

#### **General Description**

The MAX9986 high-linearity downconversion mixer provides 10dB gain, +23.6dBm IIP3, and 9.3dB NF for 815MHz to 995MHz base-station receiver applications. With a 960MHz to 1180MHz LO frequency range, this particular mixer is ideal for high-side LO injection receiver architectures. Low-side LO injection is supported by the MAX9984, which is pin-for-pin and functionally compatible with the MAX9986.

In addition to offering excellent linearity and noise performance, the MAX9986 also yields a high level of component integration. This device includes a double-balanced passive mixer core, an IF amplifier, a dual-input LO selectable switch, and an LO buffer. On-chip baluns are also integrated to allow for single-ended RF and LO inputs. The MAX9986 requires a nominal LO drive of 0dBm, and supply current is guaranteed to be below 265mA.

The MAX9984/MAX9986 are pin compatible with the MAX9994/MAX9996 1700MHz to 2200MHz mixers, making this entire family of downconverters ideal for applications where a common PC board layout is used for both frequency bands. The MAX9986 is also functionally compatible with the MAX9993.

The MAX9986 is available in a compact, 20-pin, thin QFN package (5mm x 5mm) with an exposed paddle. Electrical performance is guaranteed over the extended  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C temperature range.

#### **Applications**

850MHz W-CDMA Base Stations

GSM 850/GSM 900 2G and 2.5G EDGE Base Stations

cdmaOne<sup>™</sup> and cdma2000<sup>®</sup> Base Stations

iDEN<sup>®</sup> Base Stations

**Predistortion Receivers** 

Fixed Broadband Wireless Access

Wireless Local Loop

Private Mobile Radios

Military Systems

Microwave Links

Digital and Spread-Spectrum Communication Systems

cdma2000 is a registered trademark of the Telecommunications Industry Association.

cdmaOne is a trademark of CDMA Development Group. iDEN is a registered trademark of Motorola, Inc.

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**\_Features** 

- ♦ 815MHz to 995MHz RF Frequency Range
- 960MHz to 1180MHz LO Frequency Range (MAX9986)
- 570MHz to 850MHz LO Frequency Range (MAX9984)
- ♦ 50MHz to 250MHz IF Frequency Range
- ♦ 10dB Conversion Gain
- +23.6dBm Input IP3
- +12dBm Input 1dB Compression Point
- ♦ 9.3dB Noise Figure
- 67dBc 2LO-2RF Spurious Rejection at PRF = -10dBm
- Integrated LO Buffer
- Integrated RF and LO Baluns for Single-Ended Inputs
- Low -3dBm to +3dBm LO Drive
- Built-In SPDT LO Switch with 49dB LO1 to LO2 Isolation and 50ns Switching Time
- Pin Compatible with MAX9994/MAX9996 1700MHz to 2200MHz Mixers
- Functionally Compatible with MAX9993
- External Current-Setting Resistors Provide Option for Operating Mixer in Reduced Power/Reduced Performance Mode
- Lead-Free Package Available

#### **Ordering Information**

| PART          | TEMP RANGE     | PIN-PACKAGE                  | PKG<br>CODE |
|---------------|----------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| MAX9986ETP    | -40°C to +85°C | 20 Thin QFN-EP*<br>5mm × 5mm | T2055-3     |
| MAX9986ETP-T  | -40°C to +85°C | 20 Thin QFN-EP*<br>5mm × 5mm | T2055-3     |
| MAX9986ETP+D  | -40°C to +85°C | 20 Thin QFN-EP*<br>5mm × 5mm | T2055-3     |
| MAX9986ETP+TD | -40°C to +85°C | 20 Thin QFN-EP*<br>5mm × 5mm | T2055-3     |

\*EP = Exposed paddle.

+ = Lead free. D = Dry pack. T = Tape-and-reel.

Pin Configuration/Functional Diagram and Typical Application Circuit appear at end of data sheet.

