



PEEL™ 22CV10AZ-25

CMOS Programmable Electrically Erasable Logic Device

Features

Ultra Low Power Operation

- VCC = 5 Volts $\pm 10\%$
- Icc = $10 \ \mu A$ (typical) at standby
- Icc = 2 mA (typical) at 1 MHz
- tpD = 25ns.

CMOS Electrically Erasable Technology

- Superior factory testing
- Reprogrammable in plastic package
- Reduces retrofit and development costs

Development/Programmer Support

- Third party software and programmers
- Anachip PLACE Development Software

General Description

The PEEL[™]22CV10AZ is a Programmable Electrically Erasable Logic (PEELTM) device that provides a low power alternative to ordinary PLDs. The PEEL[™]22CV10AZ is available in 24-pin. DIP, SOIC, TSSOP and 28-pin PLCC packages (see Fig 19). A "zero-power" (100µA max. Icc) standby mode makes he PEELTM22CV10AZ ideal for power sensitive applications such as handheld meters, portable communication equipment and up- 1, 2computers/ peripherals. EE-reprogrammability provides the convenience of instant reprogramming development and a reusable production inventory minim zing the impact of programming changes or errors. E reprogrammability also improves factory testability, the ensking the ighest quality possible.

Figure 19 Pin fign ation



Architectural Flexibility

- 133 product terms x 44 input AND array
- Up to 22 inputs and 10 I/O pins
- 12 possible macrocell configure ions
- Synchronous preset, asynchronous clear
- Independent output enab
- Programmable clock starce and pourit
 24-pin DIP/SOIC/TS, OP and 28-pin PLCC

Application Versath 'v

- Replaces random log
- Pin and JED. C comparable with 22V10
- Ideal for wei ensit e systems

The PEEL [™]22CV10AZ is JEDEC file compatible with standard V10 PLDs. Eight additional configurations per macrocell (a tota of 12) are also available by using the "+" software/programming option (i.e., 22CV10AZ+ & 22CV10AZ++). The additional macrocell configurations allow more logic to be put into every device, potentially reducing the design's component count and lowering the power requirements even further.

programming Development and for the support PEEL[™]22CV10AZ is provided by popular third-party programmers and development software. Anachip also offers free Win-PLACE development software.

Figure 19 Block Diagram



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Function Description

The implements logic functions as sum-of-products expressions in a programmable-AND/fixed-OR logic array. User-defined functions are created by programming the connections of input signals into the array. User-configurable output structures in the form of I/O macrocells further increase logic flexibility.

Architecture Overview

The architecture is illustrated in the block diagram of Figure 19. Twelve dedicated inputs and 10 I/Os provide up to 22 inputs and 10 outputs for creating logic functions (see Figure 21). At the core of the device is a programmable electrically-erasable AND array that drives a fixed OR array. With this structure, the PEELTM22CV10AZ can implement up to 10 sum-of-products logic expressions.

Associated with each of the ten OR functions is an I/O macrocell that can be independently programmed to one of four different configurations in standard 22V10 mode, or any one of 12 configurations using the special "Plus" mode. The programmable macrocells allow each I/O to be used to create sequential or combinatorial logic functions of active-high or active-low polarity, while providing three different feedback paths into the AND array.

AND/OR Logic Array

The programmable AND array of the PEF_20122 V16 Z (shown in Figure 21) is formed by input lines in Figure 21) are used as follow

44 Input Lines:

- 24 input lines carry the true and complement of the signals applied to the 12 input rime
- 20 additional lines car / the true and complement values of feedback or input sign _____ om th__10 I/Os

133 Product Terms:

- 120 project terms (, ranged in 2 groups of 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16) are used to form a m of product functions
- 10 output en le toms (one for each I/O)
- 1 global synchronous preset term
- 1 global asynchronous clear term
- 1 programmable clock term

At each input-line/product-term intersection, there is an EEPROM memory cell that determines whether or not there is a logical connection at that intersection. Each product term is essentially a 44-input AND gate. A product term that is connected to both the true and complement of an input signal will always be FALSE and therefore will not affect the OR function that it drives. When all the connections on a product term are opened, a "don't care" state exists and that term will always be TRUE.

