# 0.145" 10-Character 5x5 Dot Matrix Serial Input Dot Addressable Intelligent Display® Devices

Lead (Pb) Free Product - RoHS Compliant

Standard Red SCD55100A
Yellow SCD55101A
High Efficiency Red SCD55102A
Green SCD55103A
High Efficiency Green SCD55104A





#### **DESCRIPTION**

The SCD55100A (Red), SCD55101A (Yellow), SCD55102A (HER), SCD55103A (Green) and SCD55104A (HEG) are eight digit dot addressable 5 x 5 matrix, Serial Input, Intelligent Display devices.

The ten 3.68 mm (0.145") high digits are packaged in a rugged, high quality optically transparent, standard 7.62 mm (0.3") pin spacing 28 pin plastic DIP.

The on-board CMOS has a 250 bit RAM, one bit associated with one LED, each to generate User Defined Characters. Due to the reduced LED count, power requirement and heat dissipation are reduced by 30%. Additionally in Power Down Mode quiescent current is <50  $\mu$ A.

The SCD5510XA is designed to work with the Serial port of most common microprocessors. The multiplex Clock I/O (CLK I/O) and multiplex Clock Select (CLKSEL) pins offer the user the capability to supply a high speed external multiplex clock. This feature can minimize audio in-band interference for portable communication equipment or eliminate the visual synchronization effects found in high vibration environments such as avionics equipment.

#### **FEATURES**

- Low Profile Package: 60% Smaller than Industry Standard 10-Digit Display
- Ten 3.68 mm (0.145") 5 x 5 Dot Matrix Characters in Red, Yellow, High Efficiency Red, Green, or High Efficiency Green
- Optimum Display Surface Efficiency (display area to package ratio)
- Low Power–30% Less Power Dissipation than 5 x 7 Format
- High Speed Data Input Rate: 5.0 MHz
- ROMless Serial Input, Dot Addressable Display—Ideal for User Defined Characters
- Built-in Decoders, Multiplexers and LED Drivers
- Readable from 1.8 meters (6 Feet)
- Wide Viewing Angle, X Axis ± 55°, Y Axis ± 65°
- Attributes:
- 250 bit RAM for User Defined Characters
- Eight Dimming Levels
- Power Down Mode (<250 μW)</li>
- Hardware/Software Clear Function
- Lamp Test
- Internal or External Clock
- End-Stackable Dual-in-line Plastic Package
  - 3.3 V Capability

2008-07-22



### **Ordering Information**

Туре	Color of Emission	Character Height mm (inch)	Ordering Code
SCD55104A	standard red		Q68100A0988
SCD55101A	yellow		Q68100A0989
SCD55102A	high efficiency red	3.68 (0.145)	Q68100A0990
SCD55103A	green		Q68100A0991
SCD55104A	high efficiency green		Q68100A0992

**Package Outlines** Dimensions in mm (inch) 0.25 (0.010) Color Code Intensity Code 1.27 (0.050) typ. **EIA Date Code** Hue Code Part No 4.06 (0.160) ±0.51 (0.020) SCD5510XA ΖY **OSRAM** YYWW Seating Plane 2.54 (0.100) typ. 0.3 (0.012) typ. ±0.25 (0.010) 33.02 (1.300) ref. 1 Tol. non accum. 1 7.62 (0.300)  $\pm 0.51$  (0.020) 138.1 (1.500) max. 2.03 (0.080) 3.81 (0.150) 10 (0.394) ±0.15 (0.006) 3.68 (0.145) Pin Indicator 1. Dimension is at Seating Plane. 2. Display matrix and pins centered on package outline. 3. Display matrix centered to pin array. 4. Tolerance: ±.XXX (0.010) 5. Lead dim .018 wide x .012 THK IDOD5211

2008-07-22 2



## **Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Operating temperature range	$T_{\sf op}$	- 40 + 85	°C
Storage temperature range	$T_{ m stg}$	- 40 <b>+</b> 100	°C
DC Supply Voltage	$V_{\rm CC}$	-0.5 to + 7.0	V
Input Voltage Levels Relative to GND		-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> to 0.5	V
Solder Temperature 1.59 mm (0.063") below seating plane, t < 5.0 s	$T_{\mathbb{S}}$	260	°C
Relative Humidity		85	%
ESD (100 pF, 1.5 kΩ)	V <sub>z</sub>	2.0	kV
Input Current		± 100	mA
Power Dissipation at 85°C		1.7	W
Maximum Number of LEDs on at 100% Brightness		160	
IC Junction Temperature		125	°C

### Optical Characteristics at 25°C

( $V_{CC}$ =5.0 V at 100% brightness level, viewing angle: X axis ± 55°, Y axis ± 65°)

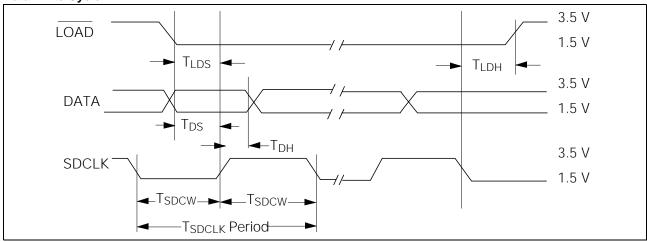
Description	Symbol			Values			Unit	
			Red SCD55100A	Yellow SCD55101A	High Efficiency Red SCD55102A	Green SCD55103A	High Efficiency Green SCD55104A	
Luminous Intensity	(min.) (typ.)	<i>l</i> <sub>V</sub>	36 78	124 208	124 237	124 238	124 500	μcd/dot μcd/dot
Peak Wavelength	(typ.)	$\lambda_{\text{peak}}$	665	583	630	565	568	nm
Dominant Wavelength	(typ.)	$\lambda_{\text{dom}}$	639	584	626	569	572	nm

#### Notes:

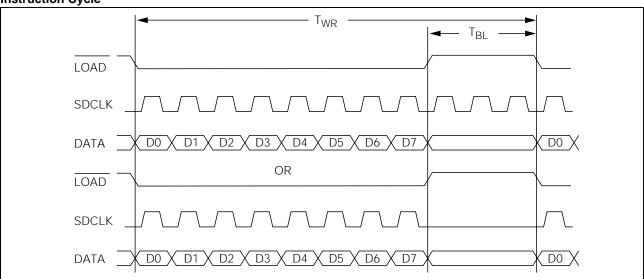
- 1. Dot to dot intensity matching at 100% brightness is 1.8:1.
- 2. Displays are binned for hue at 2.0 nm intervals.
- 3. Displays within a given intensity category have an intensity matching of 1.5:1 (max.).



