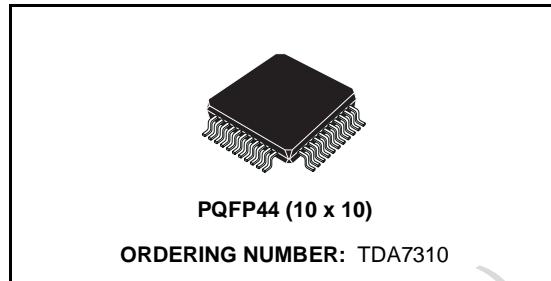


SERIAL BUS CONTROLLED AUDIO PROCESSOR

- INPUT MULTIPLEXER:
 - 4 STEREO INPUTS
 - ONE DIFFERENTIAL STEREO INPUT FOR REMOTE SOURCES
- SELECTABLE INPUT GAIN FOR OPTIMAL ADAPTION TO DIFFERENT SOURCES
- INPUT AND OUTPUT FOR EXTERNAL EQUALIZER OR NOISE REDUCTION SYSTEM
- VOLUME CONTROL IN 1.25dB STEPS
- LOUDNESS FUNCTION
- TREBLE AND BASS CONTROL
- FOUR SPEAKER ATTENUATORS:
 - 4 INDEPENDENT SPEAKERS CONTROL IN 1.25dB STEPS FOR BALANCE AND FADER FACILITIES
 - INDEPENDENT MUTE FUNCTION
- ALL FUNCTIONS PROGRAMMABLE VIA SERIAL BUS
- SELECTABLE CHIP ADDRESS DEDICATED PIN



DESCRIPTION

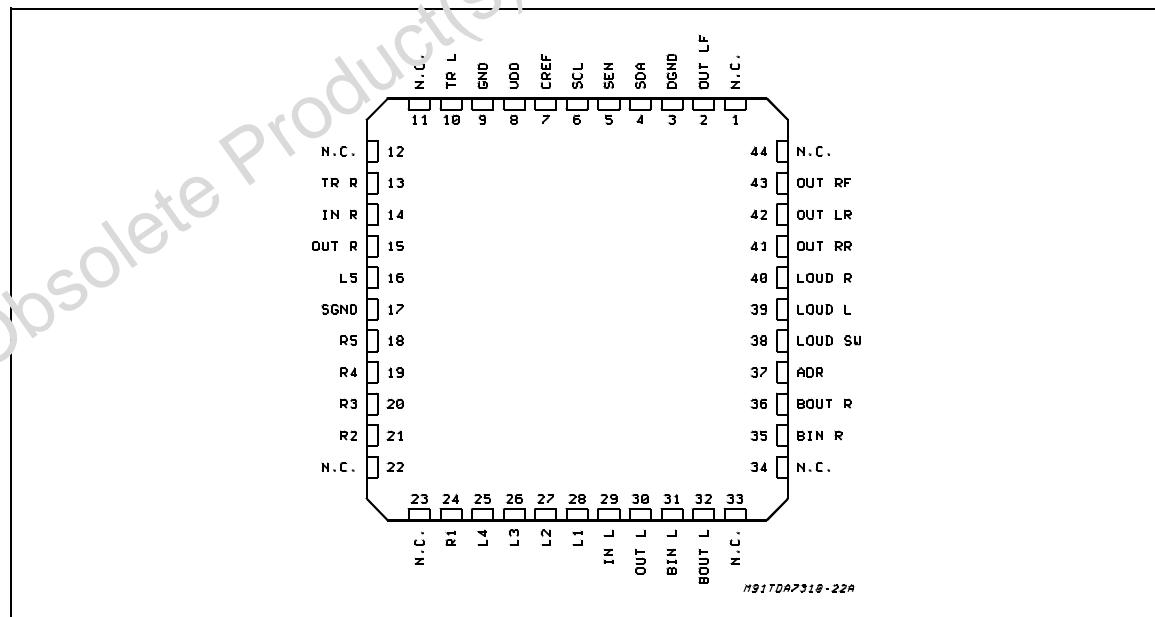
The TDA7310 is a volume, tone (bass and treble) and fader (front/rear) processor for high quality audio applications in car radio and Hi-Fi systems.

Loudness and selectable input gain are provided. The control of all functions is accomplished by serial bus microprocessor interface.

