INCH-POUND
MIL-M-38510/209E
23 February 2006
SUPERSEDING
MIL-M-38510/209D
30 September 1986

#### MILITARY SPECIFICATION

# MICROCIRCUIT, DIGITAL, 8192-BIT, SCHOTTKY, BIPOLAR, PROGRAMMABLE READ-ONLY MEMORY (PROM), MONOLITHIC SILICON

Inactive for new design after 24 July 1995

This specification is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

The requirements for acquiring the product herein shall consist of this specification sheet and MIL-PRF-38535.

## 1. SCOPE

- 1.1 <u>Scope.</u> This specification covers the detail requirements for monolithic silicon, PROM microcircuits which employ thin film nichrome (NiCr) resistors, zapped vertical emitter, tungsten (W), titanium tungsten (TiW), or platinum silicide as the fusible link or programming element. Two product assurance class and a choice of case outlines and lead finishes are provided for each type and are reflected in the complete part number. For this product, the requirements of MIL-M-38510 have been superseded by MIL-PRF-38535, (see 6.4).
  - 1.2 Part or Identifying Number (PIN). The PIN is in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535, and as specified herein.
  - 1.2.1 <u>Device types.</u> The device types are as follows:

Device type	<u>Circuit</u>	Access time (ns)
01	2048 word / 4 bits per word PROM with uncommitted collector	125
02, 08, 10	$2048\ word\ /\ 4$ bits per word PROM with active pullup and a third high-impedance state output	125, 90, 55
03	1024 word / 8 bits per word PROM with uncommitted collector	90
04, 09	1024 word / 8 bits per word PROM with active pullup and a third high-impedance state output	90, 55
05	1024 word / 8 bits per word PROM with active pullup and a third high-impedance state output	90
06	1024 word / 8 bits per word PROM with uncommitted collector	90
NOTE:	Device type 07 was deleted from this document under revision D.	

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1.2.2 <u>Device class.</u> The device class is the product assurance level as defined in MIL-PRF-38535.

Comments, suggestions, or questions on this document should be addressed to: Commander, Defense Supply Center Columbus, ATTN: DSCC-VAS, P. O. Box 3990, Columbus, OH 43218-3990, or emailed to memory@dscc.dla.mil. Since contact information can change, you may want to verify the currency of this address information using the ASSIST Online database at <a href="http://assist.daps.dla.mil">http://assist.daps.dla.mil</a>

AMSC N/A FSC 5962

# 1.2.3 <u>Case outlines.</u> The case outlines are as designated in MIL-STD-1835 and as follows:

	Outline letter	Descriptive designator	<u>Termir</u>	nals Package style
	J K V X Y	GDIP1-T24 or CDIP2-T24 GDFP2-F24 or CDFP3-F24 GDIP1-T18 or CDIP2-T18 See figure 1 GDFP2-F18	24 24 18 18 18	Dual-in-line Flat pack Dual-in-line Flat pack Flat pack
1.3	Absolute maximum ra	atings.		
	Input voltage range Storage temperature r Lead temperature (sol Thermal resistance, ju Cases J, K, V, and Case X Output voltage Output voltage Maximum power dissi Device types 01, 0 Device types 03, 0	pation (P <sub>D</sub> ): 02, 08, and 10		-1.5 V at -10 mA to +5.5 V -65°C to +150°C +300°C See MIL-STD-1835 1/ 35°C/W maximum 1/ -0.5 V to +V <sub>CC</sub> 100 mA 950 mW 2/ 1.1 W 2/
	·	nperature (T <sub>J</sub> )		+175-0
1.4	Recommended opera	<del></del>		
	Supply voltage range			+4.5 V dc minimum to +5.5 V dc maximum
	Minimum high-level in	put voltage (V <sub>IH</sub> )		2.0 V
	Normalized fanout (ea			
		02, 08, and 10 04, 05, 06, and 09		
	• •	rature range (T <sub>C</sub> )		<del>_</del>

<sup>1/</sup> Heat sinking is recommended to reduce the junction temperature.

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{2}\!/$  Must withstand the added  $P_D$  due to short circuit test (e.g. IOS).

<sup>3/ 16</sup> mA for circuits B, D, and F devices.

#### 2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 <u>General.</u> The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3, 4, or 5 of this specification. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this specification or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements of documents cited in sections 3, 4, or 5 of this specification, whether or not they are listed.

#### 2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 <u>Specifications and Standards.</u> The following specifications and standards form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those cited in the solicitation or contract.

#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SPECIFICATIONS

MIL-PRF-38535 - Integrated Circuits (Microcircuits) Manufacturing, General Specification for.

#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STANDARDS

MIL-STD-883 - Test Method Standard for Microelectronics.

MIL-STD-1835 - Interface Standard Electronic Component Case Outline

(Copies of these documents are available online at http://assist.daps.dla.mil/quicksearch/ or http://assist.daps.dla.mil or from the Standardization Document Order Desk, 700 Robbins Avenue, Building 4D, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

2.3 <u>Order of precedence.</u> In the event of a conflict between the text of this specification and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

#### 3. REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 <u>Qualification</u>. Microcircuits furnished under this specification shall be products that are manufactured by a manufacturer authorized by the qualifying activity for listing on the applicable qualified manufacturers list before contract award (see 4.3 and 6.3).
- 3.2 <u>Item requirements</u>. The individual item requirements shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and as specified herein or as modified in the device manufacturer's Quality Management (QM) plan. The modification in the QM plan shall not affect the form, fit, or function as described herein.
- 3.3 Design, construction, and physical dimensions. The design, construction, and physical dimensions shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-38535 and herein.
  - 3.3.1 Terminal connections. The terminal connections shall be as specified on figure 2.
  - 3.3.2 Truth table.
- 3.3.2.1 <u>Unprogrammed devices.</u> The truth tables for unprogrammed devices for contracts involving no altered item drawing shall be as specified on figure 3. When required in groups A, B, or C inspection (see 4.4), the devices shall be programmed by the manufacturer prior to test in a checkerboard pattern (a minimum of 50 percent of the total number of bits programmed) or to any altered item drawing pattern which includes at least 25 percent of the total number of bits programmed.
- 3.3.2.2 <u>Programmed devices.</u> The truth table for programmed devices shall be as specified by the altered item drawing.

- 3.3.3 Functional block diagram. The functional block diagram shall be as specified on figure 4.
- 3.3.4 Case outlines. The case outlines shall be as specified in 1.2.3.
- 3.4 <u>Lead material and finish.</u> The lead material and finish shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 (see 6.6).
- 3.5 <u>Electrical performance characteristics</u>. The electrical performance characteristics are as specified in table I, and apply over the full recommended case operating temperature range, unless otherwise specified.
- 3.6 <u>Electrical test requirements</u>. The electrical test requirements shall be as specified in table II, and where applicable, the altered item drawing. The electrical tests for each subgroup are described in table III.
- 3.7 <u>Marking.</u> Marking shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535. For programmed devices, the altered item drawing number shall be added to the marking by the programming activity.
- 3.8 <u>Processing options</u>. Since the PROM is an unprogrammed device capable of being programmed by either the manufacturer or the user to result in a wide variety of PROM configurations, two processing options are provided for selection in the contract, using an altered item drawing.
- 3.8.1 <u>Unprogrammed PROM delivered to the user</u>. All testing shall be verified through group A testing as defined in 3.3.2.1, table II, and table III. It is recommended that users perform subgroups 7 and 9 after programming to verify the specific program configuration.
- 3.8.2 <u>Manufacturer-programmed PROM delivered to the user</u>. All testing requirements and quality assurance provisions herein, including the requirements of the altered item drawing, shall be satisfied by the manufacturer prior to delivery.
- 3.9 <u>Microcircuit group assignment.</u> The devices covered by this specification shall be in microcircuit group number 14 (see Appendix A, MIL-PRF-38535.)

TABLE I. <u>Electrical performance characteristics</u>.

Tool	Cy made at	Conditions 1/	Device	Lin	nits	Llusida
Test	Symbol	-55°C ≤ T <sub>C</sub> ≤ +125°C unless other wise specified	type	Min	Max	Units
High-level output voltage	VoH	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.0 V	02, 04, 05, 08, 09, 10	2.4		V
Low-level output voltage 2/	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.0 V	01, 02, 08, 10		0.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	03, 04, 05, 06, 09		0.5	
Input clamp voltage	VIC	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{IN} = -10 \text{ mA},$ $T_{C} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	All		-1.5	V
Maximum collector cut-off current	ICEX	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 5.2 V	01, 03, 06		100	μА
High impedance (off-state) output high current	IOHZ VCC = 5.5 V, VO = 5.2 V		02, 04, 05, 08, 09, 10		100	μА
High impedance (off-state) output low current	I <sub>OLZ</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V	02, 04, 05, 08, 09, 10		-100	μΑ
High level input current	l <sub>IH1</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5 V	All		50	μΑ
	l <sub>IH2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.5 V , special programming pin	03, 04, 06, 09		100	
Low level input current	I₁∟	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.5 V	All	-1.0	-250	μΑ
Short circuit output current	los	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0.0 \text{ V},  \underline{3}/$ $V_{IH} = 2.0 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	02, 04, 05, 08, 09, 10	-15	-100	mA
Supply current	Icc	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V, outputs = open	01, 02		170	mA
			03, 04, 05, 06, 08, 09, 10		185	
Propagation delay time, high to	tPHL1	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V and 5.5 V,	08		90	ns
low level logic, address to output		C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, see figure 6	01, 02		125	
			03, 04, 05, 06		90	
			09, 10		55	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE I. <u>Electrical performance characteristics</u> – Continued.

Test	Symbol	Conditions 1/	Device	Lin	nits	Units
1651	Symbol	-55°C ≤ T <sub>C</sub> ≤ +125°C unless other wise specified	type	Min	Max	Offics
Propagation delay time, low to	tPLH1	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V and 5.5 V,	08		90	ns
high level logic, address to output		C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, see figure 6	01, 02		125	
			03, 04, 05, 06		90	
			09, 10		55	
Propagation delay time, high to low level logic, enable to output	t <sub>PHL2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, see figure 6	08		50	ns
			01, 02		60	
			03, 04, 05, 06		50	
			09, 10		30	
Propagation delay time, low to high level logic, enable to output	t <sub>PLH2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, see figure 6	08		50	ns
			01, 02		60	
			03, 04, 05, 06		50	
		09, 10		30		

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{1}/$  Complete terminal conditions shall be specified In table III.

 <sup>2/</sup> I<sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA for circuits B, D, and F devices.
 3/ Not more than one output shall be grounded at one time. Output shall be at high logic level prior to test.

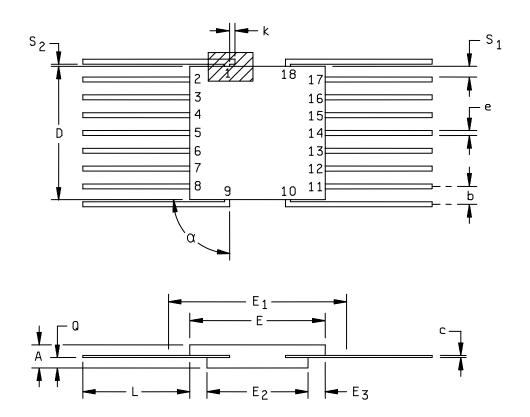


FIGURE 1. Case outline X.

Symbol	Inc	hes	Millim	neters	Notes
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	.045	.085	1.14	2.16	
b	.015	.020	.38	.51	5
С	.003	.006	.08	.15	5
D	.340	.380	8.64	9.65	
E	.340	.380	8.64	9.65	
E <sub>1</sub>		.400		10.16	3
E <sub>2</sub>	.260	.290	6.60	7.37	
E <sub>3</sub>	.025		.63		
е	.050	BSC	1.27	BSC	4, 6
K	.008	.015	.20	.38	9
L	.250	.330	6.35	8.38	
Q	.010	.040	.25	1.02	2
S <sub>1</sub>	.005		.13		7, 8
S <sub>2</sub>	.004		.10		10
α	30°	90°	30°	90°	

- 1. Index area; a tab (dim K) may be used to identify pin one. This tab may be located on either side as shown.
- 2. Dimension Q shall be measured at the point of exit of the lead from the body.
- 3. This dimension allows for off-center lid, meniscus and glass overrun.
- 4. The basic pin spacing is .050 (1.27 mm) between centerlines. Each pin centerline shall be located within ±.005 (0.13 mm) of its exact longitudinal position relative to pins relative to pins 1 and 18.
- 5. All leads increase limit by .003 (0.08 mm) measured at the center of the flat, when lead finish A is applied.
- Sixteen spaces.
- 7. Applies to all four corners (leads number 2, 8, 11, and 17).
- Dimension S<sub>1</sub> may be .000 (0.00 mm) if leads are brazed to the metallized ceramic body (see MIL-STD-1835).
- Optional, see note 1. If a pin one identification mark is used in addition to this tab, the minimum limit of dimension K does not apply.
- 10. Applies to leads number 1, 9, 10, and 18.

