

128MB to 8GB  
USB Flash Disk Module



www.stec-inc.com

# SLUFDM<sub>xxx</sub>(M/G)U1U(I)-y

USB Solid-State Flash Disk

Capacity: 128MB - 8GB

USB 2.0 Compliant

Form Factors:

- Horizontal
- Low Profile

High Reliability:

- Endurance Guarantee of 2,000,000 Write/Erase Cycles
- Built-in Wear-leveling
- 5 Bytes Detect/4 Bytes Correct EDC/ECC
- Automatic Bad Block Management
- Single Level Cell (SLC) NAND Flash Memory
- 10 Year Data Retention

Unique Serial Number

Commercial and Industrial Operating Temperature

RoHS-6 Compliant

5-Year Warranty

## General Description

USB Flash Disk Module (UFD) provides non-volatile, solid-state storage in a compact design, making it perfectly suited for embedded applications. STEC's patented IC Tower® stacking technology make it possible to provide the UFD in capacities up to 8GB, the highest in the industry. The standard USB 2.0 interface provides designers with a true plug-n-play storage device, allowing for short design cycles and fast time to market.

STEC's proprietary state-of-the-art USB 2.0 flash memory controller is incorporated in the UFD, providing high data reliability and endurance. The flash management software that is embedded in the controller emulates a hard disk, enabling read/write operations that are identical to a standard, sector-based hard disk. Sophisticated wear leveling algorithms guarantee 2,000,000 Write/Erase Cycles, while automatic bad block management and a built-in ECC Engine guarantee the highest data reliability. Based on the Reed-Solomon algorithm, the ECC engine can detect up to 5-byte errors and correct up to 4-byte errors per 512 bytes.

USB Flash Disk Module is available with a standard 2.54mm connector or a 2.0mm low profile connector, specifically suited for designs that have Z-height constraints.

High performance, high reliability and low cost per MByte make the USB Flash Disk Module the product of choice in embedded applications, such as Gaming, POS Workstations, Networking Equipment and Industrial PCs.

STEC offers value-added services to OEM customers, such as customized form factors and test solutions, custom firmware, controlled Bill Of Materials, customer-specific labeling and serialization.

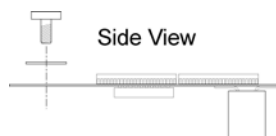
## Ordering Information

### USB Flash Disk Module

| Part Number        | FDM Form Factor | Capacity   |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------|
| SLUFDM128MU1U(I)-y | y=A, B          | 128 MBytes |
| SLUFDM256MU1U(I)-y | y=A, B          | 256 MBytes |
| SLUFDM512MU1U(I)-y | y=A, B          | 512 MBytes |
| SLUFDM1GU1U(I)-y   | y=A, B          | 1 GBytes   |
| SLUFDM2GU1U(I)-y   | y=A, B          | 2 GBytes   |
| SLUFDM4GU1U(I)-y   | y=A, B          | 4 GBytes   |
| SLUFDM8GU1U(I)-y   | y=A, B          | 8 GBytes   |

### Legend:

- **(M/G)** indicates if preceding capacity (xxx) is in MBytes (M) or GBytes (G).
- **U** = RoHS-6 compliant
- **(I)** = Industrial Temperature Range (-40°C to +85 °C).
- **Part numbers without (I)** = Commercial Temperature Range (0°C to 70°C).
- **(y)** = A for Horizontal **(y)** = B for Low Profile



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## 1.0 Introduction

This datasheet includes the following sections:

- *Product Specifications* covers the most referenced specifications, such as mechanical dimensions, ball assignment, signal description, and performance.
- *Theory of Operation* explains the USB Flash Disk Module block diagram, and flash management features.
- *Environmental Specifications* characterizes the recommended operating conditions, reliability parameters and shock, vibration and humidity parameters.
- *Electrical Specifications* describes the absolute maximum ratings and AC/DC characteristics.
- *Evaluating USB Flash Disk Module* describes how designers can evaluate the USB Flash Disk Module if there is no 2x5-pin connector yet available on the hardware design.
- *Product Marking* describes the marking on the USB Flash Disk Module.