The AC signal setting is obtained by resistor networks and switches combined with operational amplifiers.

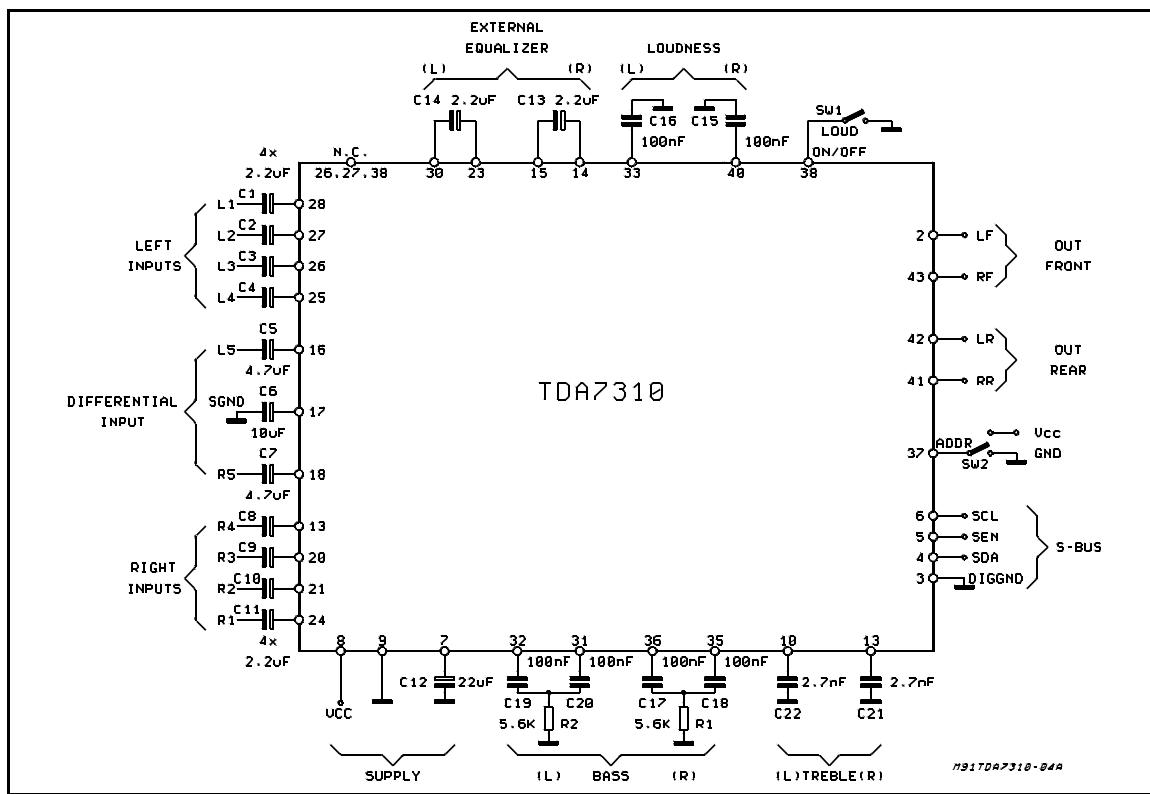
Thanks to the used BIPOLAR/CMOS Technology, Low Distortion, Low Noise and DC stepping are obtained.

PIN CONNECTION (Top view)



TDA7310

TEST CIRCUIT



THERMAL DATA

| Symbol | Description | Value | Unit |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|---------|
| R _{th} j-pins | Thermal Resistance Junction-pins | max | 85 °C/W |

