



Centauri II (APC12) Non-Isolated DC/DC Power Module Tiny SMT Footprint – 1.8V-12V Input, 0.9V to 3.6V Output PRELIMINARY

The APC12 Centauri II series is Astec's recent addition to its non-isolated SMT POL line. With the wide acceptance of it's predecessor (APC08 series) and the continuous system requirement for higher load current, the Centauri platform have been revolutionized to provide 12A load current from it's original 8A device. The APC12 offers the same standard features common to the Centauri Product Line: wide input voltage range; wide output voltage range; high efficiency; Positive Output Enable; Power Good signal and Current Sharing. It also adapts the same Centauri SMT footprint for optimum user flexibility and multiple sourcing.

The APC12 also comes with an output Trim pin, which allows output adjustment from 0.9V to 3.6V through external resistance programming. It works from a wide input voltage range of 1.8V to 13V and offers an extensive array of output voltages starting from 0.9V to 3.6V. It is ideal for Point of Load applications and provides the most flexibility for the ever-changing DSP and ASIC power requirements.

Input

Input range

Input Surge

Efficiency



Special Features

- Point of Load (POL) applications
- High efficiency, 3.3V@94% (25%-75% Load)
- Open Frame SMT
- Remote On/Off (Positive Enable)
- Low output ripple and noise
- Regulation to zero load
- Programmable Output from 0.9V to 3.6V
- Fixed frequency switching (200 KHz)
- Power Good Signal (Optional)
- Active Current share (Optional)

Environmental Specifications

- Operating temperature: -40°C to +85°C
- Storage temperature: -40°C to +125°C
- MTBF: >1 million hours

<u>Control</u> Fnable_TTL_compatible

Electrical Parameters

Enable TTL compatible (Positive Logic)

14V

<u>Output</u> Regulation (Line, Load, Temp)

Ripple and noise

75mV - (≥2.5V Output) 50mV - (<2.5V Output)

1.8-6.0VDC and 6.0-13.0VDC

3.3V @ 93.4% (Typical @ 10A)

92.3% (Typical @ 12A)

Output voltage adjust range Transient Response 0.9V to 3.6V (J Version) typical 5% deviation with 50% to 75% step load 200 µS recovery

<3%

<u>Safety</u>

Designed to meet:UL, cUL60950 Recognized (Pending)TUVEN60950 Licensed (Pending)

MODEL: APC12 SERIES JANUARY 6, 2002 REVISION A (PRELIMINARY) SHEET 1 OF 23





APC12 Centauri II SERIES THIS SPECIFICATION COVERS THE REQUIREMENTS For A New 1.3" X 0.63" X 0.38"(H), 12A Single Output High Efficiency Non-Isolated SMT DC-DC Converter

MODE	L NAME	Vin nominal/ Vin range	Vout/Iout
APC12J03	Base Model	3.3V / 1.8-6.0V	0.9V, 12A
APC12J03-9 ¹	With output trim	3.3V / 1.8-6.0V	0.9V, 12A
APC12K03	Base Model	3.3V / 1.8-6.0V	1.2V, 12A
APC12M03	Base Model	3.3V / 1.8-6.0V	1.5V, 12A
APC12Y03	Base Model	3.3V / 2.2-6.0V	1.8V, 12A
APC12G03	Base Model	3.3V / 3.0-6.0V	2.5V, 12A
APC12F03	Base Model	5.0V / 4.2-6.0V	3.3V, 12A
APC12J08	Base Model	8V / 5.6-13.0V	0.9V, 12A
APC12J08-9 ¹	With output trim	8V / 5.6-13.0V	0.9V, 12A
APC12K08	Base Model	8V / 5.6-13.0V	1.2V, 12A
APC12M08	Base Model	8V / 5.6-13.0V	1.5V, 12A
APC12Y08	Base Model	8V / 5.6-13.0V	1.8V, 12A
APC12G08	Base Model	8V / 5.6-13.0V	2.5V, 12A
APC12F08	Base Model	8V / 6.0-13.0V	3.3V, 12A

Notes: 1. "J" (0.9V) version has a stand alone Output Trim Option (suffix "-9")

2. Options (suffix):

"-9MA" = Trim with Power Good and Active Current Share

"-J" = Tray packaging





Electrical Specifications

STANDARD TEST CONDITION	N on a single unit, unless otherwise specified.
T _A :	25°C (Ambient Air)
Forced Airflow	200LFM minimum
V _{IN} (P1):	Nominal input (refer to Table in sheet 2)
Enable (P5):	Open
Vo (P2):	Connect to load
Gnd (P3):	Return for Vin and Vo
Trim (P4):	Open
PGood (P6):	Open
P (P7):	Open