Figure 1: USB Flash Disk Module

## 2.0 Product Specifications

### 2.1 Mechanical Dimensions

#### 2.1.1 Horizontal

Table 1 and Figure 2 show the mechanical dimensions of the USB Flash Disk Module – horizontal form factor (P/N SLUFDMxxx(M/G)U1U(I)-A).

Table 1: Mechanical dimensions - horizontal form factor

| Parameter          | Value                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Length             | 37.80 ± 0.15 mm (1.488 ± 0.006 in) |
| Width              | 26.65 ± 0.15 mm (1.049 ± 0.006 in) |
| Height (128MB-4GB) | 10.27 mm (0.404 in) max            |
| Height (8GB)       | 11.16 mm (0.439 in) max            |

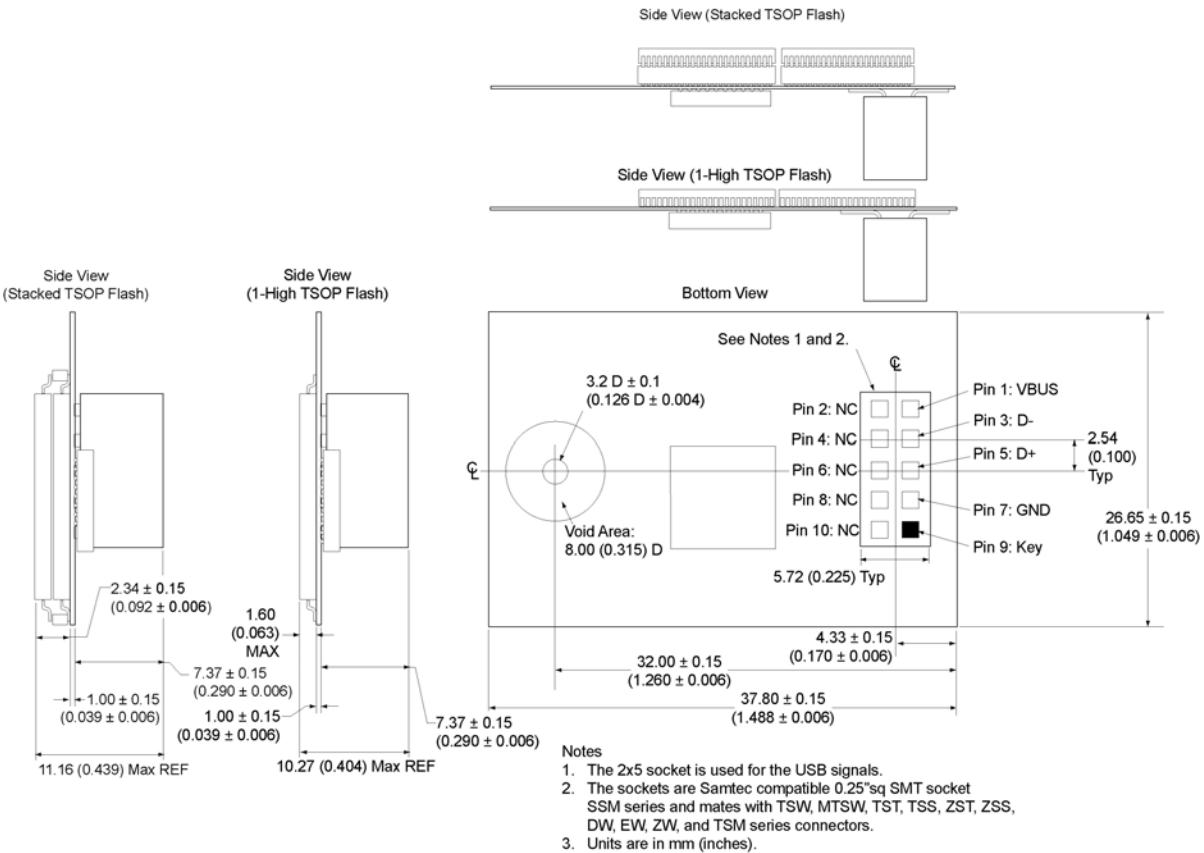


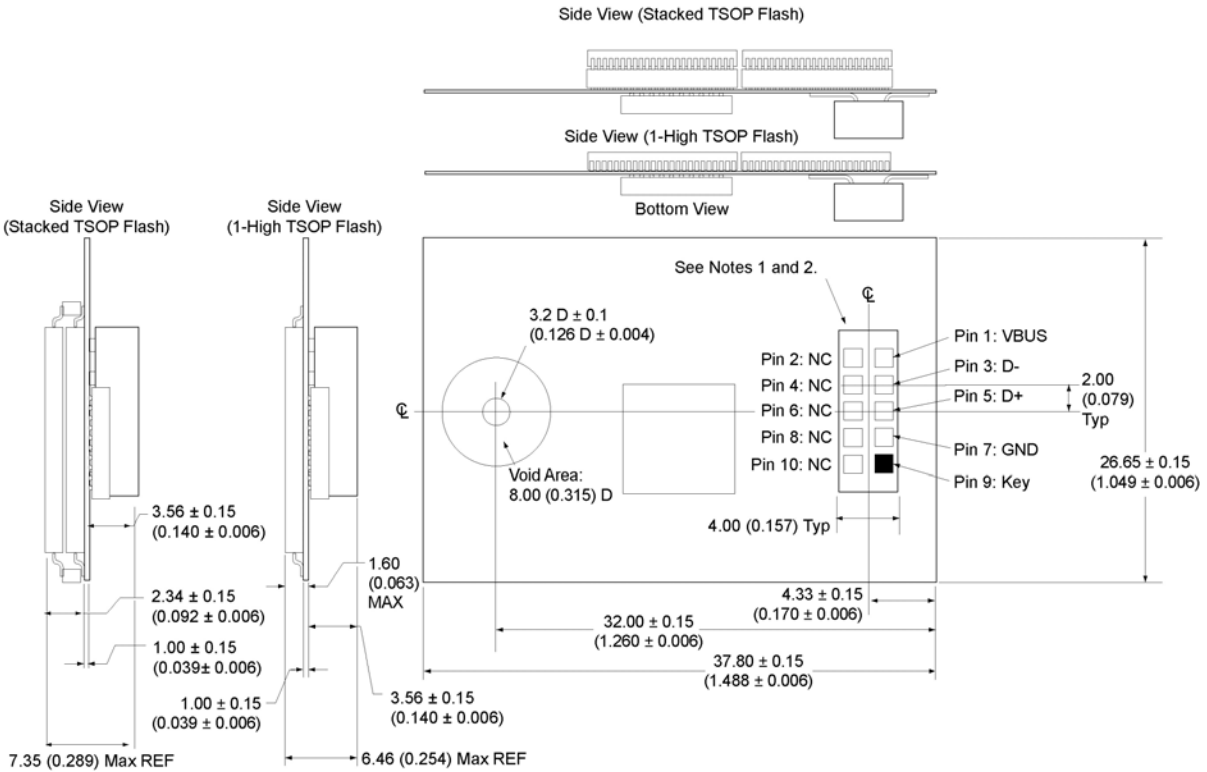
Figure 2: Mechanical dimensions - horizontal form factor

2.1.2 Low Profile

Table 2 and Figure 3 show the mechanical dimensions of the USB Flash Disk Module – low profile form factor (P/N SLUFDMxxx(M/G)U1U(I)-B).

Table 2: Mechanical dimensions – low profile form factor

| Parameter          | Value                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| Length             | 37.80 ± 0.15 mm (1.488 ± 0.006 in) |
| Width              | 26.65 ± 0.15 mm (1.049 ± 0.006 in) |
| Height (128MB-4GB) | 6.46 mm (0.254 in) max             |
| Height (8GB)       | 7.35 mm (0.289 in) max             |



- Notes
1. The 2x5 socket is used for the USB signals.
  2. The sockets are Samtec compatible 2mm high rel socket SMM series and mates with TMM, TMMH, MTMM, MMT, LTMM, TW, and TCMD series connectors.
  3. Units are in mm (inches).

