

### Features

- High-speed, low-power, First-In, First-Out (FIFO) memories
  - 64 × 9 (CY7C4421)
  - 256 × 9 (CY7C4201)
  - 512 × 9 (CY7C4211)
  - 1K × 9 (CY7C4221)
  - 2K × 9 (CY7C4231)
  - 4K × 9 (CY7C4241)
  - 8K × 9 (CY7C4251)
- High-speed 100-MHz operation (10 ns Read/Write cycle time)
- Low power (I<sub>CC</sub> = 35 mA)
- Fully asynchronous and simultaneous Read and Write operation
- Empty, Full, and Programmable Almost Empty and Almost Full status flags
- TTL-compatible
- Expandable in width
- Output Enable (OE) pin
- · Independent Read and Write enable pins
- · Center power and ground pins for reduced noise
- · Width-expansion capability
- Space saving 7 mm × 7 mm 32-pin TQFP
- Pin-compatible and functionally equivalent to IDT72421, 72201, 72211, 72221, 72231, and 72241

### • Pb-Free Packages Available

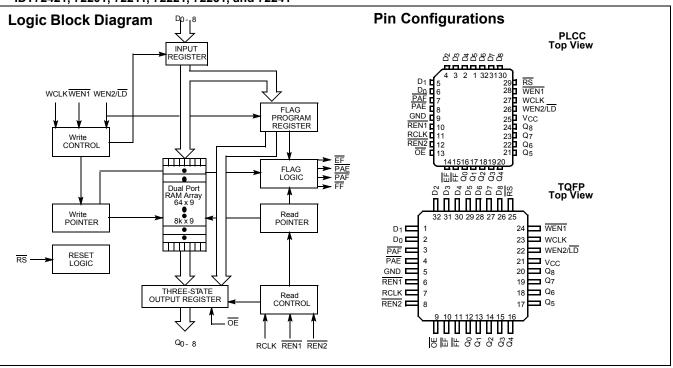
## **Functional Description**

The CY7C42X1 are high-speed, low-power FIFO memories with clocked Read and Write interfaces. All are 9 bits wide. The CY7C42X1 are pin-compatible to IDT722X1. Programmable features include Almost Full/Almost Empty flags. These FIFOs provide solutions for a wide variety of data buffering needs, including high-speed data acquisition, multiprocessor interfaces, and communications buffering.

These FIFOs have 9-bit input and output ports that are controlled by separate clock and enable signals. The input port is controlled by <u>a free</u>-running\_clock (WCLK) and two Write-enable pins (WEN1, WEN2/LD).

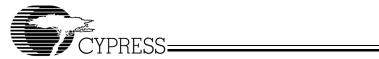
When WEN1 is LOW and WEN2/LD is HIGH, data is written into the FIFO on the rising edge of the WCLK signal. While WEN1, WEN2/LD is held active, data is continually written into the FIFO on each WCLK cycle. The output port is controlled in a similar manner by a free-running Read clock (RCLK) and two Read-enable pins (REN1, REN2). In addition, the CY7C42X1 has an output enable pin (OE). The Read (RCLK) and Write (WCLK) clocks may be tied together for single-clock operation or the two clocks may be run independently for asynchronous Read/Write applications. Clock frequencies up to 100 MHz are achievable.

Depth expansion is possible using one enable input for system control, while the other enable is controlled by expansion logic to direct the flow of data.



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San Jose, CA 95134 • 408-943-2600 Revised August 2, 2005



## **Selection Guide**

|                               |                   |       |         | -     | 10    |     | -15      | -25    | Unit        |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-----|----------|--------|-------------|
| Maximum F                     | requency          |       |         | 1     | 00    |     | 66.7     | 40     | MHz         |
| Maximum Access Time           |                   |       |         | 8     |       | 10  | 15       | ns     |             |
| Minimum C                     | ycle Time         |       |         |       | 0     |     | 15       | 25     | ns          |
| Minimum Data or Enable Set-up |                   |       |         | 3     | 4     |     | 6        | ns     |             |
| Minimum Data or Enable Hold   |                   |       | 0.5     |       | 1     |     | 1        | ns     |             |
| Maximum F                     | lag Delay         |       |         | 8     |       | 10  |          | 15     | ns          |
| Active Powe                   | er Supply Current | Com   | mercial | 35    |       |     | 35       | 35     | ICC1        |
|                               |                   | Indu  | strial  | 4     | 10    |     | 40       | 40     |             |
|                               | CY7C4421          | CY7C4 | 201 CY7 | C4211 | CY7C4 | 221 | CY7C4231 | CY7C42 | 41 CY7C4251 |
| Density                       | 64 × 9            | 256 × | 9 51    | 2×9   | 1K ×  | 9   | 2K × 9   | 4K × 9 | 8K × 9      |