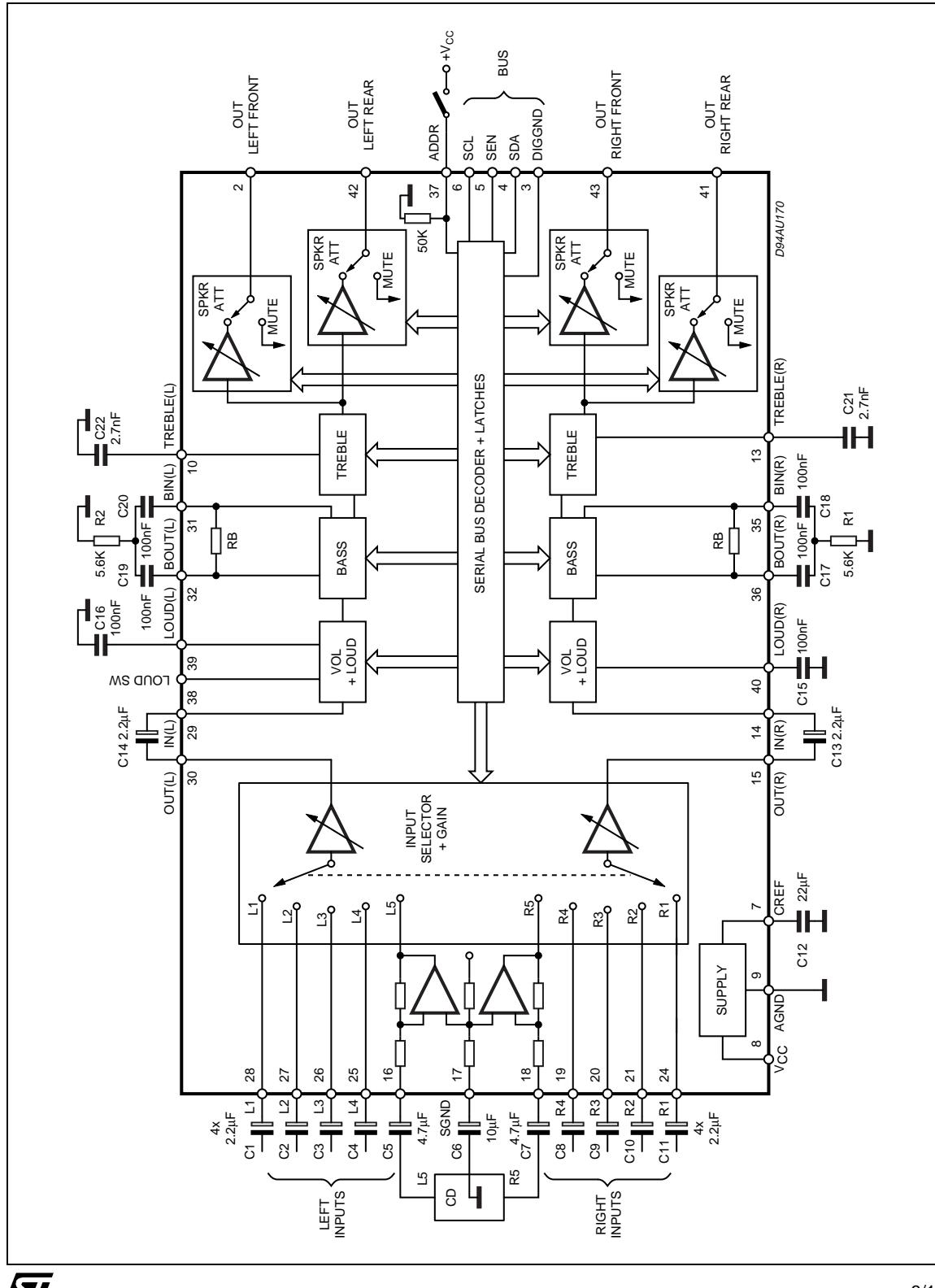
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|------------------|---------------------------|-------------|------|
| V _S | Operating Supply Voltage | 10.2 | V |
| T _{amb} | Ambient Temperature | -40 to 85 | °C |
| T _{stg} | Storage Temperature Range | -55 to +150 | °C |

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|--|--------|------|-------|------|
| V _S | Supply Voltage | 6 | 9 | 10 | V |
| V _{CL} | Max. input signal handling | 2 | | | Vrms |
| THD | Total Harmonic Distortion V = 1Vrms f = 1KHz | | 0.01 | | % |
| S/N | Signal to Noise Ratio | | 106 | | dB |
| S _C | Channel Separation f = 1KHz | | 103 | | dB |
| | Volume Control 1.25dB step | -78.75 | | 0 | dB |
| | Bass and Treble Control 2dB step | -14 | | +14 | dB |
| | Fader and Balance Control 1.25dB step | -38.75 | | 0 | dB |
| | Input Gain 6.25dB step | 0 | | 18.75 | dB |
| | Mute Attenuation | | 100 | | dB |