FIGURE 1. Case outline X - Continued.

Device types	01, 02, 08, and 10	03, 04, and 09
Case outlines	V	J and K
Terminal number	Termina	l symbol
1	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>
2	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>
3	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>
4	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>
5	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>
6	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>
7	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>
8	A <sub>10</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>
9	GND	01
10	CE <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>
11	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>
12	O <sub>3</sub>	GND
13	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>4</sub>
14	01	O <sub>5</sub>
15	A9	O <sub>6</sub>
16	A <sub>8</sub>	O <sub>7</sub>
17	A <sub>7</sub>	O <sub>8</sub>
18	Vcc	CE <sub>4</sub>
19		CE <sub>3</sub>
20		CE <sub>2</sub>
21		CE <sub>1</sub>
22		A9
23		A <sub>8</sub>
24		Vcc

FIGURE 2. <u>Terminal connections.</u>

Device types	05 and 06	01, 02, and 08	02 and 10
Case outlines	J and K	Х	Υ
Terminal number		Terminal symbol	
1	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>
2	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>
3	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>
4	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>
5	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>
6	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>
7	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>
8	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>
9	O <sub>1</sub>	GND	GND
10	O <sub>2</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub>
11	Ο3	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>4</sub>
12	GND	O <sub>3</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>
13	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>
14	O <sub>5</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>
15	O <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>
16	07	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>
17	O <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>
18	NC	Vcc	V <sub>CC</sub>
19	NC		
20	CE		
21	NC		
22	A9		
23	A <sub>8</sub>		
24	Vcc		

FIGURE 2. <u>Terminal connections</u> – Continued.

Device types 01, 02, 08, and 10 (see notes 1, 2, and 3)

Word	Enable		Address											
number	CE <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		
NA	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
NA	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		

Word		Data									
number	O <sub>1</sub>	02	O <sub>3</sub>	O <sub>4</sub>							
NA		See note 5									
NA	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС							

Device types 05 and 06 (see notes 1, 2, and 3)

Word	Enable		Address										
number	CE <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		
NA	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
NA	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		

Word		Data											
number	O <sub>1</sub>	02	Ο3	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>5</sub>	O <sub>6</sub>	07	Ο8					
NA		See note 5											
NA	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС					

FIGURE 3. Truth tables (unprogrammed).

Device types 03, 04, and 09 (see notes 1, 2, 3, and 4)

Word		Enable				Enable Address									
number	CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	CE <sub>4</sub>	A9	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	
NA	L	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
NA	L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
NA	Н	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
NA	Н	Н	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
NA	Н	Н	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	

Word				Da	ata			
number	01	02	Ο3	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>5</sub>	O <sub>6</sub>	07	O <sub>8</sub>
NA			S	ee note	5			
NA	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС
NA	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС
NA	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС
NA	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС	ОС

- 1. NA = Not applicable.
- 2. X = Input may be high level, low level or open circuit.
- 3. OC = Open circuit (high resistance output).
- 4. Program readout can only be accomplished with both enable inputs at low level.
- 5. The outputs for an unprogrammed device shall be high for circuits A, B (device types 03 and 04), and F; and shall be low for circuits B (device types 01, 02, and 08), C, D, E, and G.

FIGURE 3. <u>Truth tables (unprogrammed)</u> – Continued.

Device types 01, 02, and 08 (Circuit B)
Device types 01 and 02 (Circuit A)
Device type 02 (Circuit F)
Device types 03 and 04 (Circuit E)

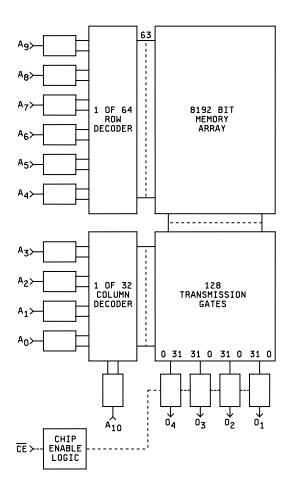


FIGURE 4. Functional block diagrams.

# Device types 01, 02, and 10 Circuit C

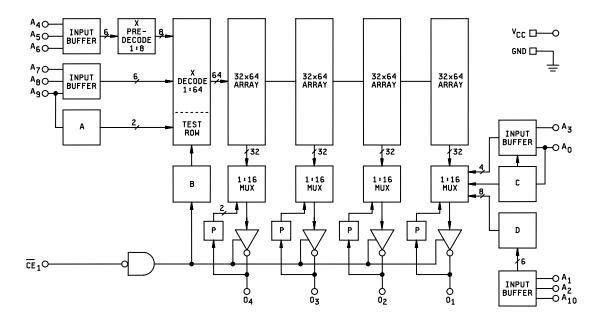


FIGURE 4. <u>Functional block diagrams</u> – Continued.

# Device types 03 and 04 Circuit A

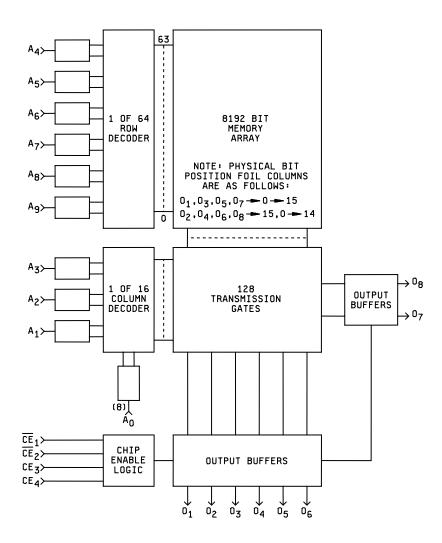
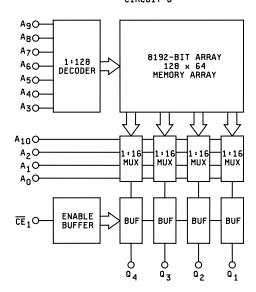


FIGURE 4. Functional block diagrams - Continued.

#### DEVICE TYPES 01 AND 02 CIRCUIT G



#### DEVICE TYPES 03 AND 04 CIRCUIT G

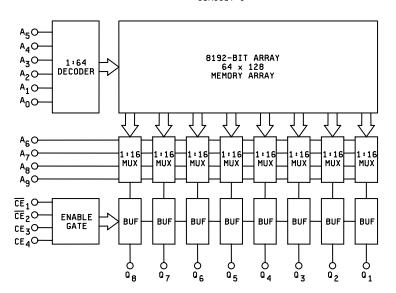


FIGURE 4. Functional block diagrams - Continued.

# Device type 04 Circuit F

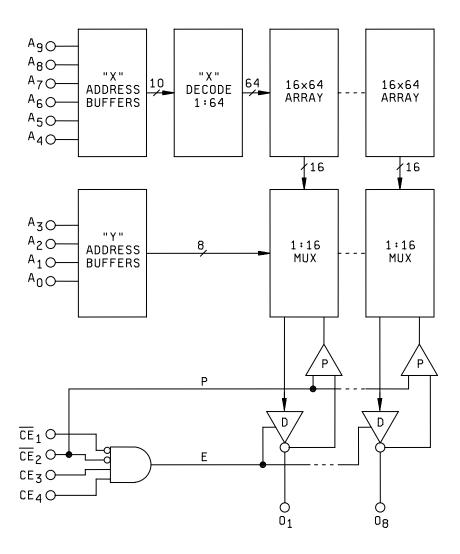


FIGURE 4. Functional block diagrams - Continued.

# Device types 03, 04, 05, and 09 Circuit C

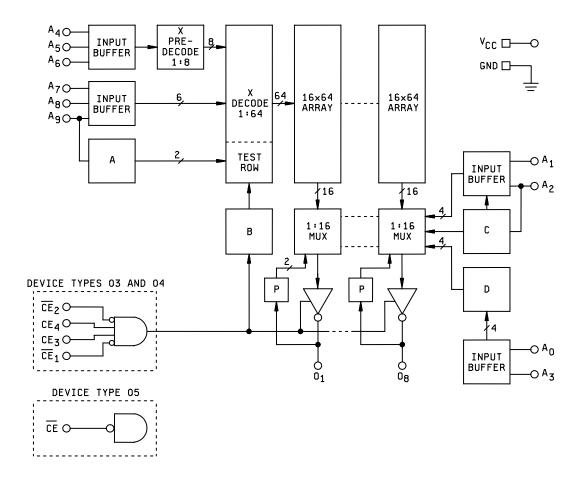


FIGURE 4. Functional block diagrams - Continued.

## Device types 03, 04, 05, 06, and 09 Circuits B and D

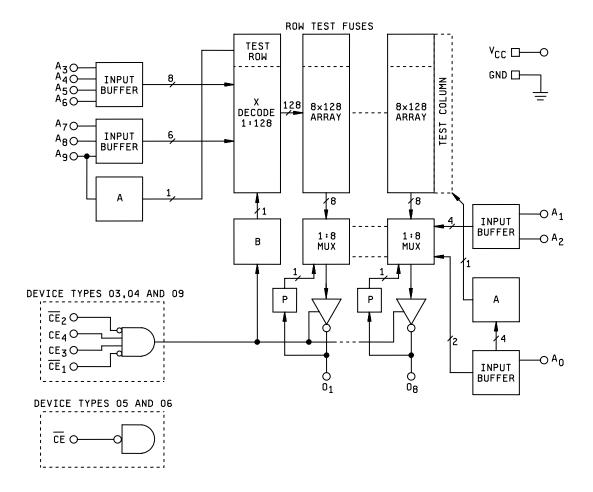
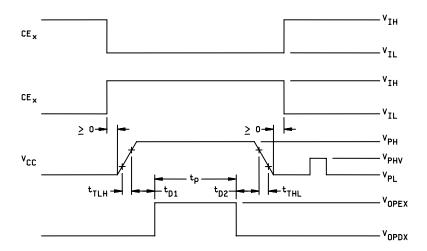
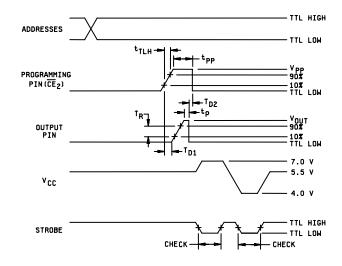


FIGURE 4. Functional block diagrams - Continued.



NOTE: All other waveform characteristics shall be as specified in table IVA.

FIGURE 5A. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit A.



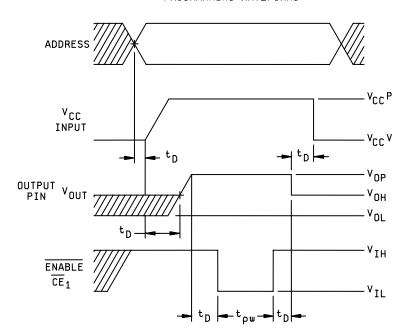
### NOTES:

- 1. Output load is 0.2 mA and 12 mA during 7.0 V and 4.0 V check, respectively.
- 2. All other waveform characteristics shall be as specified in table IVB.

(Device types 03 and 04)

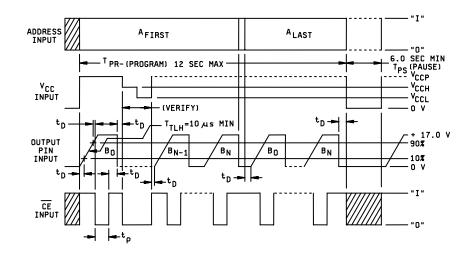
FIGURE 5B. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit B.

# PROGRAMMING WAVEFORMS



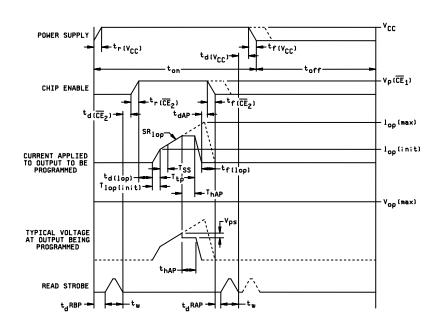
(Device types 01, 02, and 08)

FIGURE 5B. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit B – Continued.



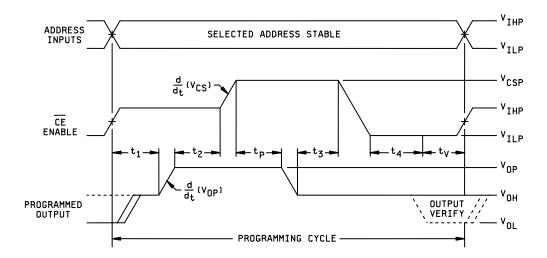
NOTE: All other waveform characteristics shall be as specified in table IVC.

FIGURE 5C. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit C.



