

STGW40NC60V N-CHANNEL 50A - 600V - TO-247 Very Fast PowerMESH[™] IGBT

Table 1: General Features

TYPE	V _{CES}	V _{CE(sat)} (Max) @25°C	Ic @100°C
STGW40NC60V	600 V	< 2.5 V	50 A

- HIGH CURRENT CAPABILITY
- HIGH FREQUENCY OPERATION UP TO 50 KHz
- LOSSES INCLUDE DIODE RECOVERY ENERGY
- OFF LOSSES INCLUDE TAIL CURRENT
- LOWER CRES / CIES RATIO
- NEW GENERATION PRODUCTS WITH TIGHTER PARAMETER DISTRUBUTION

DESCRIPTION

Using the latest high voltage technology based on a patented strip layout, STMicroelectronics has designed an advanced family of IGBTs, the PowerMESH[™] IGBTs, with outstanding performances. The suffix "V" identifies a family optimized for high frequency.

APPLICATIONS

- HIGH FREQUENCY INVERTERS
- SMPS and PFC IN BOTH HARD SWITCH AND RESONANT TOPOLOGIES
- UPS
- MOTOR DRIVERS

Figure 1: Package Figure 1: Package Figure 2: Internal Schematic Diagram

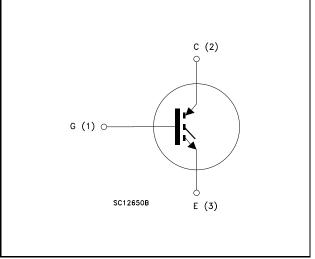


Table 2: Order Codes

SALES TYPE	SALES TYPE MARKING		PACKAGING	
STGW40NC60V	STGW40NC60V GW40NC60V		TUBE	

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Symbol
V _{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage (V _{GS} = 0)	600	V
V_{ECR}	Reverse Battery Protection	20	V
V_{GE}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
Ι _C	Collector Current (continuous) at 25°C (#)	80	А
Ι _C	Collector Current (continuous) at 100°C (#)	50	А
I _{CM} (1)	Collector Current (pulsed)	200	А
P _{TOT}	Total Dissipation at $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	260	W
	Derating Factor	2.08	W/°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature	55 to 150	°C
Тj	Operating Junction Temperature		

Table 3: Absolute Maximum ratings

(1)Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.

Table 4: Thermal Data

		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Rthj-case	Thermal Resistance Junction-case			0.48	°C/W
Rthj-amb	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient			50	°C/W
	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purpose (1.6 mm from case, for 10 sec.)		300		°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_{CASE} =25°C UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED) **Table 5: Off**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{BR(CES)}	Collectro-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	I _C = 1 mA, V _{GE} = 0	600			V
ICES	Collector-Emitter Leakage Current (V _{CE} = 0)	V _{GE} = Max Rating Tc=25°C Tc=125°C			10 1	μA mA
I _{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current (V _{CE} = 0)	$V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$, $V_{CE} = 0$			± 100	nA

Table 6: On

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{GE(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V_{CE} = V_{GE} , I_C = 250 μ A	3.75		5.75	V
V _{CE(SAT)}	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{GE} = 15 V, I _C = 40A, Tj= 25°C V _{GE} = 15 V, I _C = 40A, Tj= 125°C		1.9 1.7	2.5	V V

(#) Calculated according to the iterative formula:

$$I_{C}(T_{C}) = \frac{T_{JMAX} - T_{C}}{R_{THJ - C} \times V_{CESAT(MAX)}(T_{C}, I_{C})}$$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Table 7: Dynamic

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
g _{fs} (1)	Forward Transconductance	V _{CE} = 15 V, I _C = 20 A		20		S
C _{ies} C _{oes} C _{res}	Input Capacitance Output Capacitance Reverse Transfer Capacitance	V _{CE} = 25V, f = 1 MHz, V _{GE} = 0		4550 350 105		pF pF pF
Q _g Q _{ge} Q _{gc}	Total Gate Charge Gate-Emitter Charge Gate-Collector Charge	$V_{CE} = 390 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$ (see Figure 20)		214 30 96		nC nC nC
I _{CL}	Turn-Off SOA Minimum Current	$V_{clamp} = 480 \text{ V}$, Tj = 150°C R _G = 100 Ω , V _{GE} = 15V	200			A

Table 8: Switching On

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{d(on)} t _r (di/dt) _{on} Eon (2)	Turn-on Delay Time Current Rise Time Turn-on Current Slope Turn-on Switching Losses	$\begin{array}{l} V_{CC} = 390 \ \text{V}, \ \text{I}_{C} = 40 \ \text{A} \\ \text{R}_{G} = 3.3\Omega, \ \text{V}_{GE} = 15 \text{V}, \ \text{Tj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \\ (\text{see Figure 18}) \end{array}$		43 17 2060 330	450	ns ns A/µs µJ
t _{d(on)} t _r (di/dt) _{on} Eon (2)	Turn-on Delay Time Current Rise Time Turn-on Current Slope Turn-on Switching Losses			42 19 1900 640		ns ns A/µs µJ