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TDA7310

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$, $V_s = 9V$, $R_L = 10K\Omega$, $R_G = 600\Omega$, $G_V=0dB$, $f = 1KHz$ unless otherwise specified) (refer to the test circuit)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------|-----------|----------------|------|------|------|------|
|--------|-----------|----------------|------|------|------|------|

SUPPLY

| | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------|--|----|----|----|----|
| V_s | Supply Voltage | | 6 | 9 | 10 | V |
| I_s | Supply Current | | 4 | 8 | 11 | mA |
| SVR | Ripple Rejection | | 60 | 85 | | dB |

INPUT SELECTORS

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|---------------------|----|-------|---|-----------|
| R_{II} | Input Resistance | Input 1, 2, 3, 4 | | 50 | | $K\Omega$ |
| | | Differential Input | | 10 | | $K\Omega$ |
| V_{CL} | Clipping Level | | 2 | 2.5 | | Vrms |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Differential Input | | | 65 | | dB |
| INS | Input Separation (2) | | 80 | 100 | | dB |
| R_L | Output Load resistance | | 2 | | | $K\Omega$ |
| G_{INmin} | Min. Input Gain | | -1 | 0 | 1 | dB |
| G_{INmax} | Max. Input Gain | | | 18.75 | | dB |
| G_{STEP} | Step Resolution | | | 6.25 | | dB |
| e_{IN} | Input Noise | $G = 18.75dB$ | | 2 | | μV |
| V_{DC} | DC Steps | adjacent gain steps | | 4 | | mV |
| | | $G = 18.75$ to Mute | | 4 | | mV |

VOLUME CONTROL

| | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|--|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| R_{IN} | Input Resistance | | | 33 | | $k\Omega$ |
| C RANGE | Control Range | | | 75 | | dB |
| A_{VMIN} | Min. Attenuation | | -1 | 0 | 1 | dB |
| A_{VMAX} | Max. Attenuation | | | 75 | | dB |
| A_{STEP} | Step Resolution | | | 1.25 | | dB |
| E_A | Attenuation Set Error | $A_v = 0$ to $-20dB$ $A_v = -20$ to $-60dB$ | -1.25 -3 | 0 | 1.25 2 | dB dB |
| E_T | Tracking Error | | | | 2 | dB |
| V_{DC} | DC Steps | adjacent attenuation steps From 0dB to A_{Vmax} | | 0.1 0.5 | | mV mV |

SPEAKER ATTENUATORS

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|----|--------|-----|----------|
| | Control Range | | | 37.5 | | dB |
| | Step Resolution | | | 1.25 | | dB |
| | Attenuation set error | | | | 1.5 | dB |
| | Output Mute Attenuation | | 80 | 100 | | dB |
| | DC Steps | adjacent att. steps from 0 to mute | | 0 1 | | mV mV |

BASS CONTROL (1)

| | | | | | | |
|----------|------------------------------|------------------------|--|----------|--|-----------|
| | Control Range | | | ± 14 | | dB |
| | Step Resolution | | | 2 | | dB |
| R_B | Internal Feedback Resistance | | | 50 | | $K\Omega$ |
| V_{DC} | DC Steps | adjacent control steps | | 0.1 | | mV |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------|-----------|----------------|------|------|------|------|
|--------|-----------|----------------|------|------|------|------|

TREBLE CONTROL (1)

| | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|--|--|----|
| | Control Range | | ± 14 | | | dB |
| | Step Resolution | | 2 | | | dB |
| V_{DC} | DC Steps | adjacent control steps | 0.1 | | | mV |

AUDIO OUTPUTS

| | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----------|
| | Clipping Level | $d = 0.3\%$ | | 2.5 | | Vrms |
| | Output Load Resistance | | 2 | | | $K\Omega$ |
| | Output Load Capacitance | | | 10 | | nF |
| | Output resistance | | | 75 | 120 | Ω |
| | DC Voltage Level | | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.8 | V |

GENERAL

| | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|----|----------|--------|--------------------|
| e_{NO} | Output Noise | BW = 20-20KHz, flat output muted all gains = 0dB | | 2.5 5 | 15 | μV μV |
| S/N | Signal to Noise Ratio | all gains = 0dB; $V_O = 1V$ rms | | 106 | | dB |
| d | Distortion | $V_{IN} = 1V$ rms | | 0.01 | | % |
| Sc | Channel Separation left/right | | 80 | 103 | | dB |
| | Total Tracking error | $A_V = 0$ to -20dB -20 to -60 dB | | 0 0 | 1 2 | dB dB |

