

# FDD306P

## P-Channel 1.8V Specified PowerTrench® MOSFET

### Features

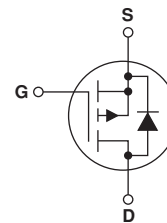
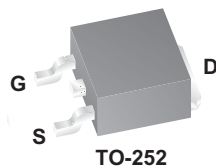
- -6.7 A, -12 V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 28\text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 41\text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = -2.5\text{ V}$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 90\text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = -1.8\text{ V}$
- Fast switching speed
- High performance trench technology for extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- High power and current handling capability

### Applications

- DC/DC converter

### General Description

This P-Channel 1.8V Specified MOSFET uses Fairchild's advanced low voltage PowerTrench process. It has been optimized for battery power management.



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	-12	V
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 8$	V
$I_D$	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 3)	-6.7	A
	– Pulsed (Note 1a)	-54	
$P_D$	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1)	52	W
	(Note 1a)	3.8	
	(Note 1b)	1.6	
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Thermal Characteristics</b>			
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	2.9	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1b)	96	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

### Package Marking and Ordering Information

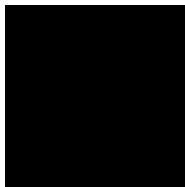
Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
FDD306P	FDD306P	13"	12mm	2500 units

**Electrical Characteristics**  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Off Characteristics</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain–Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$	-12			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		-0.6		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSSF}$	Gate–Body Leakage	$V_{GS} = \pm 8\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
<b>On Characteristics (Note 2)</b>						
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$	-0.4	-0.5	-1.5	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		2.2		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain–Source On–Resistance	$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -6.7\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -2.5\text{ V}, I_D = -6.1\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -1.8\text{ V}, I_D = -4.8\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -6.7\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		21 29 42 25	28 41 90	m $\Omega$
$I_{D(on)}$	On–State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, V_{DS} = -5\text{ V}$	-45			A
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5\text{ V}, I_D = -6.7\text{ A}$		22		S
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = -6\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		1290		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			590		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			430		pF
$R_G$	Gate Resistance	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ mV}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		4.2		$\Omega$
<b>Switching Characteristics (Note 2)</b>						
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn–On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = -6\text{ V}, I_D = -1\text{ A}, V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$		16	29	ns
$t_r$	Turn–On Rise Time			8	16	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn–Off Delay Time			34	54	ns
$t_f$	Turn–Off Fall Time			41	65	ns
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = -6\text{ V}, I_D = -6.7\text{ A}, V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}$		15	21	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate–Source Charge			2.0		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate–Drain Charge			4.4		nC
<b>Drain–Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings</b>						
$I_S$	Maximum Continuous Drain–Source Diode Forward Current				-3.2	A
$V_{SD}$	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = -3.2\text{ A}$ (Note 2)		-0.8	-1.2	V
$T_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = -6.7\text{ A}, diF/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ (Note 3)		37		ns
$I_{rm}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Current			0.9		A
$Q_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge			17		nC

**Notes:**

- $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins.  $R_{\theta JC}$  is guaranteed by design while  $R_{\theta CA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



a)  $R_{\theta JA} = 40^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  when mounted on a  $1\text{ in}^2$  pad of 2 oz copper



b)  $R_{\theta JA} = 96^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$  when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle < 2.0%

3. Maximum current is calculated as:  $\sqrt{\frac{P_D}{R_{DS(on)}}}$  where  $P_D$  is maximum power dissipation at  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $R_{DS(on)}$  is at  $T_J(max)$  and  $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ .

4. Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = \text{TBD}$ ,  $I_{AS} = -6.7\text{ A}$

