

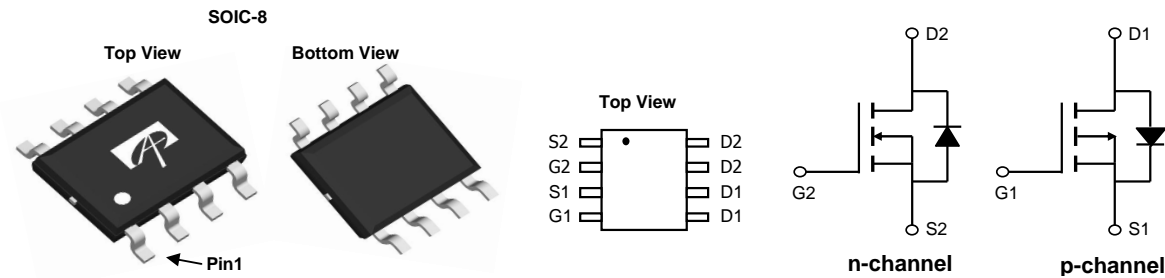
## Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

### General Description

The AO4619 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used in inverter and other applications.

### Product Summary

N-Channel	P-Channel
$V_{DS} = 30V$	-30V
$I_D = 7.4A (V_{GS}=10V)$	-5.2A ( $V_{GS} = -10V$ )
$R_{DS(ON)}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$
< 24m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 48m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS} = -10V$ )
< 36m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 74m $\Omega$ ( $V_{GS} = -4.5V$ )
100% UIS Tested	100% UIS Tested
100% Rg Tested	100% Rg Tested



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>F</sup>	$I_D$	7.4	-5.2	A
$T_A=25^\circ C$		6	-4.2	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	35	-25	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_D$	2	2	W
		$T_A=25^\circ C$	1.3	
Avalanche Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{AR}$	13	11	A
Repetitive avalanche energy 0.3mH <sup>B</sup>	$E_{AR}$	25	18	mJ
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$

### Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	n-ch	50	62.5	$^\circ C/W$
$t \leq 10s$		n-ch	82	110	$^\circ C/W$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	n-ch	41	50	$^\circ C/W$
Steady-State		p-ch	50	62.5	$^\circ C/W$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	p-ch	82	110	$^\circ C/W$
Steady-State		p-ch	41	50	$^\circ C/W$

N-channel MOSFET Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=24\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
					5	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.62	3	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	35			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ , $I_D=7.4\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		19	24	$\text{m}\Omega$
				27	34	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D=6\text{A}$		29	36	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ , $I_D=7.4\text{A}$		24		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.74	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$		621	820	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			118		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			85		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$		0.8	1.5	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$ , $I_D=7.4\text{A}$		11.3		nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			5.7		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			2.1		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			3		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=15\text{V}$ , $R_L=2\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		4.5		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			3.1		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			15.1		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			2.7		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=7.4\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		15.5		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=7.4\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		7.1		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C: The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F: The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

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N-CHANNEL TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