BUS INPUTS

| | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|--|-----|---|
| V_{IL} | Input Low Voltage | | | | 1 | V |
| V_{IH} | Input High Voltage | | 3 | | | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage SDA Acknowledge | $I_O = 1.6mA$ | | | 0.4 | V |

LOUDNESS SWITCH

| | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------|--|----|-----|----|---------|
| V_{IL} | Input Low Voltage | | | | 1 | V |
| V_{IH} | Input High Voltage | | 3 | | | V |
| I_{IN} | Input Current | | -5 | | +5 | μA |
| | DC Step | ON $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ OFF position | | 0.1 | | mV |

Loudness OFF = pin38 Open; Loudness ON = pin 38 Closed to GND

ADDRESS PIN (Internal 50KΩ pull down resistor)

| | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------|--|---------------|--|---|---------|
| V_{IL} | Input Low Voltage | | | | 1 | V |
| V_{IH} | Input High Voltage | | $V_{CC} - 1V$ | | | V |
| I_{IN} | Input Current | | | | | μA |

Notes:

(1) Bass and Treble response see attached diagram (fig.17). The center frequency and quality of the resonance behaviour can be chosen by the external circuitry. A standard first order bass response can be realized by a standard feedback network

(2) The selected input is grounded thru the 2.2μF capacitor.

TDA7310

APPLICATION SUGGESTION (see to Test circuit)

| Component | Recc. Value | Purpose | Smaller than Recc. Value | Larger than |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| C1 to C4, C8 to C11 | 2.2µF | THD optimization at low frequencies | Worse THD at very low frequencies | |
| C5, C7 C6 | 4.7µF 10µF | CMRR optimization differential input | Worse CMRR for ratio not equal to 1/2 | |
| C12 | 22µF | $C_{REF} \bullet SVR$ optimization < -66 dB | Better SVR at low frequencies | Worse SVR at low frequencies |
| C13, C14 | 2.2µF | Decoupling Input-Output if external equalizer is not used | | |
| C15, C16 | 100nF | Loudness characteristic | | |
| C17, C18 R1 C19, C20 R2 | 100nF 5.6kΩ 100nF 5.6kΩ | Bass Filter (standard T - type) cut freq. = 100Hz | | |
| C21 C22 | 2.7nF | Treble Filter | Higher cut frequency | Lower cut frequency |

Figure 1: Loudness versus Volume Attenuation

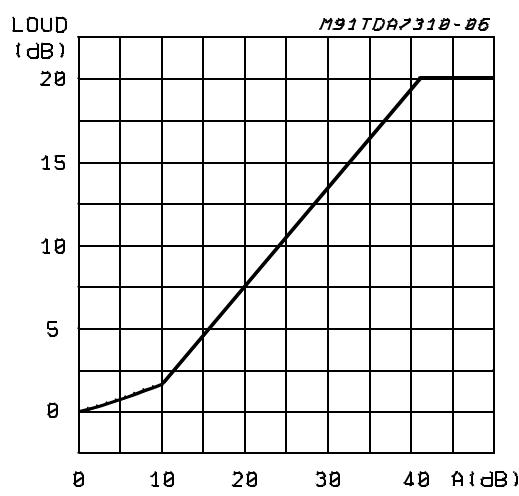


Figure 2: Loudness versus Frequency (CLOUD = 100nF)