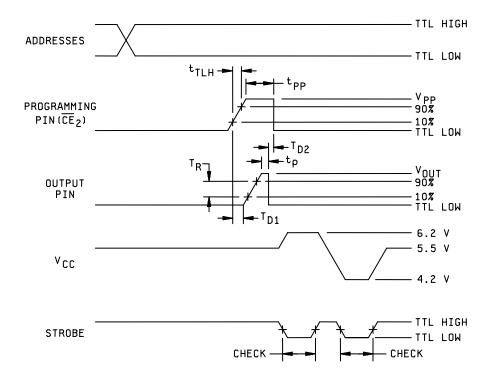
NOTE: All other waveform characteristics shall be as specified in table IVD.

FIGURE 5D. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit D.



- 1. All delays between edges are specified from completion of the first edge, not midpoints.
- 2. Delays  $t_1$ ,  $t_2$ ,  $t_3$ , and  $t_4$  must be greater than 100 ns; maximum delays of 1  $\mu$ s are recommended to minimize heating during programming.
- 3. During  $t_V$  the output being programmed is switched to the load R and verified.
- Outputs not being programmed are connected to V<sub>ONP</sub> through a resistor which provides output current limiting.
- 5. All other waveform characteristics shall be as specified in table IVE.

FIGURE 5E. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit E.



- 1. Output load is 0.2 mA and 12 mA during 6.2 V and 4.2 V check, respectively.
- 2. All other waveform characteristics shall be as specified in table IVF.

FIGURE 5F. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit F.

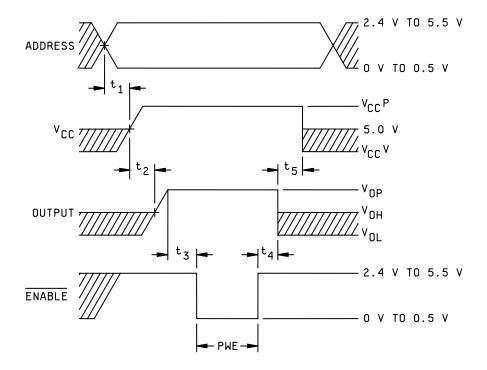
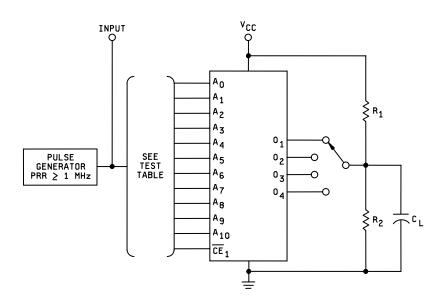
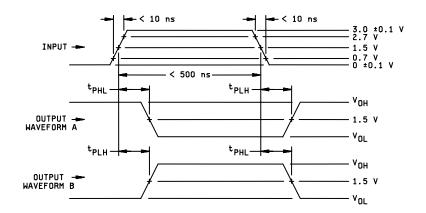


FIGURE 5G. Programming voltage waveforms during programming for circuit G.

# Device types 01, 02, 08, and 10

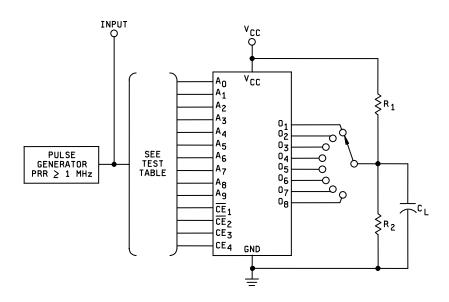


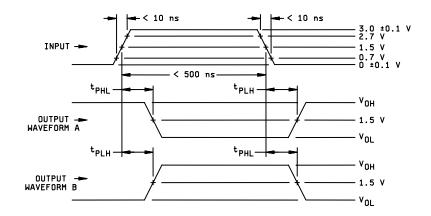


- 1. Test table for devices programmed in accordance with an altered item drawing may be replaced by the equivalent tests which apply to the specific program configuration for the resulting read-only memory.
- 2.  $C_L$  = 30 pF minimum, including jig and probe capacitance;  $R_1$  = 330  $\Omega$  ±25% and  $R_2$  = 680  $\Omega$  ±20 %.
- 3. Outputs may be under load simultaneously.

FIGURE 6. Switching time test circuit.

## Device types 03, 04, and 09

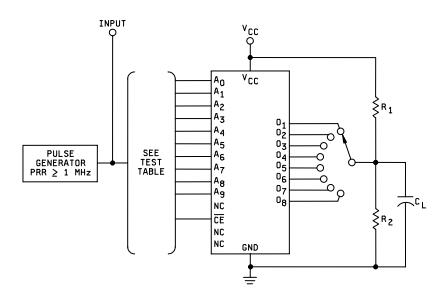


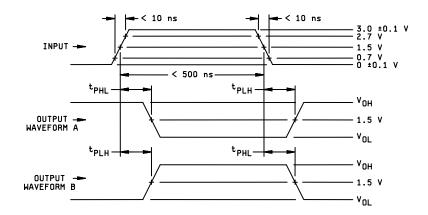


- 1. Test table for devices programmed in accordance with an altered item drawing may be replaced by the equivalent tests which apply to the specific program configuration for the resulting read-only memory.
- 2.  $C_L$  = 30 pF minimum, including jig and probe capacitance;  $R_1$  = 330  $\Omega$  ±25% and  $R_2$  = 680  $\Omega$  ±20 %.
- 3. Outputs may be under load simultaneously.

FIGURE 6. Switching time test circuit - Continued.

## Device types 05 and 06





- 1. Test table for devices programmed in accordance with an altered item drawing may be replaced by the equivalent tests which apply to the specific program configuration for the resulting read-only memory.
- 2.  $C_L$  = 30 pF minimum, including jig and probe capacitance;  $R_1$  = 330  $\Omega$  ±25% and  $R_2$  = 680  $\Omega$  ±20 %.
- 3. Outputs may be under load simultaneously.

FIGURE 6. Switching time test circuit - Continued.

#### 4. VERIFICATION

- 4.1 <u>Sampling and inspection</u>. Sampling and inspection procedures shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 or as modified in the device manufacturer's Quality Management (QM) plan. The modification in the QM plan shall not effect the form, fit, or function as described herein.
- 4.2 <u>Screening.</u> Screening shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and shall be conducted on all devices prior to qualification and quality conformance inspection. The following additional criteria shall apply:
  - a. The burn-in test duration, test condition, and test temperature, or approved alternatives shall be as specified in the device manufacturer's QM plan in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535. The burn-in test circuit shall be maintained under document control by the device manufacturer's Technology Review Board (TRB) in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and shall be made available to the acquiring or preparing activity upon request. The test circuit shall specify the inputs, outputs, biases, and power dissipation, as applicable, in accordance with the intent specified in test method 1015 of MIL-STD-883
  - b. Interim and final electrical test parameters shall be as specified in table II, except interim electrical parameters test prior to burn-in is optional at the discretion of the manufacturer.
  - c. Additional screening for space level product shall be as specified in MIL-PRF-38535, appendix B.
  - d. Class B devices processed to an altered item drawing may be programmed either before or after burn-in at the manufacturer's discretion. The required electrical testing shall include, as a minimum, the final electrical tests for programmed devices as specified in table II herein. Class S devices processed by the manufacturer to an altered item drawing shall be programmed prior to burn-in.
  - 4.3 <u>Qualification inspection.</u> Qualification inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535. Qualification data for subgroups 7 through 11 shall be by attributes only.
- 4.3.1 <u>Qualification extension</u>. When authorized by the qualifying activity, for qualification inspection, if a manufacturer qualifies faster device type which is manufactured identically (for example, same die, process, and package) to other device types on this specification, then the other device types may be qualified by conducting only group A electrical tests and any electrical specified as additional group C subgroups and submitting data in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 (for example, groups B, C, and D tests are not required).
- 4.4 <u>Technology Conformance inspection (TCI)</u>. Technology conformance inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and as specified herein for groups A, B, C, and D inspections (see 4.4.1 through 4.4.4).
- 4.4.1 <u>Group A inspection.</u> Group A inspection shall be in accordance with table III of MIL-PRF-38535 and as follows:
  - a. Electrical test requirements shall be as specified in table II herein.
  - b. Subgroups 4, 5, and 6 shall be omitted.
  - c. For unprogrammed devices, a sample shall be selected to satisfy programmability requirements prior to performing subgroups 9, 10, and 11. Twelve devices shall be submitted to programming (see 3.3.2.1). If more than 2 devices fail to program, the lot shall be rejected, At the manufacturer's option, the sample may be increased to 24 total devices with no more than 4 total device failures allowed.
  - d. For unprogrammed devices, 10 devices from the programmability sample shall be subjected to the requirements of group A, subgroups 9, 10, and 11. If more than two total devices fail in all three subgroups, the lot shall be rejected. At the manufacturer's option, the sample may be increased to 20 total devices with no more that 4 total device failures allowable.

TABLE II. Electrical test requirements.

MIL-PRF-38535	l	(see table III) <u>2</u> /, <u>3</u> /
test requirements	Class S devices	Class B devices
Interim electrical parameters	1	1
Final electrical test parameters for unprogrammed devices	1*, 2, 3, 7*, 8	1*, 2, 3, 7*, 8
Final electrical test parameters for programmed devices	1*, 2, 3, 7* 8, 9, 10, 11	1*, 2, 3, 7*, 8, 9,
Group A test requirements	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
Group B end-point electrical parameters subgroup 5 when using the method 5005 QCI option	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	N/A
Group C end-point electrical parameters	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	1, 2, 3, 7, 8
Group D test requirements	1, 2, 3, 7, 8	1, 2, 3, 7, 8

- 1/ \* indicates PDA applies to subgroups 1 and 7.
- 2/ Any or all subgroups may be combined when using high-speed testers.
- 3/ Subgroups 7 and 8 shall consist of verifying the pattern specified.
- 4.4.2 Group B inspection. Group B inspection shall be in accordance with table II MIL-PRF-38535.
- 4.4.3 Group C inspection. Group C inspection shall be in accordance with table IV of MIL-PRF-38535 and as follows:
  - a. End-point electrical parameters shall be as specified in table II herein.
  - b. The steady-state life test duration, test condition, and test temperature, or approved alternatives shall be as specified in the device manufacturer's QM plan in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535. The burnin test circuit shall be maintained under document control by the device manufacturer's Technology Review Board (TRB) in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535 and shall be made available to the acquiring or preparing activity upon request. The test circuit shall specify the inputs, outputs, biases, and power dissipation, as applicable, in accordance with the intent specified in test method 1005 of MIL-STD-883.
  - c. For qualification inspection, at least 50 percent of the sample selected for testing in subgroup 1 shall be programmed (see 3.3.2). For quality conformance inspection, the programmability sample (see 4.4.1c) shall be included in the life tests.
- 4.4.4 <u>Group D inspection.</u> Group D inspection shall be in accordance with table V of MIL-PRF-38535. Endpoint electrical parameters shall be as specified in table II herein.
  - 4.5 <u>Methods of inspection.</u> Methods of inspection shall be specified and as follows:
- 4.5.1 <u>Voltage and current.</u> All voltages given are referenced to the microcircuit ground terminal. Currents given are conventional and positive when flowing into the referenced terminal.

TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device type 01</u>. Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high  $\geq$  2.0 V, low  $\leq$  0.8 V, or open).

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL- STD-	Cases V,X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Meas. terminal	Test	limits	Unit
	-	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>	GND	CE <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	01	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	$V_{CC}$	terminai	Min	Max	
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Vic		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	GND	-10mA					-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	4.5V	A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>0</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>10</sub> CE 1 A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub> A <sub>7</sub>		-1.5	V 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64
	V <sub>OL</sub>	3007	13 14 15 16	1/2/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	"	0.5V	3/	<u>3</u> /	<u>3</u> /	3/	<u>1</u> / "	<u>1</u> / "	<u>1</u> / "	**	O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>1</sub>		0.5	66 66 66
	IιL	3009	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V		0.5V				=	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>0</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>10</sub> CE 1	-1.0	-250	μ <b>Α</b> « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « « «
	I <sub>IH</sub>	3010	29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V		5.5V					5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>0</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>10</sub> A <sub>8</sub> A <sub>7</sub> CE 1		50	
	ICEX		41 42 43 44											5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V				66 66 66	O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>1</sub>		100	66 66 66
	Icc	3005	45	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	"	GND					GND	GND	GND	66	V <sub>CC</sub>		170	mA
2	Same tes	sts, termi	nal conditi	ons, and	limits as	for subgro	oup 1, exc	cept T <sub>C</sub> =	+125°C a	ind V <sub>IC</sub> tes	sts are on	nitted.													
3	Same tes	sts, termi	nal conditi	ons, and	limits as	for subgro	oup 1, exc	cept T <sub>C</sub> =	-55°C an	d V <sub>IC</sub> tests	are omit	ted.													
7 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Func- tional tests	<u>4</u> /	46	4/	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	4/	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	4/	GND	<u>4</u> /	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	4/	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	Outputs	-	<u>4</u> /	

See footnotes at end of table.