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or in any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of the specs. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Voltage						
Continuous	03	V _{IN}	1.8	-	6.0	Vdc
Transient (100ms)	03	V _{IN,trans}	-	-	7.0	Vdc
Continuous	08	V _{IN}	5.6	-	13.0	Vdc
Transient (100ms)	08	$V_{IN,trans}$	-	-	14.0	Vdc
Operating Temperature	All	T _A	-40	-	85	°C
Storage Temperature	All	T _{STG}	-40	-	125	°C
Operating Humidity	All	-	-	-	85	%

INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage ¹	03	V_{IN}	1.8	3.3	6.0	Vdc
	08		5.6	8.0	13.0	Vdc
	APC12F08		6.0	8.0	13.0	Vdc
Maximum Input Current ² ($V_{IN} = 0$ to $V_{IN,max}$; $I_O = I_{O,max}$)	All	I _{IN,max}	-	-	14.0	А
Input Ripple Current 5Hz to 20MHz	All	I _{IN-1}	-	250	300	mAp-p

Note: 1. Minimum V_{IN} (03 device) for 1V8, 2V5 and 3V3 versions are 2V2, 3V and 4.2V respectively. Minimum V_{IN} (08 device) for 3V3 is 6.0V.

2. This power module is not internally fused. The use of an input line fuse is recommended.





Electrical Specifications (continued)

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

<2.5V - - 50 12 Output Current All I _O 0 - 12	Vdc Vdc Vdc Vdc Vdc Vdc Vdc
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Vdc Vdc Vdc Vdc % %
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Vdc Vdc Vdc % %
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Vdc Vdc % %
Output Regulation $3.3V$ $V_{O,SET}$ 3.200 3.300 3.400 Line: $V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$ All - - 0.5 Load: $I_0 = I_{O, min}$ to $I_{O, max}$ All - - 1.0 Temp: $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C - - - ± 1.5 Output Ripple and Noise ³ - - - 50 ± 1.5 Peak-to-Peak: 5 Hz to 20 MHz $\geq 2.5V$ - - - 50 ± 1.5 Output Current All I_O 0 - 12	Vdc % % %
Output Regulation Line: $V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$ Load: $I_O = I_{O, min}$ to $I_{O, max}$ Temp: $T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °CAll0.5Output Ripple and Noise ³ Peak-to-Peak: 5 Hz to 20 MHz $\geq 2.5V$ $< 2.5V$ 1.0Output CurrentAll I_O 0-12	% % %
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$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	% %
Load: $I_0 = I_{0, \min}$ to $I_{0, \max}$ Temp: $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C - - - 1.0 Output Ripple and Noise ³ Peak-to-Peak: 5 Hz to 20 MHz $\geq 2.5V$ - - - ± 1.5 Output Current All I_0 0 - 12	%
Temp: $T_A = -40 \ ^{\circ}C$ to $+85 \ ^{\circ}C$ - - - ± 1.5 Output Ripple and Noise ³ Peak-to-Peak: 5 Hz to 20 MHz $\geq 2.5V$ - - 75 Output Current All I _O 0 - 12	
Output Ripple and Noise3 Peak-to-Peak: 5 Hz to 20 MHz $\geq 2.5V$ $< 2.5V$ 75 $< 2.5V$ Output CurrentAllIo0-12	
Peak-to-Peak: 5 Hz to 20 MHz $\geq 2.5V$ 7512Output CurrentAllIo0-12	
<2.5V - - - 50 1 Output Current All I _O 0 - 12 1	
Output CurrentAllIo0-12	mV _{PK-PK} mV _{PK-PK}
	111 v PK-PK
	А
3V3 0 - 12	А
External Load Capacitance All 3000	μF
Capacitor ESR 100	mΩ
	11132
Output Current-limit Inception ⁴ All I_0 -20-	А
Output Shart simult Correct ⁵	
Output Short-circuit Current ⁵ All	-
Efficiency J03 η 73 76 79	%
$V_{IN} = 1.8V \text{ to } 6V^1$ K03 η 80 81 84	%
$I_0 = 12A$ Resistive Load M03 η 83 86 89	%
Y03 n 86 87 90	%
G03 n 88 90 93	%
F03 η 90 92 94	%
	%
	%
	%
	%
	%
	%
η 80 90 91	
Switching FrequencyAll200	kHz
Turn-On Time (Input to Output) ⁶ All65	
$I_{O} = I_{O,max}; V_{IN} = V_{IN,nom}$	ms





Electrical Specifications (continued)

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Dynamic Response:						
Slew Rate	All	$\Delta I_O / \Delta t$	-	0.1	-	A/µs
Load Change: 50% - 75% I _{O,max}	All	-	-	5	10	%V ₀
Peak Deviation Settling Time	All	-	-	100	200	μs
to V _{O,nom}						
Load Change: 50% - 25% I _{O,max}	All	-	-	5	10	%V ₀
Peak Deviation Settling Time	All	-	-	100	200	μs
to V _{O,nom}						
Output Voltage Overshoot	All	-	-	5	-	%Vo
Passive Resistive Full Load						

Note: 3. Ripple specs are specified at 56uF decoupling capacitance for 03 devices and 100uF for 08 devices.
4. This feature is only for module protection and is not intended for customer application. The value is specified at 25°C ambient air temperature. Operation outside the power-derating curve may result to an OCP.