When programming the PEELTM22CV10AZ, the device pro-

grammer first performs a bulk erase to remove the previous pattern. The erase cycle opens every logical connection in the array. The device is configured to perform the user-defined function by programming selected connections in the AND array. (Note that PEELTM device programmers automatically program all of the connections on unused product terms so that they will have no effect on the output function).

Variable Product Term Dist. ibution

The PEELTM22CV10AZ precides 120, roducterms to drive the 10 OR functions. These product trans are astributed among the outputs in groups of 8, 10, 2, 44, and 16 to form logical sums (see Figure 21). This estribution hows optimum use of the device resources

Programm. ble YOM.crocell

The user twelve configuration output macrocell provides complete control over the architecture of each output. The ability to onfigure each output independently lets you to tailor the configuration of the EEL[™]22CV10AZ to the precise requirements of your desig.

Macrocell Architecture

Each I/O macrocell, as shown in Figure 20, consists of a D-type flip-flop and two signal-select multiplexers. The configuration of the macrocell is determined by four EEPROM bits that control the multiplexers. These bits determine the output polarity, output type (registered or non-registered) and input-feedback path (bidirectional I/O, combinatorial feedback). Refer to Table 1. for details. Four of these macrocells duplicate the functionality of the industry-standard PAL22V10. (See Figure 21 and Table 1.)

Figure 20 Block Diagram of the PEELTM22CV10A I/O Macrocell







In addition to emulating the four PAL-type output structures (configurations 3, 4, 9, and 10), The macrocell provides eight additional configurations. Equivalent circuits for the twelve macrocell configurations are illustrated in Figure 22. These structures are accessed by specifying the PEELTM22CV10A+ or PEELTM22CV10A++ option when assembling the equations.

Figure 21 Equivalent Circuits for the Four Configurations of the I/O Macrocell



Table 1. PEEL™22CV10A MacrocellConfiguration Bits

Configuration			Input/Feedback		
#	Α	В	Select	Outrut	Select
1	0	0	Regist	P I I I	Active Low
2	1	0	Feedbyk	Register	Active High
3	0	1	Ri-Dire ional		Active Low
4			0/7	Combinatorial	Active High

When creating a FELT device design, the desired macrocell configuration is generally specified explicitly in the design file. When the design is assembled or compiled, the macrocell configuration bits are defined in the last lines of the JEDEC programming file.

Output Type

The signal from the OR array can be fed directly to the output pin (combinatorial function) or latched in the D-type flip-flop (registered function). The D-type flip-flop latches data on the rising edge of the clock and is controlled by the global preset and clear terms. When the synchronous preset term is satisfied, the Q output of the register is set HIGH at the next rising edge of the clock input. Satisfying the asynchronous clear sets Q LOW, regardless of the clock state. If both terms are satisfied simultaneously, the clear will override the preset.

Output Polarity

Each macrocell can be configured to implement active-high or active-low logic. Programmable polarity eliminates the need for external inverters.

Output Enable

The output of each I/O macrocel' can be nabled or disabled under the control of its associated programm ble output enable product term. When the log cal conditions dogrammed on the output enable term are satisfied, the output disabled to the I/O pin. Otherwise, the coupt buffer is switched into the high-impedance state.

Under the control of the output enable term, the I/O pin can function as a dedicated oput, a dedicated output, or a bi-directional I/O. Opening every control on the output enable term will permanently enable be output buffer and yield a dedicated output. Convers 'v, not connection is intact, the enable term will always be objectly false and the I/O will function as a dedicated input.

h. put/Feedback Select

When configuring an I/O macrocell to implement a registered function (configurations 1 and 2 in Figure 21), the \overline{Q} output of the Ilip-flop drives the feedback term. When configuring an I/O macrocell to implement a combinatorial output (configurations 3 and 4 in Figure 21), the feedback term is taken from the I/O pin. In this case, the pin can be used as a dedicated input or a bi-directional I/O (Refer also to Table 1.)

Programmable Clock Options

A unique feature of the PEELTM22CV10AZ is a programmable clock multiplexer that allows you to select true or complement

forms of either the input pin or a product-term clock source. This feature can be accessed by specifying the PEELTM22CV10A++ option when assembling the equations.