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

# **MAX9986**

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| V <sub>CC</sub> to GND0.3V to +5<br>IF+, IF-, LOBIAS, LOSEL, IFBIAS to GND0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 |    |
|--|----|
| TAP0.3V to +1.   | 4V |
| LO1, LO2, LEXT to GND0.3V to +0.3  | ЗV |
| RF, LO1, LO2 Input Power+12dE  | 3m |
| RF (RF is DC shorted to GND through a balun)50n  | nΑ |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )  |    |
| 20-Pin Thin QFN-EP (derate 26.3mW/°C above +70°C)2.1   | W  |

| θJA+38°C/M   | / |
|--|---|
| θJC+13°C/M   |   |
| Operating Temperature Range (Note A) $\dots$ T <sub>C</sub> = -40°C to +85°C | ; |
| Junction Temperature+150°C   | ; |
| Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C                                      | ; |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C                                      | ; |

Note A: T<sub>C</sub> is the temperature on the exposed paddle of the package.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(MAX9986 *Typical Application Circuit*,  $V_{CC} = +4.75V$  to +5.25V, no RF signal applied, IF+ and IF- outputs pulled up to  $V_{CC}$  through inductive chokes,  $R_1 = 953\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 619\Omega$ ,  $T_C = -40^{\circ}C$  to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

| PARAMETER               | SYMBOL          | CONDITIONS | MIN  | ТҮР  | MAX  | UNITS |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Supply Voltage          | V <sub>CC</sub> |            | 4.75 | 5.00 | 5.25 | V     |
| Supply Current          | ICC             |            |      | 222  | 265  | mA    |
| LO_SEL Input-Logic Low  | VIL             |            |      |      | 0.8  | V     |
| LO_SEL Input-Logic High | VIH             |            | 2    |      |      | V     |

#### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX9986 *Typical Application Circuit*, V<sub>CC</sub> = +4.75V to +5.25V, RF and LO ports are driven from 50 $\Omega$  sources, P<sub>LO</sub> = -3dBm to +3dBm, P<sub>RF</sub> = -5dBm, f<sub>RF</sub> = 815MHz to 995MHz, f<sub>LO</sub> = 960MHz to 1180MHz, f<sub>IF</sub> = 160MHz, f<sub>LO</sub> > f<sub>RF</sub>, T<sub>C</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V, P<sub>RF</sub> = -5dBm, P<sub>LO</sub> = 0dBm, f<sub>RF</sub> = 910MHz, f<sub>LO</sub> = 1070MHz, f<sub>IF</sub> = 160MHz, T<sub>C</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

| PARAMETER                         | SYMBOL           | CONDITIONS   | MIN     | ТҮР    | MAX  | UNITS |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|---------|--------|------|-------|
| RF Frequency Range                | f <sub>RF</sub>  | (Note 2)   | 815     |        | 995  | MHz   |
|                                   | fLO              | (Note 2)   | 960     |        | 1180 |       |
| LO Frequency Range                |                  | MAX9984  | 570 850 |        | MHz  |       |
| IF Frequency Range                | fIF              | (Note 2)   | 50      |        | 250  | MHz   |
| Conversion Gain                   | GC               | $T_{\rm C} = +25^{\circ}{\rm C}$   | 9       | 10     | 11   | dB    |
| Gain Variation Over Temperature   |                  | $T_{\rm C} = -40^{\circ}{\rm C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}{\rm C}$  |         | -0.007 |      | dB/°C |
| Conversion Gain Flatness          |                  | Flatness over any one of three frequency bands:<br>$f_{RF} = 824MHz$ to $849MHz$<br>$f_{RF} = 869MHz$ to $894MHz$<br>$f_{RF} = 880MHz$ to $915MHz$ |         | ±0.15  |      | dB    |
| Input Compression Point           | P <sub>1dB</sub> | (Note 3)   |         | 12     |      | dBm   |
| Input Third-Order Intercept Point | IIP3             | Two tones:<br>$f_{RF1} = 910MHz$ , $f_{RF2} = 911MHz$ ,<br>$P_{RF} = -5dBm/tone$ , $f_{LO} = 1070MHz$ ,<br>$P_{LO} = 0dBm$ , $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$  | 21      | 23.6   |      | dBm   |
| Input IP3 Variation Over          |                  | $T_{\rm C}$ = +25°C to -40°C   | -1.7    |        | dB   |       |
| Temperature                       |                  | $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$   |         | +1.0   |      | ub    |



#### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX9986 *Typical Application Circuit*,  $V_{CC} = +4.75V$  to +5.25V, RF and LO ports are driven from 50 $\Omega$  sources,  $P_{LO} = -3dBm$  to +3dBm,  $P_{RF} = -5dBm$ ,  $f_{RF} = 815MHz$  to 995MHz,  $f_{LO} = 960MHz$  to 1180MHz,  $f_{IF} = 160MHz$ ,  $f_{LO} > f_{RF}$ ,  $T_C = -40^{\circ}C$  to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +5V$ ,  $P_{RF} = -5dBm$ ,  $P_{LO} = 0dBm$ ,  $f_{RF} = 910MHz$ ,  $f_{LO} = 1070MHz$ ,  $f_{IF} = 160MHz$ ,  $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

| PARAMETER                   | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS  |                                  | MIN | ТҮР | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Noise Figure                | NF     | Single sideband, f <sub>IF</sub> = 190MHz           |                                  |     | 9.3 |     | dB    |
| Noise Figure Under-Blocking |        | $f_{RF} = 900MHz$ (no signal)<br>$f_{LO} = 1090MHz$ | P <sub>BLOCKER</sub> =<br>+8dBm  |     | 19  |     |       |
|                             |        |   | P <sub>BLOCKER</sub> =<br>+11dBm |     | 24  |     | dB    |
| Small-Signal Compression    |        | $P_{FUNDAMENTAL} = -5dBm + 80$                      | PBLOCKER =<br>+8dBm              |     | 0.3 |     | dB    |
| Under-Blocking Condition    |        | ffundamental = 910MHz<br>fblocker = 911MHz          | PBLOCKER =<br>+11dBm             |     | 2   |     |       |
| LO Drive                    |        |   |                                  | -3  |     | +3  | dBm   |
|                             | 2 x 2  | 2LO-2RF   | $P_{RF} = -10 dBm$               |     | 67  |     | dBc   |
| Spurious Response at IF     |        |   | $P_{RF} = -5 dBm$                |     | 62  |     |       |
| Spurious Response at IP     | 3 x 3  | 3LO-3RF   | $P_{RF} = -10 dBm$               |     | 87  |     |       |
|                             | 3.0    | 320-311   | $P_{RF} = -5 dBm$                |     | 77  |     |       |
| LO1 to LO2 Isolation        |        | $P_{LO} = +3dBm$                                    | LO2 selected                     | 42  | 49  |     | dB    |
|                             |        | $T_C = +25^{\circ}C$ (Note 5)                       | LO1 selected                     | 42  | 50  |     | uр    |
| LO Leakage at RF Port       |        | $P_{LO} = +3dBm$                                    |                                  |     | -47 |     | dBm   |
| LO Leakage at IF Port       |        | $P_{LO} = +3dBm$                                    |                                  |     | -30 |     | dBm   |
| RF-to-IF Isolation          |        |   |                                  |     | 46  |     | dB    |
| LO Switching Time           |        | 50% of LOSEL to IF settled to within 2°             |                                  |     | 50  |     | ns    |
| RF Port Return Loss         |        |   |                                  |     | 20  |     | dB    |
| LO Port Return Loss         |        | LO1/2 port selected,<br>LO2/1 and IF terminated 27  |                                  |     | dB  |     |       |
|                             |        | LO1/2 port unselected,<br>LO2/1 and IF terminated   |                                  |     | 26  |     | UD    |
| IF Port Return Loss         |        | LO driven at 0dBm, RF ter differential 200 $\Omega$ | minated into 50 $\Omega$ ,       |     | 22  |     | dB    |

Note 1: All limits include external component losses. Output measurements taken at IF output of the Typical Application Circuit.