Figure 3: Mechanical dimensions – low profile form factor

## 2.2 Pin Assignment

Table 3: Pin Assignment

| Pin Number | Signal Name | Pin Type | Pin Number | Signal Name | Pin Type    |
|------------|-------------|----------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1          | VBUS        | Power    | 6          | NC          | I/O         |
| 2          | NC          | —        | 7          | GND         | Ground      |
| 3          | D-          | I/O      | 8          | NC          | —           |
| 4          | NC          | —        | 9          | Key         | Blocked Pin |
| 5          | D+          | I/O      | 10         | NC          | —           |

## 2.3 Signal Description

Table 4: Signal Description

| Signal Name | Type   | Pin Number     | Description                    |
|-------------|--------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| VBUS        | Power  | 1              | Bus voltage supply from source |
| D-          | I/O    | 3              | Data line –                    |
| D+          | I/O    | 5              | Data line +                    |
| GND         | Ground | 7              | Ground                         |
| NC          | Open   | 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 | No Connect                     |
| Key         | Open   | 9              | Alignment pin                  |

## 2.4 Performance

Table 5: Read/Write Performance

| Parameter       | Value           |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Sustained Read  | up to 14 MB/sec |
| Sustained Write | up to 12 MB/sec |

### 3.0 Theory of Operation

#### 3.1 Block Diagram

The USB Flash Disk Module uses STEC's proprietary state-of-the-art USB 2.0 controller, combined with SLC NAND Flash for optimal device reliability. The controller's firmware supports the latest NAND flash technology from multiple vendors, and is optimized for the highest performance and reliability.

The USB Flash Disk Module controller consists of the functional blocks shown in Figure 4 and described below.

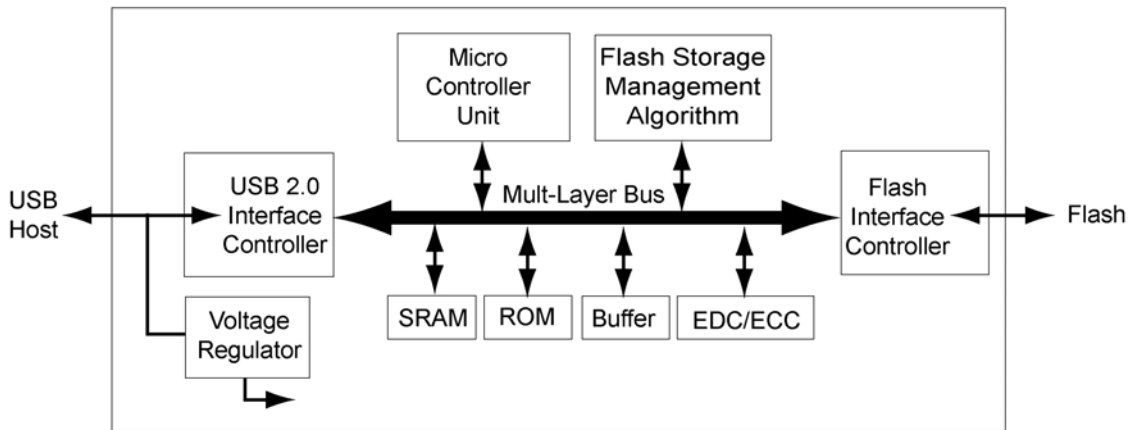


Figure 4: Controller block diagram

##### 3.1.1 Controller Internal Components

- **Microcontroller** which serves as the hardware backbone for the flash controller algorithm.
- **USB 2.0 Interface Controller** with high speed (480 Mbps) device function. This block interfaces with the host system via the USB interface.
- **Flash Interface Controller** that serves as the interface to the NAND flash components. It supports all the major NAND flash memory manufacturers.
- **Flash Storage Management Algorithm Block** is responsible for the flash management, including wear leveling, bad block management, and Error Detection and Correction.
- **EDC/ECC** block is responsible for on-the-fly error detection and correction.
- **Sector Buffer** for optimized performance.
- **SRAM** for running controller firmware fast and efficient.
- **ROM** for storing controllers boot code.