Configuration			tion		Input/Foodbook Soloot	Output Salaat		
#	Α	В	С	D	Input/Feeuback Select	Output Select		
1	0	0	1	0		Register	Active Low	
2	1	0	1	0	Bi-directional I/O	Register	Active High	
3	0	1	0	0	Bi-directional 1/0	Combinatorial	Active Low	
4	1	1	0	0		Comomatorial	Active High	
5	0	0	1	1		Degister	Active Low	
6	1	0	1	1	Combinatorial Ecodbook	Register	Active High	
7	0	1	1	1	Combinatorial Feedback	Combinatorial	Active Low	
8	1	1	1	1		Comomatorial	Active High	
9	0	0	0	0		Degister	Active Low	
10	1	0	0	0	Pagistar Faadbaak	Register	Active High	
11	0	1	1	0	Register Feedback	Combinatorial	Active Low	
12	1	1	1	0		Comomatorial	Active High	

Table 1. I/O Macrocell Equivalent Circuits





Zero Power Feature

The CMOS PEELTM22CV10AZ features "Zero-Power" standby operation for ultra-low power consumption. With the "Zero-Power" feature, transition-detection circuitry monitors the inputs, I/Os (including CLK) and feedbacks. If these signals do not change for a period of time greater than approximately two tPDs, the outputs are latched in their current state and the device automatically powers down. When the next signal transition is detected, the device will "wake up" for active operation until the signals stop switching long enough to trigger the next power-down.

As a result of the "Zero-Power" feature, significant power savings can be realized for combinatorial or sequential operations when the inputs or clock change at a modest rate (see Figure 23).

Figure 23 Typical ICC vs. Input Clock Frequency for the 22CV10AZ.



Design Security

The PEELTM22CV10AZ provides a special EEPROM security bit that prevents unauthorized reading or copying of designs programmed into the device. The security bit is set by the PLD programmer, either at the conclusion of the programming cycle or as a separate step, after the device has been programmed. Once the security bit is set it is impossible to error read) or program the PEELTM until the entire device his first bein erased with the bulk-erase function.

Signature Word

The signature word nature illows a 64-bit code to be programmed into the $15^{\text{CTM}}22\text{CV10AZ}$ if the PEELTM22CV10 Z+ softwire option is used. The code can be read back even after the security bit has been set. The signature word can be used to be any the pattern programmed into the device the record the design revision, etc.

Program. ving Support

Anachip UEDEC file translator allows easy conversion of exist-24 pin PLD designs to the PEELTM22CV10AZ, without the neet for redesign. Anachip supports a broad range of popular third party design entry systems, including the Abel-to-PEEL Arrays fitter software. Anachip also offers (for free) its proprietary WinPLACE software, an easy-to-use entry level PC-based software development system.

Programming support includes all the popular third party programmers such as BP Microsystems, System General, Logical Devices, and numerous others.

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This device has been designed and tested for the specified operating ranges. Improper operation outside of these levels is not guaranteed. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	F .ating	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	Relative to Ground	-0	V
V_{I}, V_{O}	Voltage Applied to Any Pin ²	Relative to Ground ¹	-0.5 to V	V
Io	Output Current	Per Pin (I _{OL} , I _{OH})	±25	mA
T _{ST}	Storage Temperature		-6 ⁻ 10 +150	°C
T _{LT}	Lead Temperature	Soldering 10 Seconds	+300	°C
Table 2. (Operating Range			

Table 2. Operating Range

Symbol	Parameter	C indition.	Min	Max	Unit
V	Supply Voltage	Commercia	4.75	5.25	V
• CC	Supply Voltage	Industrial	4.5	5.5	V
T _A	Ambient Temperature	Com.	0	+70	°C
	Ambient remperature	Industria.	-40	+85	°C
T _R	Clock Rise Time	See No 3.		20	ns
T _F	Clock Fall Time	See Not 3.		20	ns
T _{RVCC}	V _{CC} Rise Time	he N te 3.		250	ms