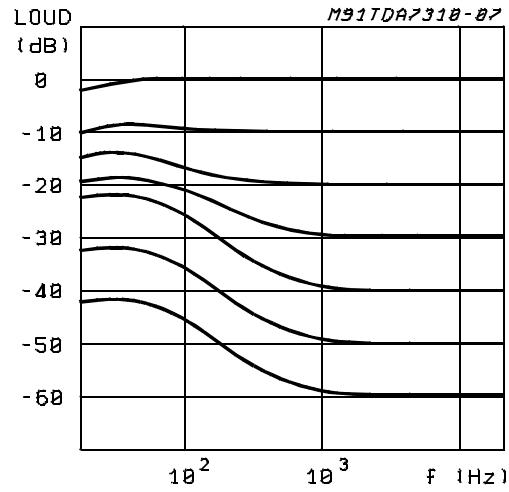
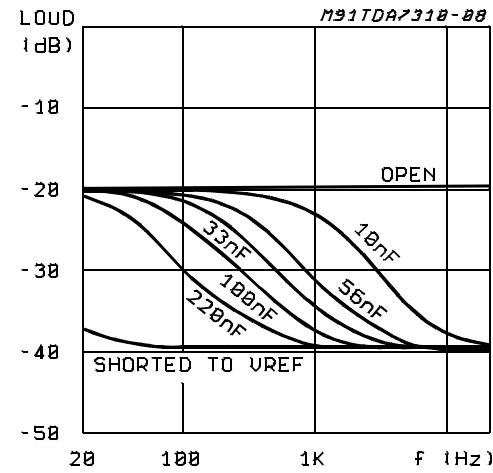
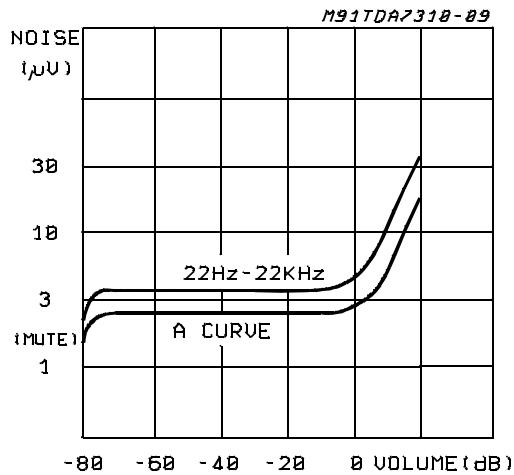
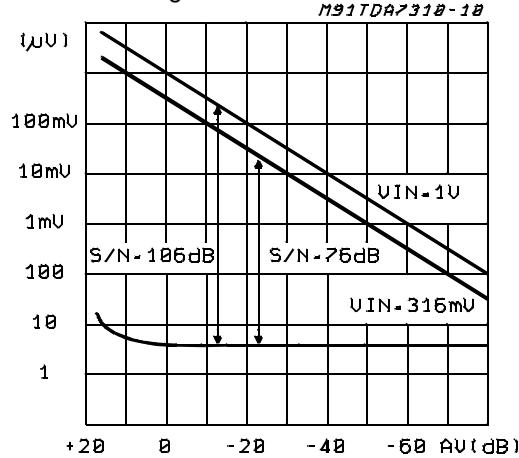
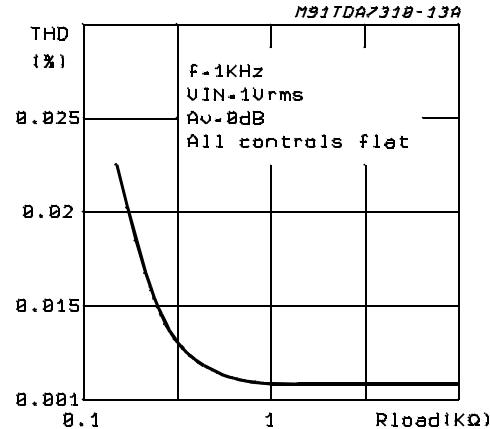


Figure 3: Loudness versus External Capacitors**LOUDNESS**

$V_S = 9V$
Volume = -40dB
All other control flat
 $C_{in} = 2.2\mu F$

Figure 4: Noise vs. Volume/Gain Settings**Figure 5:** Signal to Noise Ratio vs. Volume Setting**Figure 6:** Distortion vs. Load Resistance

