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| | | |
| | TET ICD mod | 1.10 |
| | TFT - LCD mod | iuic |

MODEL No. LK520D3LZ18

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE

PRESENTED

BY

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DEVELOPMENT CENTER
AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP
SHARP CORPORATION

RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No.: LK520D3LZ18

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1. Application

This specification applies to the color 52.0" TFT-LCD module LK520D3LZ18.

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT ($\underline{\text{Thin }}\underline{\text{Film }}\underline{\text{T}}$ ransistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, inverter circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1920 × RGB × 1080 dots panel with 16,777,216 colors by using LVDS ($\underline{\text{Low }}\underline{\text{V}}$ oltage $\underline{\text{D}}$ ifferential $\underline{\text{S}}$ ignaling) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module also includes the DC/AC inverter to drive the CCFT. (+24V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit. In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

With this technology, image signals can be set so that liquid crystal response completes within one frame. As a result, motion blur reduces and clearer display performance can be realized.

3. Mechanical Specifications

| Parameter | Specifications | Unit | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--|
| Display size | 132.174 (Diagonal) | cm | |
| Display size | 52.0 (Diagonal) | inch | |
| Active area | 1152.0(H) x 648.0 (V) | mm | |
| Pixel Format | 1920(H) x 1080(V) | pixel | |
| rixei roilliat | (1pixel = R + G + B dot) | pixei | |
| Pixel pitch | 0.600(H) x 0.600 (V) | mm | |
| Pixel configuration | R, G, B vertical stripe | | |
| Display mode | Normally black | | |
| Unit Outline Dimensions (*1) | 1219.0(W) x 706.7(H) x 64.6(D) | mm | |
| Mass | 21.0 ±1.0 | kg | |
| Surface treatment | Anti glare | | |
| Surface treatment | Hard coating: 2H | | |

^(*1) Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1 (excluding protruding portion)

4. Input Terminals

4.1. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply) (Shown in Fig.1)

Using connector : FI-RE51S-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Mating connector : FI-RE51HL, FI-RE51CL (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Mating LVDS transmitter : THC63LVDM83R or equivalent device

| Pin No. | Symbol | Function | Remark |
|---------|----------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Reserved | | |
| 2 | TEST | Fix to Low level or open usually. | |
| 3 | TEST | Fix to Low level or open usually. | |
| 4 | Reserved | | |
| 5 | R/L | Horizontal shift direction [Note1,2] | Pull down : (GND) |
| 6 | U/D | Vertical shift direction [Note1,2] | Pull down : (GND) |
| 7 | SELLVDS | Select LVDS data order [Note3,4] | Pull up : (3.3V) |
| 8 | TEST | Fix to Low level or open usually. | Pull down : (GND) |
| 9 | Reserved | | |
| 10 | Reserved | | |
| 11 | GND | | |
| 12 | AIN0- | Aport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input | |
| 13 | AIN0+ | Aport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input | |
| 14 | AIN1- | Aport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input | |
| 15 | AIN1+ | Aport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input | |
| 16 | AIN2- | Aport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input | |
| 17 | AIN2+ | Aport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input | |
| 18 | GND | | |
| 19 | ACK- | Aport LVDS Clock signal(-) | |
| 20 | ACK+ | Aport LVDS Clock signal(+) | |
| 21 | GND | | |
| 22 | AIN3- | Aport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input | |
| 23 | AIN3+ | Aport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input | |
| 24 | AIN4- | NC | |
| 25 | AIN4+ | NC | |
| 26 | GND | | |
| 27 | GND | | |
| 28 | BIN0- | Bport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input | |
| 29 | BIN0+ | Bport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input | |
| 30 | BIN1- | Bport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input | |
| 31 | BIN1+ | Bport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input | |
| 32 | BIN2- | Bport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input | |
| 33 | BIN2+ | Bport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input | |
| 34 | GND | | |
| 35 | BCK- | Bport LVDS Clock signal(-) | |
| 36 | BCK+ | Bport LVDS Clock signal(+) | |
| 37 | GND | | |
| 38 | BIN3- | Bport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input | |
| 39 | BIN3+ | Bport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input | |
| 40 | BIN4- | NC | |
| 41 | BIN4+ | NC | |
| 42 | GND | | |
| 43 | GND | | |
| 44 | GND | | |

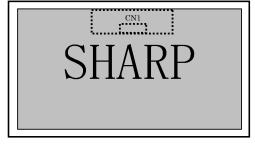
| | | | LD- 1960 |
|----|-----|-------------------|----------|
| 45 | GND | | |
| 46 | GND | | |
| 47 | VCC | +12V Power Supply | |
| 48 | VCC | +12V Power Supply | |
| 49 | VCC | +12V Power Supply | |
| 50 | VCC | +12V Power Supply | |
| 51 | VCC | +12V Power Supply | |

