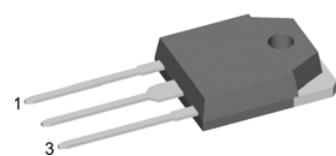
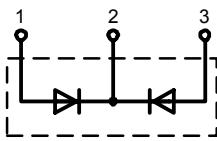


**Sonic-FRD**

High Performance Fast Recovery Diode  
Low Loss and Soft Recovery  
Common Cathode

Part number (Marking on product)

DHG 20 C 600QB

**Features / Advantages:**

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very short recovery time
- Improved thermal behaviour
- Very low  $I_{rm}$ -values
- Very soft recovery behaviour
- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low  $I_{rm}$  reduces:
  - Power dissipation within the diode
  - Turn-on loss in the commuting switch

**Applications:**

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

**Package:**

- TO-3P
- Industry standard outline - compatible with TO-247
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

**Ratings**

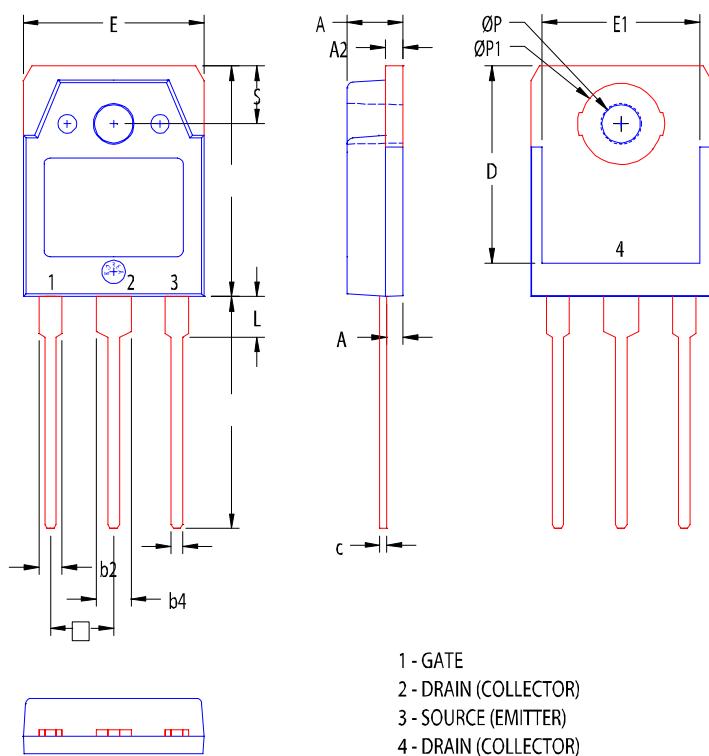
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse voltage	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			600	V
$I_R$	reverse current	$V_R = 600\text{ V}$ $V_R = 600\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		15 1.5	$\mu\text{A}$ mA
$V_F$	forward voltage	$I_F = 10\text{ A}$ $I_F = 20\text{ A}$ $I_F = 10\text{ A}$ $I_F = 20\text{ A}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$  $T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		2.35 2.20	V V
$I_{FAV}$	average forward current	rectangular, $d = 0.5$	$T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$		10	A
$V_{FO}$ $r_F$	threshold voltage slope resistance	for power loss calculation only	$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.20 93	V $\text{m}\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				1.80	K/W
$T_{vj}$	virtual junction temperature		-55		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$		70	W
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t_p = 10\text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	$T_{vj} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		100	A
$I_{RM}$	max. reverse recovery current	$I_F = 10\text{ A};$ $-\frac{di}{dt} = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	4		A A
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time	$V_R = 400\text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	35		ns ns
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 300\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$			pF
$E_{AS}$	non-repetitive avalanche energy	$I_{AS} = \text{A}; L = 100\text{ }\mu\text{H}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		tbd	mJ
$I_{AR}$	repetitive avalanche current	$V_A = 1.5 \cdot V_R \text{ typ.; } f = 10\text{ kHz}$			tbd	A

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per pin*				A
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25		K/W
$M_D$	mounting torque		0.8		1.2	Nm
$F_c$	mounting force with clip		20		120	N
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				5		g

\*  $I_{RMS}$  is typically limited by: 1. pin-to-chip resistance; or by 2. current capability of the chip.

In case of 1, a common cathode/anode configuration and a non-isolated backside, the whole current capability can be used by connecting the backside.

### Outlines TO-3P



SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.185	.193	4.70	4.90
A1	.051	.059	1.30	1.50
A2	.057	.065	1.45	1.65
b	.035	.045	0.90	1.15
b2	.075	.087	1.90	2.20
b4	.114	.126	2.90	3.20
c	.022	.031	0.55	0.80
D	.780	.791	19.80	20.10
D1	.665	.677	16.90	17.20
E	.610	.622	15.50	15.80
E1	.531	.539	13.50	13.70
e	.215	BSC	5.45	BSC
L	.779	.795	19.80	20.20
L1	.134	.142	3.40	3.60
ØP	.126	.134	3.20	3.40
ØP1	.272	.280	6.90	7.10
S	.193	.201	4.90	5.10

All metal area are tin plated.