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# TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device type 01</u> – Continued. Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high $\geq$ 2.0 V, low $\leq$ 0.8 V, or open).

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL- STD-	Cases V,X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Meas.	Test	limits	Unit
Oubgroup	Cymbol	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>	GND	CE <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	Vcc	terminal	Min	Max	Offic
8	Same tests, terminal conditions, and limits as for subgroup 7, except T <sub>C</sub> = +125°C and -55°C.   9																								
9	to <sub>HL1</sub> GALPAT 47 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/ 5/																125	ns							
T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	t <sub>PLH1</sub>	Fig. 6 GALPAT Fig. 6	48	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	66	GND	"		44	"	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	44		125	66				
	t <sub>PHL2</sub>	Sequen- tial	49	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	7/	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	66	7/	ш	"	"		<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	66		60	44
	t <sub>PLH2</sub>	Fig. 6 Sequen- tial Fig. 6	50	<u>7</u> /	7/	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	7/	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	44	7/	u	и	44	"	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	44		60 <u>8</u> /	66
10	Same te	sts, termin	al conditio	ns, and I	imits as f	or subgro	up 9, exc	ept T <sub>C</sub> = -	+125°C.															-	
11	Same te	sts, termina	al conditio	ns, and I	imits as f	or subgro	up 9, exc	ept T <sub>C</sub> = -	-55°C.																

See footnotes at end of table.

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL- STD-	Cases V,X,Y	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Meas.	Test	limits	Unit
oubgroup	Cymbo.	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>	GND	CE <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	Vcc	terminal	Min	Max	
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Vic		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	GND cc cc cc cc cc cc cc	-10mA					-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	4.5V	A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>0</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>10</sub> CE 1 A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub> A <sub>7</sub>		-1.5	W
	V <sub>OL</sub>	3007	13 14 15 16	1/2/	1/	1/	1/	1/9/	1/	1/	1/	66 66	0.5V	<u>3</u> /	<u>3</u> /	<u>3</u> /	3/	<u>1</u> / "	1/	1/		O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>1</sub>		0.5	
	V <sub>OH</sub>	3006	17 18 19 20	1/ 10/ 11/ " 12/	1/ <u>9/ 10/</u>	1/ 12/		1/13/	66 66	"	1/ 10/ 12/	66 66	66 66	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA	1/9/	1/ 13/	"		O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>1</sub>	2.4		"
	I <sub>IL</sub>	3009	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	0.5V					0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>0</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>10</sub> CE 1 A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>7</sub>	-1.0	-250	μA 
	lін	3010	33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	5.5V					5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>0</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>10</sub> A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub> A <sub>7</sub>		50	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
	I <sub>OHZ</sub>		45 46 47 48									66 66 66	14/ «	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V					O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>1</sub>		100	
	loLZ		49 50 51 52									66 66 66	66 66	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V					O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>1</sub>		-100	
	Icc	3005	53	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND		GND					GND	GND	GND		V <sub>CC</sub>		170	mA

See footnotes at end of table.

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# TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device types 02, 08, and 10</u> – Continued. Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high $\geq$ 2.0 V, low $\leq$ 0.8 V, or open).

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL- STD-	Cases V,X,Y	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Meas.	Test	limits	Unit
Subgroup	Symbol	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>10</sub>	GND	CE <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	01	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	A <sub>7</sub>	Vcc	terminal	Min	Max	Offic
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	los	3011	54 55 56 57	1/ 10/ 11/ " 12/	1/ 9/ 10/ "	<u>1/</u> " 12/	<u>1</u> / "	1/ 13/	1/	1/	1/ 10/ " 12/	GND "	0.5V	GND	GND	GND	GND	1/9/ "	1/ 13/	1/	5.5V "	O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>1</sub>	-15	-100 "	mA "
2																									
3	Same tests, terminal conditions, and limits as for subgroup 1, except T <sub>C</sub> = -55°C and V <sub>IC</sub> tests are omitted.  Func-																								
7 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Func- = tional 4/ 58 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ GND 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ Outputs																4/								
8	Same tes	sts, termin	al condition	ons, and	limits as f	or subgro	up 7, exc	ept TC =	+125°C a	nd TC =	-55°C.														
9	t <sub>PHL1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	59	<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	GND	GND	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	Outputs		<u>8</u> /	ns
T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	t <sub>PLH1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	60	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	66	GND	66	"	"	"	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	66		"	*
	t <sub>PHL2</sub>	Sequen- tial	61	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	44	<u>7</u> /	66		"		<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	*			*
	t <sub>PLH2</sub>	Fig. 6 Sequen- tial Fig. 6	62	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	66	<u>7</u> /	a	u	ш	"	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	66		u	66
10	Same tes	sts, termin	al condition	ons, and	limits as f	or subgro	up 9, exc	ept T <sub>C</sub> = +	+125°C.													-			
11	Same tes	sts, termin	al condition	ons, and	limits as f	or subgro	up 9, exc	ept T <sub>C</sub> = -	55°C.																

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device type 03.</u>
Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high  $\geq$  2.0 V, low  $\leq$  0.8 V, or open).

Cultura	Cb1	MIL- STD-	Cases J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test	limits	Unit
Subgroup	Symbol	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	01	02	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	04	05	O <sub>6</sub>	07	O <sub>8</sub>	CE <sub>4</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	CE 2	CE 1	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	terminal	Min	Max	Unit
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	V <sub>IC</sub>		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA				GND " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "						-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	4.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE <sub>4</sub> CE <sub>3</sub> CE <sub>2</sub> CA <sub>1</sub> A <sub>9</sub>		-1.5	V
	V <sub>OL</sub>	3007	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	1/2/ 15/ "	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	8mA	8mA	8mA		8mA	8mA	8mA	8mA	8mA	5.5V	5.5V	0.5V	0.5V	1/15/	1/		O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		0.5	
	I <sub>IL</sub>	3009	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V										0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE <sub>4</sub> CE <sub>3</sub> CE <sub>2</sub> CA <sub>1</sub> A <sub>9</sub>	-1.0	-250	μA
	liH1	3010	37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V										5.5V	5.5V		5.5V	5.5V	5.5V		A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>8</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> <u>CE</u> <sub>4</sub> CES CE <sub>1</sub> A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub>		50	
	I <sub>IH2</sub> 16/		50																				4.5V					CE 2		100	
	I <sub>CEX</sub>		51 52 53 54									5.2V	5.2V	5.2V		5.2V					0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	5.5V				O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			

See footnotes at end of table.

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# TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device type 03</u> – Continued. Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high $\geq$ 2.0 V, low $\leq$ 0.8 V, or open).

	1	MIL-	Cases						1										1			ı .		1		1		1		—	_
Subgroup	Symbol	STD-	J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test li	mits	Unit
Subgroup	Symbol	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	01	02	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	04	O <sub>5</sub>	06	07	O <sub>8</sub>	CE <sub>4</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	CE 2	Œ ₁	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	terminal	Min	Max	l
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	I <sub>CEX</sub>		55 56 57 58												GND "		5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	5.5V "			5.5V	O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		100	μA - -
																185	mA														
2	I <sub>CC</sub> 3005 59 GND																														
3	Same tests, terminal conditions, and limits as for subgroup 1, except T <sub>C</sub> = +125°C and V <sub>IC</sub> tests are omitted.  Same tests, terminal conditions, and limits as for subgroup 1, except T <sub>C</sub> = -55°C and V <sub>IC</sub> tests are omitted.  Func.																														
7 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Same tests, terminal conditions, and limits as for subgroup 1, except T <sub>C</sub> = -55°C and V <sub>R</sub> tests are omitted.  = Functional tests    4/ 60 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/ 4/															<u>4</u> /															
8	Same tests	, terminal	condition	ns, and I	limits as	for sub	group 7,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +1	25°C ar	nd T <sub>C</sub> = -	55°C.																			
9	t <sub>PHL1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	61	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	6/	6/	6/	GND	6/	6/	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	5.5V	5.5V	GND	GND	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	Outputs		<u>8</u> /	ns
T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	t <sub>PLH1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	62	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /		"						-		5.5V	5.5V	GND	GND	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /									
	t <sub>PHL2</sub>	Sequen- tial	63	7/	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	7/	<u>Z</u> /	7/	<u>7</u> /								-		<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	7/	7/	7/	<u>7</u> /				
	t <sub>PLH2</sub>	Fig. 6 Sequen- tial Fig. 6	64	<u>Z</u> /	7/	<u>Z</u> /							-	-		<u>Z</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	<u>Z</u> /	**			-					
10	Same tests	, terminal	condition	ns, and I	limits as	for sub	group 9,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +1	25°C.																					
11	Same tests	, terminal	condition	ns, and I	limits as	for sub	group 9,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = -55	5°C.																					

See footnotes at end of table.

Cubanana	Cbl	MIL- STD-	Cases J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test	limits	Unit
Subgroup	Symbol	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	04	O <sub>5</sub>	O <sub>6</sub>	07	08	CE <sub>4</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	CE 2	CE <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	Vcc	terminal	Min	Max	Unit
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Vic		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA				GND						-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	-10mA	4.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE <sub>4</sub> CE <sub>3</sub> CE <sub>2</sub> CE <sub>1</sub> A <sub>9</sub>		-1.5	V
	V <sub>OL</sub>	3007	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	1/2/ 15/ "	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/17/	1/	1/	18/	18/	18/		<u>18</u> /	<u>18</u> /	18/	<u>18</u> /	18/	5.5V	5.5V	0.5V	0.5V	1/15/	1/		O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		0.5	
	V <sub>OH</sub>	3006	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	1/	1/10/	1/ 9/ 10/	1/9/	1/9/	1/9/	1/9/	1/ 9/ 10/ 19/ 20/ ""	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA		-2mA	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA					1/13/19/			O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	2.4		
	I <sub>IL</sub>	3009	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V										0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE <sub>4</sub> CE <sub>3</sub> CE <sub>2</sub> CE <sub>1</sub> A <sub>8</sub>	-1.0	-250	μA
	l <sub>IH1</sub>	3010	45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V																	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub>		50	

# TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device types 04 and 09</u> – Continued. Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high $\geq$ 2.0 V, low $\leq$ 0.8 V, or open).

Subgroup	Cumbal	MIL- STD-	Cases J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test I	imits	Unit
Subgroup	Symbol	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	01	02	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	04	05	06	07	08	CE <sub>4</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	CE 2	CE <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	terminal	Min	Max	Unit
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	I <sub>IH1</sub>	3010	53 54 55 56 57												GND " "						5.5V	5.5V		5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	5.5V	CE <sub>4</sub> <u>CE<sub>3</sub></u> CE <sub>1</sub> A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub>		50	μ <b>A</b> 
	I <sub>IH2</sub> 16/		58												-								4.5V					CE 2	1	100	
	Гонг		59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66									5.2V	5.2V	5.2V		5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	5.5V			5.5V	O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>			
	I <sub>OLZ</sub>		67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74									0.5V	0.5V	0.5V		0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V								O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		-100	
	Icc	3005	75	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND										GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND		V <sub>cc</sub>		185	mA
	los	3011	76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	1/	1/ 10/	1/ 9/ 10/ " " " " " " "	1/9/	1/9/	1/9/	1/9/	1/ 9/ 10/ 19/ 20/ " " " " " "	GND	GND	GND		GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	5.5V	5.5V	0.5V	0.5V	1/13/19/	1/		O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	-15	-100	
2	Same te	sts, term	inal cond	ditions, a	and limit	s as for sub	group 1,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +12	25°C and	d V <sub>IC</sub> tests a	re omitte	ed.																		
		sts, term	inal cond	ditions, a	and limit	s as for sub	group 1,	except	$T_{\rm C} = -55$	°C and	/ <sub>IC</sub> tests are	omitted																			
7 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Func- tional tests	<u>4/</u>	84	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	4/	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	GND	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4/</u>	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	Outputs		<u>4</u> /						
	Same te	sts, term	inal cond	ditions, a	and limit	s as for sub	group 7,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +12	25°C and	i T <sub>C</sub> = -55°C	).													·						

TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device types 04 and 09</u> – Continued. Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high  $\geq$  2.0 V, low  $\leq$  0.8 V, or open).