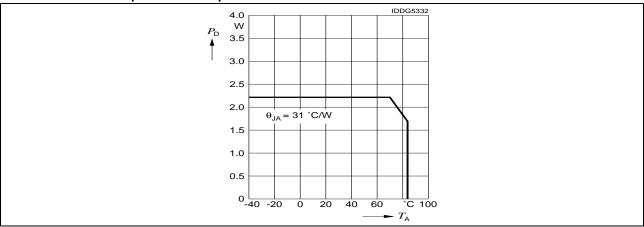
### **Data Write Cycle**



### **Instruction Cycle**



### **Maximum Power Dissipation vs. Temperature**



2008-07-22 4



#### **Electrical Characteristics** (over operating temperature)

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{\rm CC}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	_
I <sub>CC</sub> (Pwr Dwn Mode) <sup>(4)</sup>	_	50	_	μА	$V_{\rm CC}$ =5.0 V, all inputs=0 V or $V_{\rm CC}$
$I_{\rm CC}$ 10 digits 16 dots/character	_	250	365	mA	$V_{\rm CC}$ =5.0 V, "#" displayed in all 10 digits at 100% brightness at 25°C
$I_{\rm IL}$ Input current	_	_	-10	μА	$V_{\rm CC}$ =5.0 V, $V_{\rm IN}$ =0 V (all inputs)
I <sub>IH</sub> Input current	_	_	10	μА	$V_{\rm CC}$ = $V_{\rm IN}$ =5.0 V (all inputs)
$V_{IH}$	3.5	_	_	V	V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5 V to 5.5 V
$V_{IL}$	_	_	1.5	V	V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5 V to 5.5 V
I <sub>OH</sub> (CLK I/O)	_	-8.9	_	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> =4.5 V, V <sub>OH</sub> =2.4 V
I <sub>OL</sub> (CLK I/O)	_	1.6	_	mA	$V_{\rm CC}$ =4.5 V, $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.4 V
$\theta_{\sf JA}$	_	_	31	°C/W	_
F <sub>ext</sub> External Clock Input Frequency	120	_	347	kHz	$V_{\rm CC}$ =5.0 V, $\overline{\rm CLKSEL}$ =0
F <sub>osc</sub> Internal Clock Input Frequency	120	_	347	kHz	V <sub>CC</sub> =5.0 V, CLKSEL=1
Clock I/O Bus Loading	_	_	240	pF	_
Clock Out Rise Time	_	_	500	ns	$V_{\rm CC}$ =4.5 V, $V_{\rm OH}$ =2.4 V
Clock Out Fall Time	_		500	ns	$V_{\rm CC}$ =4.5 V, $V_{\rm OH}$ =0.4 V
FM, Digit	375	768	1086	Hz	_

#### Notes:

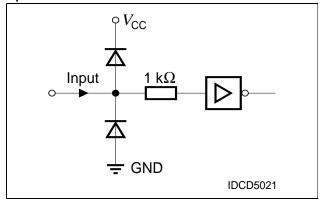
- Peak current <sup>5</sup>/3 x I<sub>CC</sub>.
  Unused inputs must be tied high.
- Contact Infineon for 3.3 V operation.
- External oscillator must be stopped if being used to maintain an  $I_{\rm CC}$ <50  $\mu$ A.

#### Input/Output Circuits

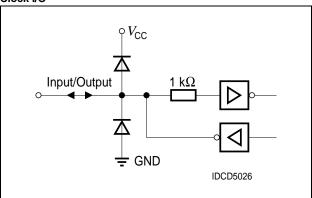
Figures "Inputs" and "Clock I/O" show the input and output resistor/diode networks used for ESD protection and to eliminate substrate latch-up caused by input voltage over/under shoot.

## **Top View** 28 15 IDPA5117

#### Inputs







5 2008-07-22



#### Pin Assignment

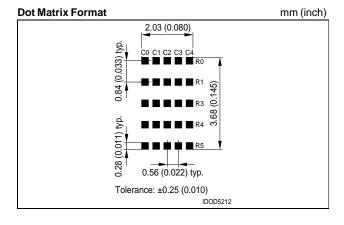
Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	SDCLK	28	GND
2	LOAD	27	DATA
3	NP	26	NP
4	NP	25	NP
5	NP	24	NP
6	NP	23	NP
7	NP	22	NP
8	NP	21	NP
9	NP	20	NP
10	NP	19	$V_{\rm CC}$
11	NP	18	NC
12	NP	17	NP
13	RST	16	CLKSEL
14	GND	15	CLK I/O

#### **Switching Specifications**

(over operating temperature range and  $V_{\rm CC}$ =4.5 V to 5.5 V)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Units
$T_{RC}$	Reset Active Time	600	ns
$T_{LDS}$	Load Setup Time	50	ns
$T_{DS}$	Data Setup Time	50	ns
$T_{SDCLK}$	Clock Period	200	ns
$T_{SDCW}$	Clock Width	70	ns
$T_{LDH}$	Load Hold Time	0	ns
$T_{DH}$	Data Hold Time	25	ns
$T_{WR}$	Total Write Time	2.2	μS
$T_{BL}$	Time Between Loads	600	ns

Note:  $T_{\rm SDCW}$  is the minimum time the SDCLK may be low or high. The SDCLK period must be a minimum of 200 ns.



