

54F/74F283 4-Bit Binary Full Adder with Fast Carry

General Description

Features

The 'F283 high-speed 4-bit binary full adder with internal carry lookahead accepts two 4-bit binary words (A₀-A₃, B₀-B₃) and a Carry input (C₀). It generates the binary Sum outputs (S₀-S₃) and the Carry output (C₄) from the most significant bit. The 'F283 will operate with either active HIGH or active LOW operands (positive or negative logic).

■ Guaranteed 4000V minimum ESD protection

Commercial	Military	Package Number	Package Description
74F283PC		N16E	16-Lead (0.300" Wide) Molded Dual-In-Line
	54F283DM (Note 2)	J16A	16-Lead Ceramic Dual-In-Line
74F283SC (Note 1)		M16A	16-Lead (0.150" Wide) Molded Small Outline, JEDEC
74F283SJ (Note 1)		M16D	16-Lead (0.300" Wide) Molded Small Outline, EIAJ
	54F283FM (Note 2)	W16A	16-Lead Cerpack
	54F283LL (Note 2)	E20A	20-Lead Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier, Type C

Note 1: Devices also available in 13" reel. Use suffix = SCX and SJX.

Note 2: Military grade device with environmental and burn-in processing. Use suffix = DMQB, FMQB and LMQB.

Logic Symbols

Connection Diagrams



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Unit Loading/Fan Out

		54F/74F					
Pin Names	Description	U.L. HIGH/LOW	Input I _{IH} /I _{IL} Output I _{OH} /I _{OL}				
A ₀ -A ₃	A Operand Inputs	1.0/2.0	20 µA/−1.2 mA				
B ₀ -B ₃	B Operand Inputs	1.0/2.0	20 µA/−1.2 mA				
C ₀	Carry Input	1.0/1.0	20 µA/−0.6 mA				
S ₀ -S ₃	Sum Outputs	50/33.3	-1 mA/20 mA				
C ₄	Carry Output	50/33.3	-1 mA/20 mA				

Functional Description

The 'F283 adds two 4-bit binary words (A plus B) plus the incoming Carry (C₀). The binary sum appears on the Sum (S₀-S₃) and outgoing carry (C₄) outputs. The binary weight of the various inputs and outputs is indicated by the subscript numbers, representing powers of two.

$$\begin{array}{l} 2^0 \left(\mathsf{A}_0 + \mathsf{B}_0 + \mathsf{C}_0 \right) + 2^1 \left(\mathsf{A}_1 + \mathsf{B}_1 \right) \\ + 2^2 \left(\mathsf{A}_2 + \mathsf{B}_2 \right) + 2^3 \left(\mathsf{A}_3 + \mathsf{B}_3 \right) \\ = \mathsf{S}_0 + 2\mathsf{S}_1 + 4\mathsf{S}_2 + 8\mathsf{S}_3 + 16\mathsf{C}_4 \\ & \text{Where (+)} = \text{plus} \end{array}$$

Interchanging inputs of equal weight does not affect the operation. Thus C₀, A₀, B₀ can be arbitrarily assigned to pins 5, 6 and 7 for DIPS, and 7, 8 and 9 for chip carrier packages. Due to the symmetry of the binary add function, the 'F283 can be used either with all inputs and outputs active HIGH (positive logic) or with all inputs and outputs active LOW (negative logic). See *Figure 1*. Note that if C₀ is not used it must be tied LOW for active HIGH logic or tied HIGH for active LOW logic.

Due to pin limitations, the intermediate carries of the 'F283 are not brought out for use as inputs or outputs. However,

other means can be used to effectively insert a carry into, or bring a carry out from, an intermediate stage. Figure 2 shows how to make a 3-bit adder. Tying the operand inputs of the fourth adder (A₃, B₃) LOW makes S_3 dependent only on, and equal to, the carry from the third adder. Using somewhat the same principle, Figure 3 shows a way of dividing the 'F283 into a 2-bit and a 1-bit adder. The third stage adder (A2, B2, S2) is used merely as a means of getting a carry (C_{10}) signal into the fourth stage (via A₂ and B₂) and bringing out the carry from the second stage on S_2 . Note that as long as A_2 and B_2 are the same, whether HIGH or LOW, they do not influence S2. Similarly, when A2 and B2 are the same the carry into the third stage does not influence the carry out of the third stage. Figure 4 shows a method of implementing a 5-input encoder, where the inputs are equally weighted. The outputs S₀, S₁ and S₂ present a binary number equal to the number of inputs $I_1 - I_5$ that are true. Figure 5 shows one method of implementing a 5-input majority gate. When three or more of the inputs I1-I5 are true, the output M5 is true.