[note]GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

[Note 1] Display reversal function

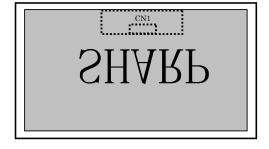
Normal (Default)

R/L:L (GND) U/D: L (GND)



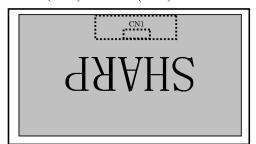
Vertical reverse image

R/L: L (GND) U/D: H (3.3V)



Horizontal and vertical reverse image

R/L: H(3.3V) U/D: H(3.3V)

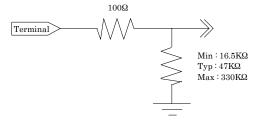


Horizontal reverse image

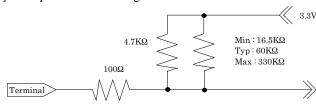
U/D: L (GND)

R/L : H (3.3V)

[Note 2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



[Note 3] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



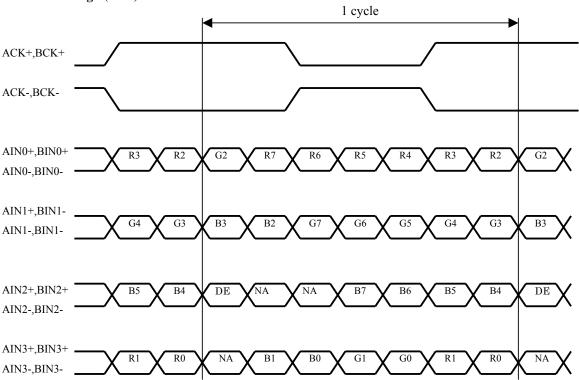
[Note 4] LVDS Data order

| Tran | smitter | SE | LLVDS |
|--------|---------|---------|------------------|
| Pin No | Data | =L(GND) | =H(3.3V) or Open |
| 51 | TA0 | R0(LSB) | R2 |
| 52 | TA1 | R1 | R3 |
| 54 | TA2 | R2 | R4 |
| 55 | TA3 | R3 | R5 |
| 56 | TA4 | R4 | R6 |
| 3 | TA5 | R5 | R7(MSB) |
| 4 | TA6 | G0(LSB) | G2 |
| 6 | TB0 | G1 | G3 |
| 7 | TB1 | G2 | G4 |
| 11 | TB2 | G3 | G5 |
| 12 | TB3 | G4 | G6 |
| 14 | TB4 | G5 | G7(MSB) |
| 15 | TB5 | B0(LSB) | B2 |
| 19 | TB6 | B1 | В3 |
| 20 | TC0 | B2 | B4 |
| 22 | TC1 | В3 | B5 |
| 23 | TC2 | B4 | В6 |
| 24 | TC3 | B5 | B7(MSB) |
| 27 | TC4 | NA | NA |
| 28 | TC5 | NA | NA |
| 30 | TC6 | DE(*) | DE(*) |
| 50 | TD0 | R6 | R0(LSB) |
| 2 | TD1 | R7(MSB) | R1 |
| 8 | TD2 | G6 | G0(LSB) |
| 10 | TD3 | G7(MSB) | G1 |
| 16 | TD4 | В6 | B0(LSB) |
| 18 | TD5 | B7(MSB) | B1 |
| 25 | TD6 | NA | NA |

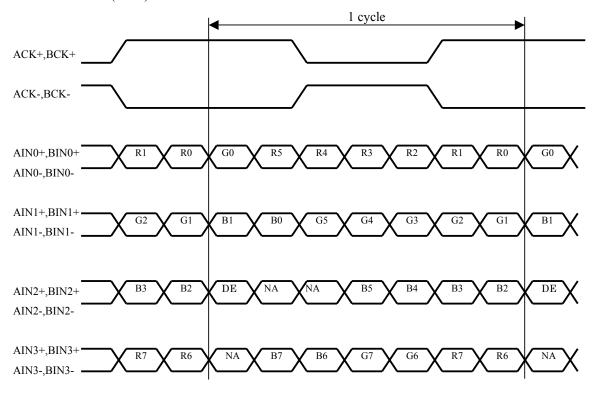
NA: Not Available

^(*)Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE(Display Enable)signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High".