## **Pin Definitions**

| Pin              | Name                         | I/O | Description   |
|------------------|------------------------------|-----|---|
| D <sub>0-8</sub> | Data Inputs                  | I   | Data Inputs for 9-bit Bus   |
| Q <sub>0-8</sub> | Data Outputs                 | 0   | Data Outputs for 9-bit Bus  |
| WEN1             | Write Enable 1               | I   | The only Write enable to have programmable flags <u>when device is configured</u> . Data is written on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK when WEN1 is asserted and FF is HIGH. If the FIFO is configured to <u>have</u> two Write enables, <u>data</u> is <u>written</u> on a LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK when WEN1 is LOW and WEN2/LD and FF are HIGH. |
| WEN2/LD Dual     | Write Enable 2               | I   | If HIGH at reset, this pin operates as a second Write enable. If LOW at reset, this pin   |
| Mode Pin         | Load                         | I   | operates as a control to Write or Read the programmable flag offsets. WEN1 must be LOW and WEN2 must be HIGH to write data into the FIFO. Data will not be written into the FIF <u>O</u> if the FF is LOW. If the FIFO is configured to have programmable flags, WEN2/LD is held LOW to write or read the programmable flag offsets.                      |
| REN1, REN2       | Read Enable<br>Inputs        | I   | Enables Device for Read Operation   |
| WCLK             | Write Clock                  | I   | The rising edge clocks data into the FIFO when WEN1 is LOW, WEN2/LD is HIGH, and the FIFO is not Full. When LD is asserted, WCLK writes data into the programmable flag-offset register.  |
| RCLK             | Read Clock                   | I   | The rising edge clocks data out <u>of the FIFO when REN1</u> and REN2 are LOW and the FIFO is not Empty. When WEN2/LD is LOW, RCLK reads data out of the programmable flag-offset register.   |
| EF               | Empty Flag                   | 0   | When $\overline{EF}$ is LOW, the FIFO is empty. $\overline{EF}$ is synchronized to RCLK.  |
| FF               | Full Flag                    | 0   | When FF is LOW, the FIFO is full. FF is synchronized to WCLK.   |
| PAE              | Programmable<br>Almost Empty | 0   | When PAE is LOW, the FIFO is almost empty based on the almost empty offset value programmed into the FIFO.  |
| PAF              | Programmable<br>Almost Full  | 0   | When PAF is LOW, the FIFO is almost full based on the almost full offset value programmed into the FIFO.  |
| RS               | Reset                        | I   | Resets device to empty condition. A reset is required before an initial Read or Write operation after power-up.   |
| ŌĒ               | Output Enable                | Ι   | When $\overline{OE}$ is LOW, the FIFO's data outputs drive the bus to which they are connected.<br>If OE is HIGH, the FIFO's outputs are in High-Z (high-impedance) state.  |



## **Functional Description**

The CY7C42X1 provides four status pins: Empty, Full, Almost Empty, Almost Full. The Almost Empty/Almost Full flags are programmable to single word granularity. The programmable flags default to Empty – 7 and Full – 7.

The flags are synchronous, i.e., they change state relative to either the Read clock (RCLK) or the Write clock (WCLK). When entering or exiting the Empty and Almost Empty states, the flags are updated exclusively by the RCLK. The flags denoting Almost Full, and Full states are updated exclusively by WCLK. The synchronous flag architecture guarantees that the flags maintain their status for at least one cycle.

All configurations are fabricated using advanced  $0.65\mu$  N-Well CMOS technology. Input ESD protection is greater than 2001V, and latch-up is prevented by the use of guard rings.

### Architecture

The CY7C42X1 consists of an array of 64 to 8K words of 9 bits each (implemented by a dual-port array of SRAM cells), a <u>Read pointer, a Wri</u>te pointer, control signals (<u>RCLK, WC</u>LK, REN1, REN2, WEN1, WEN2, RS), and flags (EF, PAE, PAF, FF).

## **Resetting the FIFO**

Upon power-up, the FIFO must be reset with a Reset ( $\overline{RS}$ ) cycle. This <u>causes</u> the FIFO to enter the Empty condition signified by EF being LOW. All data outputs ( $Q_{0-8}$ ) go LOW t<sub>RSF</sub> after the rising edge of  $\overline{RS}$ . In order for the FIFO to reset to its default state, a falling edge m<u>ust</u> occur on  $\overline{RS}$  and the user must not read or Write while  $\overline{RS}$  is LOW. All flags are guaranteed to be valid t<sub>RSF</sub> after  $\overline{RS}$  is taken LOW.

#### **FIFO Operation**

When the WEN1 signal is active LOW and WEN2 is active HIGH, data present on the  $D_{0-8}$  pins is written into the FIF<u>O</u> on each rising edge of the WCLK signal. Similarly, when the REN1 and REN2 signals are active LOW, data in the FIFO memory will be presented on the  $Q_{0-8}$  outputs. New data will be presented on each rising edge of RCLK while REN1 and REN2 are active. REN1 and REN2 must set up t<sub>ENS</sub> before RCLK for it to be a valid Read function. WEN1 and WEN2 must occur t<sub>ENS</sub> before WCLK for it to be a valid Write function.

An output enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) pin is provided to three-state the Q<sub>0-8</sub> outputs when OE is asserted. When OE is enabled (LOW), data in the output register will be available to the Q<sub>0-8</sub> outputs after t<sub>OE</sub>.

The FIFO contains overflow circuitry to disallow additional writes when the FIFO is full, and underflow circuitry to disallow additional reads when the FIFO is empty. An empty FIFO

maintains the data of the last valid Read on its  ${\rm Q}_{\rm 0-8}$  outputs even after additional reads occur.

Write Enable 1 (WEN1). If the <u>FIFO</u> is configured for programmable flags, Write Enable 1 (WEN1) is the only Write <u>enable</u> control pin. In this configuration, when Write Enable 1 (WEN1) is LOW, data can be loaded into the input register and RAM array on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of every Write clock (WCLK). Data is stored is the RAM array sequentially and independently of any on-going Read operation.

Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD). This is a dual-purpose pin. The FIFO is configured at Reset to have programmable flags or to have two Write enables, which allows for depth expansion. If Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) is set active HIGH at Reset (RS = LOW), this pin operates as a second Write enable pin.

If the FIFO is <u>configu</u>red to have two Write enables, when Write <u>Enable</u> (WEN1) is LOW and Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) is HIGH, data can be loaded into the input register and RAM array on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of every Write clock (WCLK). Data is stored in the RAM array sequentially and independently of any on-going Read operation.

#### Programming

When WEN2/LD is held LOW during Reset, this pin is the load (LD) enable for flag offset programming. In this configuration, WEN2/LD can be used to access the four 8-bit offset registers contained in the CY7C42X1 for writing or reading data to these registers.