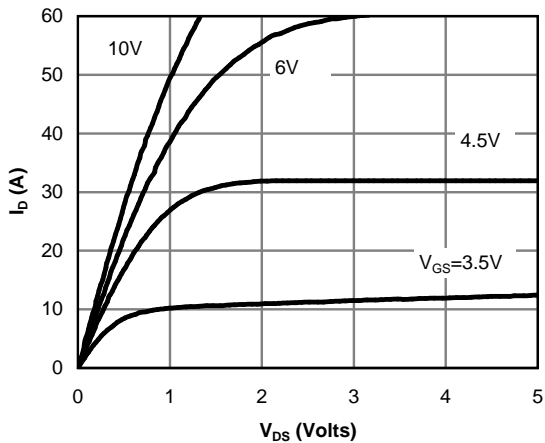


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

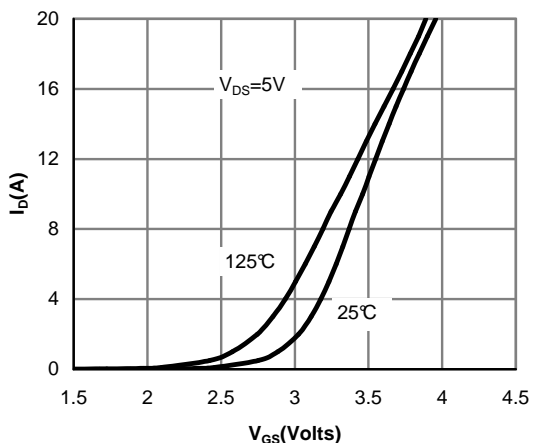


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

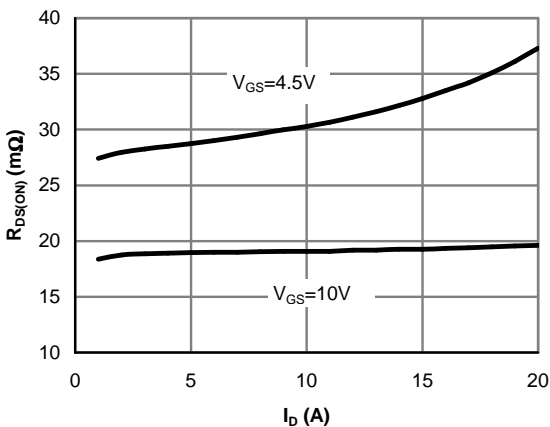


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

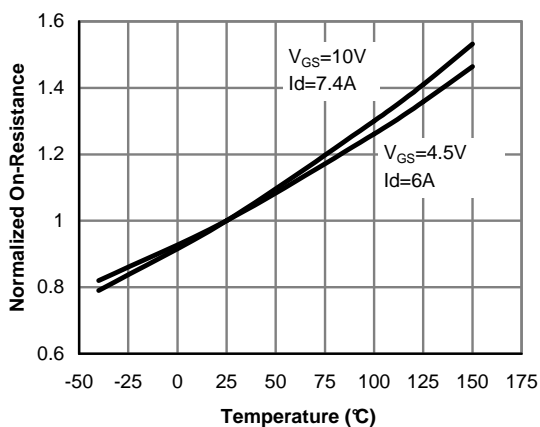


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

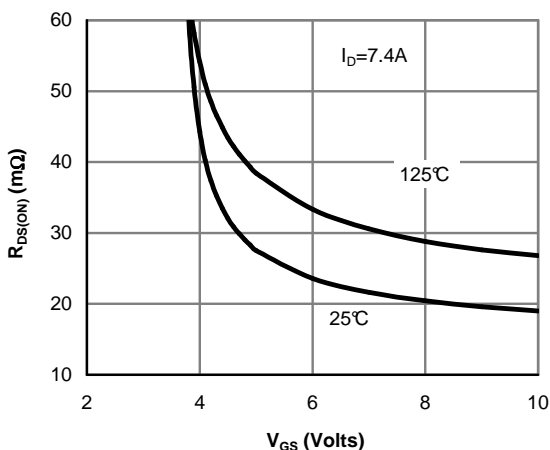


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

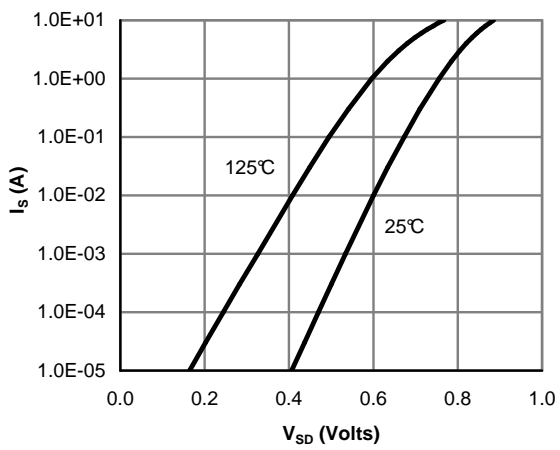


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

N-CHANNEL TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

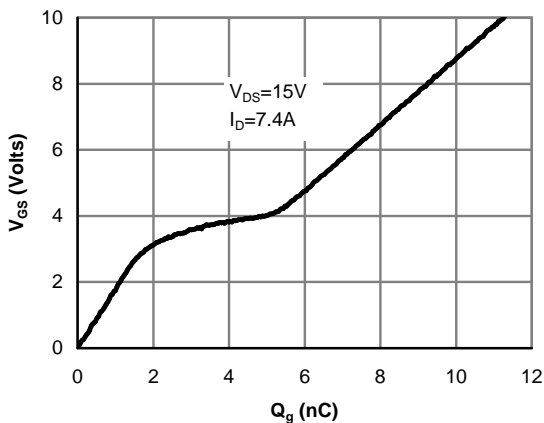


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

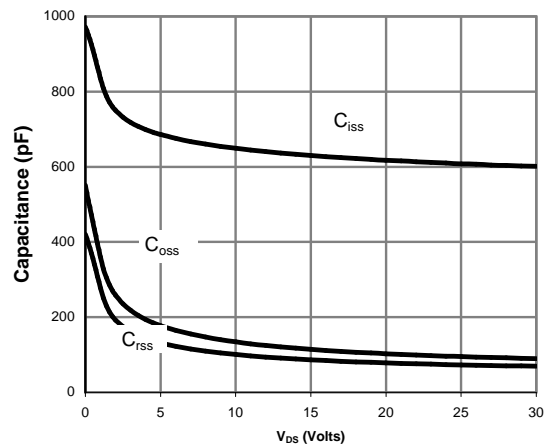


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

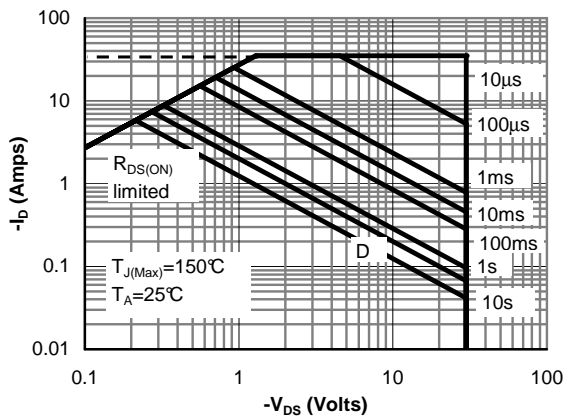


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

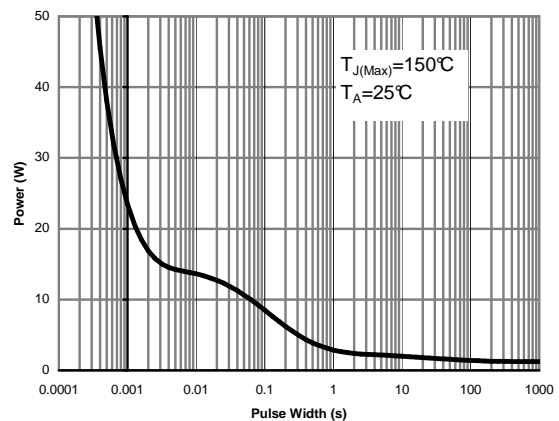


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

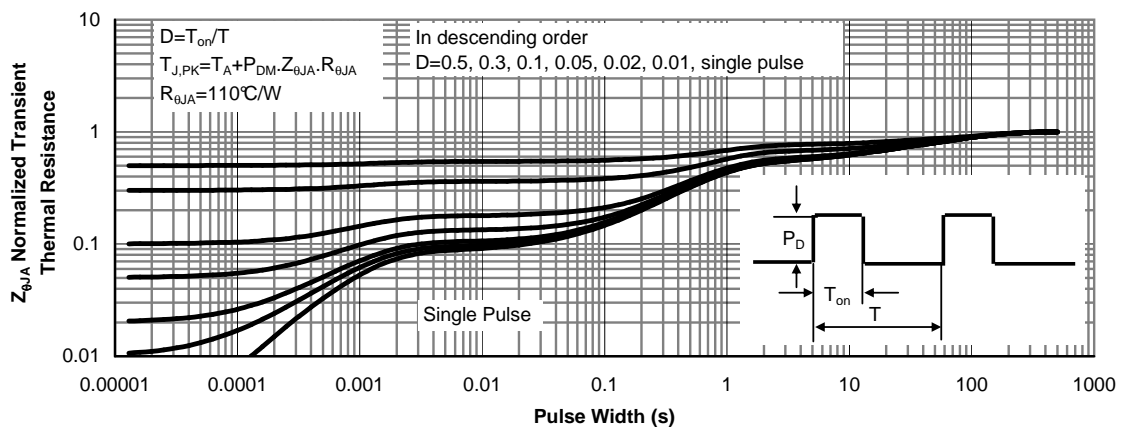


