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## Teccor ${ }^{\circledR}$ brand Thyristors <br> Multipulse ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ SIDACs

## RoHS Kxxx1G Series



## Schematic Symbol



Applications
Typical application circuit presented in Figure 10 of this data sheet (Typical Metal Halide Ignitor Circuit).

## Description

The Multipuls ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ SIDAC is a voltage switch used in MetalHalide lamp ignition circuits as well as High Pressure Sodium lamp ignition circuits for outdoor street and area lighting. This robust solid state switch is designed to handle lamp igniter applications requiring operation at ambient temperatures up to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ where igniter circuit components can raise SIDAC junction temperature up to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, especially when the lamp element is removed or ruptured. Its excellent commutation time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\text {сомм }}$ ) makes this robust product best suited for producing multiple pulses in each half cycle of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ line voltage. The Multipulse ${ }^{T \mathrm{Tm}}$ SIDAC is offered in DO-15 axial leaded package.
Kxxx1G SIDAC has a repetitive off-state blocking voltage $\left(V_{\text {DRM }}\right)$ of 180 V to 270 V minimum depending actual device type. Blocking capability is ensured by glass passivated junctions for best reliability. Package is epoxy encapsulation with tin-plated copper alloy leads.

## Features

- AC circuit oriented
- RoHS Compliant
- Triggering Voltage of 200 to 380 V


## Electrical Specifications

| Symbol | Parameters | Test Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{\text {Bo }}$ | Breakover/Trigger Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \text { K2201G } \\ & \text { K2401G } \\ & \text { K2501G } \\ & \text { K3601G } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 220 \\ & 240 \\ & 340 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \\ & 250 \\ & 280 \\ & 380 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | V |
| $V_{\text {DRM }}$ | Repetitive Peak Off-State Voltage | K2201G K2401G K2501G K3601G | $\begin{aligned} & 180 \\ & 190 \\ & 200 \\ & 270 \end{aligned}$ |  | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {TRMS) }}$ | On-State RMS Current, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}<125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 50/60Hz <br> Sine Wave |  | 1 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Dynamic Holding Current, $\mathrm{R}=100 \Omega$ | 50/60Hz Sine Wave |  | 160 TYP | mA |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {s }}$ | Switching Resistance, $R_{S}=\frac{\left(V_{B O}-V_{S}\right)}{\left(I_{S}-I_{B O}\right)}$ | 50/60Hz <br> Sine Wave |  | 100 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {comm }}$ | Commutation Time $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}<125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | See test circuit and waveform in Figure 9 |  | 100 | $\mu s e c$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {в }}$ | Breakover Current | 50/60Hz <br> Sine Wave |  | 10 | uA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {TSM }}$ | Non-repetitive 1 cycle On-State peak value | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 50 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20.0 \\ & 16.7 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | A |
| di/dt | Critical Rate of Rise of On-State Current |  |  | 150 | A/ $/ \mathrm{sec}$ |
| $\mathrm{dv} / \mathrm{dt}$ | Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage |  |  | 1500 | V/usec |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {s }}$ | Storage Temperature Range |  | -40 | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| T | Max Operating Junction Temperature |  | -40 | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {өJL }}$ | Thermal Resistance | Junction to lead |  | 18 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

Figure 1: Characteristics


Figure 3: Power Dissipation (Typical) vs. On-State Current


Figure 5: Pulse On-State Current Rating


Figure 2: Maximum Allowable Lead/Tab Temperature vs. On-State Current


Figure 4: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Bo}}$ Change
vs. Junction Temperature


Figure 6: Maximum Allowable Ambient Temperature vs. On-State Current


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Figure 7: Peak Surge Current vs Surge Current Duration


Figure 8: Typical On-State Voltage vs On-State Current


Figure 9: Multipulse ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ SIDAC $\mathrm{t}_{\text {comm }}$, Commutation Time


Figure 10: Typical Metal Halide Ignitor Circuit


Note: With proper component selection, this circuit will produce three pulses for ignition of metal halide lamp that requires a minimum of three pulses at 4 kV magnitude and $>1 \mathrm{uSec}$ duration each at a minimum repetition rate of 3.3 kHz .

Soldering Parameters

| Reflow Condition |  | Pb - Free assembly |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pre Heat | -Temperature Min ( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {s(min) }}$ ) | $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | -Temperature Max ( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {s(max })}$ ) | $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | -Time (min to max) ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{s}}$ ) | 60-180 secs |
| Average ramp up rate (Liquidus Temp) ( $T_{L}$ ) to peak |  | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {S(max) }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ - Ramp-up Rate |  | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max |
| Reflow | -Temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) (Liquidus) | $217^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | -Temperature ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{L}}$ ) | 60-150 seconds |
| PeakTemperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) |  | $260+0 / 5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Time within $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of actual peak Temperature ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) |  | 20-40 seconds |
| Ramp-down Rate |  | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ second max |
| Time $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to peakTemperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{p}}$ ) |  | 8 minutes Max. |
| Do not exceed |  | $280^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |



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## Physical Specifications

| Terminal Finish | $100 \%$ Matte Tin Plated |
| :--- | :--- |
| Body Material | UL recognized epoxy meeting flammability <br> classification 94V-0 |
| Lead Material | Copper Alloy |


| Package | Weight / unit (mg) |
| :--- | :--- |
| DO-15 | 385 |

## Design Considerations

Careful selection of the correct device for the application's operating parameters and environment will go a long way toward extending the operating life of the Thyristor. Overheating and surge currents are the main killers of SIDACs. Correct mounting, soldering, and forming of the leads also help protect against component damage.

## Reliability/Environmental Tests

| Test | Specifications and Conditions |
| :--- | :--- |
| High Temperature <br> Voltage Blocking | MIL-STD-750: Method 1040, Condition <br> A Rated V <br> DRM <br> hours |
| TemP-peak), 125 |  |

Dimensions - DO-15 (G Package)


| Dimension | Inches |  | Millimeters |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Max | Max | Min | Max |
| B | 0.028 | 0.034 | 0.711 | 0.864 |
| D | 0.120 | 0.140 | 3.048 | 3.556 |
| G | 0.235 | 0.270 | 5.969 | 6.858 |
| L | 1.000 |  | 25.400 |  |

Product Selector

| Part Number | Switching Voltage Range |  | Blocking Voltage | Packages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BO}}$ Minimum | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BO}}$ Maximum | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DRM }}$ |  |
| K2201G | 200V | 230 V | 180 V | DO-15 |
| K2401G | 220 V | 250 V | 190 V | DO-15 |
| K2501G | 240 V | 280 V | 200 V | DO-15 |
| K3601G | 340 V | 380 V | 270 V | DO-15 |

Packing Options

| Part Number | Package | Packing Mode | Base Quantity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kxxx1G | DO-15 | Bulk | 1000 |
| Kxxx1GRP |  | Tape \& Reel | 5000 |
|  |  |  |  |

Note: $x x x=$ voltage

DO-15 Embossed Carrier RP Specifications
Meets all EIA RS-29-6 Standards


## Part Numbering System



240: 220 to 250 V 250: 240 to 280V 360: 340 to 380 V

CIRCUIT FUNCTION
1: Multipulse ${ }^{\text {m" }}$
DEVICE PACKAGE
G: DO-15