- 5. Pulse train with 90ms period and 1 ms pulse width. Average I_{OUT} equals about zero.
- 6. Input to Output Turn-on time is defined as the difference between t1 and t2: where t1 is the time when the input voltage reaches the minimum V_{IN} ($V_{IN} = V_{IN,min}$) and t2 is the time when the output voltage reaches its specified range ($V_O = V_{O,SET-MIN}$).

FEATURE SPECIFICATION

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Adjustment Range ⁷	-9 opt	-	Vo	-	3.6	V
	-9MA opt	-	Vo	-	3.6	V
Current Sharing to be within:	-9MA opt	-	40	-	60	%I _{O-TOT}
Power Good ⁸						
Open Collector: max sink current	All		-	-	5	mA
max pull-up voltage	All		-	-	6	V
Output Enable ⁹ Open Collector TTL compatible						
Module ON: Logic High	All		4.1	-	14	Vdc
Module OFF: Logic Low	All		0	-	0.8	Vdc
Collector Current	All		-	-	60	μΑ

Note: 7. Single resistor adjustment or single resistor plus a voltage source adjustment. Refer to sheet 9 for recommendations on how to trim the output voltage.

8. Refer to Figure 6 for the PGood configuration.

9. Refer to Figure 3 for the Output Voltage Enable configuration.





Electrical Specifications (continued)

ISOLATION SPECIFICATION

- The APC12 series are Non-Isolated units.

SAFETY APPROVAL

- UL / cUL 60950, and TUV EN60950 - Flammability and temp rise only.





Basic Operation and Features

The APC08/12 Centauri family was designed specifically to address applications where on board distributed power with Pointof-Load Converters (Conversion needed as close to the IC, usually DSP's and ASIC's) is employed. With its wide range input and flexible programmable output, any change in the load becomes very manageable with little to no impact on time to market. All of the converters in this family are buck converters. The APC12x03 versions allow 1.8V to 6V input voltage and the APC12x08 versions allow a 5.6V to 13V input with 14V max surge.

MODULE PIN ASSIGNMENT

There are 4 to 7 surface mount pins on a Centauri module. The availability of pins from individual modules is relevant to its version / selected option.

PIN #	DESIGNATION	
P1	V _{IN}	Input Voltage
P2	Vo	Output Voltage
P3	GND	Common Ground
P4	TRIM	Output Voltage Adjustment [OPTION]
P5	ENABLE	Output Voltage Enable
P6	PGood	Power Good [OPTION]
P7	Р	Load Current Active Sharing [OPTION]

INDUSTRY STANDARD PINOUT

When ordered with no options, the module comes with only 4 pins – V_{IN} , Gnd, V_{OUT} and Enable – AND IS COMPATIBLE WITH OTHER LEADING MANUFACTURER'S FOOTPRINT. When the full-featured module is required: with Output Trim; Active Current Share and Power Good Signal PINs, "-9MA" suffix is added to the standard part number. Please refer to the Part Number Ordering Scheme for other options (including packaging).

Note: When using the trim function, this module offers much more trim flexibility than the competitive footprint and also requires a jumper between the two footprints to be source compatible. Contact Factory for details.

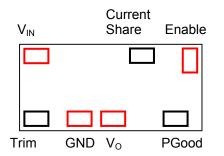


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Viewed from Top of Board.





Typical Application Circuit (Standard Pinout)

Recommended C1 is a low ESR (<100 m Ω) 330 μ F tantalum and C2 is a 1 μ F ceramic or equivalent. Recommended outputdecoupling capacitor C3 is 56 μ F (less than 75 m Ω ESR) for APC12x03 devices and 100 μ F (less than 40 m Ω ESR) for APC12x08 devices.

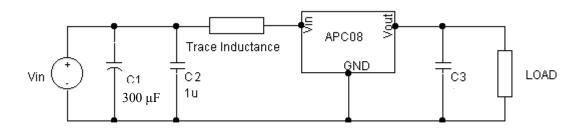


Figure 2a. Typical Application Circuit.

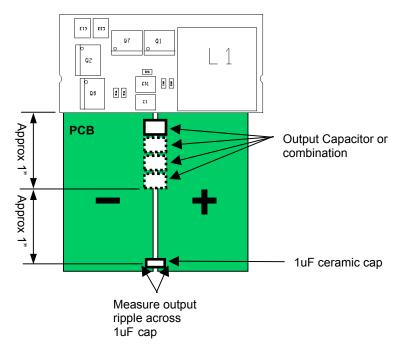


Figure 2b. Ripple Measurement Setup.