2) Eon is the turn-on losses when a typical diode is used in the test circuit in figure 2. If the IGBT is offered in a package with a co-pack diode, the co-pack diode is used as external diode. IGBTs & DIODE are at the same temperature (25°C and 125°C)

Table 9: Switching Off

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _r (V _{off})	Off Voltage Rise Time	$V_{cc} = 390 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 40 \text{ A},$		25		ns
t _d (_{off})	Turn-off Delay Time	R _{GE} = 3.3 Ω , V _{GE} = 15 V T ₋ I = 25 °C		140		ns
t _f	Current Fall Time	(see Figure 18)		45		ns
E _{off} (3)	Turn-off Switching Loss			720	970	μJ
E _{ts}	Total Switching Loss			1050	1420	μJ
t _r (V _{off})	Off Voltage Rise Time	$V_{cc} = 390 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A},$		60		ns
t _d (_{off})	Turn-off Delay Time	R _{GE} = 3.3 Ω , V _{GE} = 15 V Tj = 125 °C		170		ns
t _f	Current Fall Time	(see Figure 18)		77		ns
E _{off} (3)	Turn-off Switching Loss			1400		μJ
E _{ts}	Total Switching Loss			2040		μJ

(3)Turn-off losses include also the tail of the collector current.



Figure 3: Output Characteristics

HV20830 lc(A) $V_{GE} = 15V$ 2٧ 13V 240 4V 11\ 1 O V 180 9٧ 120 8٧ 60 7V 6٧ 0 4 6 8 $V_{CE}(V)$ Figure 4: Transconductance

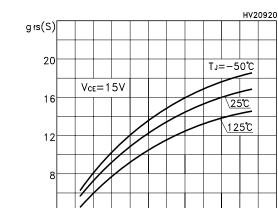


Figure 5: Collector-Emitter On Voltage vs Collector Current

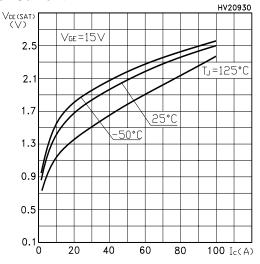


Figure 6: Transfer Characteristics

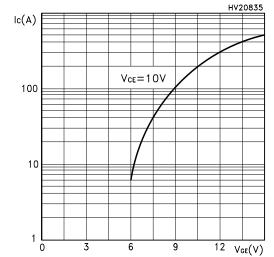


Figure 7: Collector-Emitter On Voltage vs Temperature

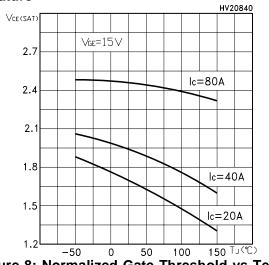
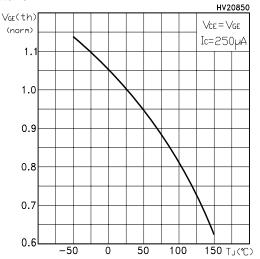


Figure 8: Normalized Gate Threshold vs Temperature



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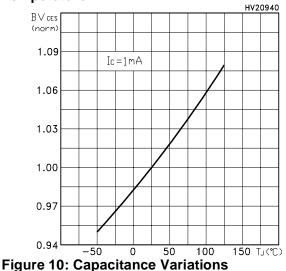


Figure 9: Normalized Breakdown Voltage vs Temperature

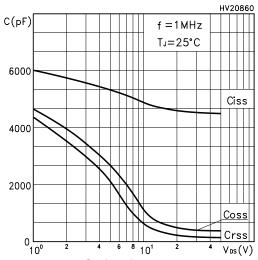


Figure 11: Total Switching Losses vs Gate Resistance

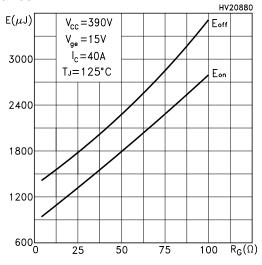


Figure 12: Gate Charge vs Gate-Emitter Voltage

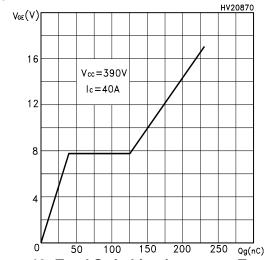


Figure 13: Total Switching Losses vs Temperature

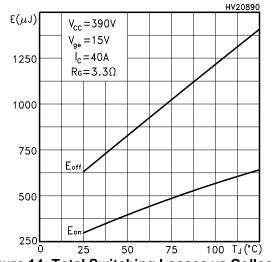
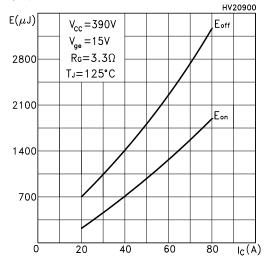


