

The OPB960/970/980/990 series of non-contact Photologic ${ }^{\circledR}$ slotted optical switches provides flexibility in meeting application specific requirements for the design engineer.

Building from a standard housing with a 0.125 " ( 3.18 mm ) wide slot, the user can specify output logic state, output driver circuit, aperture width, aperture surface and mounting tab locations. Furthermore, an option of wire or PCB leads allows electrical interface flexibility.

The device body is an opaque plastic which minimizes sensitivity to both visible and near-infrared external light sources which may impact operation. Aperture width choices provide different optical resolution for motion sensing. A covered aperture provides dust protection, while an open aperture provides maximum protection against external light sources.

Electrical operation is over a wide supply voltage range. LED emissions are near-infrared (850—940nm).
Detector digital output logic choices of buffer or inverter with totem-pole or open-collector driver circuit simplify interface for various electrical requirements.

Custom electrical, wire and cabling services are available.
Contact your local representative or OPTEK for more information. Compliant to EU RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC .

| Applications: | For more information see Application notes 201, 213 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - Speed and direction indication | - Mechanical switch replacement | - Printers - Top of form, End of travel, Home position. |
| - Rotary encoders | - Mechanical limit indication | - Sliding Door Automotive and Lift gate applications |

Part Number Guide


[^0]
## PACKAGE OUTLINE for OPB960 and OPB970 Series

TABLE 1

| Lead No. | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Anode |
| 2 | Cathode |
| 3 | Vcc |
| 4 | Output |
| 5 | Ground |


| APERTURE WIDTH GUIDE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CODE | LED | SENSOR |
| 55 | $.050^{\prime \prime}[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ | $.050^{\prime \prime}[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| 51 | $.050^{\prime \prime}[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ | $.010^{\prime \prime}[0.25 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| 11 | $.010^{\prime \prime}[0.25 \mathrm{~mm}]$ | $.010^{\prime \prime}[0.25 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Lengths are $.050 "[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |  |



Notes:
(1) RMA flux recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 seconds max.
(2) Feature controlled at body.
(3) Highly activated water soluble fluxes may attack plastic. Recommend trial to verify application.
(4) Maximum lead soldering temperature [ 1.6 mm from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron] $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
(5) Cathode lead may be shorter.
(6) Part number marking may be on any side.

OPTEK reserves the right to make any changes at any time in order to improve design and to supply the best product possible.

PACKAGE OUTLINE for OPB980 and OPB990 Series

TABLE 2

| Wire Color | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| Red | Anode |
| Black | Cathode |
| White | Vcc |
| Blue | Output |
| Green | Ground |




| APERTURE WIDTH GUIDE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CODE | LED | SENSOR |
| 55 | $.050^{\prime \prime}[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ | $.050^{\prime \prime}[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| 51 | $.050^{\prime \prime}[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ | $.010^{\prime \prime}[0.25 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| 11 | $.010^{\prime \prime}[0.25 \mathrm{~mm}]$ | $.010^{\prime \prime}[0.25 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |
| Lengths are $.050^{\prime \prime}[1.27 \mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |  |



Notes:
(7) Wire is 26AWG, UL Rated PVC insulation.
(8) Ideal torque for bolt or screw 0,45 to $0,68 \mathrm{Nm}$ ( 4 to $6 \mathrm{Lb}-\mathrm{in}$ ).
(9) When using a thread lock compound, ND Industries "ND Vibra-Tite ${ }^{\circledR}$ Formula 3 " will avoid stress cracking plastic.
(10) Plastic is soluble in chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones. Methanol or isopropanol are recommended as cleaning agents.