When the device is configured for programmable flags and both WEN2/LD and WEN1 are LOW, the first LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK writes data from the data inputs to the empty offset least significant bit (LSB) register. The second, third, and fourth LOW-to-HIGH transitions of WCLK store data in the empty offset most significant bit (MSB) register, full offset LSB register, and full offset MSB register, respectively, when WEN2/LD and WEN1 are LOW. The fifth LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK while WEN2/LD and WEN1 are LOW writes data to the empty LSB register again. *Figure 1* shows the registers sizes and default values for the various device types.

It is not necessary to write to all the offset registers at one time. A subset of <u>the</u> offset registers can be written; then by bringing the WEN2/LD input HIGH, the FIFO is return<u>ed</u> to normal Read and Write operation. The next time WEN2/LD is brought LOW, a Write operation stores data in the next offset register in sequence.

The contents of the <u>offs</u>et registers can be <u>read</u> to the <u>data</u> outputs when WEN2/LD is LOW and both REN1 and REN2 are LOW. LOW-to-HIGH transitions of RCLK Read register contents to the data outputs. Writes and reads should not be preformed simultaneously on the offset registers.



# CY7C4421/4201/4211/4221 CY7C4231/4241/4251

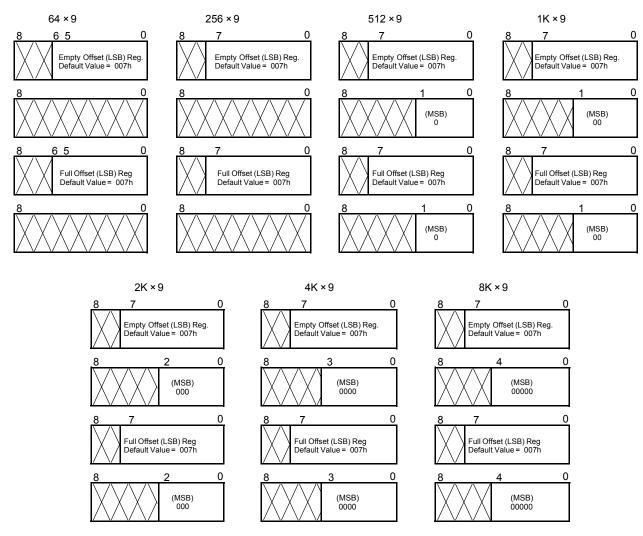


Figure 1. Offset Register Location and Default Values



# CY7C4421/4201/4211/4221 CY7C4231/4241/4251

#### Programmable Flag (PAE, PAF) Operation

Whether the flag offset registers are programmed as described in *Table 1* or the default values are used, the programmable almost-empty flag (PAE) and programmable almost-full flag (PAF) states are determined by their corresponding offset registers and the difference between the Read and Write pointers.

The number formed by the empty offset least significant bit register and empty offset most significant register is referred to as *n* and determines the operation of PAE. PAE is synchronized to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK by one flip-flop and is LOW when the FIFO contains n or fewer unread words. PAE is set HIGH by the LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK when the FIFO contains (n + 1) or greater unread words.

The number formed by the full offset least significant bit register and full offset most significant bit register is referred to as *m* and determines the operation of PAF. PAE is synchronized to the LOW-to-HIGH transition of WCLK by one flip-flop and is set LOW when the number of unread words in the FIFO is greater than or equal to CY7C4421. (64 - m), CY7C4201

 Induction correstor
 greater than m.

 Read
 Table 1. Writing the Offset Registers

| LD | WEN | Selection  |
|----|-----|--|
| 0  | 0   | Empty Offset (LSB)<br>Empty Offset (MSB)<br>Full Offset (LSB)<br>Full Offset (MSB) |
| 0  | 1   | No Operation   |
| 1  | 0   | Write Into FIFO  |
| 1  | 1   | No Operation   |

 $(256-m),\ CY7C4211\ (512-m),\ CY7C4221\ (1K-m),\ CY7C4231\ (2K-m),\ CY7C4241\ (4K-m),\ and\ CY7C4251$ 

(8K - m). PAF is set HIGH by the LOW-to-HIGH transition of

WCLK when the number of available memory locations is

#### Table 2. Status Flags

|                               | Number of Words in FIFO         |                                 |    |     |     |    |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----|-----|-----|----|
| CY7C4421                      | CY7C4201                        | CY7C4211                        | FF | PAF | PAE | EF |
| 0                             | 0                               | 0                               | Н  | Н   | L   | L  |
| 1 to n <sup>[2]</sup>         | 1 to n <sup>[2]</sup>           | 1 to n <sup>[2]</sup>           | Н  | Н   | L   | Н  |
| (n + 1) to 32                 | (n + 1) to 128                  | (n + 1) to 256                  | Н  | Н   | Н   | Н  |
| 33 to (64 – (m + 1))          | 129 to (256 – (m + 1))          | 257 to (512 – (m + 1))          | Н  | Н   | Н   | Н  |
| (64 – m) <sup>[3]</sup> to 63 | (256 – m) <sup>[3]</sup> to 255 | (512 – m) <sup>[3]</sup> to 511 | Н  | L   | Н   | Н  |
| 64                            | 256                             | 512                             | L  | L   | Н   | Н  |

|                                   | Number of Words in FIFO           |                                   |                                   |    |     |     |    |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|-----|-----|----|
| CY7C4221                          | CY7C4231                          | CY7C4241                          | CY7C4251                          | FF | PAF | PAE | EF |
| 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                 | Н  | Н   | L   | L  |
| 1 to n <sup>[2]</sup>             | Н  | Н   | L   | Н  |
| (n + 1) to 512                    | (n + 1) to 1024                   | (n + 1) to 2048                   | (n + 1) to 4096                   | Н  | Н   | Н   | Н  |
| 513 to (1024 – (m + 1))           | 1025 to (2048 – (m + 1))          | 2049 to (4096 – (m + 1))          | 4097 to (8192 – (m + 1))          | Н  | Н   | Н   | Н  |
| (1024 – m) <sup>[3]</sup> to 1023 | (2048 – m) <sup>[3]</sup> to 2047 | (4096 – m) <sup>[3]</sup> to 4095 | (8192 – m) <sup>[3]</sup> to 8191 | Н  | L   | Н   | Н  |
| 1024                              | 2048                              | 4096                              | 8192                              | L  | L   | Н   | Н  |

Notes:

1. The same selection sequence applies to reading from the registers. REN1 and REN2 are enabled and a Read is performed on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of RCLK.

