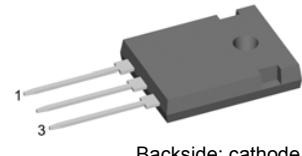
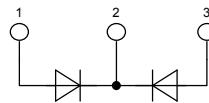


**HiPerFRED<sup>2</sup>**

High Performance Fast Recovery Diode  
Low Loss and Soft Recovery  
Common Cathode

**Part number**

DPG 60 C 300 HB



Backside: cathode

**Features / Advantages:**

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very short recovery time
- Improved thermal behaviour
- Very low I<sub>rm</sub>-values
- Very soft recovery behaviour
- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low I<sub>rm</sub> reduces:
  - Power dissipation within the diode
  - Turn-on loss in the commuting switch

**Applications:**

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

**Package:**

- Housing: TO-247
- Industry standard outline
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

**Ratings**

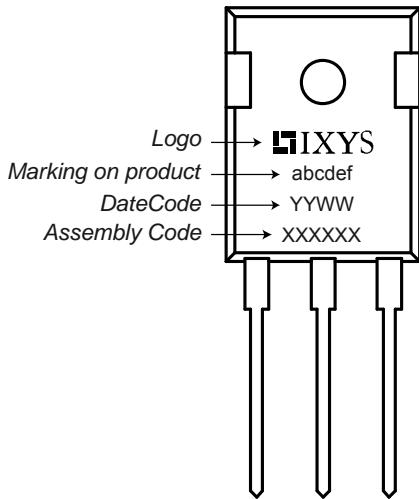
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V <sub>RRM</sub>	max. repetitive reverse voltage	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C			300	V
I <sub>R</sub>	reverse current	V <sub>R</sub> = 300V T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C		1		µA
		V <sub>R</sub> = 300V T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150°C		0.1		mA
V <sub>F</sub>	forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 30A T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C		1.34		V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 60A		1.63		V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 30A T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150°C		1.06		V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 60A		1.39		V
I <sub>FAV</sub>	average forward current	rectangular d = 0.5 T <sub>C</sub> = 135°C		30		A
V <sub>F0</sub>	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only T <sub>VJ</sub> = 175°C		0.70		V
r <sub>F</sub>	slope resistance			10.5		mΩ
R <sub>thJC</sub>	thermal resistance junction to case			0.95		K/W
T <sub>VJ</sub>	virtual junction temperature		-55	175		°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C		160		W
I <sub>FSM</sub>	max. forward surge current	t = 10 ms (50 Hz), sine T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C		360		A
I <sub>RM</sub>	max. reverse recovery current	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C	3			A
		I <sub>F</sub> = 30A; V <sub>R</sub> = 200V T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125°C	7			A
t <sub>rr</sub>	reverse recovery time	-di <sub>F</sub> /dt = 200 A/µs T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C	35			ns
		T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125°C	55			ns
C <sub>J</sub>	junction capacitance	V <sub>R</sub> = 150V; f = 1 MHz T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C	50			pF

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per pin <sup>1)</sup>			50	A
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25		K/W
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				6		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		0.8		1.2	Nm
$F_c$	mounting force with clip		20		120	N

<sup>1)</sup>  $I_{RMS}$  is typically limited by: 1. pin-to-chip resistance; or by 2. current capability of the chip.

In case of 1, a common cathode/anode configuration and a non-isolated backside, the whole current capability can be used by connecting the backside.

