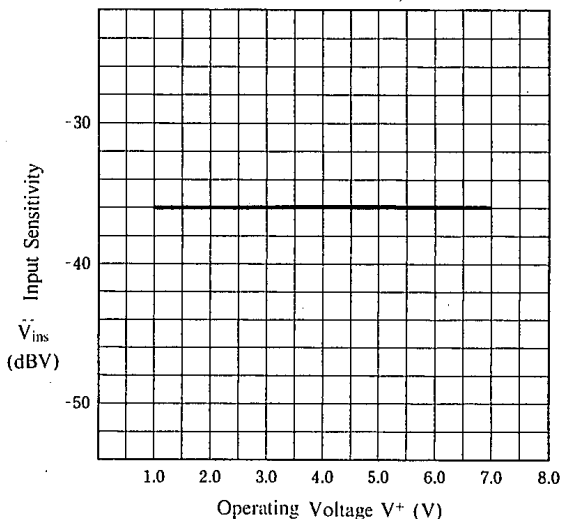
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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

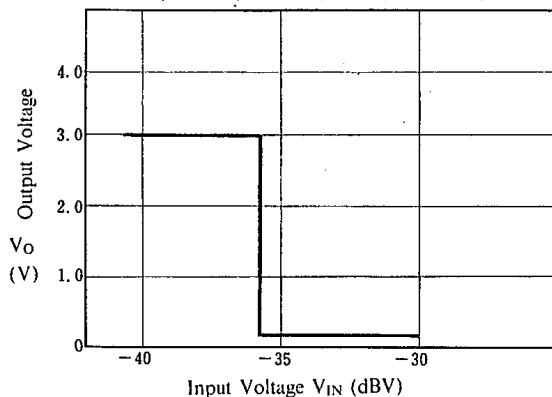
Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)



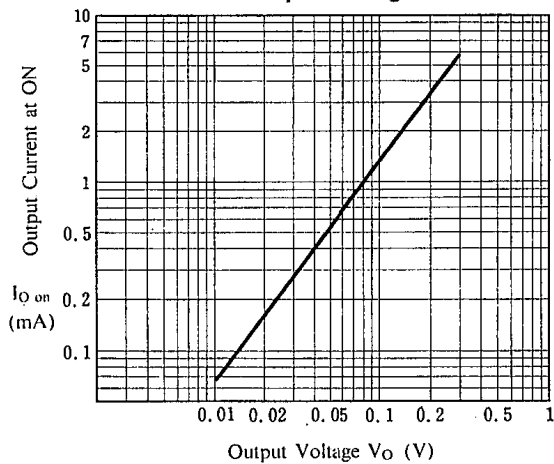
Input Sensitivity vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $f=1\text{kHz}$)



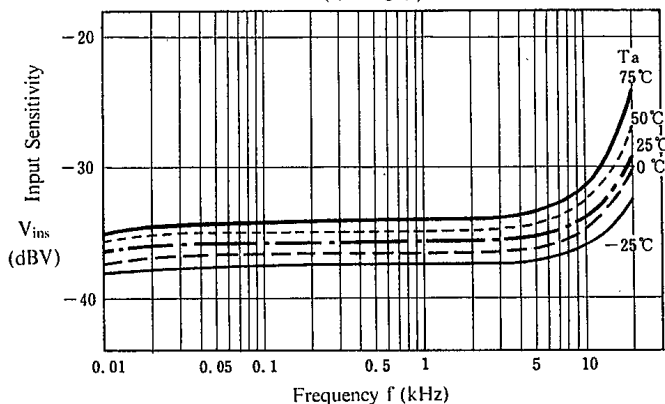
Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage
($V^+=3\text{V}$, $f=1\text{kHz}$, 6 Pin, $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)



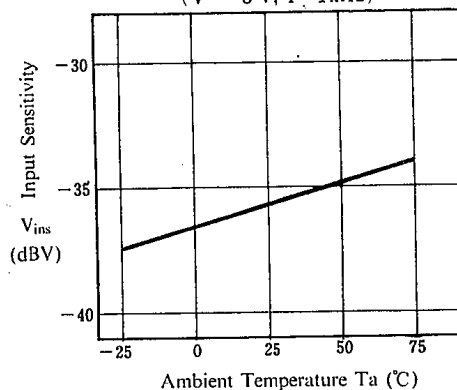
Output Current at ON vs. Output Voltage



Input Sensitivity vs. Frequency
($V^+=3\text{V}$)