2. n = Empty Offset (n = 7 default value).

3. m = Full Offset (m = 7 default value).



## Width Expansion Configuration

Word width may be increased simply by connecting the corresponding input controls signals of multiple devices. A composite flag should be created for each of the end-point status flags (EF and FF). The partial status flags (PAE and PAF) can be detected from any one device. *Figure 2* demonstrates a 18-bit word width by using two CY7C42X1s. Any word width can be attained by adding additional CY7C42X1s.

When the CY7C42X1 is in a Width Expansion Configuration, the Read Enable (REN2) control input can be grounded (See *Figure 2*). In this configuration, the Write Enable 2/Load (WEN2/LD) pin is set to LOW at Reset so that the pin operates as a control to load and read the programmable flag offsets.

## **Flag Operation**

The CY7C42X1 devices provide four flag pins to indicate the condition of the FIFO contents. Empty, Full, PAE, and PAF are synchronous.

#### Full Flag

The Full Flag (FF) will go LOW when device is full. Write operations are inhibited whenever FF is LOW regardless of the state of WEN1 and WEN2/LD. FF is synchronized to WCLK, i.e., it is exclusively updated by each rising edge of WCLK.

#### **Empty Flag**

The Empty Flag ( $\overline{EF}$ ) will go LOW when the device is empty. Read operations are inhibited whenever  $\overline{EF}$  is LOW, regardless of the state of REN1 and REN2.  $\overline{EF}$  is synchronized to RCLK, i.e., it is exclusively updated by each rising edge of RCLK.

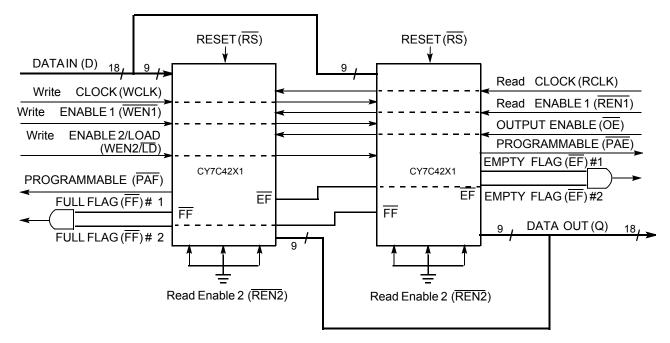


Figure 2. Block Diagram of 64 x 9, 256 x 9, 512 x 9, 1024 x 9, 2048 x 9, 4096 x 9, 8192 x 9 Synchronous FIFO Memory Used in a Width Expansion Configuration



# CY7C4421/4201/4211/4221 CY7C4231/4241/4251

## Maximum Ratings<sup>[4]</sup>

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

| Storage Temperature                       | .–65°C to +150°C |
|---|------------------|
| Ambient Temperature with<br>Power Applied | .–55°C to +125°C |
| Supply Voltage to Ground Potential        | –0.5V to +7.0V   |
| DC Voltage Applied to Outputs             |                  |
| in High-Z State                           | –0.5V to +7.0V   |
| DC Input Voltage                          | 3.0V to +7.0V    |

| Output Current into Outputs (LOW)                          | 20 mA    |
|--|----------|
| Static Discharge Voltage<br>(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015) | .>2001V  |
| Latch-up Current   | > 200 mA |

## **Operating Range**

| Range                     | Ambient<br>Temperature | V <sub>cc</sub> |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Commercial                | 0°C to +70°C           | 5V ±10%         |
| Industrial <sup>[5]</sup> | –40°C to +85°C         | 5V ±10%         |

Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range<sup>[6]</sup>

|                                      |                                 |   |                   | -10  |                 | -15  |                 | -25  |                 |      |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|
| Parameter                            | Description                     | Test Co   | onditions         | Min. | Max.            | Min. | Max.            | Min. | Max.            | Unit |
| V <sub>OH</sub>                      | Output HIGH Voltage             | $V_{\rm CC}$ = Min.<br>I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.0     |                   | 2.4  |                 | 2.4  |                 | 2.4  |                 | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                      | Output LOW Voltage              | V <sub>CC</sub> = Min.<br>I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 m | Â                 |      | 0.4             |      | 0.4             |      | 0.4             | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                      | Input HIGH Voltage              |   |                   | 2.2  | V <sub>CC</sub> | 2.2  | V <sub>CC</sub> | 2.2  | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                      | Input LOW Voltage               |   |                   | -3.0 | 0.8             | -3.0 | 0.8             | -3.0 | 0.8             | V    |
| I <sub>IX</sub>                      | Input Leakage<br>Current        | V <sub>CC</sub> = Max                             |                   | -10  | +10             | -10  | +10             | -10  | +10             | μA   |
| I <sub>OS</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>       | Output Short<br>Circuit Current | V <sub>CC</sub> = Max<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = GN    | .,<br>D           | -90  |                 | -90  |                 | -90  |                 | mA   |
| I <sub>OZL</sub><br>I <sub>OZH</sub> | Output OFF,<br>High-Z Current   | $\overline{OE} \ge V_{IH}, V_{SS} < V_O$          | < V <sub>CC</sub> | -10  | +10             | -10  | +10             | -10  | +10             | mA   |
| I <sub>CC1</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>      | Active Power Supply             |   | Commercial        |      | 35              |      | 35              |      | 35              | mA   |
|                                      | Current                         |   | Industrial        |      | 40              |      | 40              |      | 40              | mA   |
| I <sub>CC2</sub> <sup>[9]</sup>      | Average Standby                 |   | Commercial        |      | 10              |      | 10              |      | 10              | mA   |
|                                      | Current                         |   | Industrial        |      | 15              |      | 15              |      | 15              | mA   |