Subgroup	Cumbal	MIL- STD-	Cases J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test	limits	Unit
Subgroup	Symbol	883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	01	02	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>5</sub>	O <sub>6</sub>	07	Ο8	CE <sub>4</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	CE 2	CE 1	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	terminal	Min	Max	Offic
9	t <sub>PHL1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	85	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	GND	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	5.5V	5.5V	GND	GND	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	Outputs		04 09 90 55						
T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	t <sub>PLH1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	86	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	*							-		5.5V	5.5V	GND	GND	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /			90 55						
	t <sub>PHL2</sub>	Sequen- tial Fig. 6	87	<u>7</u> /	7/	7/	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	*	"	*		-	-		-		<u>7</u> /	7/	7/	7/	7/	7/	<u>Z</u> /	**		50 30	"
	t <sub>PLH2</sub>	Sequen- tial Fig. 6	88	7/	7/	7/	7/	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	*	"								7/	7/	7/	<u>7</u> /	7/	7/	7/	44		50 30	"
10	Same te	sts, termi	nal condi	tions, ar	nd limits	as for s	ubgroup	9, exce	pt T <sub>C</sub> = -	+125°C.									•			•	•			•			•	•	
11	Same te	ests, termi	nal condi	tions, ar	nd limits	as for s	ubgroup	9, exce	pt T <sub>C</sub> = ·	-55°C.																					

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL- STD-	Cases J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test	imits	Unit
		883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	02	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	04	05	O <sub>6</sub>	07	08	N/C	N/C	CE	N/C	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	terminal	Min	Max	Offic
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Vic		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	-10mA				GND								-10mA		-10mA	-10mA	4.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> <u>A</u> 0 CE A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub>		-1.5								
	V <sub>OL</sub>	3007	12 13 14 15 16 17 18	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	8mA	8mA	8mA		8mA	8mA	8mA	8mA	8mA			0.5V		1/	1/		O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		0.5	
	V <sub>OH</sub>	3006	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27					1/9/	1/9/	1/9/	1/ 9/ 19/	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA		-2mA	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA	-2mA					1/ 9/ 13/ 19/ "			O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	2.4		
	I <sub>IL</sub>	3009	28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	0.5V				-								0.5V		0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub>	-1	-250	μA 							
	Iн	3010	39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	5.5V				-								5.5V		5.5V	5.5V		A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub>		50								

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		MIL-	Cases	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		Test	limits	
Subgroup	Symbol	STD- 883	J,K Test	A <sub>7</sub>								01		O <sub>3</sub>	GND	04	05	06	07	08	N/C	N/C	CE	N/C				Measured terminal	Min	Max	Unit
		method	no.	Α7	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		O <sub>2</sub>	U <sub>3</sub>		04	U <sub>5</sub>	06	07	U <sub>8</sub>	IN/C	IV/C		IV/C	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	Vcc	_	IVIIII		
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	l <sub>OHZ</sub>		50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57									5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	GND	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V			5.5V				5.5V	O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		100	μA " " "
	l <sub>OLZ</sub>		58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65									0.5V	0.5V	0.5V		0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V	0.5V								O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		-100	
	los	3011	66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/9/	1/9/	1/9/	1/ 9/ 19/	GND	GND	GND		GND	GND	GND	GND	GND			0.5V		1/ 9/ 13/	1/		O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>9</sub>	-15		
	Icc	3005	74	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND												GND		GND	GND		V <sub>CC</sub>		185	mA
2	Same tests												-144-1															- 00			
3								_																							
7	Same tests	i, terminai	condition	is, and i	imits as	for sub	group 1,	except	I <sub>C</sub> = -5:	o°C and	V <sub>IC</sub> tests a	are omit	tea.															1			
T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Func- tional tests	<u>4</u> /	75	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	4/	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	4/	4/	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	GND	4/	4/	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /			GND		<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	Outputs		<u>4</u> /	
8	Same tests	, terminal	condition	ns, and I	imits as	for sub	group 7,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +1	25°C ar	$T_{C} = -55$	°C.																			
9	t <sub>PHL1</sub>	GALPAT	76	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	GND	6/	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /			GND		<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	Outputs		8/	ns
T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	t <sub>PLH1</sub>	Fig. 6 GALPAT Fig. 6	77	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /				"					-			GND		<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /									
	t <sub>PHL2</sub>	Sequen- tial Fig. 6 Sequen- tial Fig. 6	78 79	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>z</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>z</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>Z</u> /												<u>7</u> /		<u>Z</u> / <u>Z</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /				
10	Same tests	, terminal	condition	ns, and I	imits as	for sub	group 9,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +1	25°C.																					
11	Same tests	, terminal	condition	ns, and I	imits as	for sub	group 9,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = -5	5°C.																					

 $\label{eq:total condition} TABLE~III.~~ \underline{Group~A~inspection~for~device~type~06}.$  Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high  $\geq 2.0~\text{V},~\text{low} \leq 0.8~\text{V},~\text{or~open}).$ 

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL- STD-	Cases J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test	imits	Unit
		883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	O <sub>4</sub>	05	06	07	08	N/C	N/C	CE	N/C	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	terminal	Min	Max	Unit
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Vic		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	-10mA				GND								-10mA		-10mA	-10mA	4.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub>		-1.5	V							
	VoL	3007	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	1/	8mA	8mA	8mA		8mA	8mA	8mA	8mA	8mA			0.5V		1/ " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	1/		O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		0.5	
	I <sub>IL</sub>	3009	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	0.5V												0.5V		0.5V	0.5V	5.5V	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> CE A <sub>9</sub> A <sub>8</sub>	-1.0	-250	μΑ							
	l <sub>IH1</sub>	3010	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	5.5V														0.5V	0.5V	-	A <sub>7</sub> A <sub>6</sub> A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> A <sub>1</sub> A <sub>0</sub> A <sub>9</sub>		50								
	I <sub>IH2</sub>		41																				4.5V					CE		100	
	I <sub>CEX</sub>		42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49									5.2V	5.2V	5.2V		5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V	5.2V							5.5V	O <sub>1</sub> O <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> O <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub> O <sub>7</sub> O <sub>8</sub>			

# TABLE III. <u>Group A inspection for device type 06</u> – Continued. Terminal conditions (outputs not designated are open or resistive coupled to GND or voltage; inputs not designated are high $\geq$ 2.0 V, low $\leq$ 0.8 V, or open).

Subgroup	Symbol	MIL- STD-	Cases J,K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Measured	Test li	imits	Unit
		883 method	Test no.	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>	GND	O <sub>4</sub>	O <sub>5</sub>	06	07	Ο8	N/C	N/C	CE	N/C	A <sub>9</sub>	A <sub>8</sub>	Vcc	terminal	Min	Max	Onit
1 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Icc	3006	50	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND				GND								GND		GND	GND	5.5V	V <sub>cc</sub>		185	mA
2	Same tests	s, terminal	condition	s, and	limits as	for sub	group 1,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +1	25°C ar	nd V <sub>IC</sub> te	sts are	omitted.																		
3	Same tests	s, terminal	condition	s, and	limits as	for sub	group 1,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = -5	5°C and	V <sub>IC</sub> test	s are on	nitted.																		
7 T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	Func- tional tests	<u>4</u> /	51	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	4/	<u>4/</u>	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	GND	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /			<u>4</u> /			<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	Outputs		4/						
8	Same tests	s, terminal	condition	ns, and l	limits as	for sub	group 7,	except	T <sub>C</sub> = +1	25°C ar	nd T <sub>C</sub> =	-55°C.																			
9	t <sub>PHL1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	76	5/	5/	<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	5/	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	6/	6/	6/	GND	6/	<u>6</u> /	<u>6</u> /	6/	<u>6</u> /			GND		5/	<u>5</u> /	5/	Outputs		8/	ns
T <sub>C</sub> = +25°C	t <sub>PLH1</sub>	GALPAT Fig. 6	77	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /					-	-		-				GND		<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /	<u>5</u> /				-					
	t <sub>PHL2</sub>	Sequen- tial	78	7/	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /	<u>7</u> /							-					7/		7/	7/	<u>7</u> /				-				
	t <sub>PLH2</sub>	Fig. 6 Sequen- tial Fig. 6	79	7/	7/	<u>7</u> /	7/	<u>Z</u> /	7/	<u>7</u> /	7/							-	-				7/		<u>7</u> /	7/	7/				*
		n torminal	condition	o and l	limita aa	for sub-	aroup 0	oveent	T 11	25°C																			•		
10	Same tests	s, terriiriai	COHUILIO	is, and	IIIIIII as	IUI SUD	group 9,	except	1 C = +1	25 C.																					

# TABLE III. Group A inspection – Continued.

- 1/ For programmed devices, select an appropriate address to acquire the desired output state.
- 2/ For unprogrammed device types 01 (circuit A), apply 10.0 V on pin 1 (A<sub>6</sub>) and for unprogrammed device type 02 (circuit A), apply 13.0 V on pins 1 and 2 (A<sub>6</sub>, A<sub>5</sub>); for unprogrammed device types 03, apply 10.0 V on pin 1 (A<sub>7</sub>) and for the unprogrammed device type 04, apply 13.0 V on pins 1 and 2 (A<sub>7</sub>, A<sub>6</sub>) (circuit A).
- 3/ IOL = 12 mA for circuits A, C, E, and G devices; IOL = 16 mA for circuits B, D, and F devices.
- The functional tests shall verify that no fuses are blown for unprogrammed devices or that the truth table specified in the altered item drawing exists for programmed devices (see table II and 3.3.2.2).
  All bits shall be tested. The functional tests shall be performed with V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V and V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V.
  Terminal conditions shall be as follows:
  - a. Inputs: H = 3.0 V, L = 0.0 V.
  - b. Outputs: Output voltage shall be either:
    - (1) H = 2.4 V minimum and L = 0.5 V maximum when using a high speed checker double comparator, or
    - (2)  $H \ge 1.0 \text{ V}$  and L < 1.0 V when using a high speed checker single comparator.

# 5/ GALPAT (PROGRAMMED PROM).

This program will test all bits in the array, the addressing and interaction between bits for ac performance  $t_{PLH1}$  and  $t_{PHL1}$ . Each bit in the pattern is fixed by being programmed with an "H" or "L". The GALPAT tests shall be performed with  $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$  and 5.5 V. For manufacturer-programmed PROM only (see 3.8.2). When testing device type 10, the  $t_{PHL1}$  and  $t_{PLH1}$  limits shall be verified by performing a sequential test pattern outline in footnote  $\overline{Z}$ /.

# Description:

- Step 1. Word 0 is read.
- Step 2. Word 1 is read.
- Step 3. Word 0 is read
- Step 4. Word 2 is read.
- Step 5. Word 0 is read.
- Step 6. The reading procedure continues back and forth between word 0 and the next higher numbered word until word 1023 or 2047 (as applicable) is reached, then increments to the next word and reads back and forth as in step 1 through step 6 and shall include all words.
- Step 7. Pass execution time =  $(n^2 + n) \times cycle$  time. n = 1024 or 2048 (as applicable).
- 6/ The outputs are loaded per figure 6.
- 7/ SEQUENTIAL (PROGRAMMED PROM).

This program will test all bits in the array for  $t_{PHL2}$  and  $t_{PLH2}$ . The sequential tests shall be performed with  $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$  and 5.5 V.

# Description:

- Step 1. Each word in the pattern is tested from the enable lines to the output lines for recovery.
- Step 2. Word 0 is addressed. Enable line is pulled high to low and low to high. tpHI 2 and tpI H2 are read.
- Step 3. Word 1 is addressed. Same enable sequence as above.
- Step 4. The reading procedure continues until word 1023 or 2047 (as applicable) is reached.
- Step 5. Pass execution times 1024 or 2048 (as applicable) x cycle time.