### 3.1.2 Controller external components

In addition to the functional blocks shown in Figure 4, the USB Flash Disk Module has the following external components:

- SLC NAND Flash for the most reliable data storage.
- Crystal Oscillator 12Mhz, as the main clock source.

### 3.2 Flash Management

Since the USB Flash Disk Module provides a standard USB interface to the host, no software integration is required, providing the shortest time-to-market for design engineers.

The firmware of the embedded USB 2.0 controller contains STEC's advanced flash memory management algorithms to ensure the most optimum device performance, reliability and endurance. It was designed to maximize the benefits of flash memory, while at the same time overcoming inherent NAND flash limitations. Implemented in firmware are the below features:

- Flash file system management
- Bad-block management
- Wear-leveling
- Power failure management
- Performance optimization

#### 3.2.1 Bad Block Management

Inherent to NAND flash technology are areas (blocks) on the media that cannot be used for storage because of their high error rate. These so-called "bad blocks" are already identified by the flash vendor during manufacturing, but can also be accumulated over time during device operation.

The USB 2.0 controller contains a table that lists all the bad blocks on the device (Bad Block Table), and automatically maps out these blocks upon system initialization. During device operation it ensures that newly accumulated bad blocks are also mapped out and added to the Bad Block Table.

Bad block management is 100% transparent to the host application, which will not be aware of the location or existence of bad blocks on the media.

#### 3.2.2 Wear Leveling

The SLC NAND flash devices that are being used in the USB Flash Disk Module are guaranteed for 100,000 Write/Erase cycles per block. This means that after approximately 100,000 erase cycles, the erase block has a higher probability for errors than the error rate that is typical to the flash. While 100,000 write/erase cycles may be good for consumer data storage, such as digital cameras, MP3 players, etc., it is not sufficient for industrial and embedded applications where data is constantly written to the device and long product life is required.

For example, operating systems that use a file system, will update the File Allocation Table (FAT) every time a write is done to the device. Without any wear leveling in place, the area on the flash where the FAT table is located would wear out faster than other areas, reducing the lifetime of the entire flash device.

To overcome this limitation, the flash management algorithm needs to make sure that each block in the device ages, i.e. is "worn out", at the same rate. The built-in wear leveling scheme makes sure



that with every write to the flash, the youngest block is used. This ensures that the full flash media is used uniformly, so that one area of the flash will not reach the endurance limits prematurely before other areas. The implemented wear leveling algorithm ensures a minimum of 2 million write/erase cycles for the entire flash media.

### 3.2.3 Error Correction/Detection

The USB 2.0 controller implements an advanced Error Correction/Detection scheme, based on the Reed-Solomon algorithm. The ECC engine can detect up to 5 bytes and correct up to 4 bytes per 512 bytes (symbol based). To ensure the fastest performance, both detection and correction are done on-the-fly, in hardware only.

Each time the host application writes a sector of 512 bytes to the USB Flash Disk Module, a unique ECC signature is created by the ECC engine and written together with the data to the flash. When the data is read back by the host, the ECC engine creates again a unique ECC signature. It will then compare the original written signature with the newly created signature, and sets an error flag if the two signatures are not the same. Correction of the data is done on-the-fly when the error flag is set, and the data presented to the host will be the same as the original written data. This powerful Error Correction/Detection scheme results in an overall error rate of less than 1 in  $10^{14}$  bits, read.

### 3.2.4 Power Failure Management

The embedded flash management software uses algorithms that ensure data integrity, even during power failures. After each write, a *verify write flag* is set in the extra area of the flash page, while a *dismount flag* is set for the whole device during regular power-down. When a power failure occurs, both the *verify write* and the *dismount flag* will not be set, indicating a power failure during a write or erase operation. Upon the next power-up, the mapping tables will be reconstructed from the information stored in the flash memory, and the last version of the sector with a correct *verify write flag* will be used.

This mechanism ensures complete data integrity. When writing, copying, or erasing the flash device, the data format remains valid at all intermediate stages. Old data is never erased until the *verify write flag* of the new sector has been set. Therefore, a data sector cannot exist in a partially written state. The operation is either successfully completed (*verify write flag* is set) and the new data is valid, or the operation has not yet been completed or has failed, in which case the old sector contents remain valid.