## Capacitance<sup>[10]</sup>

| Parameter        | Description        | Test Conditions                   | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|
| C <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Capacitance  | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, | 5    | pF   |
| C <sub>OUT</sub> | Output Capacitance | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V            | 7    | pF   |

Notes:

4. The Voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up.

5. T<sub>A</sub> is the "instant on" case temperature.

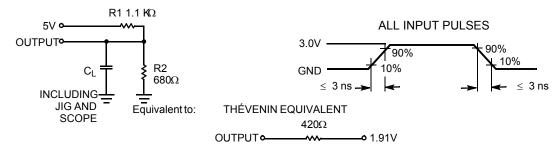
6. See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information.

7. Test no more than one output at a time for not more than one second.

8. Outputs open. Tested at Frequency = 20 MHz. 9. All inputs =  $V_{CC}$  – 0.2V, except WCLK and RCLK, which are switching at 20 MHz. 10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



## AC Test Loads and Waveforms<sup>[11, 12]</sup>



## Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range

|                    |   |      | 10   |      | 15   | -25  |      |      |
|--------------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Parameter          | Description   | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| t <sub>S</sub>     | Clock Cycle Frequency   |      | 100  |      | 66.7 |      | 40   | MHz  |
| t <sub>A</sub>     | Data Access Time  | 2    | 8    | 2    | 10   | 2    | 15   | ns   |
| t <sub>CLK</sub>   | Clock Cycle Time  | 10   |      | 15   |      | 25   |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CLKH</sub>  | Clock HIGH Time   | 4.5  |      | 6    |      | 10   |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CLKL</sub>  | Clock LOW Time  | 4.5  |      | 6    |      | 10   |      | ns   |
| t <sub>DS</sub>    | Data Set-up Time  | 3    |      | 4    |      | 6    |      | ns   |
| t <sub>DH</sub>    | Data Hold Time  | 0.5  |      | 1    |      | 1    |      | ns   |
| t <sub>ENS</sub>   | Enable Set-up Time  | 3    |      | 4    |      | 6    |      | ns   |
| t <sub>ENH</sub>   | Enable Hold Time  | 0.5  |      | 1    |      | 1    |      | ns   |
| t <sub>RS</sub>    | Reset Pulse Width <sup>[13]</sup>   | 10   |      | 15   |      | 25   |      | ns   |
| t <sub>RSS</sub>   | Reset Set-up Time   | 8    |      | 10   |      | 15   |      | ns   |
| t <sub>RSR</sub>   | Reset Recovery Time   | 8    |      | 10   |      | 15   |      | ns   |
| t <sub>RSF</sub>   | Reset to Flag and Output Time   |      | 10   |      | 15   |      | 25   | ns   |
| t <sub>OLZ</sub>   | Output Enable to Output in Low-Z <sup>[14]</sup>  | 0    |      | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   |
| t <sub>OE</sub>    | Output Enable to Output Valid   | 3    | 7    | 3    | 8    | 3    | 12   | ns   |
| t <sub>OHZ</sub>   | Output Enable to Output in High-Z <sup>[14]</sup>                                       | 3    | 7    | 3    | 8    | 3    | 12   | ns   |
| t <sub>WFF</sub>   | Write Clock to Full Flag  |      | 8    |      | 10   |      | 15   | ns   |
| t <sub>REF</sub>   | Read Clock to Empty Flag  |      | 8    |      | 10   |      | 15   | ns   |
| t <sub>PAF</sub>   | Clock to Programmable Almost-Full Flag  |      | 8    |      | 10   |      | 15   | ns   |
| t <sub>PAE</sub>   | Clock to Programmable Almost-Full Flag  |      | 8    |      | 10   |      | 15   | ns   |
| t <sub>SKEW1</sub> | Skew Time between Read Clock and Write Clock for Empty Flag and Full Flag               | 5    |      | 6    |      | 10   |      | ns   |
| t <sub>SKEW2</sub> | Skew Time between Read Clock and Write Clock for Almost-Empty Flag and Almost-Full Flag | 10   |      | 15   |      | 18   |      | ns   |

Notes:

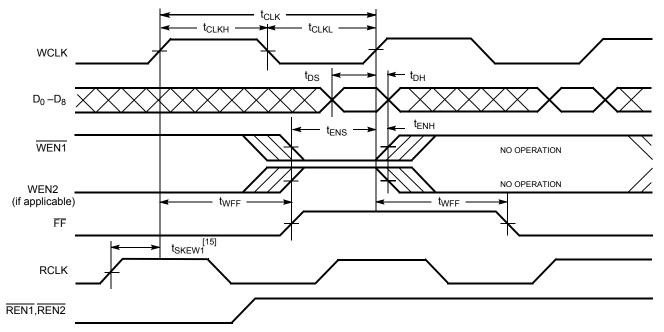
11.  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  for all AC parameters except for  $t_{OHZ}$ . 12.  $C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$  for  $t_{OHZ}$ . 13. Pulse widths less than minimum values are not allowed.