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## Photologic ${ }^{\circledR}$ Slotted Optical Switch OPB960, OPB970, OPB980, OPB990 Series

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Storage Temperature Range | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating Temperature Range | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Input Diode (E) |  |
| Input Diode Power Dissipation | $100 \mathrm{~mW}{ }^{(11)}$ |
| Input Diode Forward D.C. Current, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $40 \mathrm{~mA}^{(14)}$ |
| Input Diode Reverse D.C. Voltage, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2 V |
| Sensor (S) |  |
| Supply Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to Ground) | $18 \mathrm{~V}^{(13)}$ |
| Output Photologic ${ }^{\circledR}$ Power Dissipation | 200 mW ${ }^{\text {(12) }}$ |
| Voltage at Output Lead (Open-Collector Output), $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 35 V |
| Short Circuit Output Current to Ground (los) 1 sec Max. | 30 mA |

Notes:
(11) Derate linearly $2.22 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
(12) Derate linearly $4.44 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
(13) Prior to 2004 Vcc was limited to 5.5 V maximum.
(14) Do not connect input diode directly to a voltage source without an external current limiting resistor.

## Block Diagram



Inverter Totem-Pole
OPB962I OPB972I OPB982I OPB992


Buffer Open-Collector OPB961/ OPB971/ OPB981/ OPB991


Inverter Open-Collector OPB963/ OPB973/ OPB983/ OPB993


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Electrical Characteristics ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST CONDITIONS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Input Diode (See OP140 / OP240 LED for additional information)

| $V_{F}$ | Forward Voltage | - | - | 1.70 | V | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=20 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | Reverse Current | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{R}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Coupled (See OPL560 Detector for additional information)

| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ | Operating D.C. Supply Voltage | 4.5 | - | 16 | V |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Icc | Supply Current | - | - | 12 | mA | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 16 V |
| VoL | Low Level Output Voltage: <br> Buffer Totem-Pole OPB960,OPB970 <br> OPB980,OPB990 <br> Buffer Open-Collector OPB961,OPB971 <br> OPB981,OPB991 | - | - | 0.4 | V | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=12.8 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA}^{(14)} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Inverter Totem-Pole OPB962,OPB972 <br> OPB982,OPB992 <br> Inverter Open-Collector OPB963,OPB973 <br>  OPB983,OPB993 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \quad \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=12.8 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=15 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage: <br> Buffer Totem-Pole $\begin{array}{l}\text { OPB960,OPB970 } \\ \text { OPB980,OPB990 }\end{array}$ | $V_{c c}-2.1$ | - | - | V | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 16 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-800 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=15 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Inverter Totem-Pole } & \begin{array}{l}\text { OPB962,OPB972 } \\ \text { OPB982,OPB992 }\end{array}\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 16 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-800 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{IOH}^{\text {a }}$ | High Level Output Current: <br> Buffer Open-Collector $\begin{array}{l}\text { OPB961,OPB971 } \\ \text { OPB981,OPB991 }\end{array}$ | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 16 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=30 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=15 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Inverter Open-Collector $\begin{aligned} & \text { OPB963,OPB973 } \\ & \text { OPB981,OPB991 }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 16 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=30 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=0 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{~mA}^{(14)} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}(+)$ | LED Positive-Going Threshold Current ${ }^{(16)}$ | - | - | 15 | mA | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}(+) / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}(-)$ | Hysteresis Ratio | - | 1.5 | - | - | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $t_{R}, t_{F}$ | Output Rise Time, Output Fall Time | - | 70 | - | ns | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {p peak }}=15 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time Low to High, High to Low | - | 5.0 | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=360 \Omega$ to GND (Totem-Pole) <br> $R_{L}=1 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ pull-up (Open-Collector) |

Notes:
14) Normal application would be with light source blocked, simulated by $I_{F}=0 \mathrm{~mA}$.
15) All parameters are tested using pulse techniques.
16) An increasing current applied to the LED which causes the output logic state to change For proper application IF(+), LED current, should be more than the stated maximum.

Logic Output vs Left to Right Bocking Distance (X-Axis Blocked)


Logic Output vs Top to Bottom Bocking Distance (Y-Axis Blocked)


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