Features



General-Purpose, Low-Voltage, Single/Dual/Quad, Tiny-Pack Comparators

General Description

The LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 single/dual/quad comparators are drop-in, pin-for-pin-compatible replacements for the LMV331/LMV393/LMV339. The LMX331H/LMX393H/LMX339H offer the performance of the LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 with the added benefit of internal hysteresis to provide noise immunity, preventing output oscillations even with slow-moving input signals.

Advantages of the LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 series include low supply voltage, small package, and low cost. The LMX331 is available in both 5-pin SC70 and SOT23 packages, LMX393 is available in both 8-pin µMAX® and smaller SOT23 packages, and the LMX339 is available in 14-pin TSSOP and SO packages. They are manufactured using advanced submicron CMOS technology. Designed with the most modern techniques, the LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 achieve superior performance over BiCMOS or bipolar versions on the market.

The LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 offer performance advantages such as wider supply voltage range, wider operating temperature range, better CMRR and PSRR, improved response time characteristics, reduced offset, reduced output saturation voltage, reduced input bias current, and improved RF immunity.

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_Applications

Mobile Communications
Notebooks and PDAs
Automotive Applications
Battery-Powered Electronics
General-Purpose Portable Devices
General-Purpose Low-Voltage Applications

Guaranteed 1.8V to 5.5V Performance

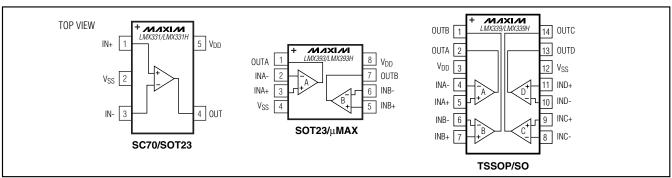
- ♦ -40°C to +125°C Automotive Temperature Range
- ♦ Low Supply Current (60μA/Comparator at V_{DD} = 5.0V)
- ♦ Input Common-Mode Voltage Range Includes Ground
- ♦ No Phase Reversal for Overdriven Inputs
- **♦** Low Output Saturation Voltage (100mV)
- Internal 2mV Hysteresis (LMX331H/LMX393H/LMX339H)
- ◆ 5-Pin SC70 Space-Saving Package (2.0mm × 2.1mm × 1.0mm) (LMX331/LMX331H)

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	TOP MARK
LMX331AXK+T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SC70	ACD
LMX331AUK+T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23	ADQR
LMX331HAXK+T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SC70	ACE
LMX331HAUK+T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23	ADQS
LMX393AKA+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23	AAIF
LMX393AUA+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	_
LMX393HAKA+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23	AAIG
LMX393HAUA+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	_
LMX339AUD+T	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP	_
LMX339ASD+T	-40°C to +125°C	14 SO	_
LMX339HAUD+T	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP	_
LMX339HASD+T	-40°C to +125°C	14 SO	

⁺Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. T = Tape and reel.

Pin Configurations



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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (VDD to VSS) All Other Pins			14-Pin TSSOP (dera 14-Pin SO (derate 8
Continuous Power Dissipatio	$n (T_A = +70^{\circ}C)$		Operating Temperatur
5-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW	//°C above +70°C)	247mW	Junction Temperature
5-Pin SOT23 (derate 7.1m)	W/°C above +70°C)	571mW	Storage Temperature I
8-Pin SOT23 (derate 8.9m)	W/°C above +70°C)	714mW	Lead Temperature (so
8-Pin µMAX (derate 10.3m	W/°C above +70°C)	825mW	Soldering Temperature