Figure 14: Total Switching Losses vs Collector Current





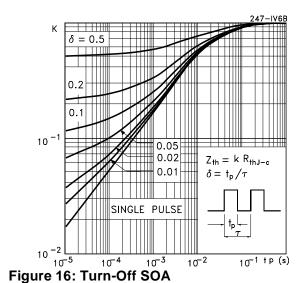


Figure 15: Thermal Impedance

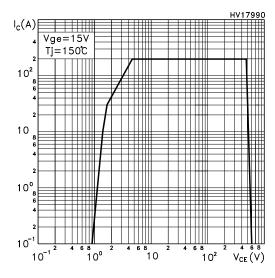
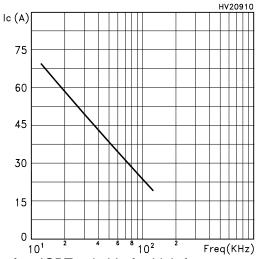


Figure 17: Ic vs Frequency



For a fast IGBT suitable for high frequency applications, the typical collector current vs. maximum operating frequency curve is reported. That frequency is defined as follows:

 $f_{MAX} = (P_D - P_C) / (E_{ON} + E_{OFF})$

1) The maximum power dissipation is limited by maximum junction to case thermal resistance:

 $P_D = \Delta T / R_{THJ-C}$

considering $\Delta T = T_J - T_C = 125 \text{ °C} - 75 \text{ °C} = 50 \text{ °C}$ 2) The conduction losses are:

$$P_C = I_C * V_{CE(SAT)} * \delta$$

with 50% of duty cycle, $V_{\mbox{CESAT}}$ typical value @125°C.

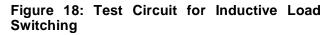
3) Power dissipation during ON & OFF commutations is due to the switching frequency:

 $P_{SW} = (E_{ON} + E_{OFF}) * freq.$

ΔΥ/

4) Typical values @ 125°C for switching losses are used (test conditions: $V_{CE} = 390V$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, $R_G = 3.3$ Ohm). Furthermore, diode recovery energy is included in the E_{ON} (see note 2), while the tail of the collector current is included in the E_{OFF} measurements (see note 3).

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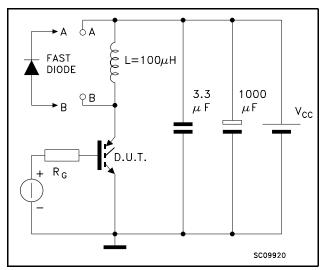


Figure 19: Switching Waveforms

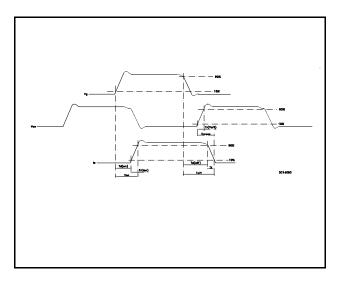
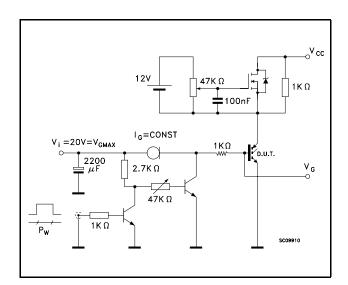


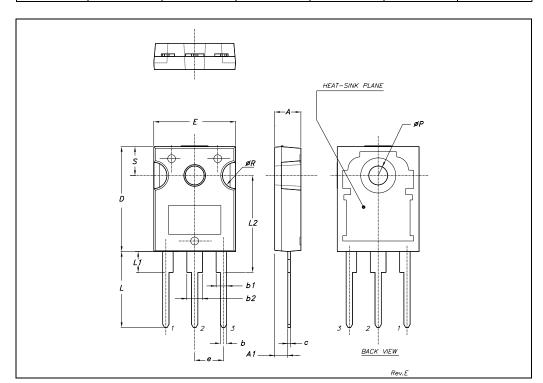
Figure 20: Gate Charge Test Circuit



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DIM.	mm.					
DIN.	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А	4.85		5.15	0.19		0.20
A1	2.20		2.60	0.086		0.102
b	1.0		1.40	0.039		0.055
b1	2.0		2.40	0.079		0.094
b2	3.0		3.40	0.118		0.134
С	0.40		0.80	0.015		0.03
D	19.85		20.15	0.781		0.793
Е	15.45		15.75	0.608		0.620
е		5.45			0.214	
L	14.20		14.80	0.560		0.582
L1	3.70		4.30	0.14		0.17
L2		18.50			0.728	
øP	3.55		3.65	0.140		0.143
øR	4.50		5.50	0.177		0.216
S		5.50			0.216	





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Table 10: Revision History

Date	Revision	Description of Changes	
13-Jul-2004	9	Stylesheet update. No content change	
14-Jul-2004	10	Some datas have been updated	



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