SELLVDS= High (3.3V) or OPEN



SELLVDS= Low (GND)



DE: Display Enable, NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

CN2 (O/S control) (Shown Fig 1)

O/S Driving Pin No and function

Using connector : SM07B-SRSS-TB-A (JST)

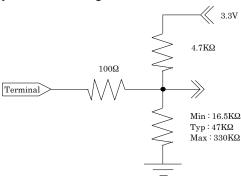
Mating connector : SHR-07V-S or SHR-07V-S-B (JST)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Function | Default | Remark |
|---------|---------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------|
| 1 | FRAME | Frame frequency setting 1:60Hz 0:50Hz | Pull down :GND | |
| 2 | O/S set | O/S operation setting H:O/S_ON, L:O/S_OFF [Note 1] | Pull up 3.3V | [Note 2] |
| 3 | TEST | Not Available | Pull down :GND | |
| 4 | Temp3 | Data3 of panel surface temperature | Pull up 3.3V | [Note 2] |
| 5 | Temp2 | Data2 of panel surface temperature | Pull up 3.3V | [Note 2] |
| 6 | Temp1 | Data1 of panel surface temperature | Pull up 3.3V | [Note 2] |
| 7 | GND | GND | | |

^{*}L: Low level voltage (GND) H: High level voltage(3.3V)

[Note 1] In case of O/S set setting "L"(O/S OFF), it should be set the TEMP1~3 to "L".

[Note 2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal



According as the surface temperature of the panel, enter the optimum 3 bit signal into pin No.4, 5 and 6. Measuring the correlation between detected temperature by the sensor on PWB in user's side and actual surface temperature of panel at center, convert the temperature detected by the sensor to the surface temperature of panel to enter the 3 bit temperature data.

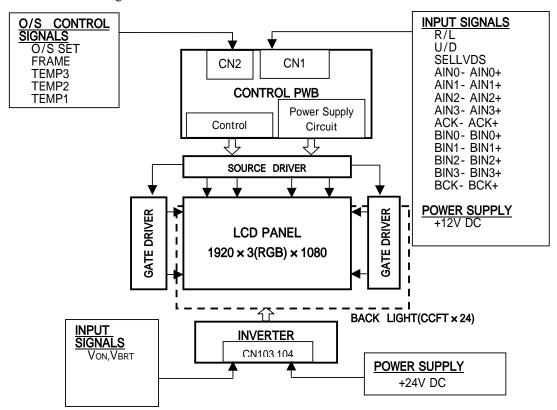
For overlapping temperatures (such as 5°C, 10°C, 15°C, 20°C, 25°C, 30°C, 35°C) select the optimum parameter, judging from the actual picture image.

| | | Surface temperature of panel | | | | | | |
|---------|-------|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| Pin no. | 0-5°C | 5-10°C | 10-15°C | 15-20°C | 20-25°C | 25-30°C | 30-35°C | 35°C and |
| | | | | | | | | above |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

^{*0:} Low level voltage (GND) 1: High level voltage(3.3V)

^{*}For overlapping temperatures (such as 5°C, 10°C, 15°C, 20°C, 25°C, 30°C, 35°C) select the optimum parameter, judging from the actual picture image.

4.2. Interface block diagram



4.3. Backlight driving

CN103 (+24V DC power supply and inverter control)

Using connector: S14B-PH-K-S (LF) (JST)

Mating connector: PHR-14 (JST)

| D: 11 | 0 1 1 | | D 0 1/(0PEN) | | D 1 |
|---------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Pin No. | Symbol | Function | Default(OPEN) | Input Impedance | Remark |
| 1 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 2 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 3 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 4 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 5 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 6 | GND | | - | | |
| 7 | GND | | - | | |
| 8 | GND | | - | | |
| 9 | GND | | - | | |
| 10 | GND | | - | | |
| 11 | Reserved | For LCD module internal usage, should be open | | | |
| 12 | Von | Inverter ON/OFF | GND : pull down Inverter OFF | 22K ohm | [Note 1] |
| 13 | VBRT | Brightness Control | 3.3V : pull up Brightness 100% | 950K ohm | [Note 2] |
| 14 | Reserved | For LCD module internal usage, should be open | | | |

^{*}GND of an inverter board is not connected to GND of a module chassis and a liquid crystal panel drive part.

CN104(+24V DC power supply)

Using connector: S14B-PH-K-S(LF) (JST)

Mating connector: PHR-12 (JST)

| Pin No. | Symbol | Function | Default(OPEN) | Input Impedance | Remark |
|---------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|
| 1 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 2 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 3 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 4 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 5 | Vinv | +24V | - | | |
| 6 | GND | | - | | |
| 7 | GND | | - | | |
| 8 | GND | | - | | |
| 9 | GND | | - | | |
| 10 | GND | | - | | |
| 11 | Reserved | For LCD module internal usage, should be open | | | |
| 12 | Reserved | For LCD module internal usage, should be open | | | |
| 13 | Reserved | For LCD module internal usage, should be open | - | | |
| 14 | Reserved | For LCD module internal usage, should be open | - | | |

[Note 1] Inverter ON/OFF

| Input voltage | Function |
|---------------|----------------|
| 0V | Inverter : OFF |
| 3.3V | Inverter : ON |

[Note 2]Brightness Control

PWM brightness control is regulated by analog input voltage (0V to 3.3V).