### Product Marking



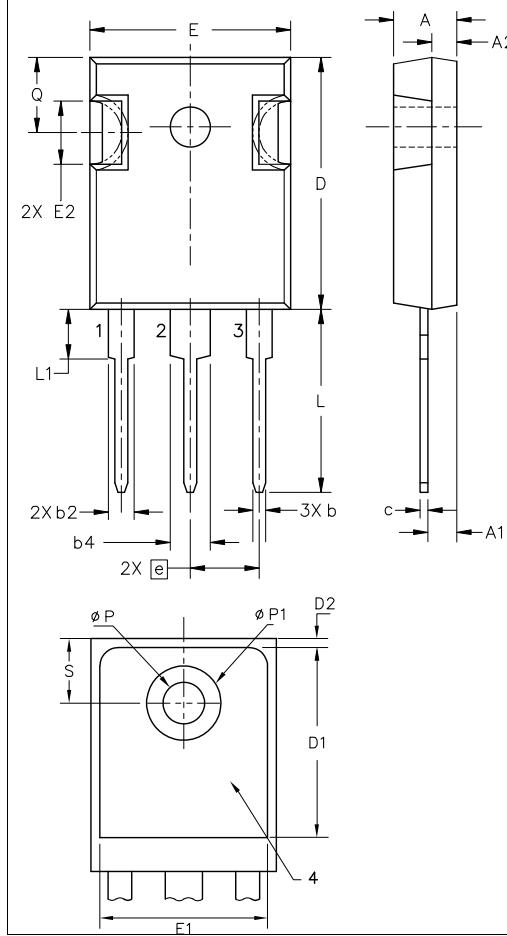
### Part number

D = Diode  
 P = HiPerFRED  
 G = extreme fast  
 60 = Current Rating [A]  
 C = Common Cathode  
 300 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
 HB = TO-247AD (3)

Ordering	Part Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Code Key
Standard	DPG 60 C 300 HB	DPG60C300HB	Tube	30	502163

Similar Part	Package	Voltage Class
DPG60C300QB	TO-3P (3)	300
DPG60C300HJ	ISOPLUS247 (3)	300
DPG60C300PC	TO-263AB (D2Pak)	300
DPF60C300HB	TO-247AD (3)	300
DPG80C300HB	TO-247AD (3)	300

Outlines TO-247



Sym.	Inches		Millimeter	
	min.	max.	min.	max.
A	0.185	0.209	4.70	5.30
A1	0.087	0.102	2.21	2.59
A2	0.059	0.098	1.50	2.49
D	0.819	0.845	20.79	21.45
E	0.610	0.640	15.48	16.24
E2	0.170	0.216	4.31	5.48
e	0.215 BSC		5.46	BSC
L	0.780	0.800	19.80	20.30
L1	-	0.177	-	4.49
Ø P	0.140	0.144	3.55	3.65
Q	0.212	0.244	5.38	6.19
S	0.242 BSC		6.14	BSC
b	0.039	0.055	0.99	1.40
b2	0.065	0.094	1.65	2.39
b4	0.102	0.135	2.59	3.43
c	0.015	0.035	0.38	0.89
D1	0.515	-	13.07	-
D2	0.020	0.053	0.51	1.35
E1	0.530	-	13.45	-
Ø P1	-	0.29	-	7.39

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, conditions and dimensions.

Data according to IEC 60747 and per diode unless otherwise specified

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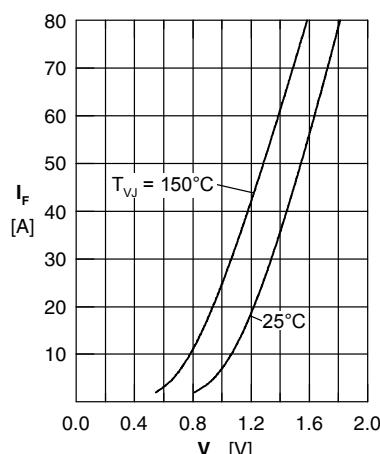


Fig. 1 Forward current  $I_F$  versus forward voltage  $V_F$

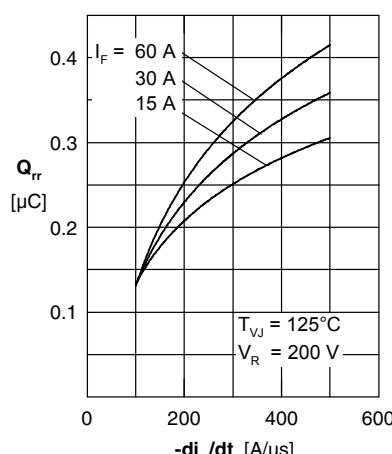


Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recovery charge  $Q_{rr}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

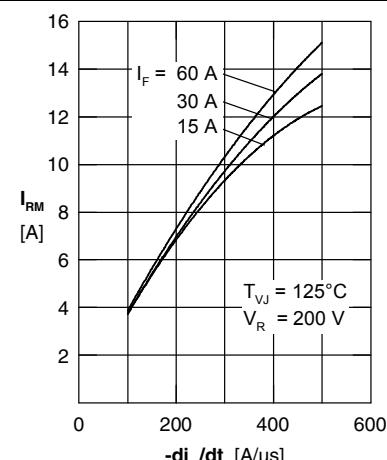


Fig. 3 Typ. reverse recovery current  $I_{RM}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