#### **Pin Definitions**

SDCLK	Pin	Function	Definitions
serial shift register. When LOAD goes high, the contents of 8-bit serial Shift Register will be decoded.  NP No Pin CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock. No Pin	1	SDCLK	
4         NP         No Pin           5         NP         No Pin           6         NP         No Pin           7         NP         No pin           8         NP         No pin           9         NP         No Pin           10         NP         No Pin           11         NP         No Pin           12         NP         No Pin           13         RST         Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.           14         GND         Power supply ground           15         CLK I/O         Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.           16         CLKSEL         H=internal clock, L=external clock           17         NP         No Pin           18         NC         No connection           19         V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink           20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No Pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No P	2	LOAD	serial shift register. When LOAD goes high, the contents of 8-bit serial Shift Register will
5 NP No Pin 6 NP No Pin 7 NP No pin 8 NP No pin 9 NP No Pin 10 NP No Pin 11 NP No Pin 12 NP No Pin 13 RST Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked. 14 GND Power supply ground 15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock. 16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock 17 NP No Pin 18 NC No connection 19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink 20 NP No Pin 21 NP No pin 22 NP No pin 23 NP No Pin 24 NP No Pin 25 NP No Pin 26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	3	NP	No Pin
6 NP No Pin 7 NP No pin 8 NP No pin 9 NP No Pin 10 NP No Pin 11 NP No Pin 11 NP No Pin 12 NP No Pin 13 RST Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked. 14 GND Power supply ground 15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock. 16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock 17 NP No Pin 18 NC No connection 19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink 20 NP No Pin 21 NP No pin 22 NP No pin 23 NP No Pin 24 NP No Pin 25 NP No Pin 26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	4	NP	No Pin
7       NP       No pin         8       NP       No pin         9       NP       No Pin         10       NP       No Pin         11       NP       No Pin         12       NP       No Pin         13       RST       Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register: Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.         14       GND       Power supply ground         15       CLK I/O       Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.         16       CLKSEL       H=internal clock, L=external clock         17       NP       No Pin         18       NC       No connection         19       V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink         20       NP       No Pin         21       NP       No pin         22       NP       No pin         23       NP       No Pin         24       NP       No Pin         25       NP       No Pin         26       NP       No Pin         27       DATA       Serial data input	5	NP	No Pin
8 NP No pin 9 NP No Pin 10 NP No Pin 11 NP No Pin 11 NP No Pin 12 NP No Pin 13 RST Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked. 14 GND Power supply ground 15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock. 16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock 17 NP No Pin 18 NC No connection 19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink 20 NP No Pin 21 NP No pin 22 NP No pin 23 NP No Pin 24 NP No Pin 25 NP No Pin 26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	6	NP	No Pin
9         NP         No Pin           10         NP         No Pin           11         NP         No Pin           12         NP         No Pin           13         RST         Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.           14         GND         Power supply ground           15         CLK I/O         Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.           16         CLKSEL         H=internal clock, L=external clock           17         NP         No Pin           18         NC         No connection           19         V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink           20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	7	NP	No pin
10 NP No Pin  11 NP No Pin  12 NP No Pin  13 RST Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.  14 GND Power supply ground  15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.  16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock  17 NP No Pin  18 NC No connection  19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink  20 NP No Pin  21 NP No Pin  22 NP No pin  23 NP No Pin  24 NP No Pin  25 NP No Pin  26 NP No Pin  27 DATA Serial data input	8	NP	No pin
11 NP No Pin  12 NP No Pin  13 RST Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.  14 GND Power supply ground  15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.  16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock  17 NP No Pin  18 NC No connection  19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink  20 NP No Pin  21 NP No pin  22 NP No pin  23 NP No Pin  24 NP No Pin  25 NP No Pin  26 NP No Pin  27 DATA Serial data input	9	NP	No Pin
12 NP No Pin  13 RST Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.  14 GND Power supply ground  15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.  16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock  17 NP No Pin  18 NC No connection  19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink  20 NP No Pin  21 NP No pin  22 NP No pin  23 NP No Pin  24 NP No Pin  25 NP No Pin  26 NP No Pin  27 DATA Serial data input	10	NP	No Pin
Asynchronous input, when low will clear the Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.  14 GND Power supply ground  15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.  16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock  17 NP No Pin  18 NC No connection  19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink  20 NP No Pin  21 NP No pin  22 NP No pin  23 NP No Pin  24 NP No Pin  25 NP No Pin  26 NP No Pin  27 DATA Serial data input	11	NP	No Pin
Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is set to select Digit 0. The display is blanked.  14 GND Power supply ground 15 CLK I/O Outputs master clock or inputs external clock. 16 CLKSEL H=internal clock, L=external clock 17 NP No Pin 18 NC No connection 19 V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink 20 NP No Pin 21 NP No pin 22 NP No pin 23 NP No Pin 24 NP No Pin 25 NP No Pin 26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	12	NP	No Pin
15         CLK I/O         Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.           16         CLKSEL         H=internal clock, L=external clock           17         NP         No Pin           18         NC         No connection           19         V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink           20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No Pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	13	RST	Multiplex Counter, User RAM and Data Register. Control Word Register is set to 100% brightness and the Address Register is
16         CLKSEL         H=internal clock, L=external clock           17         NP         No Pin           18         NC         No connection           19         V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink           20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	14	GND	Power supply ground
17         NP         No Pin           18         NC         No connection           19         V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink           20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	15	CLK I/O	Outputs master clock or inputs external clock.
18         NC         No connection           19         V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink           20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	16	CLKSEL	H=internal clock, L=external clock
19         V <sub>CC</sub> Power supply/heat sink           20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	17	NP	No Pin
20         NP         No Pin           21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	18	NC	No connection
21         NP         No pin           22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	19	$V_{\rm CC}$	Power supply/heat sink
22         NP         No pin           23         NP         No Pin           24         NP         No Pin           25         NP         No Pin           26         NP         No Pin           27         DATA         Serial data input	20	NP	No Pin
23 NP No Pin 24 NP No Pin 25 NP No Pin 26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	21	NP	No pin
24 NP No Pin 25 NP No Pin 26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	22	NP	No pin
25 NP No Pin 26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	23	NP	No Pin
26 NP No Pin 27 DATA Serial data input	24	NP	No Pin
27 DATA Serial data input	25	NP	No Pin
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26	NP	No Pin
28 GND Power supply ground	27	DATA	Serial data input
	28	GND	Power supply ground





#### **Display Column and Row Format**

	C0	C1	C2	С3	C4
Row 0	1	1	1	1	1
Row 1	0	0	1	0	0
Row 2	0	0	1	0	0
Row 3	0	0	1	0	0
Row 4	0	0	1	0	0

#### **Column Data Ranges**

Row 0	00H to 1FH
Row 1	20H to 3FH
Row 2	40H to 5FH
Row 3	60H to 7FH
Row 4	80H to 9FH

#### Operation of the SCD5510XA

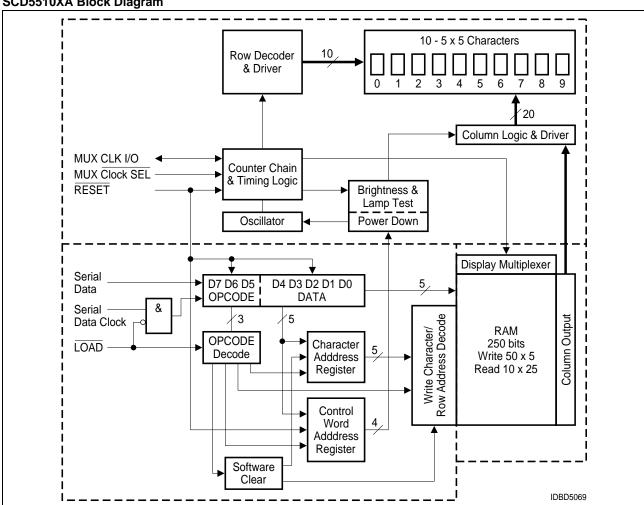
The SCD5510XA display consists of a CMOS IC containing control logic and drivers for eight 5 x 5 characters. These components are assembled in a compact (38 mm x 10 mm) plastic package.