### 3.3 OS and Boot Support

USB Flash Disk Module can be used as the OS boot and main storage device for most Microsoft Operating Systems, as well as most embedded Operating Systems, as listed in Table 6. In both modes the USB Flash Disk Module is recognized as fixed hard drive in the system.

Table 6: Supported Operating Systems

| Operating System        | Secondary Storage | Boot | Version           |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|
| Windows XP Pro/Vista    | √                 | √    |                   |
| Windows XP Embedded     | √                 | √    | Service Pack 2007 |
| Windows CE              | √                 | √    | 4.2 and 5.0       |
| Windows for POS (WEPOS) | √                 | -    |                   |
| VxWorks                 | √                 | √    | 6.1 and up        |
| Linux                   | √                 | √    | Kernel 2.4 and up |

Note: When using the USB Flash Disk Module as the OS boot device, it should be verified that the system BIOS supports booting from a USB device. Please contact your BIOS vendor to verify this.

#### 3.3.1 Using USB Flash Disk Module with XP Embedded

When using USB Flash Disk Module with Windows XP Embedded, it is recommended that the Enhanced Write Filter (EWF) feature is implemented. The EWF intercepts calls at the sector level, and thereby eliminates many file system updates/writes to the flash. Windows XP Embedded Service Pack 2 Feature Pack 2007 introduced an additional write protect feature, called File Based Write Filter (FBWF). The new FBWF function write-protects embedded devices at the file level, in contrast to the EWF, which has been protecting devices at the sector level.

FBWF and EWF, combined with the built-in wear leveling algorithm, ensure that the maximum life span of the flash device is achieved.

### 3.4 Unique Serial Number

During manufacturing stage, a unique serial number is written to the USB Flash Disk Module that includes a date code related to the time of manufacturing.

The serial number uses the following format: STI[N][S][YY][DDD][HHMMSS]. Table 7 below describes the parameters of the serial number.

Table 7: Unique Serial Number format

| Symbol | Parameter                          |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| STI    | STEC vendor symbol                 |
| N      | Number of Test Tower               |
| S      | Number of USB socket in Test Tower |
| YY     | Year                               |
| DDD    | Day of Year (1-365)                |
| HHMMSS | Hours, Minutes, Seconds            |

The Serial Number can be obtained through Windows Device Manager or Linux *lspci* utility..

## 4.0 Environmental Specifications

### 4.1 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 8: Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter                        | Symbol           | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Commercial Operating Temperature | T <sub>A</sub>   | 0   | 25  | 70  | °C   |
| Industrial Operating Temperature | T <sub>A</sub>   | -40 | -   | 85  | °C   |
| Bus Voltage                      | V <sub>BUS</sub> | 4.5 | -   | 5.5 | V    |

### 4.2 Reliability

Table 9: Endurance & Data Reliability

| Parameter        | Value                            |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Endurance        | 2,000,000 Write/Erase Cycles     |
| Data reliability | 1 in 10 <sup>14</sup> bits, read |
| Data retention   | 10 years                         |

### 4.3 Shock, Vibration, and Humidity

Table 10: Shock, Vibration & Humidity

| Parameter | Value  |
|-----------|--|
| Shock     | 1500G Peak, 0.5m pulse duration, 5 pulses, 6 axes<br>(per JESD22-B110)         |
| Vibration | 20G Peak, 20-2000 Hz, 4 cycles per direction (X, Y and Z)<br>(per JESD22-B103) |
| Humidity  | 85°C, 85% RH, Vmax for 500 hrs<br>(per JESD22-A101)                            |

#### 4.4 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

USB Flash Disk Module has been tested and approved for immunity from ESD under the conditions described in Table 11 below.

Table 11: ESD Rating for USB Flash Disk Module

| ESD Type | Value (KV) |
|----------|------------|
| Air      | 2, 4, 8    |
| Contact  | 2, 4       |

#### 4.5 Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF)

STEC estimates Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF), using a prediction methodology based on reliability data for the individual components in the USB Flash Disk Module. Table 12 below summarizes the prediction results for the USB Flash Disk Module, based on the following two methodologies:

- Telcordia Special Report SR-332, Reliability Prediction Procedure for Electronic Equipment.
- MIL-HNBK-217

The analysis was performed using Relex Software.