14. Values guaranteed by design, not currently tested.

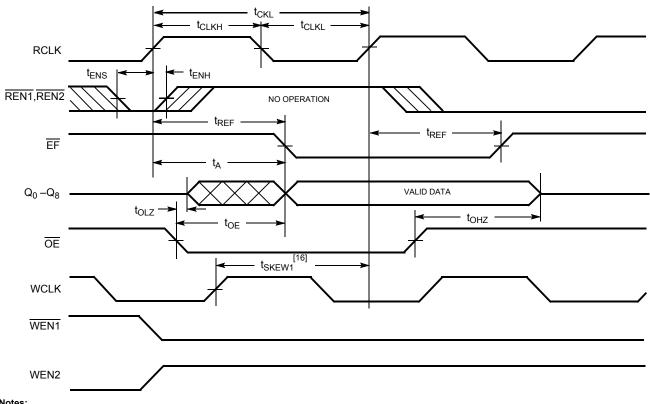


## **Switching Waveforms**

#### Write Cycle Timing



#### **Read Cycle Timing**

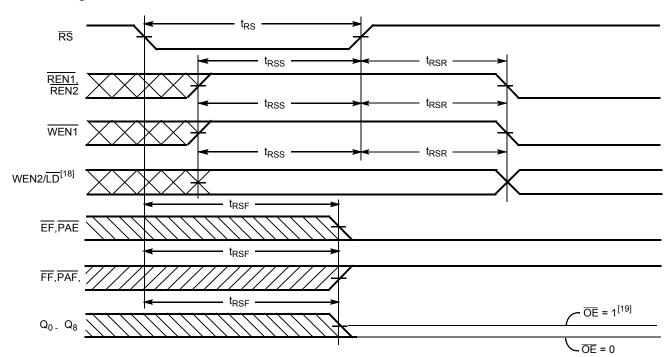


Notes:

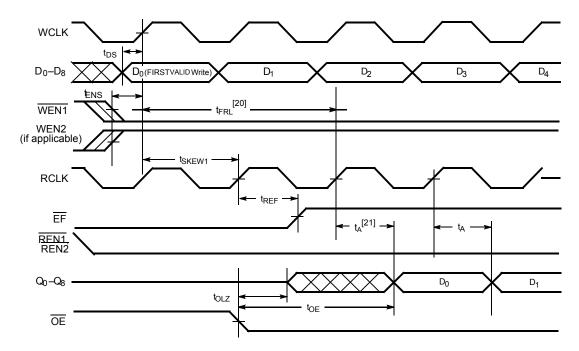
15. t<sub>SKEW1</sub> is the minimum time between a rising RCLK edge and a rising WCLK edge to guarantee that FF will go HIGH during the current clock cycle. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than t<sub>SKEW1</sub>, then FF may not <u>change</u> state until the next WCLK rising edge.
 16. t<sub>SKEW1</sub> is the minimum time between a rising WCLK edge and a rising RCLK edge to guarantee that EF will go HIGH during the current clock cycle. It the time between the rising edge of WCLK and the rising edge of RCLK is less than t<sub>SKEW1</sub>, then EF may not change state until the next WCLK rising edge.



Reset Timing<sup>[17]</sup>



First Data Word Latency after Reset with Simultaneous Read and Write

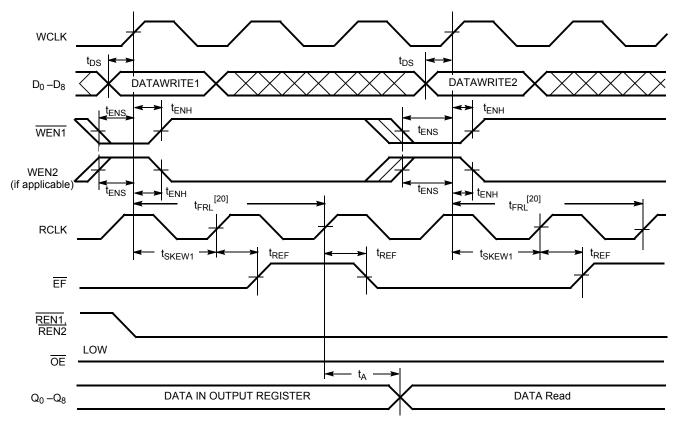


#### Notes:

- 17. The clocks (RCLK, WCLK) can be free-running during reset.
- 18. Holding WEN2/LD HIGH during reset will make the pin act as a second enable pin. Holding WEN2/LD LOW during reset will make the pin act as a load enable
- 18. Holding WENZ/LD FIGH during reset will make the pur act as a second endore put indicate programmable flag offset registers. 19. After reset, the outputs will be LOW if  $\overline{OE} = 0$  and three-state if  $\overline{OE} = 1$ . 20. When  $t_{SKEW1} \ge minimum$  specification,  $t_{FRL}$  (maximum) =  $t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}$ . When  $t_{SKEW1} < minimum$  specification,  $t_{FRL}$  (maximum) = either  $2^*t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}$  or  $t_{CLK} + t_{SKEW1}$ . The Latency Timing applies only at the Empty Boundary (EF = LOW). 21. The first word is available the cycle after EF goes HIGH, always.