Technical Reference Notes APC12 Centauri II



Enable Pin (Standard configuration)

Pin P5 is functioned to enable the output voltage of a module. If this pin is left open or connected to ≥ 4.1 Vdc up to 14Vdc, the module is turned on. On the other hand, if this pin is connected to ground or to a voltage potential from 0 to 0.8Vdc, the module is turned off. The enable pin can source current up to 60µA max - suited for typical open-collector transistors readily available in the market.

For TTL compatibility, Figure 3 shows a 7405 open collector inverter IC utilized to function the Enable feature. Other common chips that can do the function are 74S05; 74HCT05; non-inverting - 7407; 74S07; 74HC07. If SMT packaging is preferred, Fairchild's Tiny Logic NC7SZ05 or TI's Little Logic SN7SLVC1G06 comes in SOT23 or SC70 packages.

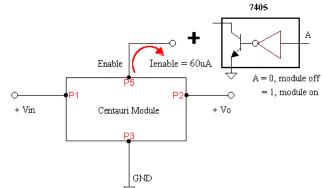


Figure 3. Output Voltage Enable function diagram.

Special Feature Pins (Options):

Trim Function (-9):

Pin P4 is used for output voltage adjustment. The output voltage can be trimmed through an external resistor or through an external DC supply as described in the succeeding sections.

Method 1: External Trim Resistor.

By connecting an external resistor across P4 and P3 (Gnd), the voltage appearing on pin P2 (Vo) is adjusted to a higher value. The output voltage of a module can be adjusted up to a maximum value of 3.3V (nominal) or 83% of the input voltage, whichever is lower. By connecting an external resistor across P4 and P2, Vo is adjusted to a lower value. Only small reductions, 2%, in voltage are recommended, as adjustment to lower voltages tends to affect the loop compensation of the module.

Full range adjustment (from 0.9V to 3.6V) can be obtained from a module with the lowest Vo setpoint (0.9Vo).





Trim Function (continued)

To adjust Vo to a higher value, please refer to Figure 4. The required resistor value (Rt) can be determined through Equation (1) where Vo is the voltage on P2 before the adjustment and Vot is the voltage of P2 after Rt is connected.

$$Rt = \frac{Vref}{Vot - Vo} R1$$
 Equation (1)

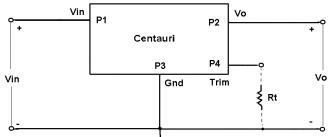


Figure 4. Output Voltage Trim Setup.

Please refer to related constants given in TABLE 1 to calculate the Equation.

			TABLE	. CONSTAN	NTS			
	Version	0.9V	1.2V	1.5V	1.8V	2.5V	3.3V	R1
APC08/12x03	R2	97.6k	8.45k	4.32k	2.94k	1.69k	1.13k	3.09k
APC08/12x08	R2	210k	17.4k	9.09k	6.04k	3.48k	2.32k	6.49k
V _{ref}	0.87V							

Be aware that the maximum Vo allowed is 3.6V. Please refer to Centauri datasheet.

Example:

Module version: APC08J03-9 (1.8 to 6.0Vin, 0.9Vo).

Requiring to adjust output voltage from Vo = 0.9V to Vot = 1.8V. $V_{ref} = 0.87V$ and $R_1 = 3.09k\Omega$ (from TABLE 1). Based on Equation (1), Rt can be determined as $3.0k\Omega$.

To adjust Vo to a lower value, Rt should be connected between P4 and P2. Equation (2) provides the calculation for Rt.

$$Rt = \frac{(V_o - V_{ref})(V_{ot} - V_{ref})}{V_{ref}(V_o - V_{ot})}R_2$$
 Equation (2)

Be aware that the minimum Vo is 0.9V.

Example Module version: APC08F03-9 (4.0 to 6.Vin, 3.3Vo). Requiring to adjust the output voltage from Vo = 3.3V to Vot = 3.3 (1-0.02) = 3.234V. Vo = 3.3V, Vot = 3.234V, V_{ref} = 0.87V, R₂ = 1.13k Ω (from TABLE 1). Based on Equation (1), Rt can be determined as 111.9k Ω .



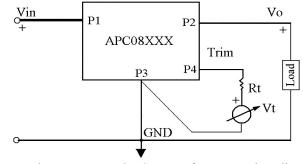


Trim Function *(continued)*

Method 2: External DC Source

By connecting an external DC supply across P4 (Enable) and P3 (GND) through a limiting resistor Rt, (see Figure 5), output voltage adjustment can also be achieved. Equation 3 provides the relationship between the External DC supply, Vt, and Vo (where Vo is the desired output voltage).

$$Vt = \left(1 + \frac{Rt}{R1} + \frac{Rt}{R2}\right) Vref - \frac{Rt}{R1} Vo$$
 Equation (3)



Given: $\mathbf{Rt} = 10k\Omega$

Figure 5. External DC source for output trim adjust.