Ta=25

| | MIN | TYP | MAX | Function |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Input voltage [V] | 0 | <-> | 3.3 | 0V: Dark - 3.3V: Bright |
| [Reference] | 20 | <-> | 100 | |
| Brightness ratio [%] | _ • | | | |

[Note] PWM frequency: 275±10Hz

[Note] There is a case that lamp mura may happen, depending on ambient temperature and dimming.

Dimming level should be set according to your evaluation of actual display performance.

(Minimum input voltage 1.4V at below 15)

4.4. The back light system characteristics

The back light system is direct type with 24 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table. The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------|--------|------|-------|------|------|---------|
| Life time | TL | - | 60000 | = | Hour | [Note] |

[Note]

- Lamp life time is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta=25°C and brightness control(V_{BRT}=100%).
- Above value is applicable when the long side of LCD module is placed horizontally (Landscape position).
 (Lamp lifetime may vary if LCD module is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Ratings | Unit | Remark | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------|------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Input voltage (for Control) | Vı | Ta=25 °C | -0.3 ~ 3.6 | V | [Note 1] | | | | |
| 12V supply voltage (for Control) | VCC | Ta=25 °C | 0~+14 | V | | | | | |
| Input voltage (for Inverter) | $egin{array}{c} V_{ m ON} \ V_{ m BRT} \end{array}$ | Ta=25 °C | 0~+6 | V | | | | | |
| 24V supply voltage (for Inverter) | V _{INV} | Ta=25 °C | 0 ~ +29 | V | | | | | |
| Storage temperature Tstg | | - | -25 ~ +60 | °C | DI 4 01 | | | | |
| Operation temperature (Ambient) | Тора | - | 0 ~ +50 | °C | [Note 2] | | | | |

[Note 1] SELLVDS, R/L, U/D, FRAME, O/S set, TEMP1~3

[Note 2] Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta 40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less.(Ta>40°C)

No condensation.

Electrical Characteristics

6.1. Control circuit driving

Ta=25 °C

| | | 0 | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| P | arame | eter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Uniit | Remark | |
| | Supply voltage | | | 11.4 | 12 | 12.6 | V | [Note 1] | |
| +12V supply | Curi | ent dissipation | Icc | - | 0.8 | 1.6 | A | [Note 2] | |
| voltage | In | rush current | I_{RUSH} | - | 2.0 | - | A | [Note 7] | |
| | 111 | irusii current | T_{RUSH} | - | 0.1 | - | ms | [Note /] | |
| Permissible | input | ripple voltage | V_{RP} | - | - | 100 | mV _{P-P} | Vcc = +12.0V | |
| Differential i | nput | High | V_{TH} | - | - | 100 | mV | $V_{CM} = +1.2V$ | |
| threshold vol | tage | Low | V_{TL} | -100 | - | - | mV | [Note 6] | |
| Input | Low | voltage | Vil | 0 | - | 1.0 | V | DI 242 21 | |
| Input | Input High voltage | | | 2.3 | - | 3.3 | V | [Note 3] | |
| | | - | I _{II} 1 | | | 400 | μΑ | $V_I = 0V$ | |
| Input les | ık curr | ent (Low) | IIL1 | - | - | 400 | | [Note 4] | |
| Imput ice | ik cuii | cht (Low) | I _{IL2} | _ | _ | 40 | μΑ | $V_I = 0V$ | |
| | | | IIL2 | _ | _ | 40 | μΛ | [Note 5] | |
| | | | Iіні | _ | _ | 40 | μA | $V_I = 3.3V$ | |
| Input lea | k curr | ent (High) | IIII | _ | _ | 40 | μΛ | [Note 4] | |
| Input leak current (High) | | | I _{IH2} | _ | _ | 400 | μΑ | $V_I = 3.3V$ | |
| | | | | _ | _ | 400 | μΛ | [Note 5] | |
| Term | ninal r | esistor | R_{T} | _ | 100 | _ | Ω | Differential | |
| TCITI | miai I | CSISTOI | IXI | _ | 100 | _ | 2.2 | input | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

[Note]Vcm: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note 1]

Input voltage sequences

| 0 < t1 | 20ms |
|---------|-------|
| 10 < t2 | 20ms |
| 10 < t3 | 50ms |
| 0 < t4 | 1s |
| t5 | 200ms |

0 t7 300ms

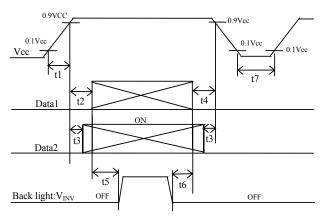
t6

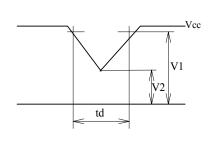
Dip conditions for supply voltage

a)
$$6.5V$$
 $Vcc < 10.8V$

b)
$$Vcc < 6.5V$$

Dip conditions for supply voltage is based on input voltage sequence.