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—2.7V OPERATION

 $(V_{DD}=2.7V,\,V_{SS}=0V,\,V_{CM}=0V,\,R_L=5.1k\Omega$ connected to $V_{DD}.$ Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C.$ **Boldface** limits apply at the defined temperature extremes.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			0.2	7	mV	
Input Voltage Hysteresis	V _{HYST}	LMX331H/LMX393H/LMX339H only		2		mV	
Input Offset Voltage Average Temperature Drift	TCV _{OS}			5		μV/°C	
		T _A = +25°C		±0.05	±250		
Input Bias Current	lΒ	$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C			±400	nA	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			±400		
Input Offset Current		T _A = +25°C		±0.05	±50		
	Ios	$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C			±150	nA	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			±150		
Input Voltage Denge	Voi			-0.1		V	
Input Voltage Range	VCM			2.0		V	
Voltage Gain	Ay	LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 only		50		V/mV	
Output Saturation Voltage	VSAT	I _{SINK} ≤ 1mA		50		mV	
Output Sink Current	lo	V _O ≤ 1.5V	5	37		mA	
		LMX331/LMX331H		50	100		
Supply Current (Note 2)	Is	LMX393/LMX393H (both comparators)		70	140	μΑ	
		LMX339/LMX339H (all four comparators)		140	200		
		T _A = +25°C		0.003			
Output Leakage Current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			1	μΑ	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			2		

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—2.7V OPERATION

 $(V_{DD}=2.7V,\,V_{SS}=0V,\,V_{CM}=0V,\,R_L=5.1k\Omega$ connected to V_{DD} . Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$. **Boldface** limits apply at the defined temperature extremes.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Propagation Delay	t	Input overdrive = 10mV (Note 3)		500		20	
Output High to Low	t _{PHL}	Input overdrive = 100mV (Note 3)		100		ns	
Propagation Delay	t	Input overdrive = 10mV (Note 3)		500		20	
Output Low to High	t _{PLH}	Input overdrive = 100mV (Note 3)		100		ns	

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—5.0V OPERATION

 $(V_{DD}=5V,~V_{SS}=0V,~V_{CM}=0V,~R_L=5.1k\Omega$ connected to V_{DD} . Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$. **Boldface** limits apply at the defined temperature extremes.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		T _A = +25°C			0.25	7	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C				9	mV
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } + 125^{\circ}\text{C}$				9	
Input Voltage Hysteresis		LMX331H/LMX393H/LN	ЛХЗЗ9H only		2		mV
Input Offset Voltage Average Temperature Drift	TCV _{OS}				5		μV/°C
		T _A = +25°C			±0.05	±250	
Input Bias Current	lΒ	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$				±400	nA
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$				±400]
		T _A = +25°C			±0.05	±50	
Input Offset Current	los	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$				±150	nA
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$				±150	
Innut Valtage Dange	V _{CM}				-0.1		V
Input Voltage Range	VCM				4.2		V
Voltage Gain	Ay	LMX331/LMX393/LMX3	339 only	20	50		V/mV
	VSAT		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		70	400	
Output Saturation Voltage		I _{SINK} ≤ 4mA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			700	mV
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			700	
Output Sink Current	lo	V _O ≤ 1.5V		10	73		mA
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		60	120	
		LMX331/LMX331H	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$			150	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			170	
		LMV202/LMV202LL	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		100	200	
Supply Current (Note 2)	Is	LMX393/LMX393H (both comparators)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			250	μΑ
		(both comparators)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			300	
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		170	300	
		LMX339/LMX339H (all four comparators)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			350	
		(all four comparators)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$			430	
		T _A = +25°C			0.003		
Output Leakage Current		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$				1	μΑ
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$				2	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—5.0V OPERATION

 $(V_{DD}=5V,\,V_{SS}=0V,\,V_{CM}=0V,\,R_L=5.1k\Omega$ connected to V_{DD} . Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$. **Boldface** limits apply at the defined temperature extremes.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Propagation Delay	+ -	Input overdrive = 10mV (Note 3)		400		200
Output High to Low		Input overdrive = 100mV (Note 3)		90		ns
Propagation Delay	to	Input overdrive = 10mV (Note 3)		600		20
Output Low to High	tPLH	Input overdrive = 100mV (Note 3)		200		ns