## Typical Characteristics

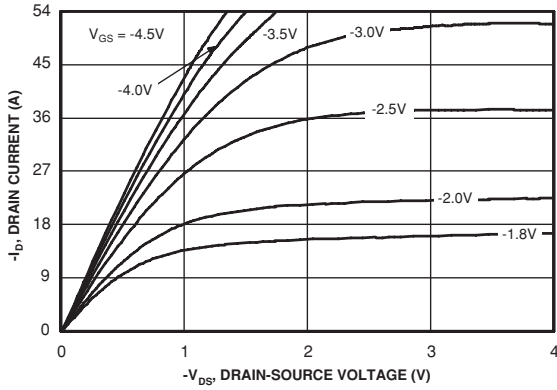


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

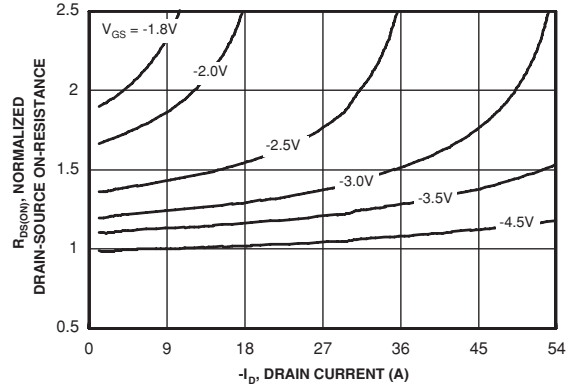


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

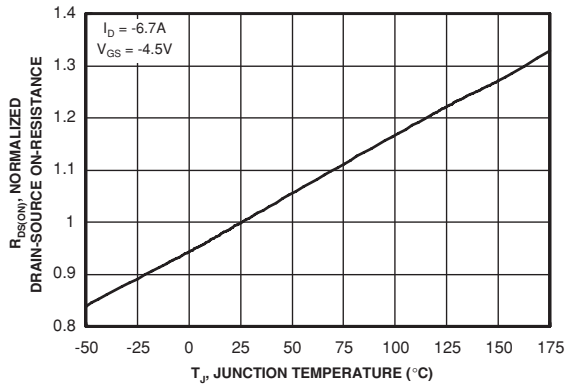


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

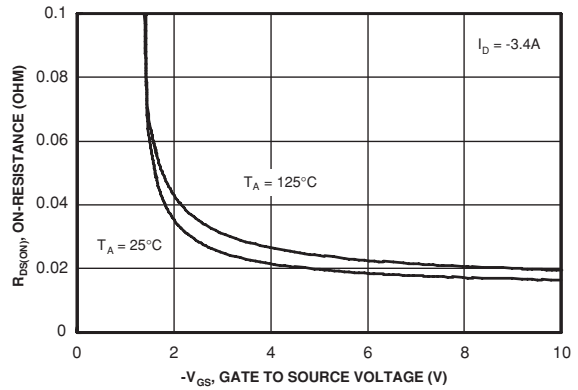


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

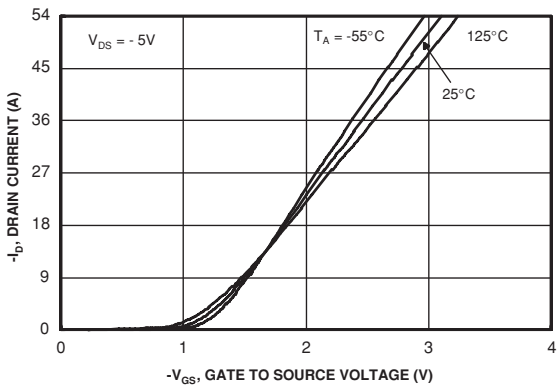


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

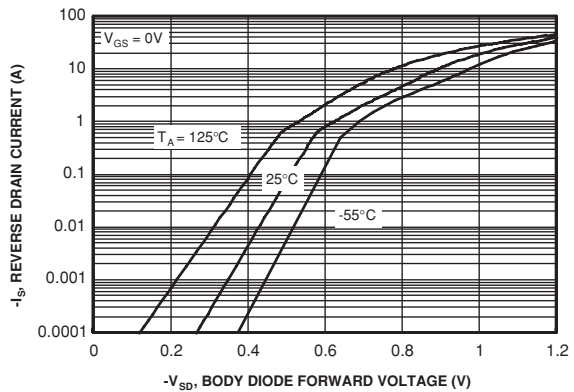
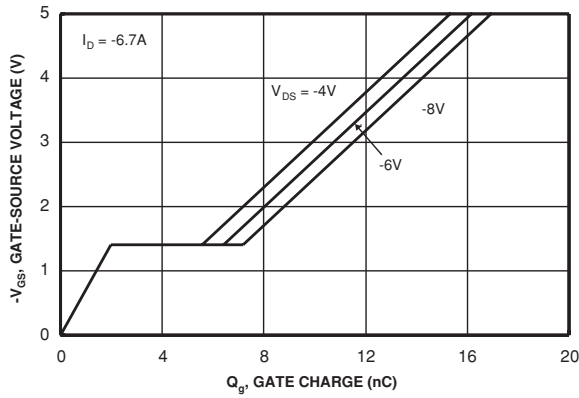
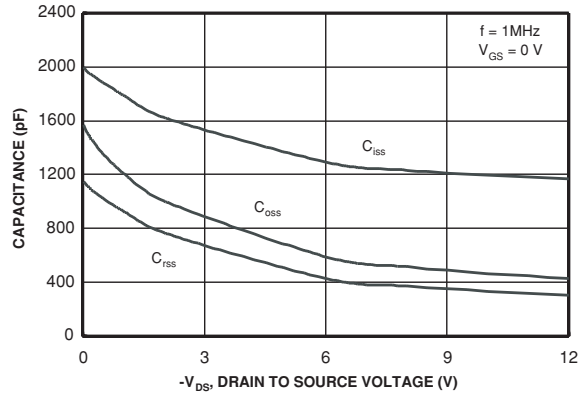