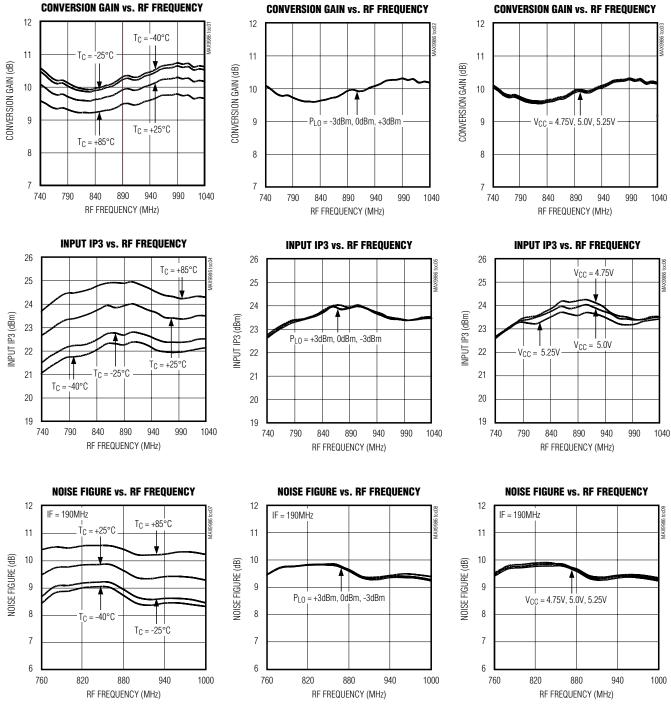
Note 2: Operation outside this range is possible, but with degraded performance of some parameters.

**Note 3:** Compression point characterized. It is advisable not to operate continuously the mixer RF input above +12dBm.

Note 4: Measured with external LO source noise filtered so the noise floor is -174dBm/Hz. This specification reflects the effects of all SNR degradations in the mixer, including the LO noise as defined in Maxim Application Note 2021.

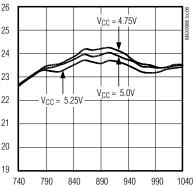
Note 5: Guaranteed by design and characterization.

(MAX9986 Typical Application Circuit, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V, P<sub>LO</sub> = 0dBm, P<sub>RF</sub> = -5dBm, f<sub>LO</sub> > f<sub>RF</sub>, f<sub>IF</sub> = 160MHz, unless otherwise noted.)