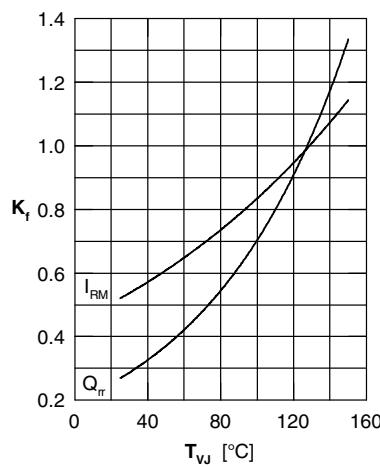


Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{RM}$  versus  $T_{VJ}$

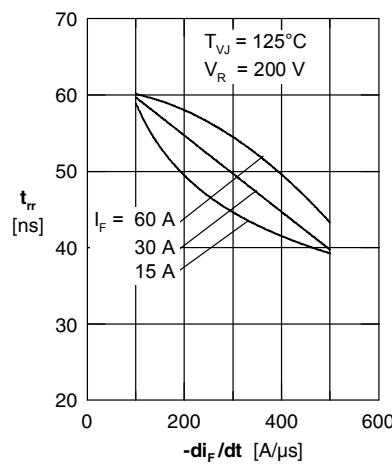


Fig. 5 Typ. reverse recovery time  $t_{rr}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

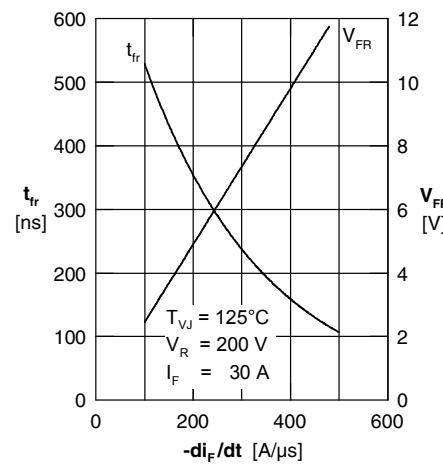


Fig. 6 Typ. forward recovery voltage  $V_{FR}$  & forward recovery time  $t_{fr}$  vs.  $di_F/dt$

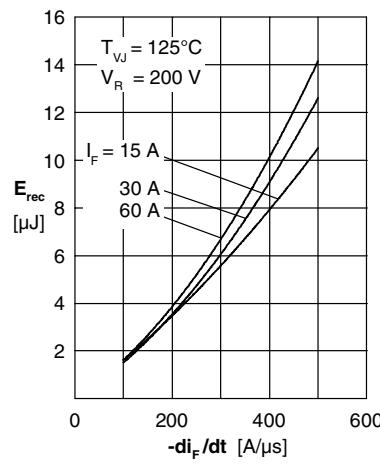


Fig. 7 Typ. recovery energy  $E_{rec}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

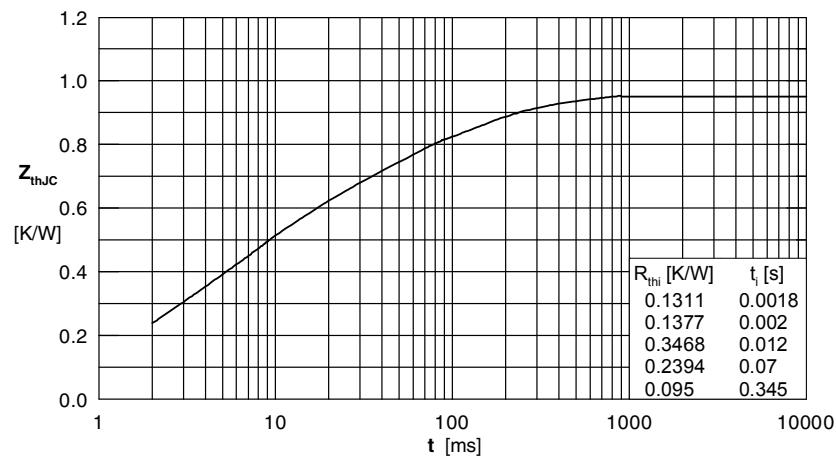


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case