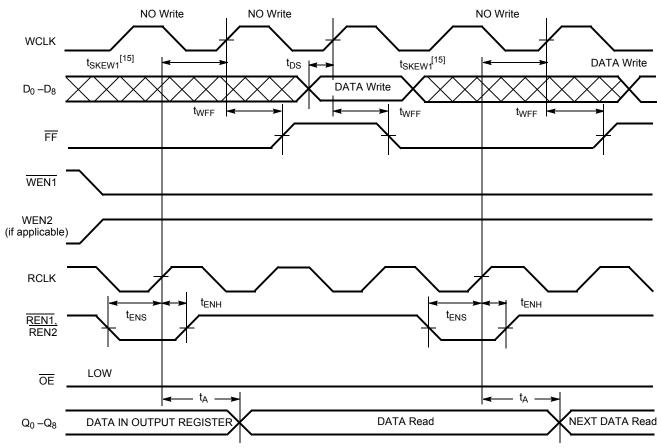


## **Empty Flag Timing**

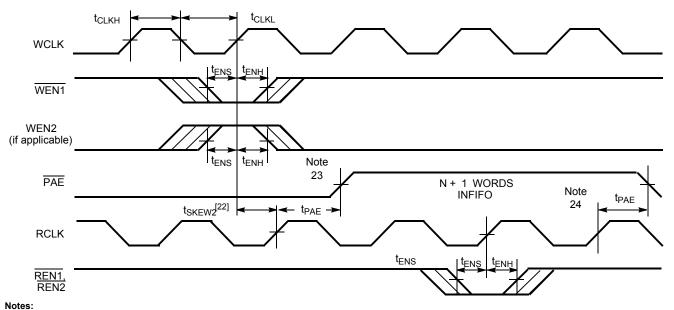




#### **Full Flag Timing**



#### Programmable Almost Empty Flag Timing

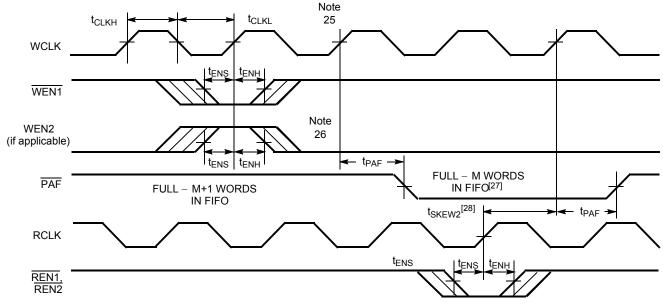


22. t<sub>SKEW2</sub> is the minimum time between a rising WCLK and a rising RCLK edge for PAE to change state during that clock cycle. If the time between the edge of WCLK and the rising RCLK is less than t<sub>SKEW2</sub>, then PAE may not change state until the next RCLK. 23. PAE offset = n.

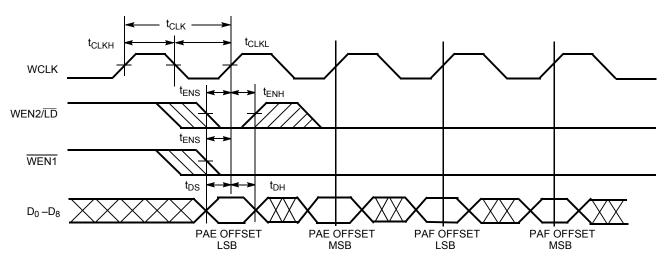
24. If a Read is performed on this rising edge of the Read clock, there will be Empty + (n - 1) words in the FIFO when PAE goes LOW.



#### Programmable Almost Full Flag Timing



#### Write Programmable Registers



#### Notes:

25. If a Write is performed on this rising edge of the Write clock, there will be Full – (m - 1) words of the FIFO when PAF goes LOW.

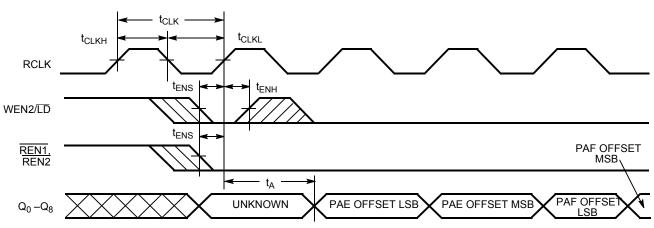
26. PAF offset = m.

27. 64-m words for CY7C4421, 256 – m words in FIFO for CY7C4201, 512 – m words for CY7C4211, 1024 – m words for CY7C4221, 2048 – m w

28. t<sub>SKEW2</sub> is the minimum time between a rising RCLK edge and a rising WCLK edge for PAF to change during that clock cycle. If the time between the rising edge of RCLK and the rising edge of WCLK is less than t<sub>SKEW2</sub>, then PAF may not change state until the next WCLK.

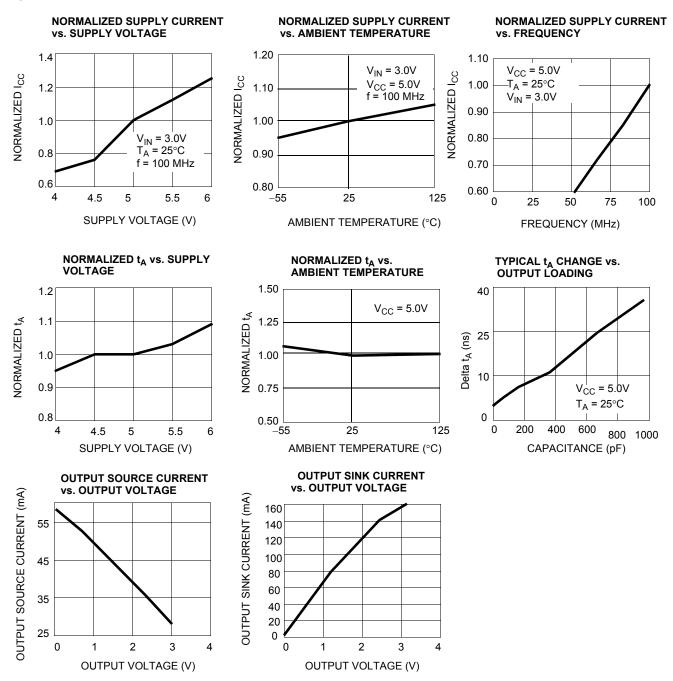


#### **Read Programmable Registers**





## Typical AC and DC Characteristics





## **Ordering Information**

## 64 x 9 Synchronous FIFO

| Speed<br>(ns) | Ordering Code  | Package<br>Name | Package<br>Type                             | Operating<br>Range |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| 10            | CY7C4421-10AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4421-10JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4421-10JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier |                    |
| 15            | CY7C4421-15AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4421-15JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |

## 256 x 9 Synchronous FIFO

| Speed<br>(ns) | Ordering Code  | Package<br>Name | Package<br>Type                             | Operating<br>Range |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| 10            | CY7C4201-10AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4201-10JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
| 15            | CY7C4201-15AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4201-15AXC | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          |                    |
|               | CY7C4201-15JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4201-15JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier |                    |
| 25            | CY7C4201-25AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4201-25JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4201-25AI  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Industrial         |