Individual LED dot addressablity allows the user great freedom in creating special characters or mini-icons. The User Definable Character Set Examples illustrate 200 different character and symbol possibilities.

The use of a serial data interface provides a highly efficient interconnection between the display and the mother board. The SCD5510XA requires only 4 lines as compared to 15 for an equivalent 8 character parallel input part.

The on-board CMOS IC is the electronic heart of the display. The IC accepts decoded serial data, which is stored in the internal RAM. Asynchronously the RAM is read by the character multiplexer at a strobe rate that results in a flicker free display. Figure "Row and Column Location" (page 9) shows the three functional areas of the IC. These include: the input serial data register and control logic, a 250 bits two port RAM, and an internal multiplexer/display driver.

#### SCD5510XA Block Diagram



2008-07-22 7



The following explains how to format the serial data to be loaded into the display. The user supplies a string of bit mapped decoded characters. The contents of this string is shown in Figure "Loading Serial Character Data a" (page 8). Figure "Loading Serial Character Data b" (page 8) shows that each character consist of six 8 bit words. The first word encodes the display character location and the succeeding five bytes are row data. The row data represents the status (On, Off) of individual column LEDs. Figure "Loading Serial Character Data c" (page 8) shows that each 8 bit word is formatted to include a three bit Operational Code (OPCODE) defined by bits D7-D5 and five bits (D4-D0) representing Column Data, Character Address, or Control Word Data.

Figure "Loading Serial Character Data d" (page 8) shows the sequence for loading the bytes of data. Bringing the LOAD line low enables the serial register to accept data. The shift action occurs on the low to high transition of the serial data clock (SDCLK). The least significant bit (D0) is loaded first. After eight clock pulses the LOAD line is brought high. With this transition the OPCODE is decoded. The decoded OPCODE directs D4-D0 to be latched in the Character Address register, stored in the RAM as Column data, or latched in the Control Word register. The control IC requires a minimum 600 ns delay between successive byte loads. As indicated in Figure "Loading Serial Character Data a" (page 8), a total of 660 clock cycles (60-8 bit words) are required to load all ten characters into the display.

**Loading Serial Character Data** 

The Character Address Register bits, D4-D0 (Table "Load Character Address" (page 9)) and Row Address Register bits, D7-D5 (Table "Load Column Data" (page 9)) direct the Column Data bits, D4-D0 (Table "Load Column Data" (page 9)) to specific RAM location. Table "Character 'D'" (page 8) shows the Row Address for the example character "D." Column data is written and read asynchronously from the 250 bit RAM. Once loaded the internal oscillator and character multiplexer reads the data from the RAM. These characters are row strobed with column data as shown in Figures "Row and Column Location" (page 9) and "Row Strobing" (page 10). The character strobe rate is determined by the internal or user supplied external MUX Clock and the IC's ÷ 320 counter.

#### Character "D"

	Op o	code D6		Colu D4 C0	ımn D D3 C1	Data D2 C2	D1 C3	D0 C4	Hex
Row 0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1E
Row 1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	31
Row 2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	51
Row 3	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	71
Row 4	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	9E

Example: Serial Clock = 5 MHz, Clock Period = 200 ns 660 Clock Cycles, 132 µs Character 8 Character 9 a. Character 0 Character 1 Character 2 Character 3 Character 4 Character 5 Character 6 Character 7 66 Clock Cycles. 13.2 us Row 1 Column Row 2 Column Row 4 Column Row 3 Column Character 0 Row 0 Column b. Address Data Data Data Data 11 Clock Cycles, 2.2 s 11 Clock Cycles, 2.2 s Character Address **OPCODE** Time Column Data **OPCODE** Time Between Between C. D4 0 D0 0 D1 0 D6 0 D3 D5 D7 D5 D6 LOAD Serial Clock d.

D6

D7

Time between LOADS

2008-07-22 8



## **Opto Semiconductors**

t o

DATA

#### **Load Character Address**

_	cod D6	e D5		Character Address D4 D3 D2 D1 D0		Hex	Operation Load		
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	B0	Character 0
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	B1	Character 1
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	B2	Character 2
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	В3	Character 3
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	B4	Character 4
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	B5	Character 5
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	B6	Character 6
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	B7	Character 7
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	B8	Character 8
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	В9	Character 9

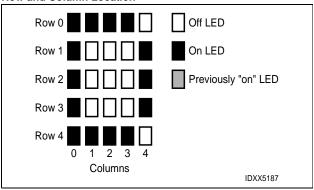
#### **Load Column Data**

	cod D6	e D5			Data D2	D1	D0	Operation Load
0	0	0	C0	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	Row 0
0	0	1	C0	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	Row 1
0	1	0	C0	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	Row 2
0	1	1	C0	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	Row 3
1	0	0	C0	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	Row 4

The user can activate four Control functions. These include: LED Brightness Level, Lamp Test, IC Power Down, or Display Clear. OPCODEs and five bit words are used to initiate these functions. The OPCODEs and Control Words for the Character Address and Loading Column Data are shown in Tables "Load Character Address" (*page 9*) and "Load Column Data" (*page 9*).

The user can select seven specific LED brightness levels, Table "Display Brightness" (page 9). These brightness levels (in percentages of full brightness of the display) include: 100% (F0 $_{\rm HEX}$ ), 53% (F1 $_{\rm HEX}$ ), 40% (F2 $_{\rm HEX}$ ), 27% (F3 $_{\rm HEX}$ ), 20% (F4 $_{\rm HEX}$ ), 13% (F5 $_{\rm HEX}$ ), and 6.6% (F6 $_{\rm HEX}$ ). The brightness levels are controlled by changing the duty factor of the row strobe pulse.