V1:10.8V V2:6.5V

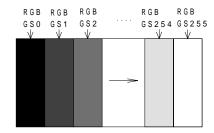
Data1: ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±

*V_{CM} voltage pursues the sequence mentioned above

Data2: R/L, U/D, SELLVDS, FRAME, O/S_SET, TEMP1, TEMP2, TEMP3

[Note] About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence. When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2] Typical current situation: 255 gray-bar patterns. (Vcc = +12.0V) The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.



Vcc = +12.0V CK = 74.25MHz $Th = 14.8\mu s$

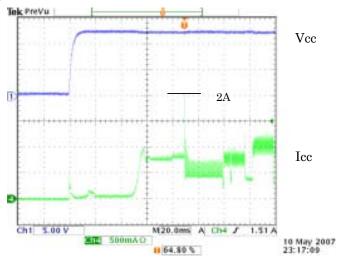
[Note 3] R/L, U/D, SELLVDS, FRAME, O/S_SET, TEMP1, TEMP2, TEMP3

[Note 4] SELLVDS, O/S_SET, TEMP1, TEMP2, TEMP3

[Note 5] R/L, U/D, FRAME

[Note 6] ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±

[Note 7] Vcc12V inrush current waveform

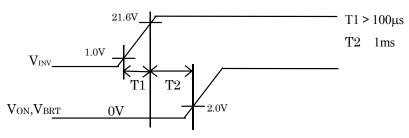


6.2. Inverter driving for back light

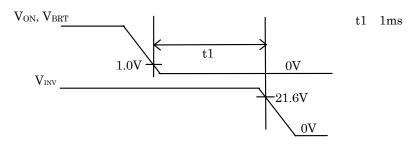
The back light system is direct type with 24 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

| | Parameter | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------|------|------|------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Current dissipation 1 | | IINV 1 | ı | 11.2 | 12.5 | A | $V_{INV} = 24V, Ta=25$ °C $V_{BRT} = 3.3V$ |
| + 24V | Current dissipation 2 | IINV 2 | - | 10.3 | 11.5 | A | Note 1,2] |
| | Supply voltage | Vinv | 22.8 | 24.0 | 25.2 | V | |
| Permis | Permissible input ripple voltage | | ı | - | 300 | mV_{p-p} | $V_{INV} = +24.0V$ |
| I | Input voltage (Low) | | 0 | - | 1.0 | V | V V |
| I | nput voltage (High) | $V_{\scriptscriptstyle ONH}$ | 2.3 | - | 3.6 | V | $ m V_{ON}, m V_{BRT}$ |

[Note 1] 1) VINV-turn-on condition



2) Vinv-turn-off condition



[Note 2] Current dissipation 1 : Definition within 60 minutes after turn on. (Rush current is excluded.) Current dissipation 2 : Definition more than 60 minutes after turn on.

7. Timing characteristics of input signals

7.1. Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2.

| | Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------|------|-------|------|-------|--------|
| Clock | Frequency | 1/Tc | 55 | 74.25 | 85 | MHz | |
| | Horizontal period | TH | 984 | 1100 | 1650 | clock | |
| Data enable | • | 111 | 12.0 | 14.8 | - | μs | |
| signal | Horizontal period (High) | THd | 960 | 960 | 960 | clock | |
| Signai | Vertical period | TV | 1109 | 1125 | 1350 | line | |
| | Vertical period (High) | TVd | 1080 | 1080 | 1080 | line | |

[Note]-When vertical period is very long, flicker and etc. may occur.

- -Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.
- -Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.
- -As for your final setting of driving timing, we will conduct operation check test at our side, please inform your final setting.

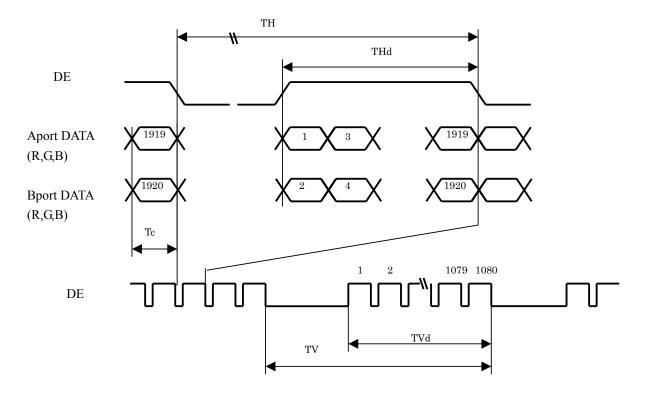
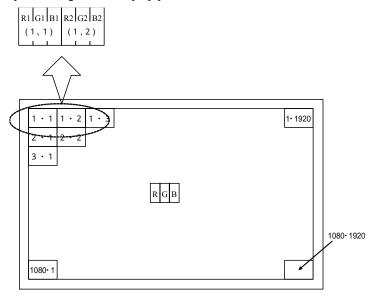