Vo Adjustment to Lower Voltages. This method does not limit the recommended lower Vo adjustment to 2% as mentioned on previous sections re: Vo adjustment through external trim resistor.

Example:

Module version: APC08G03-9 (3V to 6Vin, 2.5Vo). Requiring to adjust the output voltage from Vo = 2.5V to 1.8V Vo = 1.8V, V_{ref} = 0.87V, R₁ = $3.09k\Omega$, R₂ = $1.69k\Omega$ (from Table 1). Based on Equation (3), Vt = 3.0V.

Example: Module version: APC08G03-9 (3V to 6Vin, 2.5Vo). Requiring to adjust the output voltage from Vo = 2.5V to 0.9V Vo = 0.9V, $V_{ref} = 0.87V$, $R_1 = 3.09k\Omega$, $R_2 = 1.69k\Omega$ (from Table 1). Based on Equation (3), Vt = 5.9V.

Vo Adjustment to Higher Voltages

Example: Module version: APC08G03-9 (3V to 6Vin, 2.5Vo). Requiring to adjust the output voltage from Vo = 2.5V to 3.3V Vo = 3.3V, $V_{ref} = 0.87V$, $R_1 = 3.09k\Omega$, $R_2 = 1.69k\Omega$ (from Table 1). Based on Equation (3), Vt = -1.84V.

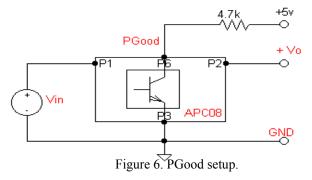
If application of negative voltage is not desired, the limiting resistor **Rt** can either be changed to a lower value ($\mathbf{Rt} = \mathbf{1}\mathbf{k}\Omega$, such that Vt = 0.60V per Equation 3), or use Method 1.





Power Good Signal Operation (Option (-9MA)):

PG pin provides an output signal indicating the Vout is operational (TTL logic signal). It can sink current up to a max of 5mA and can have a maximum external pull-up voltage of 6V. Please see recommended setup shown on Figure 6.



Active Current Share Operation (Option (-9MA)):

Active Current share pin is compatible with like modules only (APC08 to APC08 or APC12 to APC12). Connecting this pin directly with the same Pin from another module guarantees current sharing to within 40% to 60% Iout. Note that this pin is not compatible with competitive modules that employ active current sharing.

To attain efficient current sharing between like modules, the following points are recommended:

a) The modules to be shared should be located as close as possible into the host card.

b) The copper tracks that connect Vo and GND should at least be 0.60" in width with at least 2 oz. Cu.





Performance Curves – Efficiency

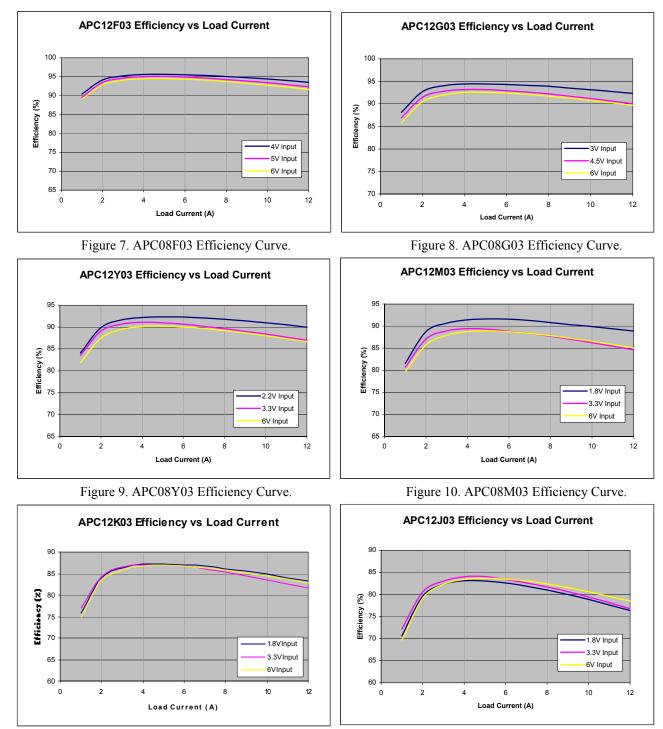


Figure 11. APC08K03 Efficiency Curve.