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**MAX9986** 

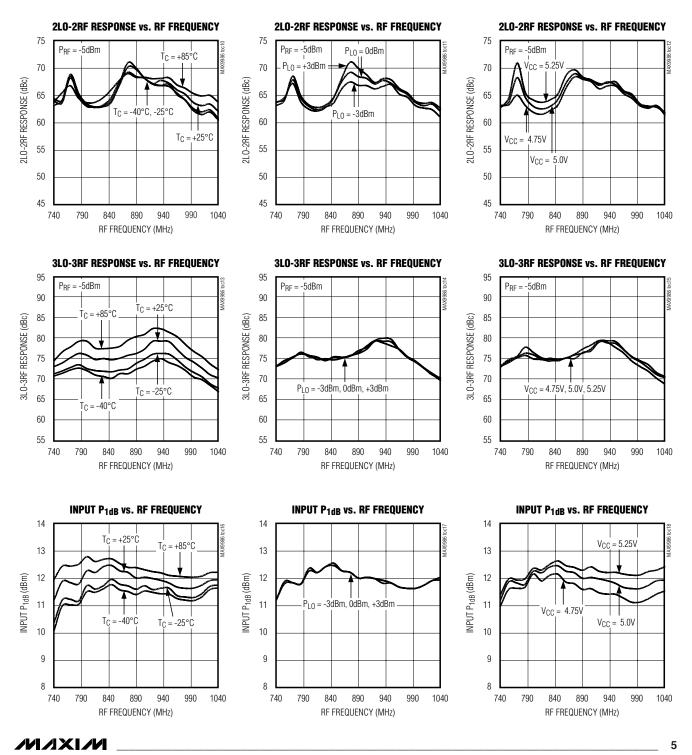


/N/XI/N

**Typical Operating Characteristics** 

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

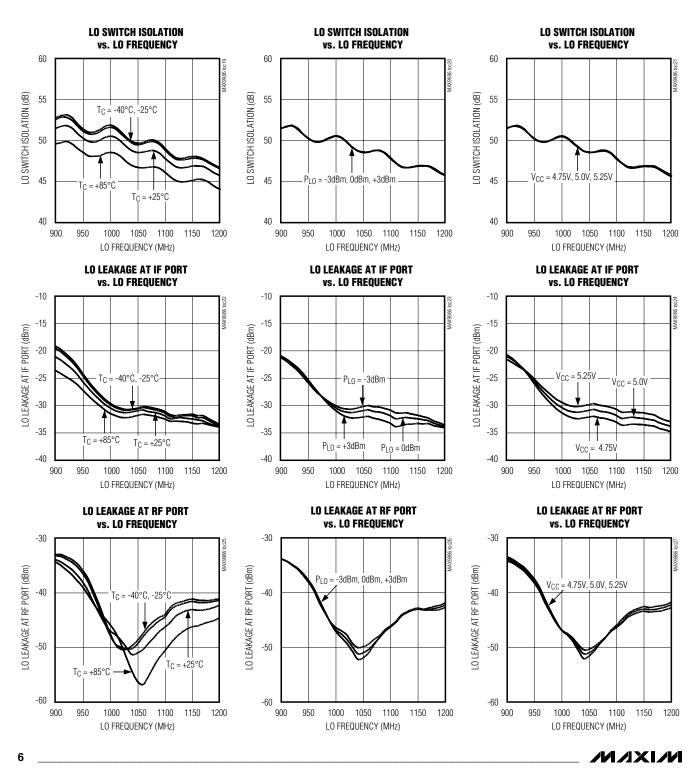
(MAX9986 Typical Application Circuit, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V, P<sub>LO</sub> = 0dBm, P<sub>RF</sub> = -5dBm, f<sub>LO</sub> > f<sub>RF</sub>, f<sub>IF</sub> = 160MHz, unless otherwise noted.)



(MAX9986 Typical Application Circuit, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V, P<sub>LO</sub> = 0dBm, P<sub>RF</sub> = -5dBm, f<sub>LO</sub> > f<sub>RF</sub>, f<sub>IF</sub> = 160MHz, unless otherwise noted.)

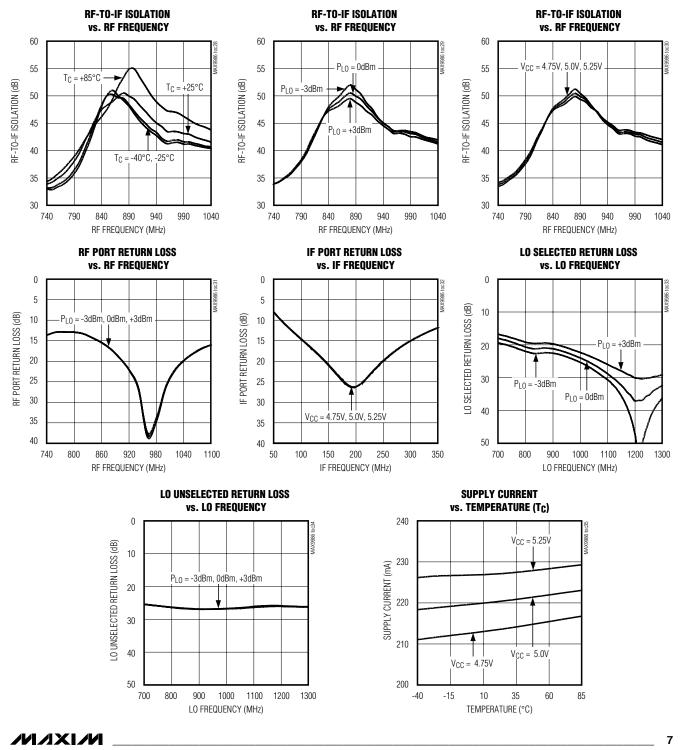
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

**MAX9986** 



#### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(MAX9986 Typical Application Circuit, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V, P<sub>LO</sub> = 0dBm, P<sub>RF</sub> = -5dBm, f<sub>LO</sub> > f<sub>RF</sub>, f<sub>IF</sub> = 160MHz, unless otherwise noted.)