Fig.2 Timing characteristics of input signals

7.2. Input data signal and display position on the screen



Display position of Dat (V,H)

8. Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

| | | | , | Data signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|-------------|----|-------------|----------|----|----|----|----|----------|------|------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------------|----|----|----|
| | Colors & | | | | | | | | | | | | Data | Sigi | ıaı | | | | l | | | | | | | |
| | Gray scale | Gray | R0 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | R6 | R7 | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | G6 | G7 | В0 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | В5 | В6 | В7 |
| | · | Scale | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Black | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| or | Green | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Col | Cyan | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Basic Color | Red | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| В | Magenta | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 仓 | GS1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of Red | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| le of | 仓 | \downarrow | | | | 7 | L | | | | | | | , | V | | | | | | | , | ↓ | | | |
| Sca | Û | \downarrow | | | | 1 | - | | | | | | | , | V | | | | | | | , | \downarrow | | | |
| ìray | Brighter | GS253 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Û | GS254 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red | GS255 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| r, | 仓 | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale of Green | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| jo (| 仓 | \downarrow | | | | 7 | / | | | | | | | , | V | | | | | | | , | ↓ | | | |
| scale | Û | \downarrow | | | | 1 | - | | | | | | | , | V | | | | | | | , | \downarrow | | | |
| ay S | Brighter | GS253 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | Û | GS254 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green | GS255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Û | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Blue | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| of] | · · | ↓ | | | | | | | | | | | | | ν · | | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| cale | Ŷ | → | . | | | \psi | | | | | | V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gray Scale of Blue | Brighter | GS253 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Ğ | Dirigitiei ↓ | GS254 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ш | Blue | GS255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

^{0 :} Low level voltage,

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.

^{1 :} High level voltage.

9. Optical characteristics

Ta=25°C, Vcc=12.0V, Vinv =24.0V, V_{BRT} =3.3VTiming:60Hz(typ. value)

| Param | eter | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------------|
| Viewing angle | Horizontal | θ 21 θ 22 | CP 10 | 70 | 88 | - | Deg. | DV-4-1-41 |
| range | Vertical | θ 11 θ 12 | CR 10 | 70 | 88 | - | Deg. | [Note1,4] |
| Contrast | ratio | CRn | | 1000 | 1500 | - | | [Note2,4] |
| Response time | | $	au_{ m r}$ | | - | 6 | - | ms | [Note3,4,5] |
| | White | X | | 0.242 | 0.272 | 0.302 | - | |
| | Willie | y | | 0.247 | 0.277 | 0.307 | - | |
| | Red | X | | 0.610 | 0.640 | 0.670 | - | |
| Chromaticity | Red | y | | 0.300 | 0.330 | 0.360 | - | |
| Cilibiliaticity | Green | X | θ =0 deg. | 0.250 | 0.280 | 0.310 | - | |
| | Giccii | у | | 0.570 | 0.600 | 0.630 | - | [Note4] |
| | Blue | X | | 0.120 | 0.150 | 0.180 | - | |
| | Biuc | у | | 0.030 | 0.060 | 0.090 | - | |
| Gamma | | - | | - | 2.2 | - | - | |
| Luminance | White | Y_L | | 360 | 450 | - | cd/m ² | |
| Luminance uniformity | White | δw | | - | - | 1.25 | - | [Note 6] |

Measurement condition: Set the value of V_{BRT} to maximum luminance of white.

[Note]The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

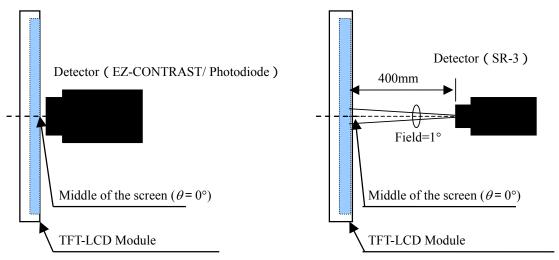


Fig.4-1 Measurement of viewing angle range and Response time.

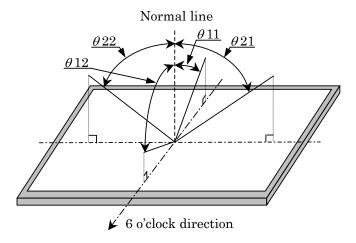
Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST

Response time: Photodiode

Fig.4-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, Chromaticity.