MIXIM

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—1.8V OPERATION

 $(V_{DD}=1.8V,\,V_{SS}=0V,\,V_{CM}=0V,\,R_L=5.1k\Omega$ connected to $V_{DD}.$ Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C.$ **Boldface** limits apply at the defined temperature extremes.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			0.2	5	mV	
Input Voltage Hysteresis		LMX331H/LMX393H/LMX339H only		2		mV	
Input Offset Voltage Average Temperature Drift	TCVos			5		μV/°C	
Input Bias Current	IB			0.05		nA	
Input Offset Current	los			0.05		nA	
Innut Valtage Denge	\/o			-0.1		V	
Input Voltage Range	V _{CM}			1		V	
Output Saturation Voltage	VSAT	I _{SINK} ≤ 1mA		35		mV	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{DD} = 1.8V \text{ to } 5.5V$	60	70		dB	
Output Sink Current	I _O	V _O ≤ 1.5V		15		mA	
		LMX331/LMX331H		40	100		
Supply Current (Note 2)	Is	LMX393/LMX393H (both comparators)		65	140	μΑ	
		LMX339/LMX339H (all four comparators)		120	200		
Output Leakage Current				0.003	•	μΑ	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—1.8V OPERATION

 $(V_{DD}=1.8V,\ V_{SS}=0V,\ V_{CM}=0V,\ R_L=5.1k\Omega$ connected to V_{DD} . Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$. **Boldface** limits apply at the defined temperature extremes.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Propagation Delay	+	Input overdrive = 10mV (Note 3)		500		200
Output High to Low	^t PHL	Input overdrive = 100mV (Note 3)	100		ns	
Propagation Delay		Input overdrive = 10mV (Note 3)		500		
Output Low to High	^t PLH	Input overdrive = 100mV (Note 3)		100	•	ns

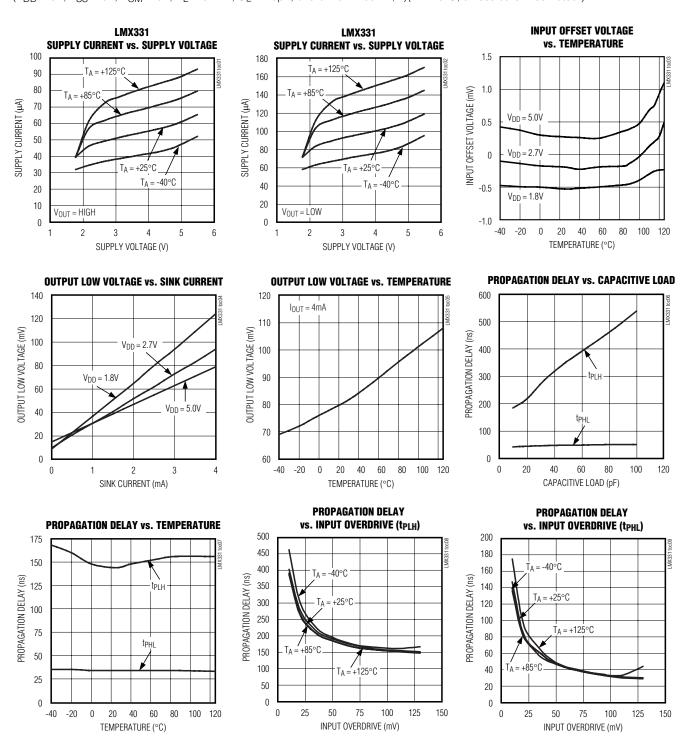
Note 1: All devices are production tested at +25°C. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

Note 2: Supply current when output is high.

Note 3: Input overdrive is the overdrive voltage beyond the offset and hysteresis-determined trip points.