MODEL: APC12 SERIES JANUARY 6, 2002 REVISION A (PRELIMINARY)

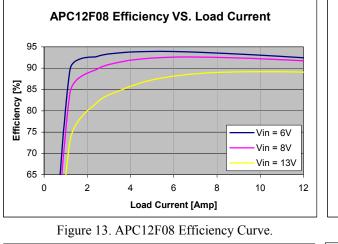
SHEET 13 OF 23

Figure 12. APC08J03 Efficiency Curve.





Performance Curves - Efficiency (continued)



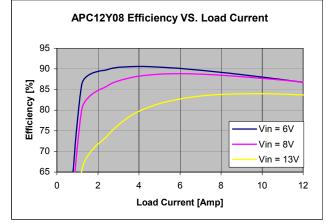


Figure 15. APC12Y08 Efficiency Curve.

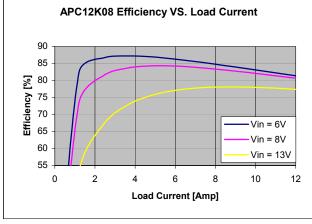


Figure 17. APC12K08 Efficiency Curve.



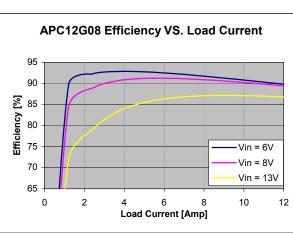


Figure 14. APC12G08 Efficiency Curve.

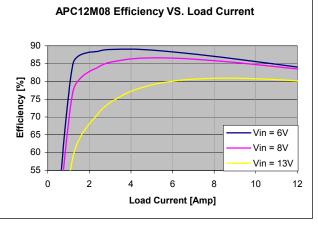


Figure 16. APC12M08 Efficiency Curve.

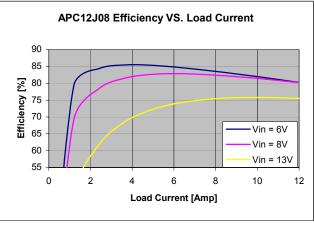


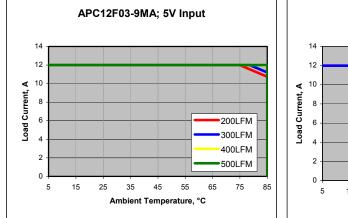
Figure 18. APC12J08 Efficiency Curve.

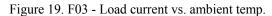
SHEET 14 OF 23

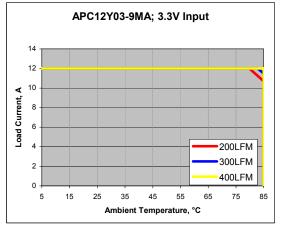


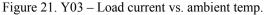


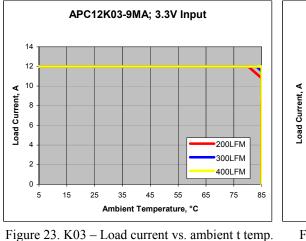
Performance Curves - Thermal Derating Curve











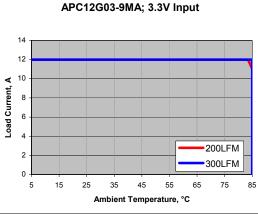


Figure 20. G03 – Load current vs. ambient temp.

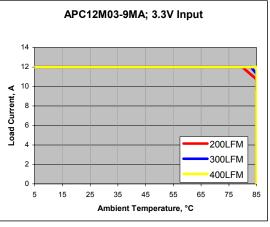
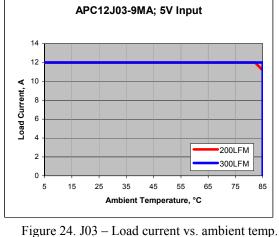


Figure 22. M03 – Load current vs. ambient temp.



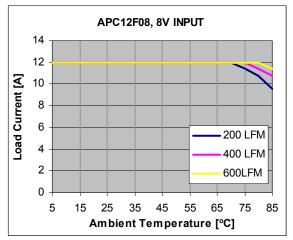
MODEL: APC12 SERIES

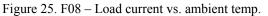
JANUARY 6, 2002 REVISION A (PRELIMINARY)





Performance Curve - Thermal Derating (continued)





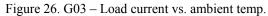
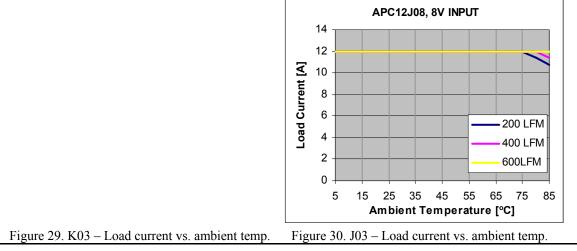


Figure 27. Y03 – Load current vs. ambient temp.

Figure 28. M03 – Load current vs. ambient temp.