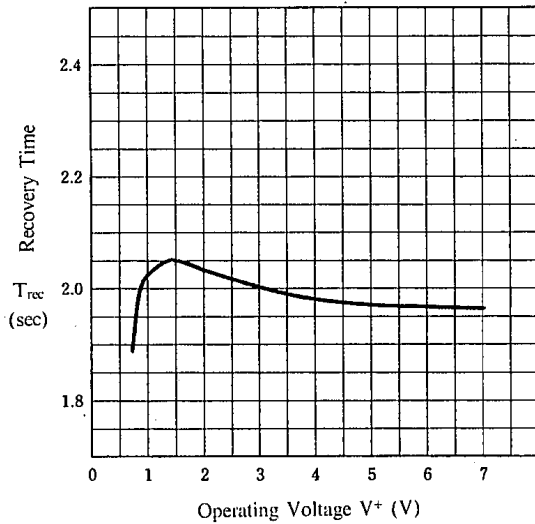
Input Sensitivity vs. Ambient Temperature
($V^+=3\text{V}$, $f=1\text{kHz}$)



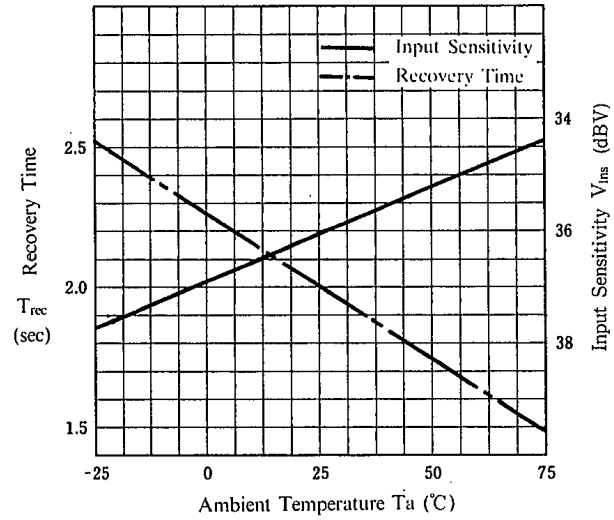
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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

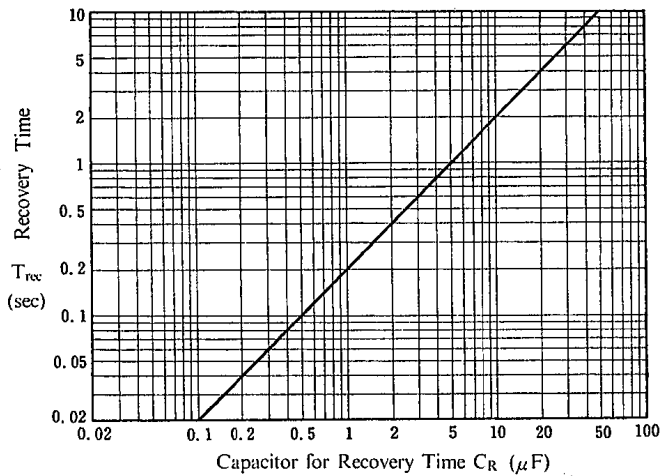
Recovery Time vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_R = 10\mu\text{F}$)



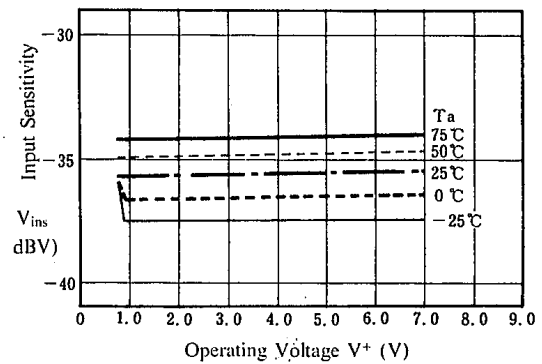
Input Sensitivity Recovery Time vs. Ambient Temperature
($V^+ = 3\text{V}$, $C_R = 10\mu\text{F}$)



Recovery Time Characteristics
($f = 1\text{kHz}$)