#### Pin Description

| PIN                     | NAME     | FUNCTION   |
|-------------------------|----------|--|
| 1, 6, 8, 14             | Vcc      | Power-Supply Connection. Bypass each V <sub>CC</sub> pin to GND with capacitors as shown in the <i>Typical</i> Application Circuit.                  |
| 2                       | RF       | Single-Ended $50\Omega$ RF Input. This port is internally matched and DC shorted to GND through a balun. Requires an external DC-blocking capacitor. |
| 3                       | TAP      | Center Tap of the Internal RF Balun. Bypass to GND with capacitors close to the IC, as shown in the <i>Typical Application Circuit</i> .             |
| 4, 5, 10, 12,<br>13, 17 | GND      | Ground   |
| 7                       | LOBIAS   | Bias Resistor for Internal LO Buffer. Connect a $619\Omega \pm 1\%$ resistor from LOBIAS to the power supply.  |
| 9                       | LOSEL    | Local Oscillator Select. Logic control input for selecting LO1 or LO2.   |
| 11                      | LO1      | Local Oscillator Input 1. Drive LOSEL low to select LO1.   |
| 15                      | LO2      | Local Oscillator Input 2. Drive LOSEL high to select LO2.  |
| 16                      | LEXT     | External Inductor Connection. Connect a low-ESR, 30nH inductor from LEXT to GND. This inductor carries approximately 140mA DC current.               |
| 18, 19                  | IF-, IF+ | Differential IF Outputs. Each output requires external bias to V <sub>CC</sub> through an RF choke (see the <i>Typical Application Circuit</i> ).    |
| 20                      | IFBIAS   | IF Bias Resistor Connection for IF Amplifier. Connect a 953 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ resistor from IFBIAS to GND.  |
| EP                      | GND      | Exposed Ground Paddle. Solder the exposed paddle to the ground plane using multiple vias.  |

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX9986 high-linearity downconversion mixer provides 10dB of conversion gain and +23.6dBm of IIP3, with a typical 9.3dB noise figure. The integrated baluns and matching circuitry allow for  $50\Omega$  single-ended interfaces to the RF and the two LO ports. A single-pole, double-throw (SPDT) switch provides 50ns switching time between the two LO inputs with 49dB of LO-to-LO isolation. Furthermore, the integrated LO buffer provides a high drive level to the mixer core, reducing the LO drive required at the MAX9986's inputs to a -3dBm to +3dBm range. The IF port incorporates a differential output, which is ideal for providing enhanced IIP2 performance.

Specifications are guaranteed over broad frequency ranges to allow for use in cellular band GSM, cdma2000, iDEN, and W-CDMA 2G/2.5G/3G base stations. The MAX9986 is specified to operate over a 815MHz to 995MHz RF frequency range, a 960MHz to 1180MHz LO frequency range, and a 50MHz to 250MHz IF frequency range. Operation beyond these ranges is possible; see the *Typical Operating Characteristics* for additional details.

#### **RF Input and Balun**

The MAX9986 RF input is internally matched to  $50\Omega$ , requiring no external matching components. A DCblocking capacitor is required because the input is internally DC shorted to ground through the on-chip balun.

#### LO Inputs, Buffer, and Balun

The MAX9986 is ideally suited for high-side LO injection applications with a 960MHz to 1180MHz LO freguency range. For a device with a 570MHz to 850MHz LO frequency range, refer to the MAX9984 data sheet. As an added feature, the MAX9986 includes an internal LO SPDT switch that can be used for frequency-hopping applications. The switch selects one of the two single-ended LO ports, allowing the external oscillator to settle on a particular frequency before it is switched in. LO switching time is typically less than 50ns, which is more than adequate for virtually all GSM applications. If frequency hopping is not employed, set the switch to either of the LO inputs. The switch is controlled by a digital input (LOSEL): logic-high selects LO2, logic-low selects LO1. To avoid damage to the part, voltage must be applied to VCC before digital logic is applied to LOSEL. LO1 and LO2 inputs are internally matched to  $50\Omega$ , requiring only a 82pF DCblocking capacitor.