#### **Row and Column Location**



#### **Display Brightness**

•	cod D6	e D5		ontrol Word 4 D3 D2 I			D0	Hex	Operation Level
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	F0	100%
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	F1	53%
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	F2	40%
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	F3	27%
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	F4	20%
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	F5	13%
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	F6	6.6%

The SCD5510XA offers a unique Display Power Down feature which reduces  $I_{\rm CC}$  to less than 50  $\mu$ A. When FF<sub>HEX</sub> is loaded, as shown in Table "Power Down" (*page 9*), the display is set to 0% brightness and the internal multiplex clock is stopped. When in the Power Down mode data may still be written into the RAM. The display is reactivated by loading a new Brightness Level Control Word into the display.

#### **Power Down**

	cod D6				Word D2		D0	Hex	Operation Level
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	FF	0% brightness

The Lamp Test is enabled by loading F8 $_{\rm HEX}$ , Table "Lamp Test" ( $\it page 9$ ), into the serial shift register. This Control Word sets all of the LEDs to a 53% brightness level. Operation of the Lamp Test has no affect on the RAM and is cleared by loading a Brightness Control Word.

#### **Lamp Test**

	cod D6	e D5			Word D2		D0	Hex	Operation Level
1	1	1	1	0	В	В	В		Lamp Test (OFF)
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	F8	Lamp Test (OFF)

The Software Clear ( ${\rm CO_{HEX}}$ ), given in Table "Software Clear" ( $\it page 9$ ), clears the Address Register and the RAM. The display is blanked and the Character Address Register will be set to Character 0. The internal counter and the Control Word Register are unaffected. The Software Clear will remain active until the next data input cycle is initiated.

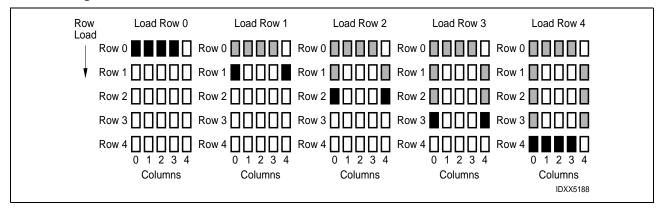
#### **Software Clear**

	coc D6	le D5			Word D2			Hex	Operation Level
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	C0	CLEAR

2008-07-22



#### **Row Strobing**



#### **Multiplexer and Display Driver**

The ten characters are row multiplexed with RAM resident column data. The strobe rate is established by the internal or external MUX Clock rate. The MUX Clock frequency is divided by a 320 counter chain. This results in a typical strobe rate of 750 Hz. By pulling the Clock SEL line low, the display can be operated from an external MUX Clock. The external clock is attached to the CLK I/O connection (pin 15). The maximum external MUX Clock frequency should be limited to 1.0 MHz.

An asynchronous hardware Reset (pin 13) is also provided. Bringing this pin low will clear the Character Address Register, Control Word Register, RAM, and blanks the display. This action leaves the display set at Character Address 0, and the Brightness Level set at 100%.

#### Electrical & Mechanical Considerations Interconnect Considerations

Optimum product performance can be had when the following electrical and mechanical recommendations are adopted. The SCD5510XA's IC is constructed in a high speed CMOS process, consequently high speed noise on the SERIAL DATA, SERIAL DATA CLOCK, TOAD and RESET lines may cause incorrect data to be written into the serial shift register. Adhere to transmission line termination procedures when using fast line drivers and long cables (>10 cm).

Good digital grounds (pins 14, 28) and power supply decoupling (pins 6, 9, 20, 23) will insure that  $I_{\rm CC}$  (<400 mA peak) switching currents do not generate localized ground bounce. Therefore it is recommended that each display package use a 0.1  $\mu F$  and 20  $\mu F$  capacitor between  $V_{\rm CC}$  and ground.

When the internal MUX Clock is being used connect the  $\overline{\text{CLKSEL}}$  pin to  $V_{\text{CC}}$ . In those applications where  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  will not be connected to the system's reset control, it is recommended that this pin be connected to the center node of a series 0.1  $\mu F$  and 100  $k\Omega$  RC network. Thus upon initial power up the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  will be held low for 10 ms allowing adequate time for the system power supply to stabilize.

The SCD5510XA allows up to 1.7 W of power dissipation at 70° and 1.29 W power dissipation at a maximum operating temperature of 85°C. Approximately 60% of this power is dissipated by the IC to the PC board via the  $V_{\rm CC}$  connection (pins 6, 9, 20, 23). Optimum thermal reliability is obtained by connecting all of the  $V_{\rm CC}$  pins to a common pad located on both sides of the PC board. This technique offers a low thermal resistance for IC to system ambient.

#### **ESD Protection**

The input protection structure of the SCD55100A/1A/2A/3A/4A provides significant protection against ESD damage. It is capable of withstanding discharges greater than 2.0 kV. Take all the standard precautions, normal for CMOS components. These include properly grounding personnel, tools, tables, and transport carriers that come in contact with unshielded parts. If these conditions are not, or cannot be met, keep the leads of the device shorted together or the parts in anti-static packaging.

#### **Soldering Considerations**

The SCD55100A/1A/2A/3A/4A can be hand soldered with SN63 solder using a grounded iron set to 260°C.

Wave soldering is also possible following these conditions: Preheat that does not exceed 93°C on the solder side of the PC board or a package surface temperature of 85°C. Water soluble organic acid flux (except carboxylic acid) or rosin-based RMA flux without alcohol can be used.

Wave temperature of  $245^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$  with a dwell between 1.5 sec. to 3.0 sec. Exposure to the wave should not exceed temperatures above  $260^{\circ}\text{C}$  for five seconds at 1.59 mm (0.063") below the seating plane. The packages should not be immersed in the wave.

#### **Post Solder Cleaning Procedures**

The least offensive cleaning solution is hot D.I. water (60°C) for less than 15 minutes. Addition of mild saponifiers is acceptable. Do not use commercial dishwasher detergents.

For faster cleaning, solvents may be used. Exercise care in choosing solvents as some may chemically attack the nylon package. Maximum exposure should not exceed two minutes at elevated temperatures. Acceptable solvents are TF (trichlorotrifluorethane), TA, 111 Trichloroethane, and unheated acetone.<sup>(1)</sup>

#### Note:

 Acceptable commercial solvents are: Basic TF, Arklone, P. Genesolv,

D. Genesolv DA, Blaco-Tron TF and Blaco-Tron TA.

Unacceptable solvents contain alcohol, methanol, methylene chloride, ethanol, TP35, TCM, TMC, TMS+, TE, or TES. Since many commercial mixtures exist, contact a solvent vendor for chemical composition information. Some major solvent manufacturers are: Allied Chemical Corporation, Specialty Chemical Division, Morristown, NJ; Baron-Blakeslee, Chicago, IL; Dow Chemical, Midland, MI; E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, DE.

