

## PI90LV14/PI90LVT14

## 1:5 Clock Distribution

#### **Features**

- Meets and Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI TIA/EIA-644-1995
- Designed for clocking rates up to 320MHz
- Operates from a single 3.3V Supply
- Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) with Output Voltages of ±350mV into a 100-ohm load
- · Choice between LVDS or TTL clock input
- · Synchronous Enable/Disable
- · Clock outputs default LOW when inputs open
- · Multiplexed clock input
  - Internal 300kohms pullup resistor on input pins
  - -CLK & CLK have 110-ohm internal termination (PI90LVT14)
- 50ps Output-to-Output Skew
- 475ps typical propagation delay
- ±22ps Period Jitter
- Bus Pins are high impedance when disabled or with  $V_{\rm CC}$  less than 1.5 V
- TTL inputs are 5V Tolerant
- Power Dissipation at 400Mbits/s of 150mW
- Function compatible to Motorola (PECL)
  - -MC100EL14 and Micrel/Synergy (PECL)
  - -SY100EL14V
- >9kV ESD Protection
- 20-pin TSSOP(L) and QSOP(Q) packages

#### Pin Descriptions

Pin	Funtion		
CLK, CLK	Differential Clock Outputs		
SCLK	LVTTL Clock Input		
EN	Synchronous Enable		
SEL	Clock Select Input		
CLK1-5 <sub>OUT±</sub>	Differential Clock Inputs		

#### **Function Table**

CLK	SCLK	SEL	EN*	CLKOUT+
L	X	L	L	L
Н	X	L	L	Н
X	L	Н	L	L
X	Н	Н	L	Н
$\downarrow$	<b>\</b>	X	Н	Z*

<sup>\*</sup> On next negative transition of CLK, or SCLK

#### **Description**

The PI90LV14 implements low voltage differential signaling (LVDS) to achieve clocking rates as high as 320MHz with low skew.

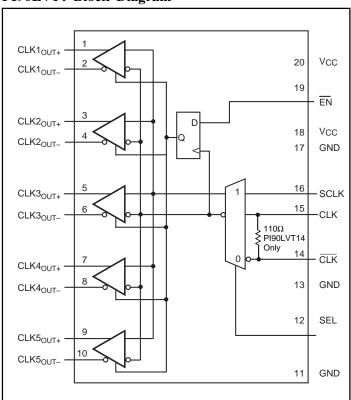
The PI90LV14 is a low-skew 1:5 clock distribution chip which incorporates multiplexed clock inputs to allow for distribution of a lower-speed, single-ended clock or a high-speed system clock. When LOWthe SEL pin will select the differential clock input.

The common enable  $(\overline{EN})$  is synchronous so that the outputs will only be enabled/disabled when they are already in the LOW state. This avoids any chance of generating a runt clock pulse when the device is enabled/disabled as can happen with an asynchronous control. Because the internal flip-flop is clocked on the falling edge of the input clock, all associated specification limits are referenced to the negative edge of the clock input.

The intended application of these devices and signaling technique is for high-speed clock distribution between boards.

#### PI90LV14 Block Diagram

1





# ${\bf Electrical\,Characteristics\,over\,Recommended\,Operating\,Conditions}\, ({\tt unless\,otherwise\,noted}).$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	<b>Typ.</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Max.	Units	
$ v_{OD} $	Differential output voltage magnitude	$R_{\rm L} = 100\Omega$	247	340	454	mV	
$\Delta  V_{ m OD} $	Change in differential output voltage magnitude between logic states	See Figures 1 and 2	-50		50		
V <sub>OC(SS)</sub>	Steady-state common-mode output voltage		1.125	1.40	1.7	V	
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage between logic states	See Figure 3	-50		50	mV	
V <sub>OC(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak common-mode output voltage			60	100		
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current	Enabled, $R_L = 100\Omega V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		21	35	mA	
		Disabled, $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	0.5	2.5	4.0		
$I_{\mathrm{IH}}$	High-level input current	$V_{IH} = 2V$		3.0	20	4	
$I_{\mathrm{IL}}$	Low-level input current	$V_{IL} = 0.8V$		5.0	20	μА	
$I_{OS}$	Short-circuit output current	V <sub>ODOUT+</sub> or V <sub>ODOUT-</sub> = 0V			±7.4	4	
		$V_{\rm OD} = 0V$			±4.7	mA	
$I_{OZ}$	High-impedance output current	$V_{\rm O} = 0 V \text{ or } V_{\rm CC}$			1		
I <sub>O(OFF)</sub>	Power-off output current	$V_{CC} = 1.5V,  V_O = 2.4V$			1	μA	
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance,	$V_{\rm I} = 0.4 \sin{(4 \text{E} 6 \pi t)} + 0.5 \text{V}$		9			
Co	Output capacitance	$V_I = 0.4 \sin(4E6\pi t) + 0.5V$ , Disabled		10		pF	
R <sub>TERM</sub>	Termination Resistor	PI90LVT14	90	110	132	Ω	