**MAX9986** 

A two-stage internal LO buffer allows a wide input power range for the LO drive. All guaranteed specifications are for an LO signal power from -3dBm to +3dBm. The on-chip low-loss balun, along with an LO buffer, drives the double-balanced mixer. All interfacing and matching components from the LO inputs to the IF outputs are integrated on-chip.

#### **High-Linearity Mixer**

The core of the MAX9986 is a double-balanced, highperformance passive mixer. Exceptional linearity is provided by the large LO swing from the on-chip LO buffer. When combined with the integrated IF amplifiers, the cascaded IIP3, 2LO-2RF rejection, and NF performance is typically 23.6dBm, 67dBc, and 9.3dB, respectively.

#### **Differential IF Output Amplifier**

The MAX9986 mixer has a 50MHz to 250MHz IF frequency range. The differential, open-collector IF output ports require external pullup inductors to V<sub>CC</sub>. Note that these differential outputs are ideal for providing enhanced 2LO-2RF rejection performance. Single-ended IF applications require a 4:1 balun to transform the 200 $\Omega$  differential output impedance to a 50 $\Omega$  single-ended output.

#### Applications Information

#### **Input and Output Matching**

The RF and LO inputs are internally matched to  $50\Omega$ . No matching components are required. RF and LO inputs require only DC-blocking capacitors for interfacing.

The IF output impedance is  $200\Omega$  (differential). For evaluation, an external low-loss 4:1 (impedance ratio) balun transforms this impedance down to a  $50\Omega$  singleended output (see the *Typical Application Circuit*).

#### **Bias Resistors**

Bias currents for the LO buffer and the IF amplifier are optimized by fine tuning resistors R1 and R2. If reduced current is required at the expense of performance, contact the factory for details. If the  $\pm$ 1% bias resistor values are not readily available, substitute standard  $\pm$ 5% values.

#### **LEXT** Inductor

LEXT serves to improve the LO-to-IF and RF-to-IF leakage. The inductance value can be adjusted by the user to optimize the performance for a particular frequency band. Since approximately 140mA flows through this inductor, it is important to use a low-DCR wire-wound coil. If the LO-to-IF and RF-to-IF leakage are not critical parameters, the inductor can be replaced by a short circuit to ground.

#### **Layout Considerations**

A properly designed PC board is an essential part of any RF/microwave circuit. Keep RF signal lines as short as possible to reduce losses, radiation, and inductance. For the best performance, route the ground pin traces directly to the exposed pad under the package. The PC board exposed pad **MUST** be connected to the ground plane of the PC board. It is suggested that multiple vias be used to connect this pad to the lower level ground planes. This method provides a good RF/thermal conduction path for the device. Solder the exposed pad on the bottom of the device package to the PC board. The MAX9986 Evaluation Kit can be used as a reference for board layout. Gerber files are available upon request at www.maxim-ic.com.

#### **Power-Supply Bypassing**

Proper voltage-supply bypassing is essential for highfrequency circuit stability. Bypass each V<sub>CC</sub> pin and TAP with the capacitors shown in the *Typical Application Circuit*; see Table 1. Place the TAP bypass capacitor to ground within 100 mils of the TAP pin.

**Exposed Pad RF/Thermal Considerations** The exposed paddle (EP) of the MAX9986's 20-pin thin QFN-EP package provides a low thermal-resistance path to the die. It is important that the PC board on which the MAX9986 is mounted be designed to conduct heat from the EP. In addition, provide the EP with a low-inductance path to electrical ground. The EP