TDA7310

Figure 7 : Channel Separation ($L \rightarrow R$) vs. Frequency

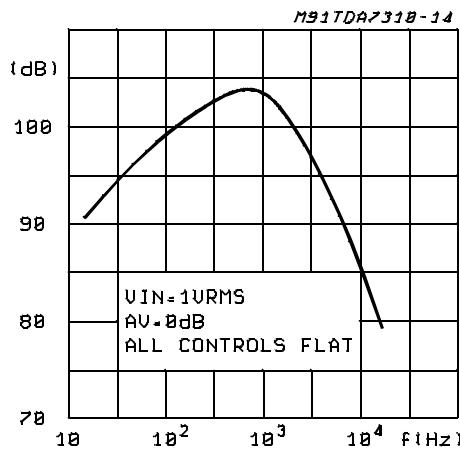


Figure 8 : Input Separation ($L_1 \rightarrow L_2, L_3, L_4$) vs. Frequency

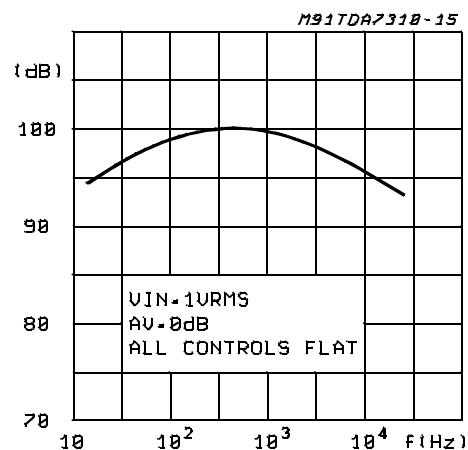


Figure 9 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Frequency

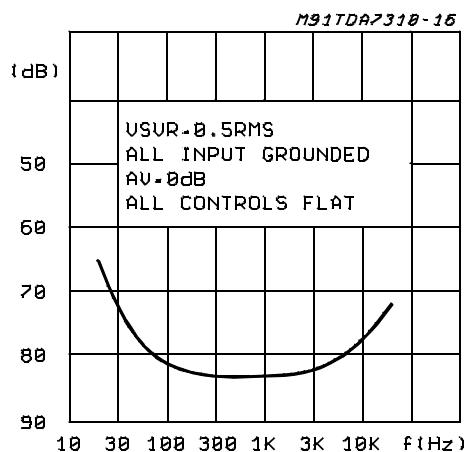


Figure 10: Output Clipping Level vs. Supply Voltage

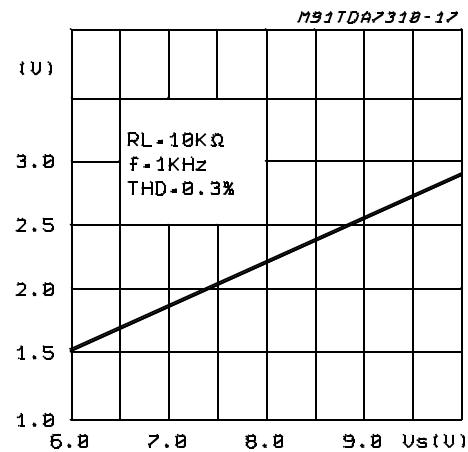
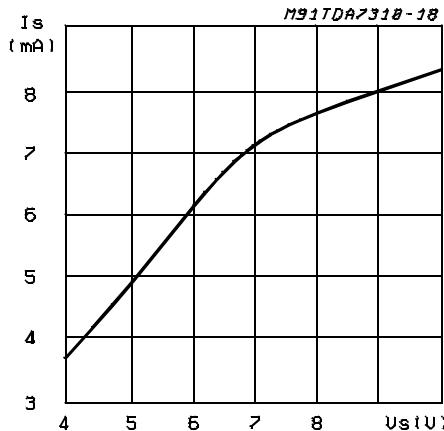
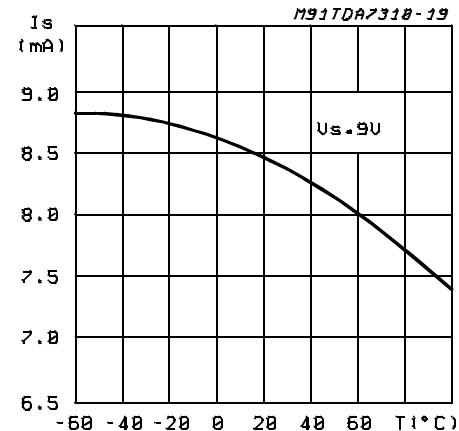
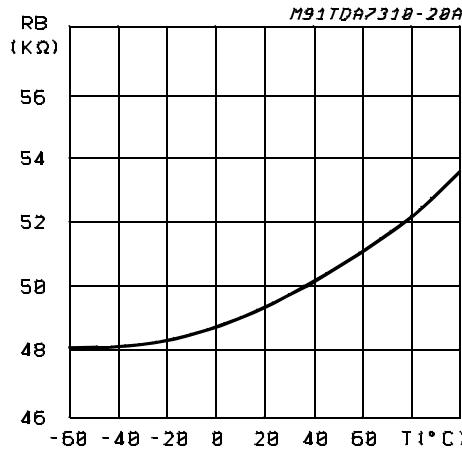
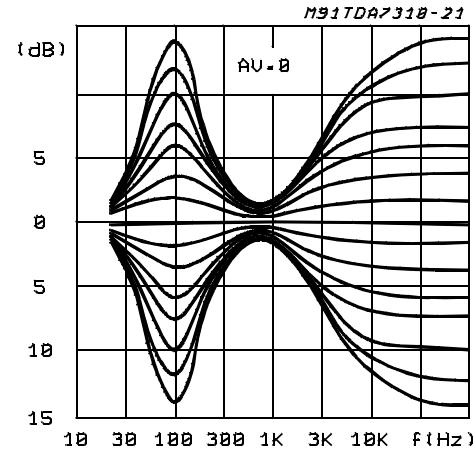