2



## Switching Characteristics over Recommended Operating Conditions (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(8,9)</sup>.

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Condition
Propagation Delay to Output CLK to CLKOUT ± SCLK to CLKOUT ± SEL to CLKOUT ±	t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>		3.0 2.5 2.6	4.0 3.5 3.6	ns	
Disable Time CLK or SCLK to CLKOUT ±	t <sub>PHZ</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub> t <sub>PZL</sub>		2.7 2.7 4.7 3.7	3.5 3.5 6.0 6.0	ns	2
Part-to-Part Skew CLK (Diff) to Q CLK (SE), SCLK to Q With Device Skew	t <sub>skew</sub> t <sub>skew</sub>			TBD TBD TBD		1
Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter	t <sub>jit(cc)</sub>	-50		+50		Figure 6
Period Jitter	t <sub>jit(per)</sub>	-22		+22	ps	Figure 7
Setup Time  ENx to CLK  CEN to CLK	t <sub>s</sub>	100 100	-100 -100		PS	2
Hold Time  ENx, CEN to SCLK  ENx, CEN to CLKx	t <sub>h</sub>		550 500	720 720		2
Minimum Input Swing (CLK)	V <sub>PP</sub>	0.20		0.800	17	3
Com. Mode Range (CLK)	V <sub>CMR</sub>	0.125	1.5	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.20	V	4
Rise/Fall Times (20 – 80%) SCLK to CLKOUT± SCLK to CLKOUT±	t <sub>r</sub>	150 150		1200 1200	ps	
<b>Duty Cycle Distortion Pulse Skew</b> ( tplh - tphl)	t <sub>SK1R</sub>		200	300	l r-	5
Channel-to-Channel Skew, same edge	t <sub>SK2R</sub>		70	190		6
Maximum Operating Frequency			250		MHz	7

#### Notes:

- 1. Within-Device skew is defined for identical transitions on similar paths through a device.
- 2. Setup, Hold, and Disable times are all relative to a falling edge on CLK or SCLK.
- 3. Minimum input swing for which AC parameters are guaranteed. Full DC LVDS output swings will be generated with only 50mV input swings.
- 4. The range in which the high level of the input swing must fall while meeting the VPP spec.
- 5. t<sub>SKIR</sub> is the difference in receiver propagation delay (t<sub>PLH</sub>-t<sub>PHL</sub>) of one device, and is the duty cycle distortion of the output at any given temperature and  $V_{CC}$ . The propagation delay specification is a device-to-device worst case over process, voltage, and temperature.
- 6. t<sub>SK2R</sub> is the difference in receiver propagation delay between channels in the same device of any outputs switching in the same direction. This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization.
- 7. Generator input conditions:  $t_r t_f < 1$ ns, 50% duty cycle, differential (1.10V to 1.35V peak-peak). Output Criteria: 60%/40% duty cycle, V<sub>OL</sub>(max) 0-4V, V<sub>OH</sub>(min) 2.7V, Load - 7pF (stray plus probes).
- 8. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and fixture capacitance.
- 9. Generator waveform for all tests unless otherwise specified: f = 25 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50$  ohms,  $t_r = 1$ ns,  $t_f = 1$ ns (35%-65%). To ensure fastest propagation delay & minimum skew, clock input edge rates should not be slower than 1ns/V; control signals not slower than 3ns/V.