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

P-channel MOSFET Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-24\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1 -5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.88	-3	V
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-25			A
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $I_D=-5.2\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		38 55	48 69	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D=-4\text{A}$		59	74	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$ , $I_D=-5.2\text{A}$		11		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.77	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2.5	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$		680	816	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			115		pF
$C_{riss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			86		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$ , $f=1\text{MHz}$		8	12	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $I_D=-5.2\text{A}$		12.7		nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)			6.4		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			2		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			4		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ , $V_{DS}=-15\text{V}$ , $R_L=3\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		7.7		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			6.8		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			20		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			10		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time		$I_F=-5.2\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		22	
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-5.2\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		15		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F. The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

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P-CHANNEL TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

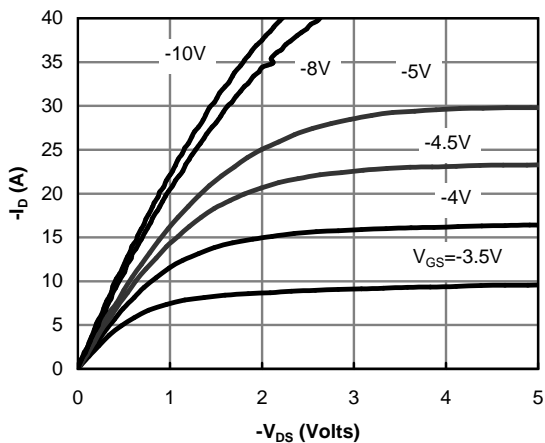


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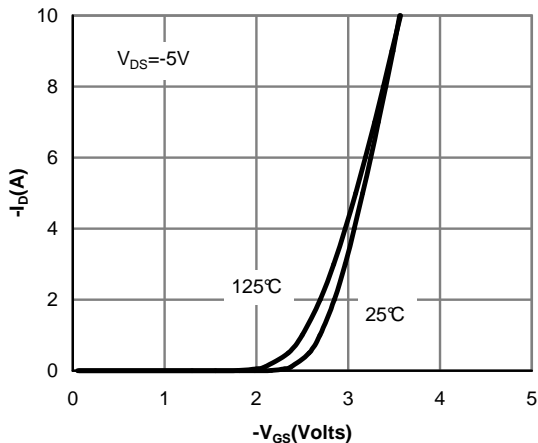