^{*}The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note 1]Definitions of viewing angle range:



[Note 2]Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

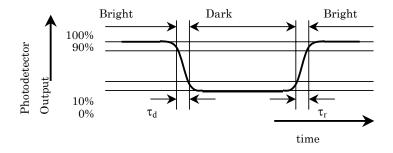
[Note 3]Definition of response time

The response time (τ_d and τ_r) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)" and "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)".

| | 0% | 25% | 50% | 75% | 100% |
|------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 0% | | tr:0%-25% | tr:0%-50% | tr:0%-75% | tr:0%-100% |
| 25% | td: 25%-0% | | tr: 25%-50% | tr25%-75% | tr: 25%-100% |
| 50% | td: 50%-0% | td: 50%-25% | | tr: 50%-75% | tr: 50%-100% |
| 75% | td: 75%-0% | td: 75%-25% | td: 75%-50% | | tr: 75%-100% |
| 100% | td: 100%-0% | td: 100%-25% | td: 100%-50% | td:100%-75% | |

t*:x-y...response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)

$$\tau_r = \Sigma(tr:x-y)/10$$
, $\tau_d = \Sigma(td:x-y)/10$



[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value.

[Note 6]Definition of white uniformity;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A~E)

$$\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$

$$\frac{480 \quad 960 \quad 1440 \text{ pixel}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$

$$\frac{480 \quad 960 \quad 1440 \text{ pixel}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$

10. Handling Precautions of the module

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) This product is using the parts (inverter, CCFT etc), which generate the high voltage. Therefore, during operating, please don't touch these parts.
- c) Brightness control voltage is switched for "ON" and "OFF", as shown in Fig.4. Voltage difference generated by this switching, ΔV_{INV} , may affect a sound output, etc. when the power supply is shared between the inverter and its surrounding circuit. So, separate the power supply of the inverter circuit with the one of its surrounding circuit.

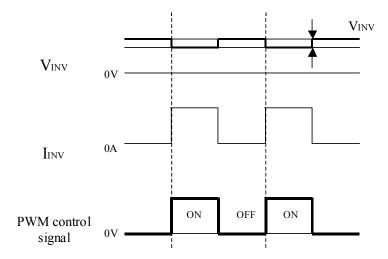


Fig.4 Brightness control voltage.

- *Since inverter board's GND is not connected to the frame of the LCD module, please connect it with the Customer's GND of inverter power supply.
- d) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- e) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- f) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- g) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- h) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.

- i) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- j) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- k) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- 1) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- m) When giving a touch to the panel at power on supply, it may cause some kinds of degradation. In that case, once turn off the power supply, and turn on after several seconds again, and that is disappear.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) This LCD module is designed to prevent dust from entering into it. However, there would be a possibility to have a bad effect on display performance in case of having dust inside of LCD module. Therefore, please ensure to design your TV set to keep dust away around LCD module.

11. Packing form

a) Piling number of cartons: 2 maximum

b) Packing quantity in one carton: 8 pcs.

c) Carton size: 1320 (W) x 1110 (D) x 940 (H) (mm)

d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 225kg (Max)

12. Reliability test item

| No. | Test item | Condition |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | High temperature storage test | Ta=60°C 240h |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta=-25°C 240h |
| 3 | High temperature and high humidity operation test | Ta=40°C; 95%RH 240h (No condensation) |
| 4 | High temperature operation test | Ta=50°C 240h |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | Ta=0°C 240h |
| 6 | Vibration test (non-operation) | Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm : 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s ² Sweep time: 11 minutes Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z) |
| 7 | Shock test (non-operation) | Maximum acceleration: 294m/s ² Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave Direction: +/-X, +/-Y, +/-Z, once for each direction. |
| 8 | ESD | * At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect operation and destruction. (1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge ±10kV Non-contact electric discharge ±20kV (2)Operation Contact electric discharge ±8kV Non-contact electric discharge ±15kV Conditions: 150pF, 330ohm |

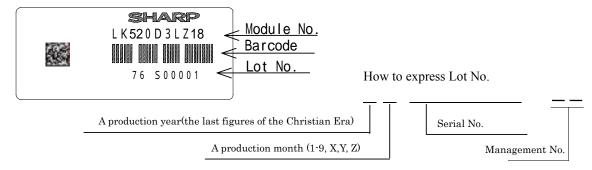
[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

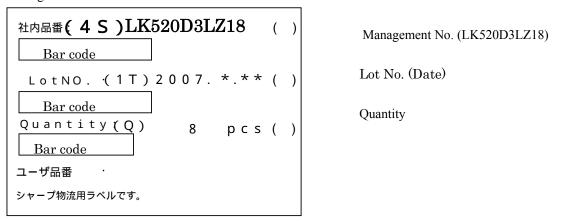
13. Others

1) Lot No. Label;

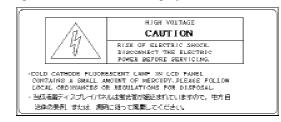
The label that displays SHARP, product model (LK520D3LZ18), a product number is stuck on the back of the module.