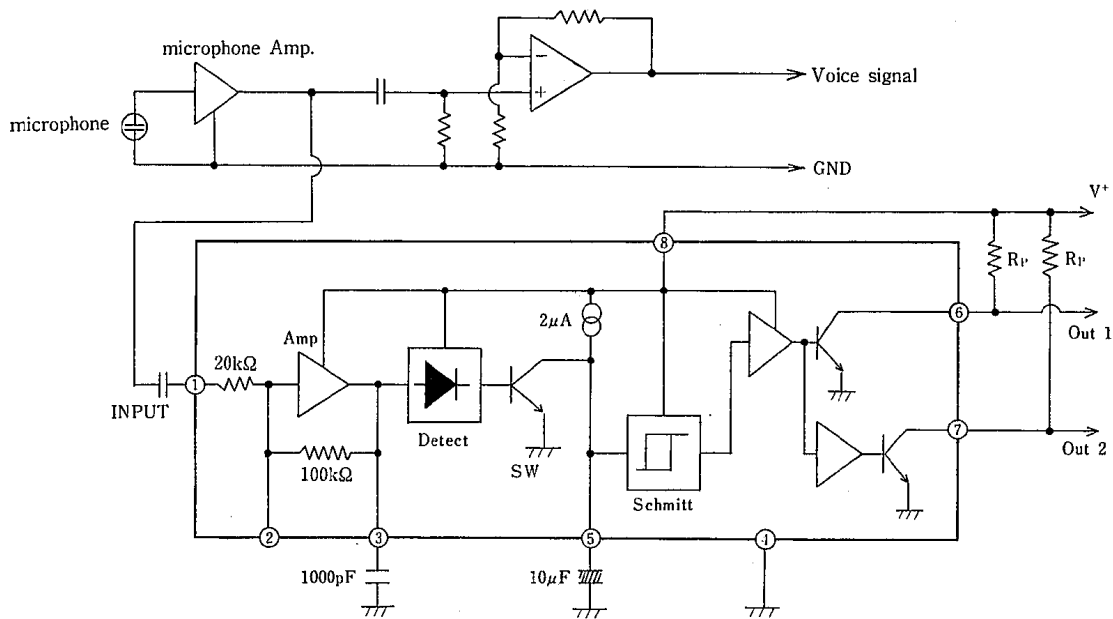


Input Sensitivity vs. Operating Voltage
($f = 1\text{kHz}$)



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TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

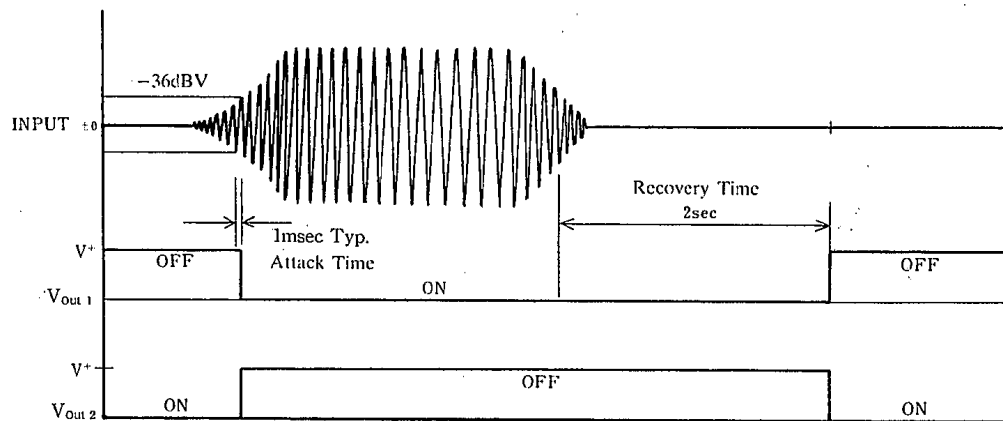


Pins 6 and 7 show an open collector. Mount resistor R_p shown by the following equation.

$$R_p = (V^+_{MIN} - 0.2) / 0.3 \text{ (k}\Omega\text{)}$$

Resistor R_p to pin 7 is omissible, if pin 6 only is used. But resistor R_p to pin 6 should be put when Out 2 only is used. V^+_{MIN} is minimum supply voltage.

5



MEMO

[CAUTION]

The specifications on this databook are only given for information, without any guarantee as regards either mistakes or omissions. The application circuits in this databook are described only to show representative usages of the product and not intended for the guarantee or permission of any right including the industrial rights.