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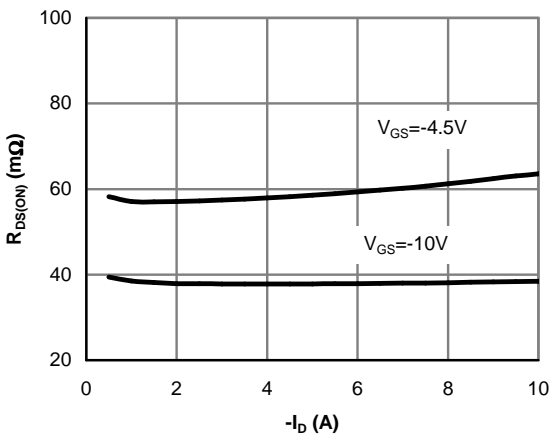


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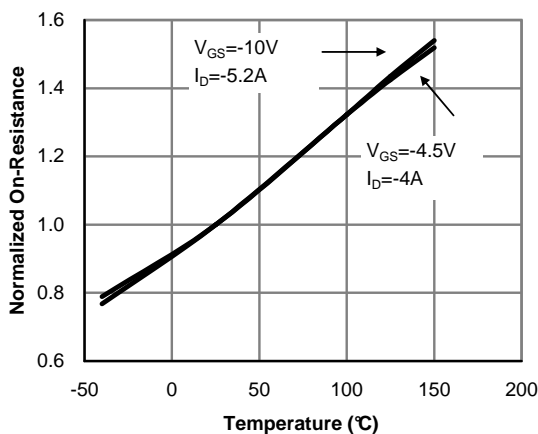


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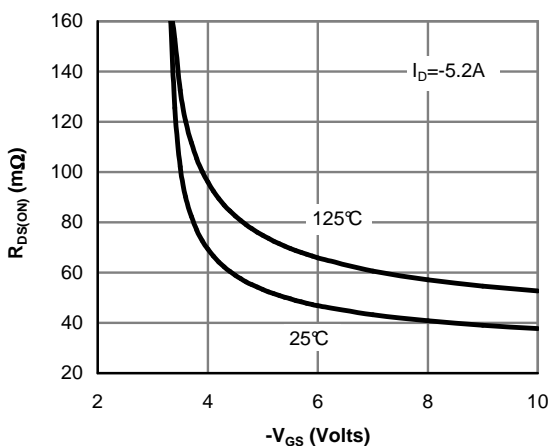


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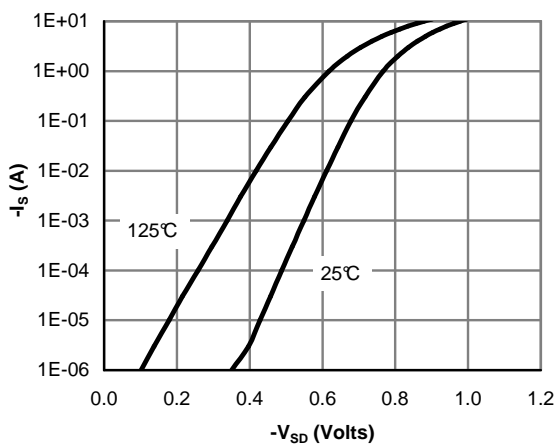


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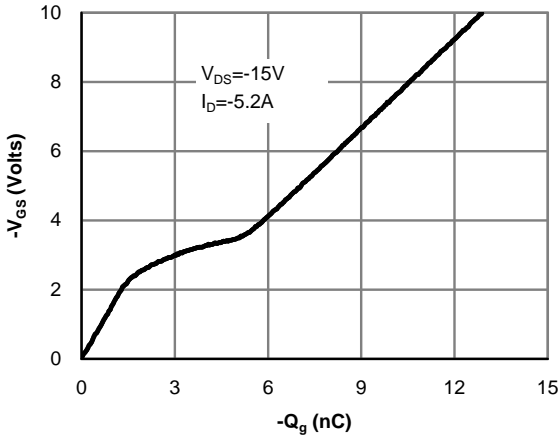