	C ₀	A ₀	A 1	A ₂	A ₃	B ₀	B ₁	B ₂	B ₃	S ₀	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	C4
Logic Levels	L	L	н	L	н	н	L	L	н	н	Н	L	L	Н
Active HIGH	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
Active LOW	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0

Active HIGH: 0 + 10 + 9 = 3 + 16 Active LOW: 1 + 5 + 6 = 12 + 0

FIGURE 1. Active HIGH versus Active LOW Interpretation





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature	$-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$
Ambient Temperature under Bias	-55°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature under Bias	-55°C to +175°C
Plastic	-55°C to +150°C
V _{CC} Pin Potential to	
Ground Pin	-0.5V to +7.0V
Input Voltage (Note 2)	-0.5V to $+7.0V$
Input Current (Note 2)	-30 mA to $+5.0$ mA
Voltage Applied to Output	
in HIGH State (with $V_{CC} = 0V$)	
Standard Output	-0.5V to V _{CC}
TRI-STATE [®] Output	-0.5V to +5.5V
Current Applied to Output	
in LOW State (Max)	twice the rated I _{OL} (mA)
ESD Last Passing Voltage (Min)	4000V

Recommended Operating Conditions

Free Air Ambient Temperature Military

Commercial Supply Voltage Military

Commercial

-55°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C +4.5V to +5.5V

+4.5V to +5.5V

			-		-					
No	te 1: Abs	olute	e maxi	mui	m rating	js ai	re values b	eyond whic	h the devic	e may
be	damageo	l or	have	its	useful	life	impaired.	Functional	operation	under
the	ese condit	ions	is no	t im	plied.					

Note 2: Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter			54F/74I	F	Units	Vcc	Conditions	
eyniber	i uluno		Min	Тур	Max			Conditions	
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			V		Recognized as a HIGH Signal	
VIL	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V		Recognized as a LOW Signal	
V _{CD}	Input Clamp Diode Vo			-1.2	V	Min	$I_{IN} = -18 \text{ mA}$		
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	54F 10% V _{CC} 74F 10% V _{CC} 74F 5% V _{CC}	2.5 2.5 2.7			V	Min	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	54F 10% V _{CC} 74F 10% V _{CC}			0.5 0.5	V	Min	$I_{OL} = 20 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OL} = 20 \text{ mA}$	
Ін	Input HIGH Current	54F 74F			20.0 5.0	μΑ	Max	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$	
I _{BVI}	Input HIGH Current Breakdown Test	54F 74F			100 7.0	μΑ	Max	$V_{IN} = 7.0V$	
ICEX	Output HIGH Leakage Current	54F 74F			250 50	μΑ	Max	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$	
V_{ID}	Input Leakage Test	74F	4.75			v	0.0	$I_{ID} = 1.9 \ \mu A$ All Other Pins Grounded	
I _{OD}	Output Leakage Circuit Current	74F			3.75	μΑ	0.0	V _{IOD} = 150 mV All Other Pins Grounded	
IIL	Input LOW Current				-0.6 -1.2	mA	Max	$V_{IN} = 0.5V (C_O)$ $V_{IN} = 0.5V (A_n, B_n)$	
IOS	Output Short-Circuit C	Current	-60		- 150	mA	Max	$V_{OUT} = 0V$	
ICCH	Power Supply Current	t		36	55	mA	Max	V _O = HIGH	
ICCL	Power Supply Curren	t		36	55	mA	Max	$V_{O} = LOW$	

Symbol			74F		5	4F	7		
	Parameter	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{T_A}=\ +\ \textbf{25^{\circ}C}\\ \textbf{V_{CC}}=\ +\ \textbf{5.0V}\\ \textbf{C_L}=\ \textbf{50}\ \textbf{pF} \end{array}$			T _A , V _C C _L =	_C = Mil 50 pF	$T_A, V_{CC} = Com$ $C_L = 50 pF$		Units
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Мах]
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay C_0 to S_n	3.5 3.0	7.0 7.0	9.5 9.5	3.5 3.0	14.0 14.0	3.5 3.0	11.0 11.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay A _n or B _n to S _n	3.0 3.0	7.0 7.0	9.5 9.5	3.0 3.0	17.0 14.0	3.0 3.0	13.0 11.5	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay C_0 to C_4	3.0 3.0	5.7 5.4	7.5 7.0	3.0 2.5	10.5 10.0	3.0 3.0	8.5 8.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay A_n or B_n to C_4	3.0 2.5	5.7 5.3	7.5 7.0	3.0 2.5	10.5 10.0	3.0 2.5	8.5 8.0	ns

The device number is used to form part of a simplified purchasing code where the package type and temperature range are defined as follows:





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