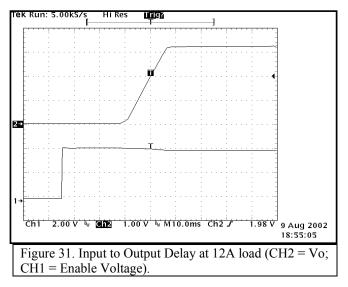
MODEL: APC12 SERIES JANUARY 6, 2002 REVISION A (PRELIMINARY) SHEET 16 OF 23

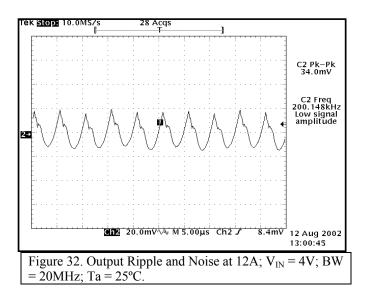




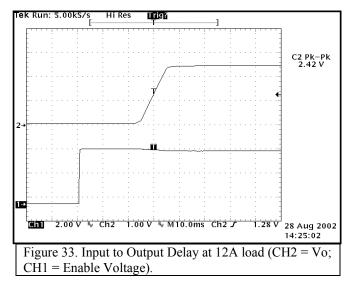
Performance Curves

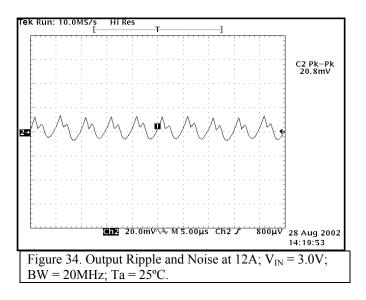
APC12F03





APC12G03





MODEL: APC12 SERIES JANUARY 6, 2002 REVISION A (PRELIMINARY)

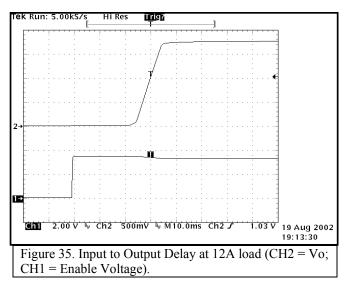
SHEET 17 OF 23

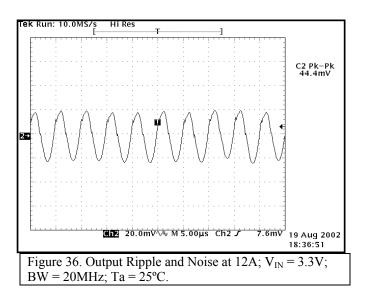




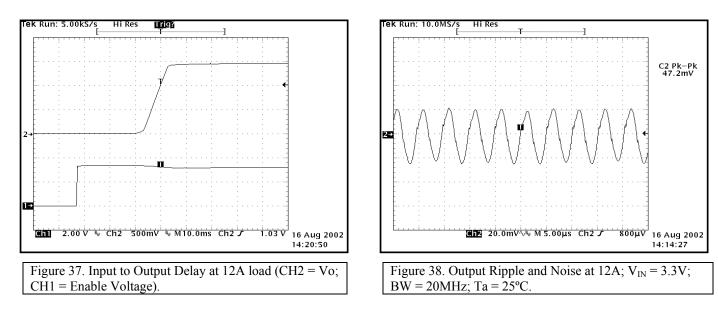
Performance Curves (continued)

APC12Y03





APC12M03

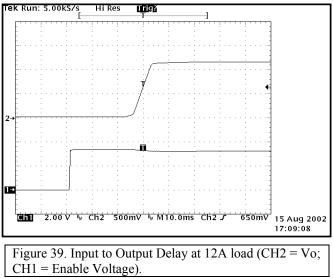


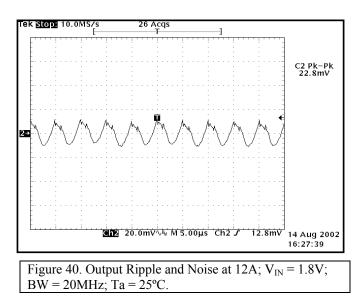




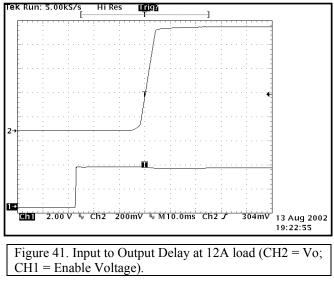
Performance Curves (continued)