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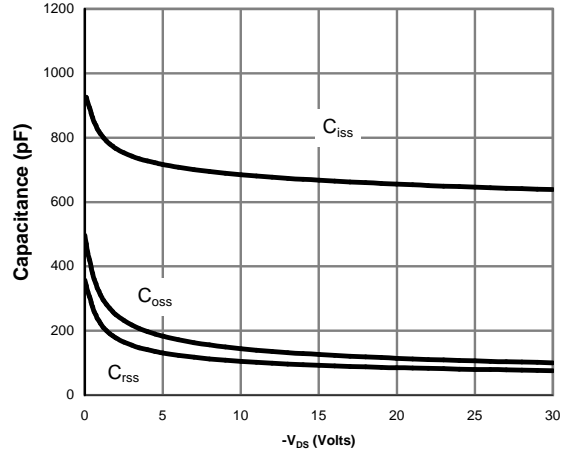


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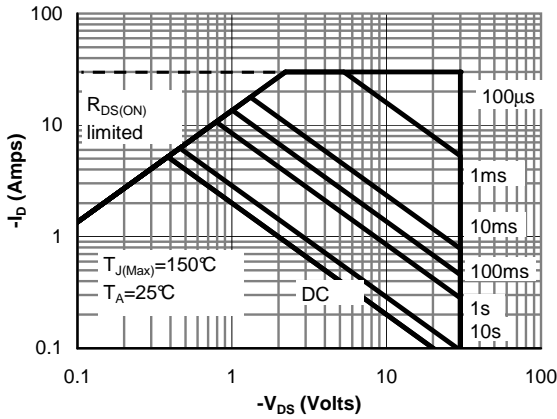


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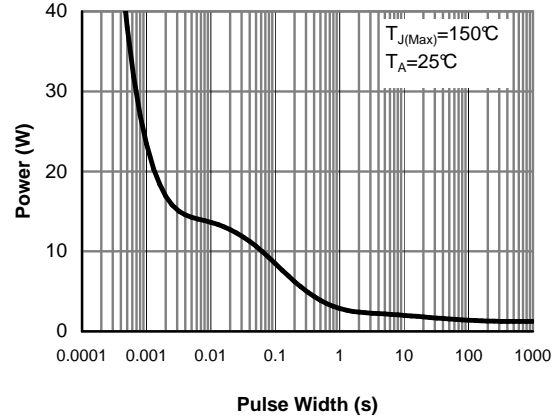


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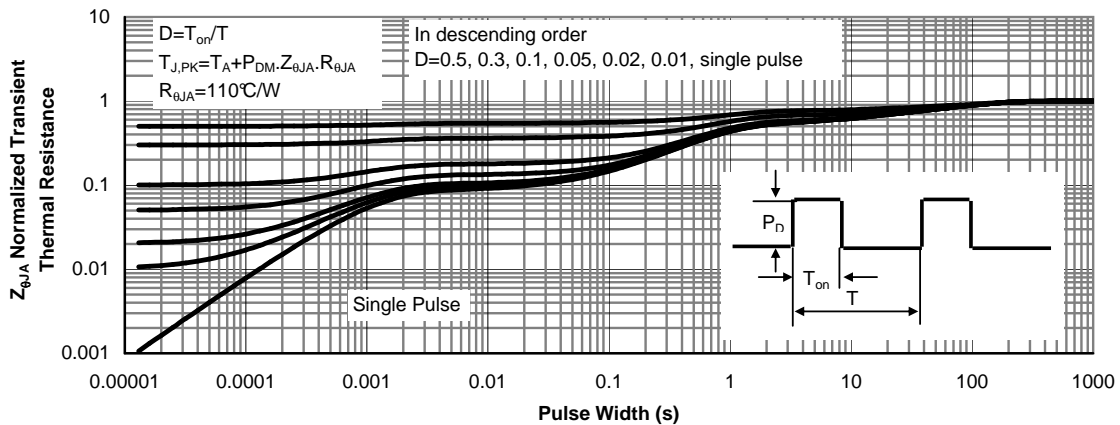


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