2) Packing Label



- 3) Adjusting volume has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 6) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.
- 7) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury. Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. This sentence is displayed on the backside of the module.



- 8) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.
- 9) This module is corresponded to RoHS.

14. Carton storage condition

Temperature 0°C to 40°C Humidity 95%RH or less

Reference condition : 20°C to 35°C, 85%RH or less (summer)

: 5°C to 15°C, 85%RH or less (winter)

 \bullet the total storage time (40°C,95%RH) : 240H or less

Sunlight Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.

Atmosphere Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or

wires must not be detected.

Notes Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with

removing from wall

Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control

changing temperature is within limits of natural environment

Storage life 1 year

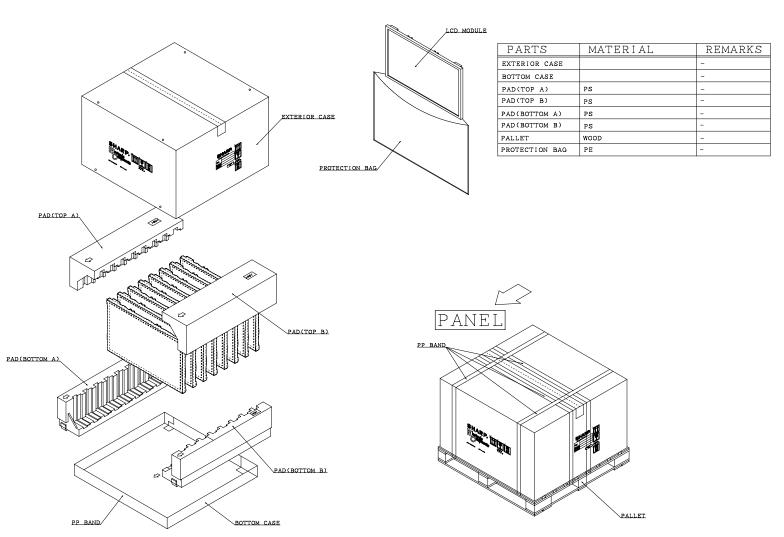
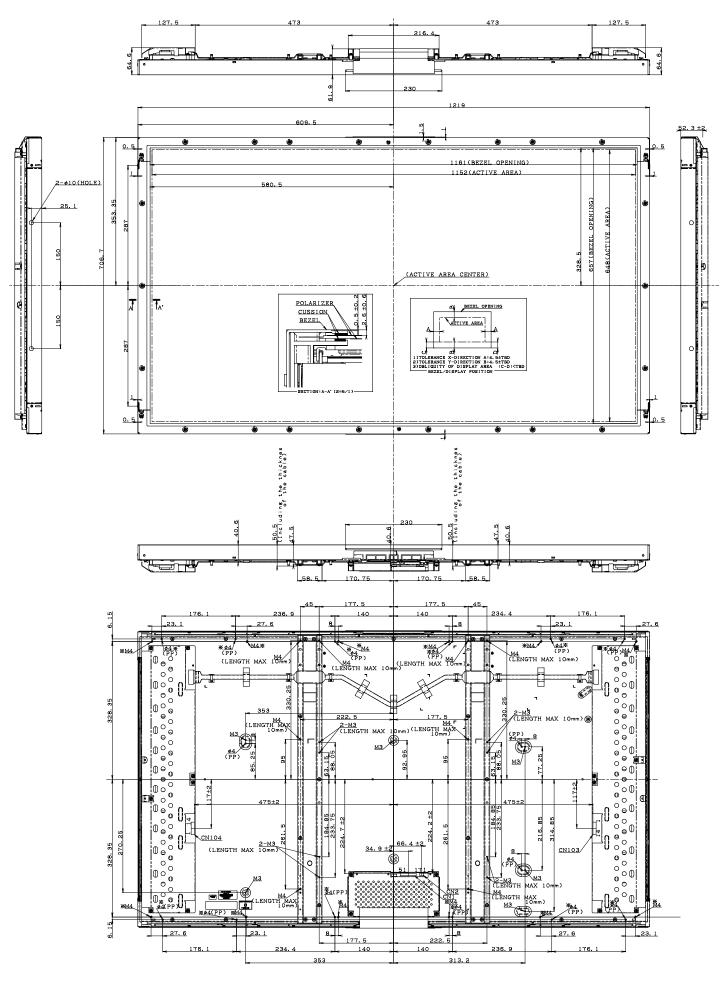


Fig. 2 Packing Form



TFT-LCD MODULE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

LK520D3LZ18

NOTE)
1. UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCE TO BE ±1.7
2. RIGHT AND LEFT SIDEPIECE IS SYMMETRIC SHAPE
* PP:A POSITIONING PROJECTION