#### **Parameter Measurement Information**

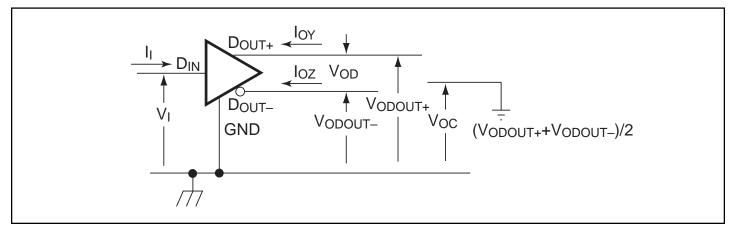


Figure 1. Voltage and Current Definitions

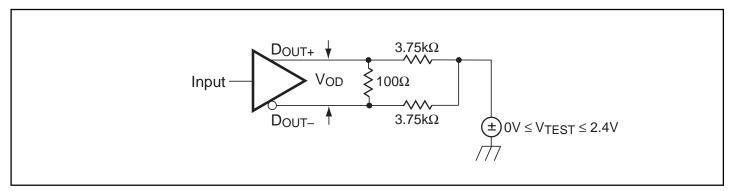
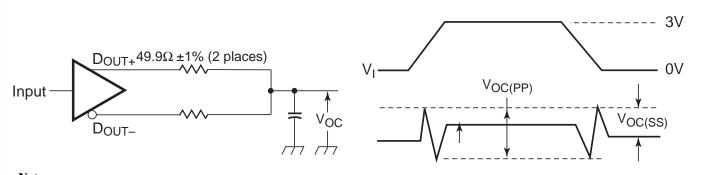


Figure 2. VoD Test Circuit



#### Note:

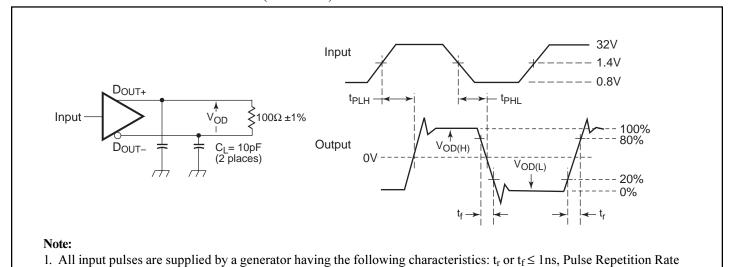
1. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $t_r$  or  $t_f \le 1$ ns, Pulse Repetition Rate (PRR) = 50 Mpps, Pulse width =  $10 \pm 0.2$ ns.  $C_L$  includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0.06m of the D.U.T. The measurement of  $V_{OC(PP)}$  is made on test equipment with a -3dB bandwidth of at least 300MHz.

 $Figure 3. \, Test \, Circuit \, \& \, Definitions \, for \, the \, Driver \, Common-Mode \, Output \, Voltage \,$ 

4



## Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



### Figure 4. Test Circuit, Timing, & Voltage Definitions for the Differential Output Signal

(PRR) = 15 Mpps, Pulse width  $= 10 \pm 0.2 \text{ns}$ .  $C_L$  includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0.06m of the D.U.T.

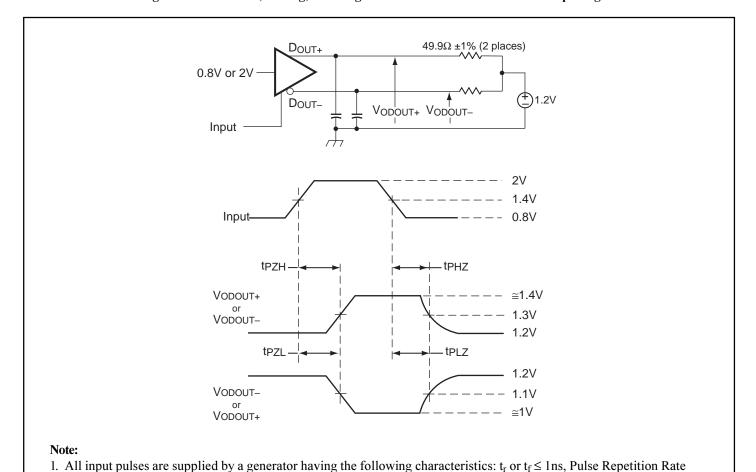


Figure 5. Enable & Disable Time Circuit & Definitions

(PRR) = 0.5 Mpps, Pulse width =  $500 \pm 10 \text{ns}$ .  $C_L$  includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 0.06 m of the D.U.T.