Typical Operating Characteristics

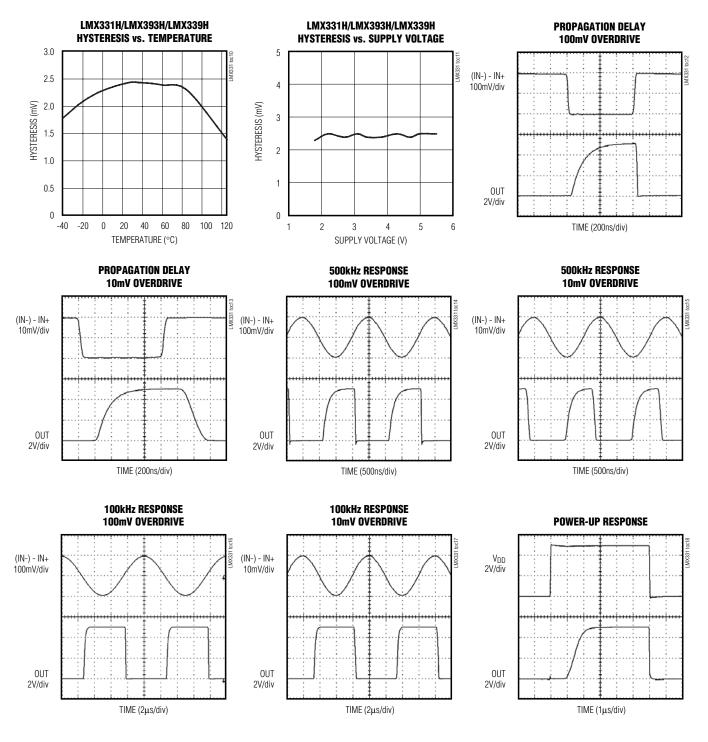
 $(V_{DD} = 5V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0V, R_{I} = 5.1k\Omega, C_{I} = 10pF, overdrive = 100mV, T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

MIXIM

 $(V_{DD} = 5V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0V, R_L = 5.1k\Omega, C_L = 10pF, overdrive = 100mV, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)$



Pin Description

	PIN			FUNCTION		
LMX331	LMX393	LMX339	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	_	_	IN+	Noninverting Input		
2	4	12	V _{SS}	Negative Supply (Connect to GND)		
3	_	_	IN-	Inverting Input		
4	_	_	OUT	Comparator Output (Open-Drain)		
5	8	3	V_{DD}	Positive Supply		
	1	2	OUTA	Comparator A Output (Open-Drain)		
	7	1	OUTB	Comparator B Output (Open-Drain)		
	2	4	INA-	Comparator A Inverting Input		
	3	5	INA+	Comparator A Noninverting Input		
_	5	7	INB+	Comparator B Noninverting Input		
_	6	6	INB-	Comparator B Inverting Input		
	_	8	INC-	Comparator C Inverting Input		
	_	9	INC+	Comparator C Noninverting Input		
_	_	10	IND-	Comparator D Inverting Input		
_	_	11	IND+	Comparator D Noninverting Input		
_	_	13	OUTD	Comparator D Output (Open-Drain)		
_	_	14	OUTC	Comparator C Output (Open-Drain)		

Detailed Description

The LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 are single/dual/quad, low-cost, general-purpose comparators. They have a single-supply operating voltage of 1.8V to 5V. The common-mode input range extends from -0.1V below the negative supply to within 0.7V of the positive supply. They require approximately 60µA per comparator with a 5V supply and 40µA with a 2.7V supply.

The LMX331H/LMX393H/LMX339H have 2mV of hysteresis for noise immunity. This significantly reduces the chance of output oscillations even with slow-moving input signals. The LMX331/LMX393/LMX339 and LMX331H/LMX393H/LMX339H are ideal for automotive applications because they operate from -40°C to +125°C (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

_Applications Information

Hysteresis

Many comparators oscillate in the linear region of operation because of noise or undesired parasitic feedback. This tends to occur when the voltage on one input is equal or very close to the voltage on the other input. The LMX331H/LMX393H/LMX339H have internal hysteresis to counter parasitic effects and noise.

The hysteresis in a comparator creates two trip points: one for the rising input voltage and one for the falling

input voltage (Figure 1). The difference between the trip points is the hysteresis. When the comparator's input voltages are equal, the hysteresis effectively causes one comparator input to move quickly past the other, thus taking the input out of the region where oscillation occurs. This provides clean output transitions for noisy, slow-moving input signals.