Table 3. D.C. Electric Charac cs Over the operating range (Unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	rameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	O .put H. CH V Itage – TTL	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V
V _{OHC}	vtput HIG I Voltage – CMOS	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -10.0 \ \mu A$	VCC-0.3		V
V _{OL}	Out _k + LC V Voltage – TTL	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 16.0 \text{ mA}$		0.5	V
V _{OLC}	Output LOW Voltage – CMOS	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 10.0 \ \mu A$		0.15	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	V_{CC} +0.3	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V
I_{IL}	Input and I/O Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = Max, GND \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}, I/O=High Z$		±10	μΑ
I _{SC}	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{CC} = Max, V_O = 0.5V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-30	-135	mA
I _{CCS}	V _{CC} Current, Standby	$V_{IN} = 0V$ or V_{CC} , All Outputs disabled ⁴	10 (typ)	100	μΑ
I_{CC}^{10}	V _{CC} Current, f=1MHz	$V_{IN} = 0V$ or V_{CC} , All Outputs disabled ⁴	2 (typ)	5	mA
C_{IN}^{7}	Input Capacitance	$T_{\rm c} = 25^{\circ}$ $V_{\rm c} = -5$ 0 $V_{\rm c} = 1$ MU		6	pF
C _{OUT} ⁷	Output Capacitance	$I_A = 25 \text{ C}, \text{ v}_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ v} \text{ (a)} I = I \text{ MHz}$		12	pF





Table 10.

Over the operating range⁸

Symbol	Davamatar	-2	Unit	
Symbol	rarameter	Min	Max	Umt
t _{PD}	Input ⁵ to non-registered output		25	ns
t _{OE}	Input ⁵ to output enable ⁶		23	ns
t _{OD}	Input ⁵ to output disable ⁶		25	ns
t _{CO1}	Clock to Output		15	ns
t _{CO2}	Clock to comb. Output delay via internal registered feedback		3.	ns
t _{CF}	Clock to Feedback)	ns
t _{SC}	Input ⁵ or feedback setup to clock	5		ns
t _{HC}	Input ⁵ hold after clock			ns
$t_{\rm CL}, t_{\rm CH}$	Clock low time, clock high time ⁸	12		ns
t _{CP}	Min clock period Ext ($t_{SC} + t_{CO1}$)	30		ns
f _{MAX1}	Internal feedback $(1/t_{SC} + t_{CF})^{11}$	41.6		MHz
f _{MAX2}	External feedback $(1/t_{CP})^{11}$	33.3		MHz
f _{MAX3}	No feedback $(1/t_{CL}+t_{CH})^{11}$	38.4		MHz
t _{AW}	Asynchronous Reset Pulse Width	25		ns
t _{AP}	Input to Asynchronous Reset		25	ns
t _{AR}	Asynchronous Reset recovery time		25	ns
t _{RESET}	Power-on reset time for registers in succe. tate?		5	μs



Notes:

1. Minimum DC input is -0.5V, however, inputs may undershoot to -2.0V for periods less than 20 ns.

2. VI and VO are not specified for program/verify operation.

3. Test Points for Clock and VCC in $\ensuremath{\text{tr}}$ are referenced at the 10% and 90% levels.

4. I/O pins are 0V and VCC.

5. "Input" refers to an input pin signal.

6. tOE is measured from input transition to VREF±0.1V, TOD is measured from input transition to VOH-0.1V or VOL+0.1V; VREF=VL.

7. Capacitances are tested on a sample basis.

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8. Test conditions assume: signal transition times of 3ns or less from the 10% and 90% points, timing reference levels of 1.5V (Unless otherwise specified).
 9. Test one output at a time for a duration of less than 1 second.

10. ICC for a typical application: This parameter is tested with the device programmed as a 10-bit Counter.

11. Parameters are not 100% tested. Specifications are based on initial characterization and are tested after any design process modification that might affect operational frequency.

12. All inputs at GND.



PEEL[™] Device and Array Test Loads



Ordering Information

Part Number	Speed	remperature	Package	
PEEL22CV10AZP-25 (L)	LONS	Commercial	24-pin Plastic DIP	
PEEL22CV10AZJ-25 (L)	25ns	Commercial	28-pin PLCC	
PEEL22CV10AZS-25 (L)	25ns	Commercial	24-pin SOIC	
PEEL22CV10AZT-25 (L)	25ns	Commercial	24-pin TSSOP	
PEEL22CV10AZPI-25 (L)	.5ns	Industrial	24-pin Plastic DIP	
PEEL22CV10AZJI-2(L)	25ns	Industrial	28-pin PLCC	
PEEL22CV10AZSI-	25ns	Industrial	24-pin SOIC	
PEEL22CV10AZ25(L)	25ns	Industrial	24-pin TSSOP	





(Blank) = Commercial 0 to +70°C I = Industrial -40 to +85°C





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