2008-07-22 10



For further information refer to Appnotes 18 and 19 at www.osram-os.com

An alternative to soldering and cleaning the display modules is to use sockets. Naturally, 28 pin DIP sockets 7.62 mm (0.300") wide with 2.54 mm (0.100") centers work well for single displays. Multiple display assemblies are best handled by longer SIP sockets or DIP sockets when available for uniform package alignment. Socket manufacturers are Aries Electronics, Inc., Frenchtown, NJ; Garry Manufacturing, New Brunswick, NJ; Robinson-Nugent, New Albany, IN; and Samtec Electronic Hardward, New Albany, IN.

For further information refer to Appnote 22 at www.osram-os.com

#### **Optical Considerations**

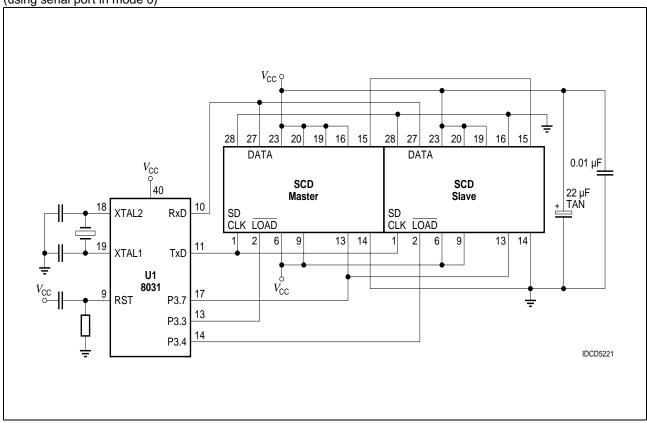
The 3.683 mm (0.145") high character of the SCD5510XA gives readability up to eight feet. Proper filter selection enhances readability over this distance.

Using filters emphasizes the contrast ratio between a lit LED and the character background. This will increase the discrimination of different characters. The only limitation is cost. Take into consideration the ambient lighting environment for the best cost/benefit ratio for filters.

Incandescent (with almost no green) or fluorescent (with almost no red) lights do not have the flat spectral response of sunlight. Plastic band-pass filters are an inexpensive and effective way to strengthen contrast ratios. The SCD5510A/2A are red/high efficiency red displays and should be matched with long wavelength pass filter in the 570 nm to 590 nm range. The SCD55103A/4A should be matched with a yellow-green band-pass filter that peaks at 565 nm. For displays of multiple colors, neutral density grey filters offer the best compromise

### SCD Interface with Siemens/Intel 8031 Microprocessor

(using serial port in mode 0)





Additional contrast enhancement is gained by shading the displays. Plastic band-pass filters with built-in louvers offer the next step up in contrast improvement. Plastic filters can be improved further with anti-reflective coatings to reduce glare. The trade-off is fuzzy characters. Mounting the filters close to the display reduces this effect. Take care not to overheat the plastic filter by allowing for proper air flow.

Optimal filter enhancements are gained by using circular polarized, anti-reflective, band-pass filters. The circular polarizing further enhances contrast by reducing the light that travels through the filter and reflects back off the display to less than 1%.

Several filter manufacturers supply quality filter materials. Some of them are: Panelgraphic Corporation, W. Caldwell, NJ; SGL Homalite. Wilmington, DE; 3M Company, Visual Products Division, St. Paul, MN; Polaroid Corporation, Polarizer Division, Cambridge, MA; Marks Polarized Corporation, Deer Park, NY, Hoya Optics, Inc., Fremont, CA.

One last note on mounting filters: recessing displays and bezel assemblies is an inexpensive way to provide a shading effect in overhead lighting situations. Several Bezel manufacturers are: R.M.F. Products, Batavia, IL; Nobex Components, Griffith Plastic Corp., Burlingame, CA; Photo Chemical Products of California, Santa Monica, CA; I.E.E.-Atlas, Van Nuys, CA.

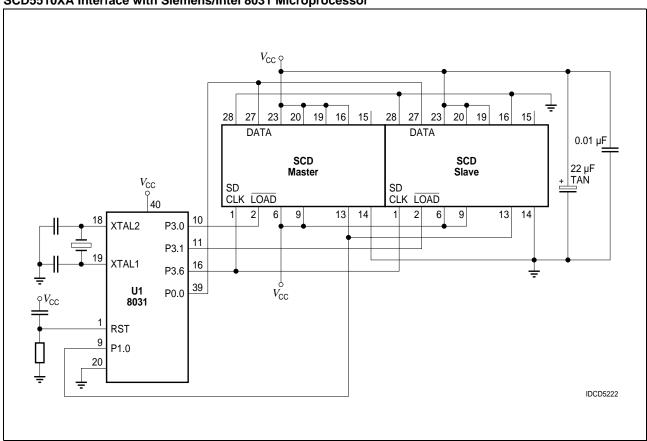
#### **Microprocessor Interface**

The microprocessor interface is through the serial port, SPI port or one out of eight data bits on the eight bit parallel port and also control lines SDCLK and LOAD.

#### **Power Up Sequence**

Upon power up display will come on at random. Thus the display should be reset at power-up. The reset will set the Address Register to Digit 0, User RAM is set to 0 (display blank) the Control Word is set to 0 (100% brightness with Lamp Test off) and the internal counters are