Additional hysteresis can be generated with two resistors, using positive feedback (Figure 2). Use the following procedure to calculate resistor values:

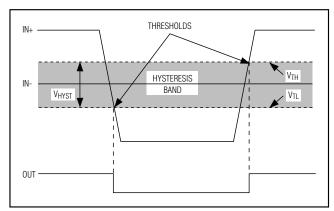


Figure 1. Threshold Hysteresis Band (Not to Scale)

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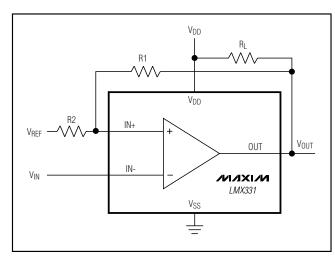


Figure 2. Adding Hysteresis with External Resistors

1) Find output voltage when output is high:

2) Find the trip points of the comparator using these formulas:

$$V_{TH} = V_{REF} + ((V_{OUT(HIGH)} - V_{REF})R2) / (R1 + R2)$$

 $V_{TL} = V_{REF}(1 - (R2 / (R1 + R2)))$

where V_{TH} is the threshold voltage at which the comparator switches its output from high to low as V_{IN} rises above the trip point, and V_{TL} is the threshold voltage at which the comparator switches its output from low to high as V_{IN} drops below the trip point.

3) The hysteresis band will be:

$$V_{HYST} = V_{TH} - V_{TL} = V_{DD}(R2\,/\,(R1\,+\,R2))$$
 In this example, let V_{DD} = 5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V, I_{LOAD} = 50nA, R_L = 5.1k Ω :

$$V_{OUT(HIGH)} = 5.0V - (50 \times 10^{-9} \times 5.1 \times 10^{3}\Omega) \approx 5.0V$$

 $V_{TH} = 2.5V + 2.5V(R2 / (R1 + R2))$
 $V_{TL} = 2.5V(1 - (R2 / (R1 + R2)))$

Select R2. In this example, we will choose 1k Ω . Select VHYST. In this example, we will choose 50mV. Solve for R1:

$$V_{HYST} = V_{OUT(HIGH)}(R2 / (R1 + R2)) V$$

 $0.050V = 5(1000 / (R1 + 1000)) V$

where R1 \approx 100k Ω , V_{TH} = 2.525V, and V_{TL} = 2.475V.

Choose R1 and R2 to be large enough as not to exceed the amount of current the reference can supply.

The source current required is VREF / (R1 + R2).

The sink current is (V_{OUT}(HIGH) - V_{REF}) × (R1 + R2).

Choose R_L to be large enough to avoid drawing excess current, yet small enough to supply the necessary current to drive the load. R_L should be between $1k\Omega$ and $10k\Omega$.

Board Layout and Bypassing

Use 0.1µF bypass capacitors from V_{DD} to V_{SS}. To maximize performance, minimize stray inductance by putting this capacitor close to the V_{DD} pin and reducing trace lengths. For slow-moving input signals (rise time > 1ms), use a 1nF capacitor between IN+ and INto reduce high-frequency noise.

_Chip Information

LMX331/LMX331H TRANSISTOR COUNT: 112 LMX393/LMX393H TRANSISTOR COUNT: 211 LMX339/LMX339H TRANSISTOR COUNT: 411

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
5 SC70	X5+1	<u>21-0076</u>	<u>90-0188</u>
5 SOT23	U5+2	21-0057	90-0174
8 SOT23	K8F+4	<u>21-0078</u>	<u>90-0176</u>
8 µMAX	U8+1	21-0036	90-0092
14 TSSOP	U16M+1	<u>21-0066</u>	90-0117
14 SOIC	S8+4	<u>21-0041</u>	90-0041

3 ______*N*I/XI/VI

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
3	8/10	Added lead-free parts	1
4	5/11	Added thermal data	2, 3, 4

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