#### 512 x 9 Synchronous FIFO

| Speed<br>(ns) | Ordering Code  | Package<br>Name | Package<br>Type                             | Operating<br>Range |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| 10            | CY7C4211-10AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4211-10JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4211-10AI  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Industrial         |
|               | CY7C4211-10AXI | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          |                    |
|               | CY7C4211-10JI  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
| 15            | CY7C4211-15AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4211-15AXC | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          |                    |
|               | CY7C4211-15JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4211-15JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier |                    |
|               | CY7C4211-15AI  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Industrial         |
| 25            | CY7C4211-25AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4211-25JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | 7                  |

#### 1K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

| Speed<br>(ns) | Ordering Code  | Package<br>Name | Package<br>Type                             | Operating<br>Range |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| 10            | CY7C4221-10AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4221-10JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | _                  |
| 15            | CY7C4221-15AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4221-15AXC | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          | _                  |
|               | CY7C4221-15JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4221-15JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier | _                  |
| 25            | CY7C4221-25AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4221-25JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | 1                  |

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#### 2K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

| Speed<br>(ns) | Ordering Code  | Package<br>Name | Package<br>Type                             | Operating<br>Range |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| 10            | CY7C4231-10AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4231-10JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
| 15            | CY7C4231-15AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4231-15AXC | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          | 1                  |
|               | CY7C4231-15JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4231-15JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier | 1                  |
| 25            | CY7C4231-25AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4231-25JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | 1                  |

#### 4K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

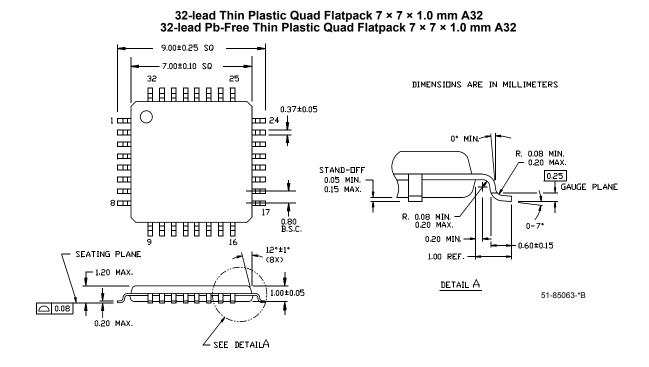
| Speed<br>(ns) | Ordering Code  | Package<br>Name | Package<br>Type                             | Operating<br>Range |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| 10            | CY7C4241-10AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4241-10AXC | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          |                    |
|               | CY7C4241-10JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         |                    |
|               | CY7C4241-10JI  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | Industrial         |
| 15            | CY7C4241-15AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4241-15AXC | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          | -                  |
|               | CY7C4241-15JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | -                  |
|               | CY7C4241-15JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier | -                  |
| 25            | CY7C4241-25AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4241-25JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | -                  |
|               | CY7C4241-25JI  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | Industrial         |

## 8K x 9 Synchronous FIFO

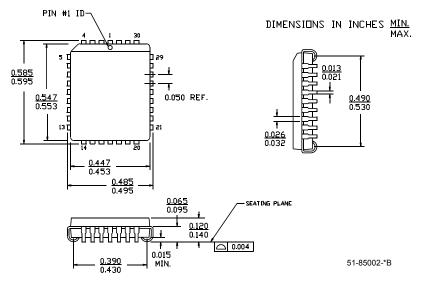
| Speed<br>(ns) | Ordering Code  | Package<br>Name | Package<br>Type                             | Operating<br>Range |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| 10            | CY7C4251-10AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4251-10JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | -                  |
|               | CY7C4251-10JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier | -                  |
|               | CY7C4251-10AI  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Industrial         |
|               | CY7C4251-10AXI | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          | -                  |
| 15            | CY7C4251-15AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4251-15AXC | A32             | 32-lead Pb-Free Thin Quad Flatpack          | -                  |
|               | CY7C4251-15JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | -                  |
|               | CY7C4251-15JXC | J65             | 32-lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier | -                  |
| 25            | CY7C4251-25AC  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Commercial         |
|               | CY7C4251-25JC  | J65             | 32-lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier         | 1                  |
|               | CY7C4251-25AI  | A32             | 32-lead Thin Quad Flatpack                  | Industrial         |



## Package Diagrams



32-Lead Pb-Free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier J65 32-Lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier J65



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| Document Title: CY7C4421/4201/4211/4221, CY7C4231/4241/4251 64/256/512/1K/2K/4K/8K x 9 Synchronous FIFOs Document Number: 38-06016 |  |               |          |                       |  |
|--|--|---------------|----------|-----------------------|--|
| DEV  |  | Issue<br>Date | Orig. of | Description of Change |  |

| REV. | ECN NO. | Date     | Change | Description of Change  |
|------|---------|----------|--------|--|
| **   | 106477  | 09/10/01 | SZV    | Change from Spec number: 38-00419 to 38-06016  |
| *A   | 110725  | 03/20/02 | FSG    | Change Input Leakage current $I_{IX}$ unit from mA to $\mu A$ (typo)   |
| *В   | 122268  | 12/26/02 | RBI    | Power up requirements added to Maximum Ratings Information   |
| *C   | 386306  | See ECN  | ESH    | Added Pb-Free logo to top of front page<br>Added CY7C4421-10JXC, CY7C4201-15AXC. CY7C4201-15JXC,<br>CY7C4211-10AXI, CY7C4211-15AXC, CY7C4211-15JXC,<br>CY7C4221-15AXC, CY7C4221-15JXC, CY7C4231-15JXC,<br>CY7C4231-15AXC, CY7C4241-10AXC, CY7C4241-15AXC,<br>CY7C4241-15JXC, CY7C4251-10JXC, CY7C4251-10AXI,<br>CY7C4251-15AXC, CY7C4251-15JXC |