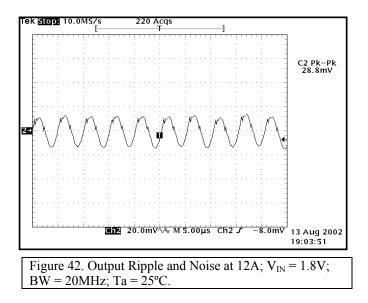
APC12K03





APC12J03





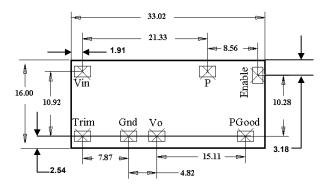




Mechanical Specifications

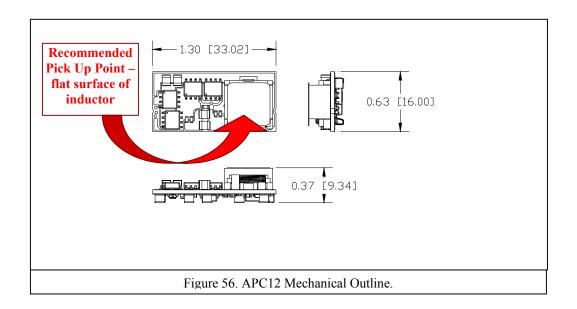
OUTLINE DRAWING

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Dimension	All	L	-	-	1.300 (33.02)	in (mm)
		W	-	-	0.630 (16.00)	in (mm)
		Н	-	-	0.370 (9.34)	in (mm)
Weight	All	-	-	5 (0.16)	10 (0.32)	g (oz)



PIN / PIN DIMENSION					
Nominal Pin Dimension	0.055 X 0.102 [in]				
Suggested Pad Dimensions	0.070 X 0.110 [in]				

Figure 55. Recommended PAD Layout.







Mechanical Specifications (continued)

RECOMMENDED LOCATION FOR PICK AND PLACE

The flat top surface of the large inductor (topside of the board) provides a versatile and convenient way of picking up the module (see Figure 56). A 6-7mm outside diameter nozzle from a conventional SMD machine is recommended to attain maximum vacuum pick-up. Nozzle travel and rotation speed should be controlled to prevent this off-centered picked-up module from falling off the nozzle. The use of vision recognition systems for placement accuracy will be very helpful.

REFLOW NOTES / RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Refer to the recommended Reflow Profile per Figure 57. Profile parameters exceeding the recommended maximums may result to permanent damage to the module.
- 2. The module is recommended for topside reflow process to the host card. For other orientations, contact factory.
- 3. In the event that the module needs to be desoldered from the host card, some pins may be detached from the module.

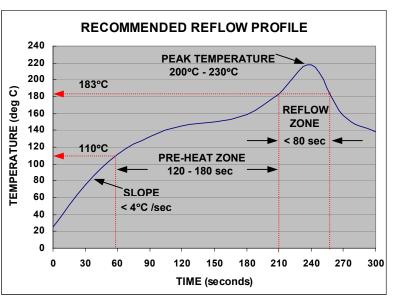


Figure 57. Recommended Reflow Profile.

MODULE MARKINGS / LABELS

Marking shall be permanent and legible. Please refer to Figure 58 for the module marking/ label detail.

Note 1			
MMM	Model No		
FFF	Option		
Note 2			
YYWW	Year / Work Week		
D	Day of Week		
PP	nth Panel of the day		
LL	Location in the panel		
Note 3: Barcode			
	6 & 7 characters / line		
	Code 128, 32CPI		
	0.070" Height		

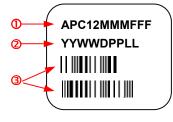


Figure 58. Module Label





Mechanical Specifications (continued)

PACKING AND SHIPPING

Standard packaging for the modules will be in tape and reel. Jedec-style tray packaging is also available (add suffix "J" in pn). Please refer to the ordering information. Maximum number of modules in a reel is 250 pcs. The tray can hold 35 modules max. Please refer to Figure 59 for the T&R carrier dimensions and Figure 60 for the tray dimensions.

Figure 59. Tape/ pocket dimensions

Figure 60. Jedec-style tray dimensions in mm.





PART NUMBER CODING SCHEME FOR ORDERING

A P C 1 2	x 0	у -	z
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X	Output Voltage		
	F = 3.3V $M = 1.5V$		
	G = 2.5V $K = 1.2V$		
	$\mathbf{Y} = 1.8\mathbf{V} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{J} = 0.9\mathbf{V}$		
У	Input Voltage Range		
	3 : 1.8V to 6V		
	8 : 5V to 12V		
Z	Options		
	9 : Trim function (exist for "J" version only)		
	9MA: Trim function plus PGood and Current Sharing		
	J: Adding a "J" suffix indicates Jedec style tray packaging;		
	No suffix "J" defaults to T&R packaging		

Please call 1-888-41-ASTEC for further inquiries or visit us at <u>www.astecpower.com</u>

MODEL: APC12 SERIES JANUARY 6, 2002 REVISION A (PRELIMINARY) SHEET 23 OF 23