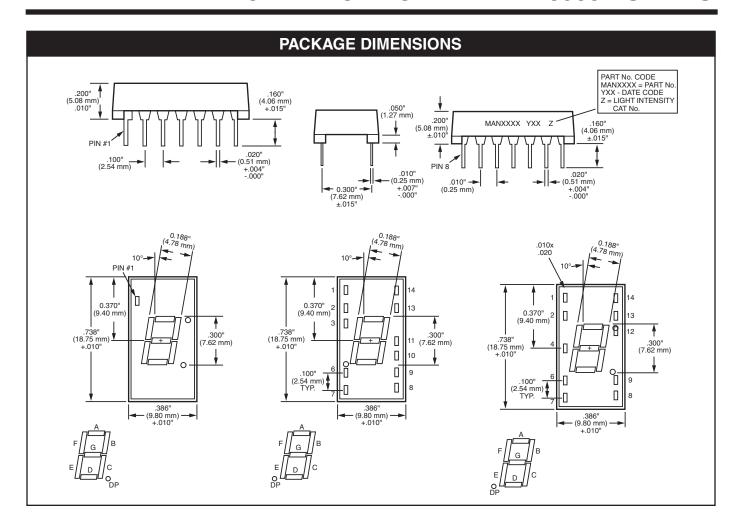


### **HIGH EFFICIENCY RED MAN3900A SERIES**



#### **Description**

The MAN3900A Series is a High Efficiency Red LED display. Standard units are also available in Red, Green, Orange and Yellow, with common anode right hand decimal, common anode left hand decimal and common cathode right hand decimal. They can be mounted in arrays with 0.400-inch (10.16 mm) center-to-center spacing. Units are constructed with Red face and segment color.

#### **Features**

- Common anode or common cathode models
- · High Efficiency Red
- Fast switching excellent for multiplexing
- · Low power consumption
- · Bold solid segments that are highly legible
- Solid state reliability long operation life
- Impact resistant plastic construction
- Directly compatible with integrated circuits
- High brightness with high contrast
- Categorized for Luminous Intensity (See Note 6)

- Standard dual-in-line package configuration
- Wide angle viewing...150°
- These devices have a Red face and Red segments

#### **Applications**

For industrial and consumer applications such as:

- Digital readout displays
- Instrument panels
- · Point of sale equipment
- Calculators
- Digital clocks



# **HIGH EFFICIENCY RED MAN3900A SERIES**

MODEL NUMBERS				
Part Number	Color	Package	Description	Pin Out Specification
MAN3910A	High Efficiency Red	А	Common Anode; Right Hand Decimal	А
MAN3920A	High Efficiency Red	В	Common Anode; Left Hand Decimal	В
MAN3940A	High Efficiency Red	С	Common Cathode; Right Hand Decimal	С
MAN3980A	High Efficiency Red	D	Common Cathode; Left Hand Decimal	D

RECOMMENDED OPTICAL FILTERS		
For optimum ON and OFF contrast, one of the following filters or equivalents should be used over the display:		
Device Type	Filter	
MAN3910A		
MAN3920A	Panelgraphic Scarlet 65	
MAN3940A	Homalite 100-1670	
MAN3980A		

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC	<b>S</b> (25°C Fi	ee Air Tem	perature U	nless Othe	rwise Specified)
MAN3910A, MAN3920A, MAN3940A, MAN3980A	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Luminous Intensity, digit average (See Note 1 and 3)	450	1900		μcd	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA
Peak emission wavelength		635		nm	
Spectral line half width		40		nm	
Forward voltage Segment Decimal point			2.5 2.5	V V	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Dynamic resistance Segment Decimal point		26 26		Ω Ω	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Capacitance Segment Decimal point		35 35		pF pF	V = 0 V = 0
Reverse current Segment Decimal point			100 100	μΑ μΑ	$V_R = 5.0V$ $V_R = 5.0V$



### **HIGH EFFICIENCY RED MAN3900A SERIES**

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
MAN3910A, MAN3920A, MAN3940A, MAN3980A	
Power dissipation at 25°C ambient	600mW
Derate linearly from 50°C	-8.6mW/°C
Storage and operating temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Continuous forward current Total Per segment Decimal point	240 mA 30 mA 30 mA
Reverse voltage Per segment Decimal point	6.0 V 6.0 V
Soldering time at 260°C (See Notes 4 and 5)	5 sec.