8/

Device type	t <sub>PHL1</sub> (ns)	t <sub>PLH1</sub> (ns)	t <sub>PHL2</sub> (ns)	t <sub>PLH2</sub> (ns)
01, 02	125	125	60	60
03, 04, 05, 06	90	90	50	50
Circuit F	90	90	50	50
Circuit B device 08	55	55	30	30
09	55	55	30	30
10	55	55	30	30

- 9/ For unprogrammed devices (circuit C), apply 10.0 V on pin 15 (A<sub>9</sub>), 0.5 V on pin 2 (A<sub>5</sub>) and 5.0 V to all other address pins for device types 02 and 10; device types 04 and 09, apply 10 V on pin 8 (A<sub>0</sub>) and 5.0 V on pins 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, (A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub>, A<sub>4</sub>, A<sub>5</sub>); device type 05, apply 10 V on pin 22 (A<sub>9</sub>), 0.5 V on pins 8, 7, 6, 5 (A<sub>0</sub>, A<sub>1</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>, A<sub>3</sub>) and 5.0 V to all other address pins. For unprogrammed devices (circuit F) apply 12.0 V on pin 5 (A<sub>0</sub>) for device types 02 and 08.
- $\underline{10}$ / For unprogrammed devices (circuit G), apply 10.5 V to pins 1 and 8 (A<sub>6</sub> and A<sub>10</sub>), apply 0.0 V to pin 2 (A<sub>5</sub>) and apply 0.0 V to pin 2 (A<sub>5</sub>) and apply 3.0 V to all other address pins for device types 01 and 02; apply 10.5 V to pin 3 (A<sub>5</sub>), apply to 0.0 V to pins 2 and 8 (A<sub>6</sub> and A<sub>0</sub>), and apply 3.0 V to all other address pins for device types 03 and 04.
- 11/ For unprogrammed devices, apply 12.0 V on pin 1 (A<sub>6</sub>) for device types 02 and 08 ( circuit B ).
- $\underline{12}$ / For unprogrammed devices (circuit G), apply 10.5 V on pin 1 and 8 (A<sub>6</sub> and A<sub>10</sub>), apply 0.0 V to pin 3 (A<sub>4</sub>) and apply 3.0 V to all address pins for device type 02, apply 10.5 V to pin 3 (A<sub>5</sub>), apply 0.0 V to pin 8 (A<sub>0</sub>) and apply 3.0 V to all other address pins for device type 04.
- 13/ For unprogrammed device type 02 (with date codes before 8501), apply 10.0 V pin 5 (A<sub>0</sub>); 0.5 V on pin 16 (A<sub>8</sub>), and 5.0 V on all other address pins; and for unprogrammed device type 04 (with date codes before 8501) (circuit C), apply 10.0 V on pin 22 (A<sub>9</sub>) and 5.0 V on all other address pins.
- 14/ Circuit B, device type 08, apply 2.4 V.
- 15/ For unprogrammed devices (circuit B), apply 12.0 V on pins 22 and 1 (Ag and A7) for device types 03 and 04.
- 16/ At the manufacturer's option, this may be performed with  $V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}$  and test limits of 50  $\mu$ A maximum.
- 17/ For unprogrammed devices (circuit F) apply 12.0 V on pin 6 (A<sub>2</sub>) and all other inputs at 0 V for device type 04.
- 18/ IoL = 8 mA for circuits A, B, C, D, E, and G devices; IoL = 16 mA for circuit F devices.
- 19/ For unprogrammed devices (circuit D), apply 12.0 V on pins 8 and 22 (A<sub>0</sub> and A<sub>9</sub>), select an appropriate address to acquire the desired output state.
- 20/ For unprogrammed device type 03 (circuit E), apply 13.0 V on pin 4 (A<sub>4</sub>) and pin 8 (A<sub>0</sub>); and for unprogrammed device type 04 (circuit E), apply 13.0 V on pin 8 (A<sub>0</sub>).

- 4.6 <u>Programming procedure identification.</u> The programming procedure to be utilized shall be identified by the manufacturer's circuit designator. The circuit designator is cross referenced in paragraph 6.7 herein with the manufacturer's symbol or CAGE number.
- 4.7 <u>Programming procedure for circuit A</u>. The waveforms on figure 5A, the programming characteristics in table IVA and the following procedures shall be used for programming the device.
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming. The waveforms on figure 5A and the programming characteristics in table IVA shall apply to these procedures.
  - b. Address the PROM with the binary address of the word to be programmed. Address inputs are TTL compatible. An open circuit shall not be used to address the PROM.
  - c. Apply V<sub>PL</sub> voltage to V<sub>CC</sub>.
  - d. Bring the CE  $\chi$  inputs high and the CE $\chi$  inputs low to disable the device. The chip enables are TTL compatible. An open circuit shall not be used to disable the device.
  - e. Disable the programming circuitry by applying a voltage of VOPD to the outputs of the PROM.
  - f. Raise V<sub>CC</sub> to V<sub>PH</sub> with rise time less than or equal to t<sub>TLH</sub>.
  - g. After a delay equal to or greater than t<sub>D1</sub> apply only one pulse with amplitude of V<sub>OPE</sub> and duration of t<sub>p</sub> to the output selected for programming. Note that the PROM is supplied with fuses intact, which generates an output high. Programming a fuse will cause the output to go low.
  - h. Lower V<sub>CC</sub> to V<sub>PI</sub> following a delay to t<sub>D2</sub> from programming enable pulse applied to an output.
  - i. Enable the PROM for verification by applying  $V_{IL}$  to  $\overline{CE}_{X}$  and  $V_{IH}$  to  $CE_{X}$ .
  - j. Apply V<sub>PHV</sub> to V<sub>CC</sub> and verify bit is programmed.
  - k. Repeat steps 4.7a through 4.7j for all other bits to be programmed in the PROM.
  - For class S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed, it shall be considered a programming reject.

TABLE IVA. Programming characteristics for circuit A. 1/

Parameter	Symbol		Limits 2/		Unit
		Min	Recommended	Max	
Address input voltage 3/	VIH	2.4	5.0	5.0	V
	VIL	0.0	0.4	0.5	ш
Programming	V <sub>PH</sub> <u>4</u> /	10.75	11.0	11.25	V
Voltage to V <sub>CC</sub> low	V <sub>PL</sub>	0.0	0.0	1.5	V
Program verify	V <sub>PHV</sub>		5.5		V
Verify voltage	V <sub>R</sub> <u>5</u> /	4.5		5.5	V
Programming input low current at V <sub>PH</sub>	I <sub>ILP</sub>		-300	-600	μА
Programmed voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> ) transition time	tTLH	1	5	10	μS
	tTHL	1	5	10	66
Programming delay	t <sub>D1</sub>	10	10	20	μS
	t <sub>D2</sub>	1	5	5	"
Programming pulse width	t <sub>P</sub> <u>6</u> /	90	100	110	μS
Programming duty cycle	PDC		30	60	%
Output voltage, enable	V <sub>OPE</sub> <u>7</u> /	10.5	10.5	11.0	V
Output voltage, disable	V <sub>OPD</sub>	0.0	5.0	5.5	V

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{1}$ / During the programming the chip must be disabled for proper operation.

- $\underline{3}$ / No inputs should be left open for V<sub>IH</sub>.
- $\underline{4}/\ \mbox{V}_{\mbox{\footnotesize{PH}}}$  source must be capable of supplying one ampere.
- $\underline{5}\!/$  It is recommended that post programming dual verification be made at  $V_R$  minimum and  $V_R$  maximum.
- 6/ Note step j in programming procedure.
- $\underline{7}\!/$  Vope source must be capable of supplying 10 mA minimum.

 $<sup>2/</sup>T_{C} = +25^{\circ}C.$ 

- 4.8 <u>Programming procedure for circuit B, device types 03 and 04</u>. The waveforms on figure 5B, the programming characteristics in table IVB and the following procedures shall apply for programming the device:
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming.
  - b. Raise V<sub>CC</sub> to 5.5 volts.
  - Address the PROM with the binary address of the selected word to be programmed.
     Address inputs are TTL compatible.
  - d. Disable the chip by applying  $V_{IH}$  to the CE inputs and  $V_{IL}$  to the CE inputs. The chip enable inputs are TTL compatible.
  - e. Apply the Vpp pulse to the programming pin (CE<sub>2</sub>). In order to insure that the output transistor is off before increasing the voltage on the output pin, the programming pin's voltage pulse shall precede the output pin's programming pulse by T<sub>D1</sub> and leave after the output pin's programming pulse by T<sub>D2</sub> (see figure 5B).
  - f. Apply only one V<sub>OUT</sub> pulse with duration of tp to the output selected for programming. The outputs shall be programmed one output at a time, since internal decoding circuitry is capable of sinking only one unit of programming current at a time. Note that the PROM is supplied with fuses generating a high-level logic output. Programming a fuse will cause the output to go to a low-level logic in the verify mode.
  - g. Other bits in the same word may be programmed sequentially by applying V<sub>OUT</sub> pulses to each output to be programmed.
  - h. Repeat 4.8c through 4.8g for all other bits to be programmed.
  - i. Enable the chip by applying  $V_{IL}$  to the  $\overline{CE}$ . Inputs and  $V_{IH}$  to the CE inputs, and verify the program. Verification may check for a low output by requiring the device to sink 12 mA at  $V_{CC}$  = 4.0 V and 0.2 mA at  $V_{CC}$  = 7.0 V at  $T_{C}$  = 25°C.
  - j. For classes S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed, it shall be considered a programming reject.

TABLE IVB. Programming characteristics for circuit B, device types 03 and 04.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Limits 1/		Unit
			Min	Recommended	Max	
V <sub>CC</sub> required during programming	V <sub>CCP</sub>		5.4	5.5	5.6	V
Rise time of programming pulse to data out or programming pin	tтLН		0.34	0.40	0.46	V/µs
Programming voltage on programming pin	V <sub>PP</sub>		32.5	33	33.5	V
Output programming voltage	Vout		25.5	26	26.5	V
Programming pin pulse width ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ )	tpp	Chip disabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V		100	180	ns
Pulse width of programming voltage	tp	Chip disabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	1		40	μS
Required current limit of power supply feeding programming pin and output during programming	ΙL	V <sub>PP</sub> = 33 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 26 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	240			mA
Required time delay between disabling memory output and application of output programming pulse	T <sub>D1</sub>	Measured at 10% levels	70	80	90	μS
Required time delay between removal of programming pulse and enabling memory output	T <sub>D2</sub>	Measured at 10% levels	100			ns
Output current during	I <sub>OLV1</sub>	Chip enabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.0 V	11	12	13	mA
verification	I <sub>OLV2</sub>	Chip enabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 7.0 V	0.19	0.2	0.21	mA
Address input voltage	VIH		2.4	5.0	5.5	V
	VIL		0.0	0.4	0.8	V
Maximum duty cycle during automatic programming of programming pin and output pin	D.C	t <sub>P</sub> / t <sub>C</sub>			25	%

 $1/ T_C = +25^{\circ}C.$ 

- 4.8.1 <u>Programming procedure for circuit B, device types 01, 02, and 08</u>. The waveforms on figure 5B, (device types 01, 02, and 08), the programming characteristics in table IVB (device types 01, 02, and 08), and the following procedures shall apply for programming the device:
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming.
  - b. Apply  $V_{IH}$  to  $\overline{CE}_1$  and the binary address of the PROM word to be programmed. Raise  $V_{CC}$  to  $V_{CCP}$ .
  - c. After a t<sub>D</sub> delay, apply only one V<sub>OP</sub> to the output to be programmed high. Apply V<sub>OP</sub> to one output at a time.
  - d. After a  $t_D$  delay, a pulse  $\overline{CE}_1$  to a  $V_{IL}$  level for a duration of  $t_P$ .
  - e. After a tp and to delay, remove Vop from the programmed output.
  - f. Other bits in the same word may be programmed sequentially while the  $V_{CC}$  input is at the  $V_{CCP}$  level by applying  $V_{OP}$  pulses to each output to be programmed and pulsing  $\overline{CE}_1$  to the  $V_{IL}$  level, allowing for proper delays between  $V_{OP}$  and  $\overline{CE}_1$ .
  - g. Repeat 4.8.1b through 4.8.1e for all other bits to be programmed.
  - h. To verify programming, lower  $V_{CCP}$  to  $V_{CC}$ . Connect a 10 k $\Omega$  resistor between each output and  $V_{CC}$ . Apply  $V_{IL}$  to  $\overline{CE}_1$  input. The programmed outputs should remain in the high state and the unprogrammed outputs should go to the low level.
  - For classes S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed, it shall be considered a programming reject.

TABLE IVB. Programming characteristics for circuit B, device types 01, 02, and 08.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Limits 1/		Unit
			Min	Recommended	Max	
V <sub>CC</sub> required during programming	V <sub>CCP</sub>		11.5	11.75	12.0	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> current limit during programming	IOP		20	25	30	mA
Output programming voltage	Vout		10.5	11.0	11.5	V
Pulse width of programming voltage	t <sub>P</sub>		9	10	11	μS
Programming delay	t <sub>D</sub>		0	1	10	μS
V <sub>CCP</sub> or V <sub>OUT</sub> transition time	tтLН	Rise time of V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>OUT</sub>	1	5	10	V/μs
V <sub>CCP</sub> current	ICCP		800	900	1000	mA
Low V <sub>CC</sub> for verification	VCCL		4.2	4.3	4.4	V
High V <sub>CC</sub> for verification	Vccн		5.8	6.0	6.2	V
Address input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		2.4	3.0	5.5	V
	VIL		0.0	0.0	0.5	V
Maximum duty cycle during automatic programming of programming pin and output pin	D.C	t <sub>P</sub> / t <sub>C</sub>		25	25	%

 $1/ T_C = +25^{\circ}C.$ 

- 4.9 <u>Programming procedure for circuit C.</u> The waveforms on figure 5C, the programming characteristics in table IVC and the following procedures shall apply for programming the device:
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming.
  - b. Terminate all device outputs with a 10 k  $\Omega$  resistor to V<sub>CC</sub>. Apply V<sub>IH</sub> to the  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  inputs and V<sub>IL</sub> to the CE inputs
  - c. Address the PROM with the binary address of the selected word to be programmed. Raise V<sub>CC</sub> to V<sub>CCP</sub>.
  - d. After a  $t_D$  delay (10  $\mu$ s), apply only one  $V_{OUT}$  pulse to the output to be programmed. Program one output at a time
  - e. After a  $t_D$  delay (10  $\mu$ s), pulse  $\overline{CE}$  input to logic "0" for a duration of  $t_P$ .
  - f. After a  $t_D$  delay (10  $\mu$ s), remove the  $V_{OUT}$  pulse from the programmed output. Programming a fuse will cause the output to go to a high-level logic in the verify mode.
  - g. Other bits in the same word may be programmed sequentially while the V<sub>CC</sub> input is at the V<sub>CCP</sub> level by applying V<sub>OUT</sub> pulses to each output to be programmed allowing a delay of t<sub>D</sub> between pulses as shown on figure 5C.
  - h. Repeat 4.9c through 4.9g for all other bits to be programmed.
  - i. To verify programming after t<sub>D</sub> (10 μs) delay, lower V<sub>CC</sub> to V<sub>CCH</sub> and apply a logic "0" level to both CE Inputs and logic "1" level to CE inputs. The programmed output should remain in the "1" state. Again, lower V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>CCL</sub> and verify that the programmed output remains in the "1" state.
  - j. For class S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed, it shall be considered a programming reject.