Table 12: USB Flash Disk Module MTBF

| Product         | Condition                                   | MTBF (hours) |
|-----------------|---|--------------|
| SLUFDM128MU1U-A | Telcordia SR-332, GB, 25°C,<br>MIL-HNBK-217 | >8,000,000   |
| SLUFDM4GU1U-A   | Telcordia SR-332, GB, 25°C,<br>MIL-HNBK-217 | >8,000,000   |
| SLUFDM8GU1U-A   | Telcordia SR-332, GB, 25°C,<br>MIL-HNBK-217 | >7,000,000   |

#### 4.6 Standards Compliance

USB Flash Disk Module complies with the following standards:

- CE - EN 55022/55024
- FCC - Class B for Information Technology
- UL 60950
- RoHS-6
- USB 2.0 – Mass Storage Class

## 5.0 Electrical Specifications

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 13: Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                                  | Symbol     | Value       | Unit |
|--|------------|-------------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage Relative to Ground    | $V_{BUS}$  | -0.5 to 6   | V    |
| Voltage on D+ and D- Relative to Ground    | $V_{DATA}$ | -0.5 to 3.6 | V    |
| Ambient Operating Temperature (Commercial) | $T_A$      | 0 to +70    | °C   |
| Ambient Operating Temperature (Industrial) | $T_A$      | -40 to +85  | °C   |

### 5.2 DC Characteristics

Measurements at Recommended Operating Conditions, unless otherwise specified.

Table 14: DC Characteristics for Full-Speed Operation ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{dd}=3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{ss}=0\text{V}$ )

| Parameter                       | Symbol    | Test conditions                | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit          |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|------|-----|------|---------------|
| Supply Voltage                  | $V_{BUS}$ |                                | 4.75 | 5   | 5.25 | V             |
| Operating current               | $I_{cc}$  | $V_{BUS}=5.0\text{V}$          | 60   | -   | 90   | mA            |
| Suspend current                 | $I_{ccs}$ | $V_{BUS}=5.0\text{V}$          | 320  | -   | 500  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| Input LOW Voltage               | $V_{IL}$  |                                | -    | -   | 0.8  | V             |
| Input HIGH Voltage              | $V_{IH}$  |                                | 2.0  | -   | -    | V             |
| Output LOW Voltage              | $V_{OL}$  | $R_L$ of 1.5k $\Omega$ to 3.6V | -    | -   | 0.3  | V             |
| Output HIGH Voltage             | $V_{OH}$  | $R_L$ of 15k $\Omega$ to GND   | 2.8  | -   | 3.6  | V             |
| Output Signal Crossover Voltage | $V_{CRS}$ |                                | 1.3  | -   | 2.0  | V             |

Table 15: DC Characteristics for High-Speed Operation ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{dd}=3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{ss}=0\text{V}$ )

| Parameter                            | Symbol       | Test conditions       | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit          |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|------|-----|------|---------------|
| Supply Voltage                       | $V_{BUS}$    |                       | 4.75 | 5   | 5.25 | V             |
| Operating current                    | $I_{CC}$     | $V_{BUS}=5.0\text{V}$ | 120  | -   | 150  | mA            |
| Suspend current                      | $I_{CCS}$    | $V_{BUS}=5.0\text{V}$ | 320  | -   | 500  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| High Speed Idle Level                | $V_{HSOI}$   |                       | -10  | -   | 10   | mV            |
| High Speed Data Signaling High       | $V_{HSOH}$   |                       | 360  | -   | 440  | mV            |
| High Speed Data Signaling Low        | $V_{HSOL}$   |                       | -10  | -   | 10   | mV            |
| Chirp J Level (differential Voltage) | $V_{CHIRPJ}$ |                       | 0.7  | -   | 1.1  | V             |
| Chirp K Level (differential Voltage) | $V_{CHIRPK}$ |                       | -0.9 | -   | -0.5 | mV            |

### 5.3 AC Characteristics

Measurements at Recommended Operating Conditions, unless otherwise specified.