TYPICAL THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS	
HIGH EFFICIENCY RED	
Thermal resistance junction to free air $\phi_{JA}$	160°C/W
Wavelength temperature coefficient (case temperature)	1.0Å/°C
Forward voltage temperature coefficient	-2.0 mV/°C

#### Notes:

- 1. The digit average Luminous Intensity is obtained by summing the Luminous Intensity of each segment and dividing by the total number of segments. Intensity will not vary more than ±33.3% between all segments within a digit.
- 2. The curve in Figure 3 is normalized to the brightness at 25°C to indicate the relative Luminous Intensity over the operating temperature range.
- 3. The decimal point is designed to have the same surface brightness as the segments, therefore, the Luminous Intensity of the decimal point is .3 times the Luminous Intensity of the segments, since the area of the decimal point is .3 times the area of the average segment.
- 4. Leads of the device immersed to 1/16 inch from the body. Maximum device surface temperature is 140°C.
- 5. For flux removal, Freon TF, Freon TE, Isoproponal or water may be used to their boiling points.
- 6. All displays are categorized for Luminous Intensity. The Intensity category is marked on each part as a suffix letter to the part number.



# **HIGH EFFICIENCY RED MAN3900A SERIES**

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS						
Pin No.	ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS					
	A MAN3910A	B MAN3920A	C MAN3940A	D MAN3980A		
1	Cathode A	Cathode A	Anode F	Common Cathode		
2	Cathode F	Cathode F	Anode G	Anode F		
3	Common Anode	Common Anode	No Pin	Anode G		
4	No Pin	No Pin	Common Cathode	Anode E		
5	No Pin	No Pin	No Pin	Anode D		
6	No Connection	Cathode D. P.	Anode E	Common Cathode		
7	Cathode E	Cathode E	Anode D	Anode D.P.		
8	Cathode D	Cathode D	Anode C	Anode C		
9	Cathode D.P.	No Connection	Anode D.P.	Anode B		
10	Cathode C	Cathode C	No Pin	Anode A		
11	Cathode G	Cathode G	No Pin			
12	No Pin	No Pin	Common Cathode			
13	Cathode B	Cathode B	Anode B			
14	Common Anode	Common Anode	Anode A			



### **HIGH EFFICIENCY RED MAN3900A SERIES**

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

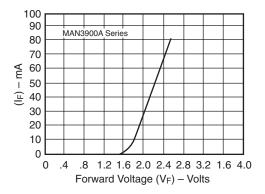


Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

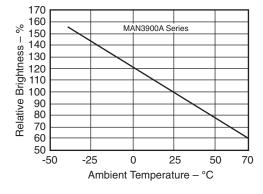


Fig. 2 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Temperature

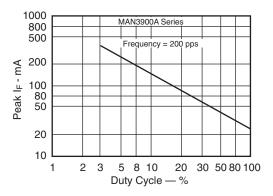


Fig. 3 Max Peak Current vs. Duty Cycle

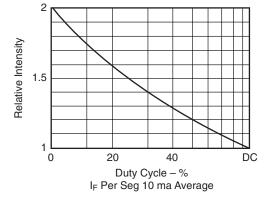


Fig. 4 Luminous Intensity vs. Duty Cycle

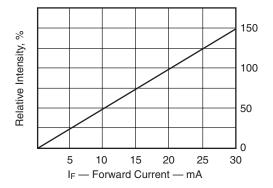


Fig 5. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



#### HIGH EFFICIENCY RED MAN3900A SERIES

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- A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.