TABLE IVC. Programming characteristics for circuit C.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Limits 1/		Unit
			Min	Recommended	Max	
Programming voltage	V <sub>CCP</sub> <u>1</u> /	I <sub>CCP</sub> = 375 ±75 mA transient or steady-state	8.5	8.75	9.0	V
Verification upper limit	Vcch		5.3	5.5	5.7	V
Verification lower limit	VCCL		4.3	4.5	4.7	<b>V</b>
Verify threshold	V <sub>S</sub> <u>2</u> /		1.4	1.5	1.6	V
Programming supply current	ICCP	V <sub>CCP</sub> = +8.75 ±0.25 V	300	350	400	mA
Input voltage high level "1"	V <sub>IH</sub>		2.4		5.5	٧
Input voltage low level "0"	VIL		0	0.4	0.8	V
Input current	I <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = +5.5 V			50	μΑ
Input current	I <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub> = +0.4 V			-500	μΑ
Output programming voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub> <u>3</u> /	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 ±20 mA, transient or steady-state	16	17	18	V
Output programming current	lout	V <sub>OUT</sub> = +17 ±1 V	180	200	220	mA
Programming voltage transition time	tTLH		10		50	μS
CE programming pulse width	tp		0.3	0.4	0.5	ms
Pulse sequence delay	t <sub>D</sub>		10			μ\$
Programming duty cycle	t <sub>PR</sub>				50	%

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{1}/$  Bypass VCC to GND with a 0.01  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor to reduce voltage spikes.

<sup>2/</sup> Vs is the sensing threshold of the PROM output voltage for a programmed bit. It normally constitutes the reference voltage applied to a comparator circuit to verify a successful fusing attempt.

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{3}$ / Care should be taken to insure the 17 ±1 V output voltage is maintained during the entire fusing cycle. The recommended supply is a constant current source clamped at the specified voltage limit.

- 4.10 <u>Programming procedure for circuit D</u>. The waveforms on figure 5D, the programming characteristics in table IVD and the following procedures shall apply for programming the device:
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming.
  - b. Select the word to be programmed by applying the appropriate voltages to the address pins as well as the required voltages to chip enable pins to select the device.
  - c. Apply the proper power,  $V_{CC} = 6.5 \text{ V}$ , GND = 0 V.
  - d. Verify that the bit to be programmed is in the "0" logic state.
  - e. Enable the chip for programming by application of the chip enable voltage,  $V_{P(CE)} = 21.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_{2}$ ,  $CE_{3}$ , and  $CE_{4}$  should be left high, and  $\overline{CE}_{1}$  should remain low.
  - f. Apply I<sub>OP</sub> programming current ramp to the output to be programmed. The other outputs shall be left open. Only one output may be programmed at a time. During the rise of the current ramp, the required current will be achieved to program the junction. As programming occurs, a drop in voltage can be sensed at the output of the device. Upon detection of V<sub>ps</sub>, the current shall be held for t<sub>hap</sub> and then shut off.
  - g. Verify that the programmed bits is in the "1" logic state. Lower V<sub>P</sub>(CE<sub>1</sub>) to 0 V and read the output. Note that the PROM is supplied with fuses generating a low level logic output. Programming a fuse will cause the output to go to a high level logic in the verify mode.
  - h. Lower V<sub>CC</sub> to 0 V. The power supply duty cycle shall be equal to or less than 50 percent.
  - i. If the bit verifies as not having been programmed at  $V_{CC} = 6.5 \text{ V}$ , repeat the programming ramp sequence up to 15 times until the bit is programmed. If after 16 programming attempts, the bit does not program, the device shall be considered a reject.
  - j. If the bit verifies as having been programmed at V<sub>CC</sub> = 6.5 V, one of the following two conditions shall be followed:
    - (1) If the current required to program was less than IOP(max), proceed to 4.10 k.
    - (2) If the current required to program was equal to or greater than I<sub>OP</sub>(max), the device shall be considered a reject and no further attempts at programming other bits shall be attempted.
  - k. Repeat 4.10a through 4.10j for all other bits to be programmed.
  - For class S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed, it shall be considered a programming reject.

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TABLE IVD. Programming characteristics for circuit D.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions 1/	Limits		Unit	
	,	_	Min	Recommended	Max	
Address input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	Don't leave inputs open	2.4	5.0	5.0	V
	V <sub>IL</sub>		0	0	0.4	
Chip enable programming voltage	V <sub>P(CE)</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL},$ $CE_3 = CE_4 = V_{IH},$ $V_{P(CE)} = \overline{CE}_2$	20.5	21.0	21.5	V
Programming voltage limit	V <sub>OP(max)</sub>	Programming current ramp voltage limit	24	25	26	V
Power supply	Vcc		6.3	6.5	6.7	V
Power supply current	Icc				250	mA
Chip enable current	ICE				150	mA
Initial value of programming current ramp	I <sub>OP(INIT)</sub>		19	20	21	mA
Maximum value of programming current ramp	I <sub>OP(max)</sub>		155	160	165	mA
Programming current ramp (linear slew rate)	SRI <sub>OP</sub>		0.9	1.0	1.1	mA/μs
V <sub>CC</sub> pulse rise time	t <sub>r</sub> (V <sub>CC</sub> )		0.2	2.0		μS
V <sub>CC</sub> pulse fall time	t <sub>f</sub> (V <sub>CC</sub> )		0.2	2.0		μS
Chip enable rise time	t <sub>r</sub> ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_{2)}$		3.0	4.0		μS
Chip enable fall time	t <sub>f</sub> ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_{2)}$		0.2	4.0		μS
Programming current ramp fall time	t <sub>f</sub> (I <sub>OP</sub> )			0.1	0.2	μS
Hold time after programming	t <sub>hap</sub>		1.4	1.5	1.6	μS
Time to reach IOP initial	tIOP		0.5	1.0	2.0	μS
Delay to start V <sub>ps</sub> sense	t <sub>dss</sub>		2.0	3.0	4.0	μS
Delay to chip enable pulse	t <sub>dce</sub>			1.0		μS
Delay to programming ramp	t <sub>d</sub> (I <sub>OP</sub> )		2.0	3.0	10	μS
Delay after programming to CE <sub>1</sub>	t <sub>dRAP</sub>		2.0	3.0	10	μs
Delay to read after programming	t <sub>dRAP</sub>	Programming verification	2.0	3.0		μS

TABLE IVD. <u>Programming characteristics for circuit D</u> – Continued.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions 1/ Limits		Conditions 1/ Limits	Conditions 1/ Limits	Conditions 1/ Limits		Unit
	,	_	Min	Recommended	Max			
Delay to V <sub>CC</sub> off	t <sub>D</sub> (V <sub>CC</sub> )			1.0		μS		
Delay to read before programming	t <sub>dRBP</sub>	Initial check	2.0	3.0		μS		
Width to read compare strobe	t <sub>W</sub>			1.0		μS		
Voltage change at programming	V <sub>ps</sub>	Typical 2.0 V	0.7	2.0		V		
Time to program bit	t <sub>tp</sub>	V <sub>ps</sub> sensing circuit will automatically adjust this time						
Duty cycle power		Maximum duty cycle to maintain in T <sub>C</sub> < +85°C		50		%		
Case temperature	T <sub>C</sub>		25	85		°C		

 $<sup>1/</sup> T_C = +25^{\circ}C.$ 

- 4.11 <u>Programming procedure for circuit E</u>. The waveforms on figure 5E, the programming characteristics in table IVE and the following procedures shall apply for programming the device:
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming.
  - b. Terminate all outputs with a 300  $\Omega$  resistor to V<sub>ONP</sub>. Apply V<sub>IHP</sub> to the  $\overline{CE}_2$ , CE<sub>3</sub>, and CE<sub>4</sub> inputs and V<sub>II P</sub> to the  $\overline{CE}_1$  inputs.
  - c. Address the PROM with the binary address of the selected word to be programmed. Raise V<sub>CC</sub> to V<sub>CCP</sub>.
  - d. After a delay of  $t_1$ , apply only one  $V_{OP}$  pulse with a duration of  $t_P$ ,  $t_P$ , and  $d(V_{OP})$  / dt to the output selected for programming. After a delay of  $t_P$  and  $d(V_{OP})$  / dt, pulse  $\overline{CE}_P$  from  $V_{IHP}$  to  $V_{CEP}$  for the duration of  $t_P$ ,  $2d(V_{CE})$  / dt, and  $t_R$ ;  $\overline{CE}_P$  is then to go to the  $V_{ILP}$  level.
  - e. To verify programming after  $\overline{CE}_1$  has been set to  $V_{ILP}$ , lower  $V_{CC}$  to  $V_{CCL}$  after a delay of t<sub>4</sub>. The programmed output should remain in the logic "1" state.
  - f. The outputs should be programmed one output at a time since the internal decoding circuitry is capable of sinking only one unit of programming current at a time. Note that the PROM is supplied with fuses generating a low level logic output. Programming a fuse will cause the output to go to a high level logic in the verify mode.
  - g. Repeat 4.11c through 4.11f for all other bits to be programmed.
  - h. For class S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed, it shall be considered a programming reject.

TABLE IVE. Programming characteristics for circuit E.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min	Recommended	Max	
V <sub>CC</sub> required during programming	VCCP		5.0		5.5	V
High level input voltage during programming	VIHP		2.4		5.5	V
Low level input voltage during programming	VILP		0.0		0.45	V
Chip enable voltage during programming	V <sub>CEP</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> pin	14.5		15.5	<b>V</b>
Output voltage during programming	VOP		19.5		20.5	<b>V</b>
Voltage on outputs not to be programmed	V <sub>ONP</sub>		0		V <sub>CCP</sub> +0.3	٧
Current on outputs not to be programmed	I <sub>ONP</sub>				20	mA
Rate of output voltage change	d(V <sub>OP</sub> ) / dt		20		250	V/μs
Rate of chip enable voltage change	d(V <sub>CE</sub> ) / dt	CE <sub>1</sub> pin	100		1000	V/μs
Programming period	tp		50		100	μ\$
V <sub>CC</sub> during programming verification	VCCL		4.5		5.0	μ\$

- 4.12 <u>Programming procedure for circuit F.</u> The waveforms on figure 5F, the programming characteristics in table IVF and the following procedures shall apply for programming the device:
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming.
  - b. Raise V<sub>CC</sub> to 5.5 volts.
  - Address the PROM with the binary address of the selected word to be programmed.
     Address inputs are TTL compatible.
  - d. Disable the chip by applying  $V_{IH}$  to the  $\overline{CE}$  inputs and  $V_{IL}$  to the  $\overline{CE}$  inputs. The chip enable inputs are TTL compatible.
  - e. Apply the Vpp pulse to the programming pin ( $\overline{CE}_2$ ). In order to insure that the output transistor is off before increasing the voltage on the output pin, the programming pin's voltage pulse shall precede the output pin's programming pulse by  $T_{D1}$  and leave after the output pin's programming pulse by  $T_{D2}$  (see figure 5F).
  - f. Apply only one V<sub>OUT</sub> pulse with duration of tp to the output selected for programming. The outputs shall be programmed one output at a time since internal decoding circuitry is capable of sinking only one unit of programming current at a time. Note that the PROM is supplied with fuses generating a high-level logic output. Programming a fuse will cause the output to go to a low level logic in the verify mode.
  - g. Other bits in the same word may be programmed sequentially by applying V<sub>OUT</sub> pulses to each output to be programmed.
  - h. Repeat 4.12c through 4.12g for all other bits to be programmed.
  - i. Enable the chip by applying  $V_{IL}$  to the  $\overline{CE}$  inputs and  $V_{IH}$  to the CE inputs, and verify the program. Verification may check for a low output by requiring the device to sink 12 mA at  $V_{CC} = 4.2$  V and 0.2 mA at  $V_{CC} = 6.2$  V at  $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}$ C.
  - j. For classes S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed, it shall be considered a programming reject.

