## MM54C922/MM74C922 16-Key Encoder MM54C923/MM74C923 20-Key Encoder

## General Description

These CMOS key encoders provide all the necessary logic to fully encode an array of SPST switches. The keyboard scan can be implemented by either an external clock or external capacitor. These encoders also have on-chip pullup devices which permit switches with up to $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ on resistance to be used. No diodes in the switch array are needed to eliminate ghost switches. The internal debounce circuit needs only a single external capacitor and can be defeated by omitting the capacitor. A Data Available output goes to a high level when a valid keyboard entry has been made. The Data Available output returns to a low level when the entered key is released, even if another key is depressed. The Data Available will return high to indicate acceptance of the new key after a normal debounce period; this two-key rollover is provided between any two switches.

An internal register remembers the last key pressed even after the key is released. The TRI-STATE ${ }^{\circledR}$ outputs provide for easy expansion and bus operation and are LPTTL compatible.

## Features

- $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ maximum switch on resistance
- On or off chip clock

■ On-chip row pull-up devices
■ 2 key roll-over

- Keybounce elimination with single capacitor
- Last key register at outputs
- TRI-STATE outpust LPTTL compatible

■ Wide supply range
3V to 15V

- Low power consumption


## Connection Diagrams




TL/F/6037-2
Top View
Order Number MM54C923 or MM74C923

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

| Voltage at Any Pin | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating Temperature Range |  |
| MM54C922, MM54C923 | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| MM74C922, MM74C923 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |


| Storage Temperature Range | $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Power Dissipation (PD) |  |
| $\quad$ Dual-In-Line | 700 mW |
| $\quad$ Small Outline | 500 mW |
| Operating $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ Range | 3 V to 15 V |
| V $_{\text {CC }}$ | 18 V |
| Lead Temperature |  |
| (Soldering, 10 seconds) | $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

DC Electrical Characteristics Min/Max limits apply across temperature range unless otherwise specified

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CMOS TO CMOS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}+}$ | Positive-Going Threshold Voltage at Osc and KBM Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \geq 0.7 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}} \geq 1.4 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \geq 2.1 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 9.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 6.8 \\ & 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.3 \\ 8.6 \\ 12.9 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}-}$ | Negative-Going Threshold Voltage at Osc and KBM Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \geq 0.7 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}} \geq 1.4 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \geq 2.1 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 1.4 \\ & 2.1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.4 \\ 3.2 \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 4.0 \\ & 6.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN(1) }}$ | Logical "1" Input Voltage, Except Osc and KBM Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3.5 \\ 8.0 \\ 12.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.5 \\ 9 \\ 13.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN(0) }}$ | Logical "0" Input Voltage, Except Osc and KBM Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{C C}=10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & V_{C C}=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.5 \\ 1 \\ 1.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.5 \\ 2 \\ 2.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{rp}}$ | Row Pull-Up Current at Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4 and Y5 Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline-2 \\ -10 \\ -22 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -5 \\ -20 \\ -45 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| V OUT(1) | Logical "1" Output Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.5 \\ 9 \\ 13.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| V OUT(0) | Logical "0" Output Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.5 \\ 1 \\ 1.5 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {on }}$ | Column "ON" Resistance at X1, X2, X3 and X4 Outputs | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 500 \\ & 300 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1400 \\ 700 \\ 500 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Current Osc at OV, (one Y low) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.55 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 1.9 \\ & 2.6 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mA} \\ & \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\underline{\ln (1)}$ | Logical "1" Input Current at Output Enable | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.005 | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\ln (0)$ | Logical "0" Input Current at Output Enable | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -1.0 | -0.005 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| CMOS/LPTTL INTERFACE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN(1) }}$ | Logical "1" Input Voltage, Except Osc and KBM Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 74 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.75 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-1.5 \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN(0) }}$ | Logical "0" Input Voltage, Except Osc and KBM Inputs | $\begin{aligned} & 54 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 74 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.75 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { V } \\ & \text { V } \end{aligned}$ |
| V OUT(1) | Logical "1" Output Voltage | $\begin{array}{r} 54 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-360 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ 74 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.75 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-360 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.4 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | V V |
| V OUT(0) | Logical "0" Output Voltage | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 54 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-360 \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ 74 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.75 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-360 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.4 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | V V |
| Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. Except for "Operating Temperature Range" they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provides conditions for actual device operation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## DC Electrical Characteristics