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

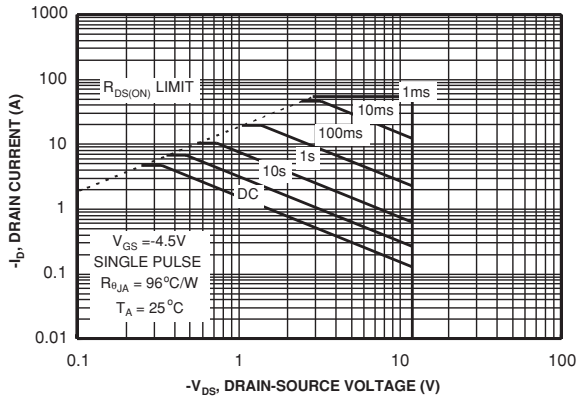
### Typical Characteristics



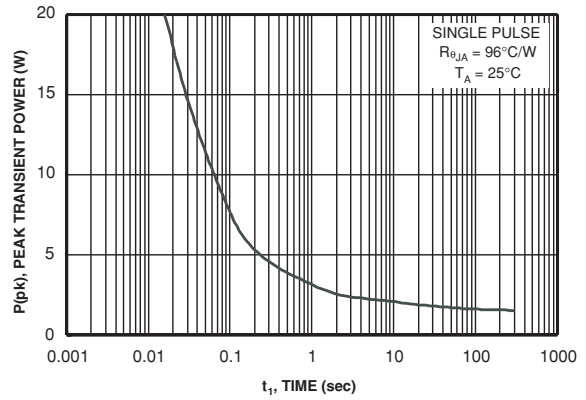
**Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.**



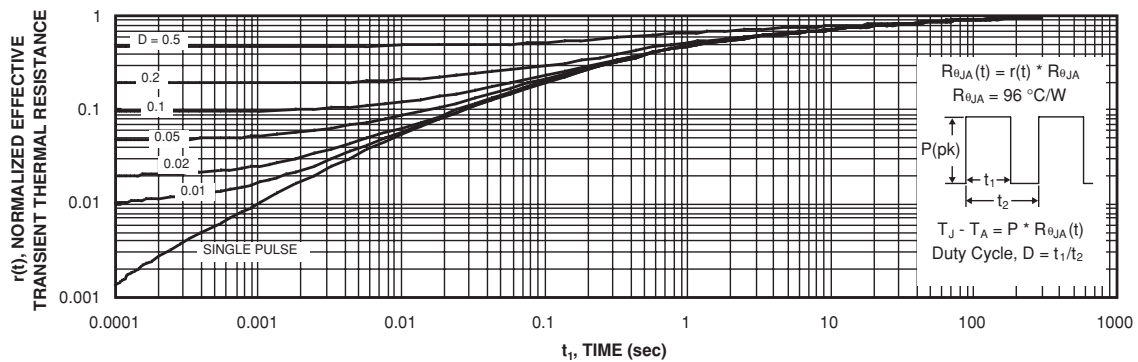
**Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.**



**Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.**



**Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.**



**Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve.**

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1c. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

## TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACEx™	FAST®	IntelliMAX™	POP™	SPM™
ActiveArray™	FASTr™	ISOPLANAR™	Power247™	Stealth™
Bottomless™	FPS™	LittleFET™	PowerEdge™	SuperFET™
CoolFET™	FRFET™	MICROCOUPLER™	PowerSaver™	SuperSOT™-3
CROSSVOLT™	GlobalOptoisolator™	MicroFET™	PowerTrench®	SuperSOT™-6
DOME™	GTO™	MicroPak™	QFET®	SuperSOT™-8
EcoSPARK™	HiSeC™	MICROWIRE™	QS™	SyncFET™
E <sup>2</sup> CMOS™	PC™	MSX™	QT Optoelectronics™	TinyLogic®
EnSigna™	i-Lo™	MSXPro™	Quiet Series™	TINYOPTO™
FACT™	ImpliedDisconnect™	OCX™	RapidConfigure™	TruTranslation™
FACT Quiet Series™		OCXPro™	RapidConnect™	UHC™
Across the board. Around the world.™		OPTOLOGIC®	µSerDes™	UltraFET®
The Power Franchise®		OPTOPLANAR™	SILENT SWITCHER®	UniFET™
Programmable Active Droop™		PACMAN™	SMART START™	VCX™

## DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

## LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

## PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

### Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

Rev. 115