SCD5510XA Interface with Siemens/Intel 8031 Microprocessor

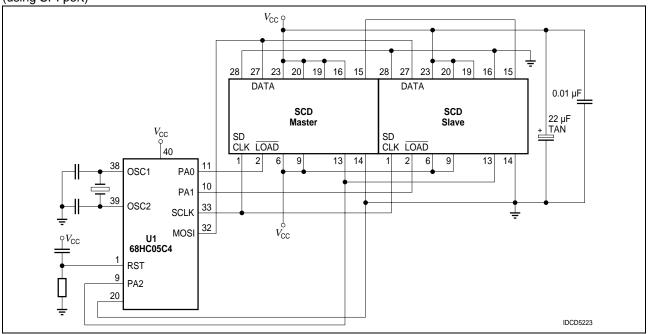


2008-07-22 12



### SCD5510XA Interface with Motorola 68HC05C4 Microprocessor

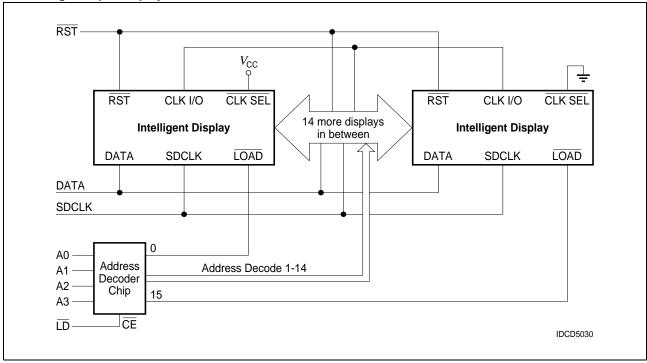
(using SPI port)



#### **Cascading Multiple Displays**

Multiple displays can be cascaded using the CLKSEL and CLK I/O pins as shown below. The display designated as the Master Clock source should have its CLKSEL pin tied high and the slaves should have their CLKSEL pins tied low. All CLK I/O pins should be tied together. One display CLK I/O can drive 15 slave CLK I/Os. Use RST to synchronize all display counters.

**Cascading Multiple Displays** 



2008-07-22 13



#### **Loading Data Into the Display**

Use following procedure to load data into the display:

- 1. Power up the display.
- Bring RST low (600 ns duration minimum) to clear the Multiplex Counter, Address Register, Control Word Register, User Ram and Data Register. The display will be blank. Display brightness is set to 100%.
- If a different brightness is desired, load the proper brightness opcode into the Control Word Register.
- 4. Load the Digit Address into the display.
- 5. Load display row and column data for the selected digit.
- 6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 for all digits.

#### Data Contents for the Word "Displays"

Step	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Function
A B (optional)	1	1 1	0 1	0	0 0	0 B	0 B	0 B	CLEAR BRIGHTNESS SELECT
1 2 3 4 5 6	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 0	1 0 1 0 1	1 1 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	DIGIT D0 SELECT ROW 0 D0 (D) ROW 1 D0 (D) ROW 2 D0 (D) ROW 3 D0 (D) ROW 4 D0 (D)
7 8 9 10 11	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 1 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	0 1 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	DIGIT D1 SELECT ROW 0 D1 (I) ROW 1 D1 (I) ROW 2 D1 (I) ROW 3 D1 (I) ROW 4 D1 (I)
13 14 15 16 17	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 1	1 0 1 0 0	0 1 0 1 0	0 1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1 0 1	0 1 0 0 1	DIGIT D2 SELECT ROW 0 D2 (S) ROW 1 D2 (S) ROW 2 D2 (S) ROW 3 D2 (S) ROW 4 D2 (S)
19 20 21 22 23 24	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 1	1 1 1 1 1	0 1 0 1 0	0 1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1 0	1 0 1 0 0	DIGIT D3 SELECT ROW 0 D3 (P) ROW 1 D3 (P) ROW 2 D3 (P) ROW 3 D3 (P) ROW 4 D3 (P)
25 26 27 28 29 30	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 1	1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	DIGIT D4 SELECT ROW 0 D4 (L) ROW 1 D4 (L) ROW 2 D4 (L) ROW 3 D4 (L) ROW 4 D4 (L)
31 32 33 34 35 36	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1 0	1 0 1 0 1	1 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1 0	1 1 0 1 0	0 0 1 1 0	1 0 0 1 1	DIGIT D5 SELECT ROW 0 D5 (A) ROW 1 D5 (A) ROW 2 D5 (A) ROW 3 D5 (A) ROW 4 D5 (A)
37 38 39 40 41 42	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0 0	DIGIT D6 SELECT ROW 0 D6 (Y) ROW 1 D6 (Y) ROW 2 D6 (Y) ROW 3 D6 (Y) ROW 4 D6 (Y)
43 44 45 46 47 48	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 1	1 0 1 0 0	0 1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0 1	DIGIT D7 SELECT ROW 0 D7 (S) ROW 1 D7 (S) ROW 2 D7 (S) ROW 3 D7 (S) ROW 4 D7 (S)

Note:

If the display is already reset at Power Up, there is no need for Software Clear.

2008-07-22 14



### **User Definable Character Set Examples\***

## **Upper and Lower Case Alphabets**

HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX		HEX CODE	
04		1E		0F		1E		1F		1F		0F		11		0E	
2A		29		30	-	29		30	•	30	-	30	-	31		24	-
5F		4E		50	-	49		5E		5E		53		5F		44	•
71		69		70	•	69		70	-	70	•	71		71		64	
91		9E		8F		9E		9F		90		8F		91		8E	
01	-	13		10		11		11		0E		1E		0C	••	1E	
21	-	34		30	•	3B		39		31		31		32		31	
41	-	58		50	-	55		55		51		5E		56		5E	
71		74		70	•	71		73		71		70		72		74	
8E	•••	93		9F		91		91		8E		90	•	8D		92	
0F		1F		11		11		11		11		11		1F			
30	-	24	-	31		31		31		2A		2A		22			
4E		44	-	51		51		55		44	-	44		44			
61	-	64	-	71		6A		7B		6A		64	-	68	-		
9E		84		8E		84		91		91		84		9F			
00		10	•	00		01		00		04		00		10		04	•
2E		30		2F		21		2E		2A		2F		30	-	20	
52		5E		50	•	4F		5F		48	-	50		56		4C	
72		71		70	•	71		70	•	7C		73		79		64	
8D	•• •	9E		8F		8F		8E	•••	88	•	8F	••••	91		8E	•••
00		10		0C		00		00		00		00		00		00	
26		30	-	24	-	2A		36		2E		3E		2F		33	
42	-	56		44	-	55		59		51		51		51		54	
72		78		64	-	71		71		71		7E		6F		78	
8C	••	96		8E		91		91		8E		90	•	81		90	•
00		08		00		00		00		00		00		00			
23		3C		32		31		31		32		31		3E			
44	-	48		52		51		55		4C		4A		44			
62	-	6A		72		6A		7B		6C		64	-	68			
8C	••	84		8D		84	•	91		92		98	••	9E			