Min/Max limits apply across temperature range unless otherwise specified (Continued)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OUTPUT DRIVE (See 54C/74C Family Characteristics Data Sheet) (Short Circuit Current) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Isource | Output Source Current (P-Channel) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | -1.75 | -3.3 |  | mA |
| Isource | Output Source Current (P-Channel) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | -8 | -15 |  | mA |
| ISINK | Output Sink Current (N-Channel) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 1.75 | 3.6 |  | mA |
| ISINK | Output Sink Current ( N -Channel) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \\ & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 8 | 16 |  | mA |

AC Electrical Characteristics* $T_{A}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$, unless otherwise noted

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {pd1 }}$ | Propagation Delay Time to Logical "0" or Logical "1" from D.A. | $\begin{aligned} & C_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \text { (Figure 1) } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 35 \\ & 25 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 150 \\ 80 \\ 60 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{0 \mathrm{H}}, \mathrm{t}_{1 \mathrm{H}}$ | Propagation Delay Time from Logical "0" or Logical "1" into High Impedance State | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF} \text { (Figure 2) } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 65 \\ & 50 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 150 \\ & 110 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ns } \\ & \text { ns } \\ & \text { ns } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{HO}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{H} 1}$ | Propagation Delay Time from High Impedance State to a Logical "0" or Logical " 1 " | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \text { (Figure 2) } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ 55 \\ 40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ 125 \\ 90 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Input Capacitance | Any Input (Note 2) |  | 5 | 7.5 | pF |
| Cout | TRI-STATE Output Capacitance | Any Output (Note 2) |  | 10 |  | pF |

*AC Parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.
Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. Except for "Operating Temperature Range" they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provides conditions for actual device operation.
Note 2: Capacitance is guaranteed by periodic testing

## Switching Time Waveforms



FIGURE 1


## Typical Performance Characteristics




TL/F/6037-8



Synchronous Data Entry Onto Bus (MM74C922)


TL/F/6037-11
Outputs are enabled when valid entry is made and go into TRI-STATE when key is released.

Note 3: The keyboard may be synchronously scanned by omitting the capacitor at osc. and driving osc. directly if the system clock rate is lower than 10 kHz .

## Typical Applications (Continued)

Asynchronous Data Entry Onto Bus (MM74C922)


TL/F/6037-12
Outputs are in TRI-STATE until key is pressed, then data is placed on bus. When key is released, outputs return to TRI-STATE.

Expansion to 32 Key Encoder (MM74C922)


## Theory of Operation

The MM74C922/MM74C923 Keyboard Encoders implement all the logic necessary to interface a 16 or 20 SPST key switch matrix to a digital system. The encoder will convert a key switch closer to a 4(MM74C922) or 5(MM74C923) bit nibble. The designer can control both the keyboard scan rate and the key debounce period by altering the oscillator capacitor, COSE, and the key bounce mask capacitor, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {MSK }}$. Thus, the MM74C922/MM74C923's performance can be optimized for many keyboards.
The keyboard encoders connect to a switch matrix that is 4 rows by 4 columns (MM74C922) or 5 rows by 4 columns (MM74C923). When no keys are depressed, the row inputs are pulled high by internal pull-ups and the column outputs sequentially output a logic " 0 ". These outputs are open drain and are therefore low for $25 \%$ of the time and otherwise off. The column scan rate is controlled by the oscillator input, which consists of a Schmitt trigger oscillator, a 2-bit counter, and a 2-4-bit decoder.
When a key is depressed, key 0 , for example, nothing will happen when the X 1 input is off, since Y 1 will remain high. When the X 1 column is scanned, X 1 goes low and Y 1 will go low. This disables the counter and keeps X1 low. Y1 going
low also initiates the key bounce circuit timing and locks out the other $Y$ inputs. The key code to be output is a combination of the frozen counter value and the decoded Y inputs. Once the key bounce circuit times out, the data is latched, and the Data Available (DAV) output goes high.
If, during the key closure the switch bounces, Y 1 input will go high again, restarting the scan and resetting the key bounce circuitry. The key may bounce several times, but as soon as the switch stays low for a debounce period, the closure is assumed valid and the data is latched.
A key may also bounce when it is released. To ensure that the encoder does not recognize this bounce as another key closure, the debounce circuit must time out before another closure is recognized.
The two-key roll-over feature can be illustrated by assuming a key is depressed, and then a second key is depressed. Since all scanning has stopped, and all other $Y$ inputs are disabled, the second key is not recognized until the first key is lifted and the key bounce circuitry has reset.
The output latches feed TRI-STATE, which is enabled when the Output Enable $(\overline{\mathrm{OE}})$ input is taken low.



Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)

MM54C922/MM74C922 16-Key Encoder, MM54C923/MM74C923 20-Key Encoder
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)

Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (N) Order Number MM54C923N or MM74C923N
NS Package Number N20A

## LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