TABLE IVF. Programming characteristics for circuit F.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Limits 1/			Unit
			Min	Recommended	Max	
V <sub>CC</sub> required during programming	V <sub>CCP</sub>		5.4	5.5	5.6	V
Rise time of programming pulse to data out or programming pin	tTLH		0.34	0.40	0.46	V/μs
Programming voltage on programming pin	V <sub>PP</sub>		32.5	33	33.5	V
Output programming voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>		25.5	26	26.5	V
Programming pin pulse width ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ )	tpp	Chip disabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V		100	180	ns
Pulse width of programming voltage	tp	Chip disabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	1		40	μS
Required current limit of power supply feeding programming pin and output during programming	ΙL	V <sub>PP</sub> = 33 V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 26 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V	240			mA
Required time delay between disabling memory output and application of output programming pulse	T <sub>D1</sub>	Measured at 10% levels	70	80	90	μs
Required time delay between removal of programming pulse and enabling memory output	T <sub>D2</sub>	Measured at 10% levels	100			ns
Output current during	I <sub>OLV1</sub>	Chip enabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.2 V	11	12	13	mA
verification	I <sub>OLV2</sub>	Chip enabled, V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.2 V	0.19	0.2	0.21	mA
Address input voltage	VIH		2.4	5.0	5.5	V
	VIL		0.0	0.4	0.8	V
Maximum duty cycle during automatic programming of programming pin and output pin	D.C	t <sub>P</sub> / t <sub>C</sub>			25	%

 $<sup>1/</sup> T_C = +25^{\circ}C.$ 

- 4.12 <u>Programming procedure for circuit G.</u> The waveforms on figure 5G, the programming characteristics in table IVG and the following procedures shall apply for programming the device:
  - a. Connect the device in the electrical configuration for programming.
  - b. Select the desired word by applying high or low levels to the appropriate address inputs. Disable the device by applying a high level to one or more active low chip enable inputs. Note that the address and enable inputs must be driven with TTL logic levels during programming and verification.
  - c. Increase  $V_{CC}$  from nominal to  $V_{CCP}$  (10.5  $\pm$ 0.5 V) with a slew rate limit of  $I_{RR}$  (1.0 to 10.0 V/ $\mu$ s). Since  $V_{CC}$  is the source of the current required to program the fuse, as well as the  $I_{CC}$  for the device at the programming voltage, it must be capable of supplying 750 mA at 11.0 volts.
  - d. Select the output where a logical high is desired by raising that output voltage to  $V_{OP}$  (10.5  $\pm$ 0.5 V). Limit the slew rate to  $I_{RR}$  (1.0 to 10.0 V/ $\mu$ s). This voltage change may occur simultaneously with the  $V_{CC}$  increase to  $V_{CCP}$ , but must not precede it. It is critical that only one output at a time be programmed since the internal circuits can only supply programming current to one bit at a time. Outputs not being programmed must be left open or connected to a high impedance source of 20 k $\Omega$  minimum (remember that the outputs of the device are disabled at this time).
  - e. Enable the device by taking the chip enables to a low level. This is done with a pulse PWE for 10 µs. The 10 µs duration refers to the time that the circuit (device) is enabled. Normal input levels are used and rise and fall times are not critical.
  - f. Verify that the bit has been programmed by first removing the programming voltage from the output and then reducing V<sub>CC</sub> to 5.0 V (±0.25 V). The device must be enabled to sense the state of the outputs. During verification, the loading of the output must be within specified I<sub>OL</sub> and I<sub>OH</sub> limits.
  - g. If the device is not to be tested for  $V_{OH}$  over the entire operating range subsequent to programming, the verification of step f is to be performed at a  $V_{CC}$  level of 4.0 volt ( $\pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ ).  $V_{OH}$ , during the 4 volt verification, must be at least 2.0 volts. The 4 volt  $V_{CC}$  verification assures minimum  $V_{OH}$  levels over the entire operating range.
  - h. Repeat steps 4.13b through 4.13f for each bit to be programmed to a high level. If the procedure is performed on an automatic programmer, the duty cycle of V<sub>CC</sub> at the programming voltage must be limited to a maximum of 25 percent. This is necessary to minimize device junction temperature. After all selected bits are programmed, the entire contents of the memory should be verified.
  - i. For class S and B devices, if any bit does not verify as programmed it shall be considered a programming reject.

TABLE IVG. Programming characteristics for circuit G.

Parameter Symbol		Conditions		Limits <u>1</u> /		Unit
			Min	Recommended	Max	
Required V <sub>CC</sub> for programming	V <sub>CCP</sub>		10.0	10.5	11.0	V
I <sub>CC</sub> during programming	ICCP	V <sub>CC</sub> = 11 V			750	mA
Required output voltage for programming	V <sub>OP</sub>		10.0	10.5	11.0	V
Output current while programming	I <sub>OP</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 11 V			20	mA
Rate of voltage change of V <sub>CC</sub> or output	I <sub>RR</sub>		1.0		10.0	V/μs
Programming pulse width (enabled)	PWE		9	10	11	μS
Required V <sub>CC</sub> for verification	Vccv		3.8	4.0	4.2	V
Maximum duty cycle for VCC at VCCP	MDC			25	25	%
Address setup time	t <sub>1</sub>		100			ns
V <sub>CCP</sub> set-up time	t <sub>2</sub>	2/	5			μS
V <sub>CCP</sub> hold time	t <sub>5</sub>		100			ns
V <sub>OP</sub> setup time	t <sub>3</sub>		100			ns
V <sub>OP</sub> hold time	t <sub>4</sub>		100			ns

 $<sup>1/</sup> T_C = +25^{\circ}C.$ 

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{\textit{2}}$ / V<sub>CCP</sub> set-up time may be greater than 0 if V<sub>CCP</sub> rises at the same rate or faster than V<sub>OP</sub>.

## 5. PACKAGING

5.1 <u>Packaging requirements.</u> For acquisition purposes, the packaging requirements shall be as specified in the contract or order (see 6.2). When packaging of materiel is to be performed by DoD or in-house contractor personnel, these personnel need to contact the responsible packaging activity to ascertain packaging requirements. Packaging requirements are maintained by the Inventory Control Point's packaging activity within the Military Service or Defense Agency, or within the military service's system command. Packaging data retrieval is available from the managing Military Department's or Defense Agency's automated packaging files, CD-ROM products, or by contacting the responsible packaging activity.

## 6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature which may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

- 6.1 <u>Intended use.</u> Microcircuits conforming to this specification are intended for logistic support of existing equipment.
  - 6.2 Acquisition requirements. Acquisition documents should specify the following:
    - a. Title, number, and date of the specification.
    - b. PIN and compliance identifier, if applicable (see 1.2).
    - c. Requirements for delivery of one copy of the conformance inspection data pertinent to the device inspection lot to be supplied with each shipment by the device manufacturer, if applicable.
    - d. Requirements for certificate of compliance, if applicable.
    - e. Requirements for notification of change of product or process to contracting activity in addition to notification to the qualifying activity, if applicable.
    - f. Requirements for failure analysis (including required test condition of method 5003 of MIL-STD-883), corrective action, and reporting of results, if applicable.
    - g. Requirements for product assurance options.
    - h. Requirements for special lead lengths, or lead forming, if applicable. Unless otherwise specified, these requirements will not apply to direct purchase by or direct shipment to the Government.
    - i. Requirement for programming the device, including processing option.
    - j. Requirements for "JAN" marking.
    - k. Packaging Requirements (see 5.1)
- 6.3 <u>Qualification</u>. With respect to products requiring qualification, awards will be made only for products which are, at the time of award of contract, qualified for inclusion in Qualified Manufacturers List QML-38535 whether or not such products have actually been so listed by that date. The attention of the contractors is called to these requirements, and manufacturers are urged to arrange to have the products that they propose to offer to the Federal Government tested for qualification in order that they may be eligible to be awarded contracts or purchase orders for the products covered by this specification. Information pertaining to qualification of products may be obtained from DSCC-VQ, 3990 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43218-3990.

- 6.4 <u>Superseding information</u>. The requirements of MIL-M-38510 have been superseded to take advantage of the available Qualified Manufacturer Listing (QML) system provided by MIL-PRF-38535. Previous references to MIL-M-38510 in this document have been replaced by appropriate references to MIL-PRF-38535. All technical requirements now consist of this specification and MIL-PRF-38535. The MIL-M-38510 specification sheet number and PIN have been retained to avoid adversely impacting existing government logistics systems and contractor's parts lists.
- 6.5 <u>Abbreviations, symbols, and definitions.</u> The abbreviations, symbols, and definitions used herein are defined in MIL-PRF-38535, MIL-HDBK-1331, and as follows:

GND	Electrical ground (common terminal).
I <sub>IN</sub>	Current flowing into an input terminal.
V <sub>IC</sub>	Input clamp voltage.
V <sub>IN</sub>	Voltage level at an input terminal.

- 6.6 <u>Logistic support.</u> Lead materials and finishes (see 3.4) are interchangeable. Unless otherwise specified, microcircuits acquired for Government logistic support will be acquired to device class B (see 1.2.2), lead material and finish A (see 3.4). Longer length leads and lead forming should not affect the part number. It is intended that spare devices for logistic support be acquired in the unprogrammed condition (see 3.8.1) and programmed by the maintenance activity, except where use quantities for devices with a specific program or pattern justify stocking of preprogrammed devices.
- 6.7 <u>Substitutability.</u> The cross-reference information below is presented for the convenience of users. Microcircuits covered by this specification will functionally replace the listed generic-industry type. Generic-industry microcircuit types may not have equivalent operational performance characteristics across military temperature ranges or reliability factors equivalent to MIL-M-38510 device types and may have slight physical variations in relation to case size. The presence of this information should not be deemed as permitting substitution of generic-industry types for MIL-M-38510 types or as a waiver of any of the provisions of MIL-PRF-38535.

Military device type	Generic-industry type	Circuit designator	Fusible links
01 <u>1</u> /	7684 / Harris Semiconductor / CAGE 34371	А	NiCr
01	77S184 / National Semiconductor / CAGE 27014	G	TiW
01 <u>1</u> /	82S184 / Signetics Corporation / CAGE 18324	С	NiCr
02 <u>1</u> /	7685 / Harris Semiconductor / CAGE 34371	Α	NiCr
02	77S185 / National Semiconductor / CAGE 27014	G	TiW / W
02, 10	82S185A / Signetics Corporation / CAGE 18324	С	NiCr
02, 08	29651 / Raytheon Company / CAGE 07933	F	NiCr
03	77S180 / National Semiconductor / CAGE 27014	G	TiW
03 <u>1</u> /	7680 / Harris Semiconductor / CAGE 34371	Α	NiCr
03 <u>1</u> /	82S180 / Signetics Corporation / CAGE 18324	С	NiCr
03	93Z450 / Fairchild Corporation / CAGE 07263	D	ZVE <u>2</u> /
03	27S180 / Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. / CAGE 34335	E	Platinum silicide

Military device type	Generic-industry type	Circuit designator	Fusible links
04	77S181 / National Semiconductor / CAGE 27014	G	TiW / W
04 <u>1</u> /	7681 / Harris Semiconductor / CAGE 34371	Α	NiCr
04, 09	82S181A / Signetics Corporation / CAGE 18324	С	NiCr
04, 09	93Z451 / Fairchild Corporation / CAGE 07263	D	ZVE <u>2</u> /
04	27S181 / Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. / CAGE 34335	E	Platinum silicide
04	29631 / Raytheon Company / CAGE 07933	F	NiCr
05	82S2708 / Signetics Corporation / CAGE 18324	С	NiCr
05	93Z461 / Fairchild Corporation / CAGE 07263	D	ZVE <u>2</u> /
06	93Z460 / Fairchild Corporation / CAGE 07263	D	ZVE <u>2</u> /
02, 08	53S841 / Monolithic Memories, Inc. / CAGE 56364	В	TiW

<sup>1/</sup> These generic industry types are no longer manufactured.

6.8 <u>Change from previous issue.</u> Marginal notations are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue, due to the extensiveness of the changes.

Custodians:

Army - CR Navy - EC Air Force - 11 DLA - CC Preparing activity: DLA - CC

Review activities:

Army – SM, MI Navy - AS, CG, MC, SH TD Air Force – 03, 19, 99 (Project 5962-2005-047)

NOTE: The activities listed above were interested in this document as of the date of this document. Since organization and responsibilities can change, you should verify the currency of the information above using the ASSIST Online database at <a href="http://assist.daps.dla.mil">http://assist.daps.dla.mil</a>.

Z/ Zapped vertical emitter.