IDCS5089

#### **Numerals and Punctuation**

HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX	
0E		04		1E		1E		06		1F		06		1F		0E	
33		2C	••	21	•	21		2A		30	•	28	•	22		31	
55		44	•	46	••	4E		5F		5E		5E		44		4E	
79		64	•	68		61		62		61		71		68	•	71	
8E		8E		9F		9E		82	•	9E		8E		88	•	8E	
0E		0A	• •	0F		06	•••	19		08	•	0C	••	02	•	08	•
31		3F		34		29		3A		34		2C	••	24		24	
4F		4A		4E		5C		44	•	4D		44		44		44	
62	•	7F		65		68		6B		72		68		64		64	
8C	••	8A		9E		9F		93	• ••	8D	** *	80		82		88	•
0C	••	04		00		00		00		01		04	•	0A		07	
2C	••	24	•	2C	••	20		20		22		24	•	2A		24	
48		5F		4C		5F		40		44	•	44	•	40		44	
64	•	64	•	64		60		6C		68	•	60		60		64	
80		84	•	88	•	80		8C	••	90	•	84	•	80		87	
10	•	1C		0E		00		0C	••	0C		02		00		08	•
28		24	•	35		20		2C		20		24		3F		24	
44		44	•	57		40		40		4C		48	•	40		42	•
62	•	64		70		60		6C	••	64		64		7F		64	
81		9C		8E		9F		8C	••	88	•	82	•	80		88	•
0E		06		0C		04	•	11		15		04	•	08	•		
31		24	•	24	•	24	•	2A		2E		2A		35			
42	•	48	•	42		40		44		5F		51		42			
64	•	64	•	64	•	64	•	6E	•••	6E	•••	60		60			
88	•	86	••	8C	••	84	•	84	•	95		80		80			

IDCS5090



<sup>\*</sup>CAUTION: No more than 128 LEDs "on" at one time at 100% brightness.

**User Definable Character Set Examples\*** (continued)

## Scientific Notations, etc.

HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE	
06		04	•	1F		1F		0E		0D		0C		0E		00	
2E		24	-	20		20		20		32		32		24	-	24	-
5E		48	-	59		56		4A		52		56		4E		4A	
6E		71		75		79		64	-	72		71		71		71	
86		8E		93		91		8A		8D		96		8E		9F	
10	•	0E		10	•	09		01		04		0E		01		0F	
3C		31		28	-	29		2E		2E		31		2E		32	
52		5F		44	-	49		54		55		51		5A		52	
72		71		6A		6E		64	-	6E		6A		6A		72	
81	•	8E	•••	91		90	•	84		84	•	9B	•• ••	8A		8C	••
1F		18		1C		12		06	•••	07		1C		0F		04	
28	-	24	-	28	-	36		21	-	22	-	34		28	-	2E	
44	-	48	-	44	-	5A		5A		59		5C		48	-	5F	
68	-	7C		78		67		67		66		60		78		6E	
9F		80		80		80		80		80		80		88	•	80	
00		00		0E		04		04		0E		00		04	•	04	
24		2E		3F		3E		2F		2E		3F		2E		24	-
4E		5F		4E		5F		5F		4E		5F		55		55	
7F		6E		64	-	7E		6F		6E		7F		64	-	6E	
8E		84		80		84		84		8E		80		84		84	
04		04		1F		08	•	0A		15		1F		00		0E	
22	-	28	-	31		2C		35		2A		35		3F		3F	
5F		5F		51		4A		4A		55		5F		5F		5B	
62	-	68	•	71		78		75		6A		75		7C		7F	
84	•	84	-	9F		98	••	8A		95		9F		80		8E	
00		00		00		00		00		0C		15					
27		3C		20		20		23		3C		2E					
4F		5F		40		40		5F		5C		44					
78		63		60		67		7F		7C		64					
9C		87		83		9F		9F		9C		84	•				

IDCS5091

### **Foreign Characters**

HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX CODE		HEX	
1F		1F		01		04	•	00		02	•	08	•	1F		02	
21	•	21		22	•	3F		3F		3F		3F		21	•	3F	
5F		46		46		51		44	•	46		49		45		51	
62	•	64	-	6A		61	-	64	-	6A		6A		67		62	•
84	•	88	•	82	•	86	•••	9F		92		88	•	8C	••	8C	••
08		04	•	0F		08	•	0F		0A		19		0F		01	
3F		3F		29		2F		21	-	3F		21	-	29		3E	
49		44	-	51		52		41		4A		59		55		42	-
69		7F		62	-	62	•	61		62	-	62	-	63		7F	
92		84	•	8C	••	82		9F		8C		9C		8C	••	86	
15		0E		08	•	04		0E		1F		04	•	04	•	04	•
35		20		28	-	3F		20		21	-	3E		24		22	-
55		5F		4C		44		40		4A		44	-	44		51	
62	-	64	-	6A		64		60		64	-	6E		68	<b>-</b>	71	
8C		98		90		98		9F		9A		95		90		91	
10		1F		0E		04		01		1F		1E		1F		0E	
3F		21	-	20		28		21		28	-	22	-	21		20	
50	-	41	-	4E		51		4A		5F		42	-	5F		5F	
70	-	62	-	60		7F		64		68	-	62	-	61	-	61	-
8F		8C		8F		81		8A		87		9F		9F		8E	
12		04		1E		0F		0F		0F		0F		00		08	•
32		34		25		34		30		33		34		2A		24	-
52		54		4F		5F		4F		55		57		5F		4E	
64	-	75		74		74		64		79		74		74		72	
88		96		8F		97		98		9E		8F		8B		8F	
0A		02		04		0A		08		02		04					
2E		24	•	2A		34		24		24		2A					
51		4C		4E		52		51		51		51					
7F		64	•	71		7A		71		71		71					
91		8E		8E		96		8E		8E		8E					

IDCS5092

\*CAUTION: No more than 128 LEDs "on" at one time at 100% brightness.



**Revision History: 2008-07-22** Previous Version: 2006-02-20

Page	Subjects (major changes since last revision)	Date of change
all	Lead free device	2006-01-23
6	Pin assignment corrected	2008-07-22

Published by OSRAM Opto Semiconductors GmbH Wernerwerkstrasse 2, D-93049 Regensburg www.osram-os.com © All Rights Reserved.

## Attention please!

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization. If printed or downloaded, please find the latest version in the Internet.

#### Packing

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose! Critical components<sup>1)</sup> may only be used in life-support devices or systems<sup>2)</sup> with the express written approval of OSRAM OS.

- 1) A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or the effectiveness of that device or system.
- Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health and the life of the user may be endangered.