Table 16: AC Characteristics Full Speed

| Parameter                                | Symbol     | Min | Typ | Max    | Unit     |
|--|------------|-----|-----|--------|----------|
| Rise Time                                | $T_{FR}$   | 4   | -   | 20     | ns       |
| Fall Time                                | $T_{FF}$   | 4   | -   | 20     | ns       |
| Differential Rise and Fall Time Matching | $T_{FRFM}$ | 90  |     | 111.11 | %        |
| Driver Output Resistance                 | $Z_{DRV}$  | 28  | -   | 44     | $\Omega$ |

Table 17: AC Characteristics High Speed

| Parameter                | Symbol      | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit     |
|--------------------------|-------------|------|-----|------|----------|
| Rise Time (10%~90%)      | $T_{HSR}$   | 500  | -   | -    | ps       |
| Fall Time (10%~90%)      | $T_{HSF}$   | 500  | -   | -    | ps       |
| Driver Output Resistance | $Z_{HSDRV}$ | 40.5 | -   | 49.5 | $\Omega$ |

## 6.0 Evaluating USB Flash Disk Module

Two 2x5 adapters are available for customers that do not have the hardware layout ready for the USB Flash Disk Module. The adapters, as shown in Figure 5, uses a standard “series A” connector and enables inserting the USB Flash Disk Module into a standard USB port on a desktop or laptop PC. The adapters are using either a standard 2.54mm connector or a 2.0mm connector for the low profile USB Flash Disk Module.

Figure 5: USB Flash Disk Module 2x5 Adapters



The 2x5 Adapters can be ordered with the following ordering information:

- **SLUFDM-2x5-ADPT-A**
- **SLUFDM-2x5-ADPT-B**

With:

**A** – Adapter for USB flash Disk Module with standard 2.54mm connector

**B** – Adapter for USB Flash Disk Module with low profile 2.0mm connector



### 7.0 Product Marking

USB Flash Disk Module will be shipped with 2 labels. The first label shows the manufacturing date code, which can be used for lot traceability. Table 18 below shows the information that can be found on this label.

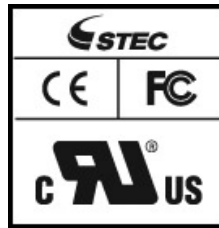
Table 18: Manufacturing label

| Kanban ID      |   | BOM Assembly Number |   |
|----------------|---|---------------------|---|
| yymmdd-XXX-xxx |   | 94000-ppppp-nnnTP   |   |
| yymmdd         | Date code of manufacturing                  | 94000*              | STEC designation for OEM Flash products |
| XXX            | SMT Line at which the part was manufactured | ppppp               | PCB number                              |
| xxx            | lot code                                    | nnn                 | Capacity designator                     |

\* Note: If custom P/N was set up, then 94000 will be replaced with custom BOM Assembly Number designator.

The second label shows the standards for which the USB Flash Disk Module is certified (Figure 6).

Figure 6: Standards Label



## 8.0 Revision History

| Revision | Date     | Description   |
|----------|----------|---|
| -109     | 11/13/06 | Initial release in updated format.  |
| -110     | 1/12/07  | Added MTBF Calculations (section 4.4), and new section on unique serial number (section 3.4). Updated Shock/Vibration/Humidity parameters.  |
| -111     | 1/15/07  | Updated mechanical dimensions (section 2.1)   |
| -112     | 02/09/07 | Updated all references from SimpleTech to STEC. Added section on Electrostatic Discharge (section 4.4), Standards Compliance (section 4.6), and Product Marking (section 7.0).              |
| -113     | 03/09/07 | Updated MTBF Calculations (section 4.4).  |
| -114     | 4/25/07  | Corrected signal description (Table 4) and supply voltage in DC characteristics parameters (Table 14). Updated mechanical drawings to include stacked version UFDM (Figure 2 and Figure 3). |
| -115     | 5/10/07  | Added additional MTBF Calculations (Table 12). Product released. Password protection was not included in release, reference to this was taken out of datasheet.                             |

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