**MUST** be soldered to a ground plane on the PC board, either directly or through an array of plated via holes.

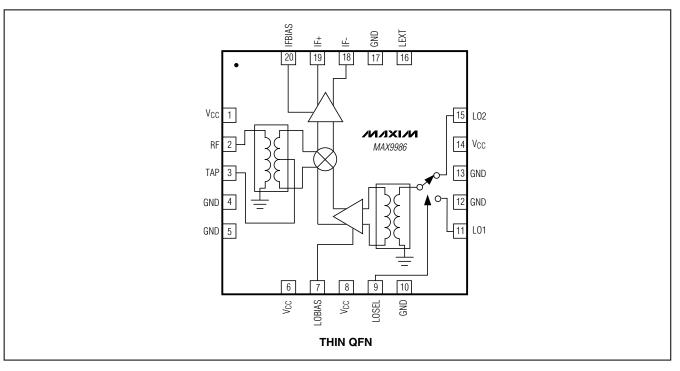
**Chip Information** 

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 1017 PROCESS: SiGe BiCMOS

#### Table 1. Component List Referring to the Typical Application Circuit

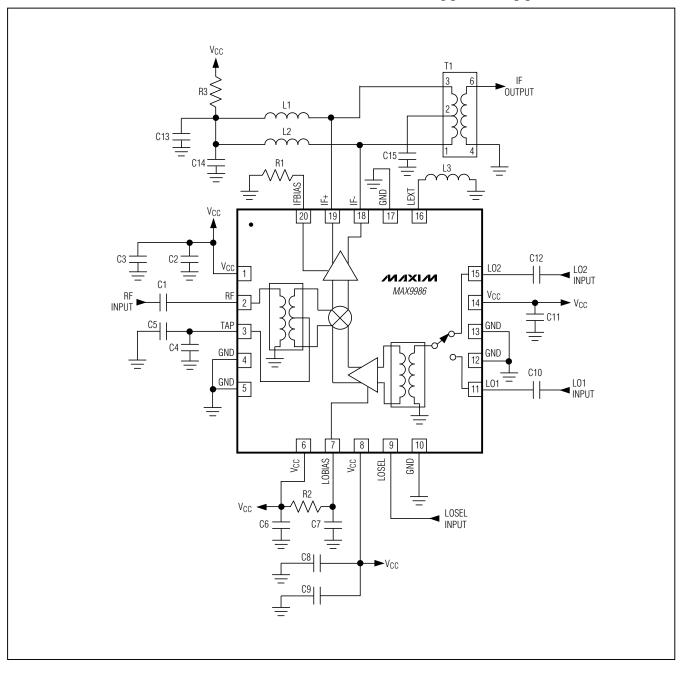
| COMPONENT                     | VALUE        | DESCRIPTION                        |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| L1, L2                        | 330nH        | Wire-wound high-Q inductors (0805) |  |
| L3                            | 30nH         | Wire-wound high-Q inductor (0603)  |  |
| C1                            | 10pF         | Microwave capacitor (0603)         |  |
| C2, C4, C7, C8, C10, C11, C12 | 82pF         | Microwave capacitors (0603)        |  |
| C3, C5, C6, C9, C13, C14      | 0.01µF       | Microwave capacitors (0603)        |  |
| C15                           | 220pF        | Microwave capacitor (0402)         |  |
| R1                            | $953\Omega$  | ±1% resistor (0603)                |  |
| R2                            | $619\Omega$  | ±1% resistor (0603)                |  |
| R3                            | $3.57\Omega$ | ±1% resistor (1206)                |  |
| T1                            | 4:1 balun    | IF balun                           |  |
| U1                            | MAX9986      | Maxim IC                           |  |

#### Pin Configuration/Functional Diagram



#### **Typical Application Circuit**

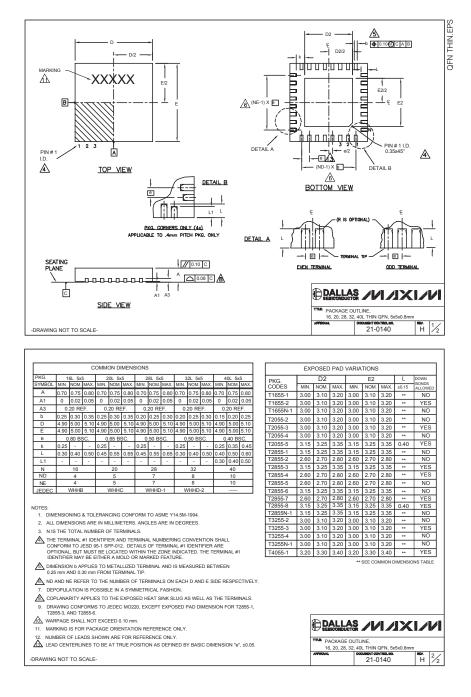
**MAX9986** 



#### M/X/M

#### **Package Information**

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



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