PS8538A 09/11/01



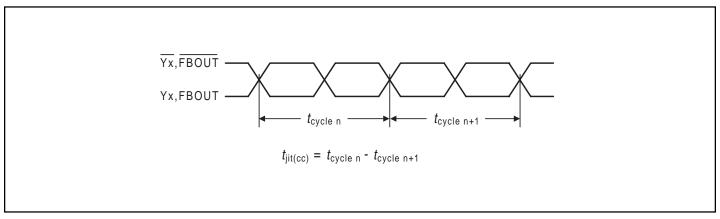


Figure 6. Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter

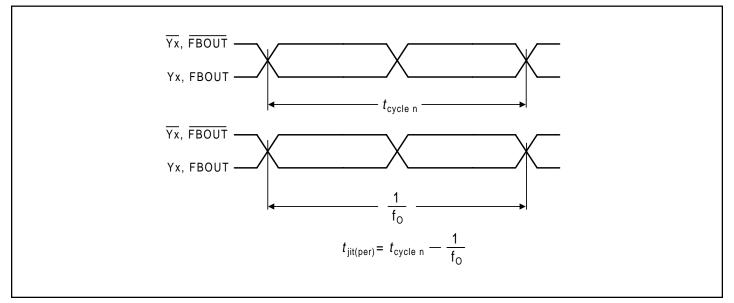
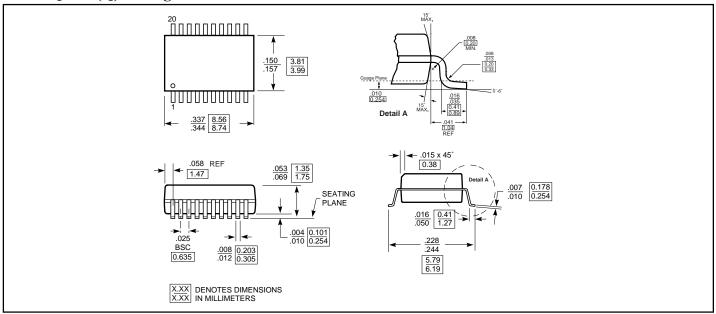


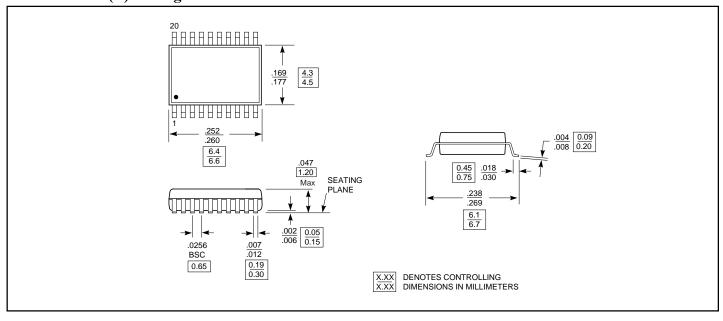
Figure 7. Period Jitter



## 20-Pin QSOP (Q) Package



## 20-Pin TSSOP(L) Package



## **Ordering Information**

Ordering Code	Package Type	Ordering Range	
PI90LV14L	20 Pin 172 mil TSSOP		
PI90LVT14L	20-Pin 173-mil TSSOP	−40°C to 85°C	
PI90LV14Q	20 Din 150 mil OCOD	-40 C to 83 C	
PI90LVT14Q	20-Pin 150-mil QSOP		

#### **Pericom Semiconductor Corporation**

2380 Bering Drive • San Jose, CA 95131 • 1-800-435-2336 • Fax (408) 435-1100 • http://www.pericom.com