Figure 11: Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage**Figure 12:** Supply Current vs. Temperature**Figure 13:** Bass Resistance vs. Temperature**Figure 14:** Typical Tone Response (with the ext. components indicated in the test circuit)

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

SERIAL BUS INTERFACE

S-BUS Interface and I²CBUS Compatibility

Data transmission from microprocessor to the TDA7310 and viceversa takes place thru the 3-wire S-BUS interface, consisting of the three lines SDA, SCL, SEN. If SDA and SEN inputs are short-circuited together, then the TDA7310 appears as a standard I²CBUS slave.

According to I²CBUS specification the S-BUS lines are connected to a positive supply voltage via pull-up resistors.

Data Validity

As shown in fig. 15, the data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. The HIGH and LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

Start and Stop Conditions

I²CBUS:

as shown in fig. 16 a start condition is a HIGH to LOW transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is a LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH.

S-bus:

the start/stop conditions (points 1 and 6) are detected exclusively by a transition of the SEN line ($1 \rightarrow 0 / 0 \rightarrow 1$) while the SCL line is at the HIGH level.

The SDA line is only allowed to change during the time the SCL line is low (points 2, 3, 4, 5). after the start information (point 1) the SEN line returns to the HIGH level and remains uncharged for all the time the transmission is performed.

Byte Format

Every byte transferred on the SDA line must contain 8 bits. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit. The MSB is transferred first.

Acknowledge

The master (μ P) puts a resistive HIGH level on

Figure 15: Data Validity on the I²CBUS

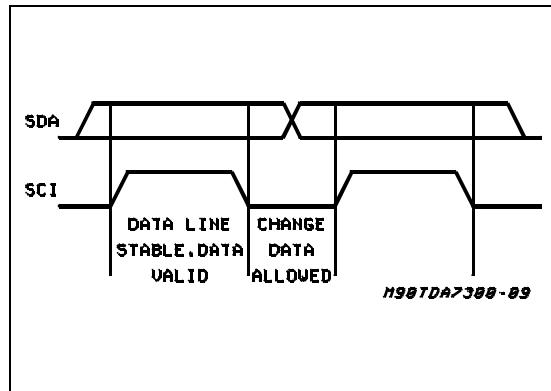
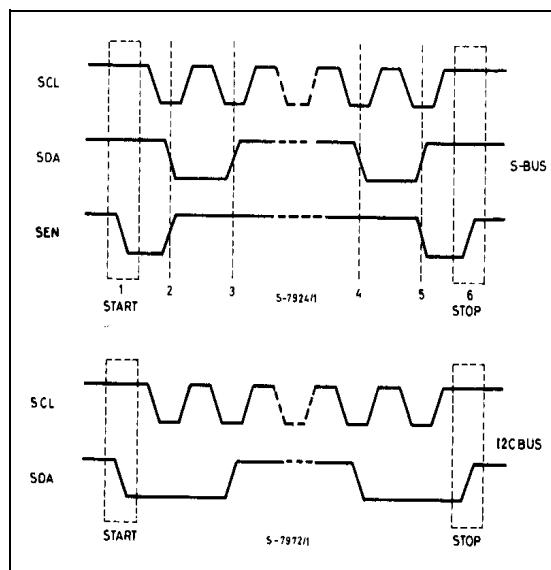
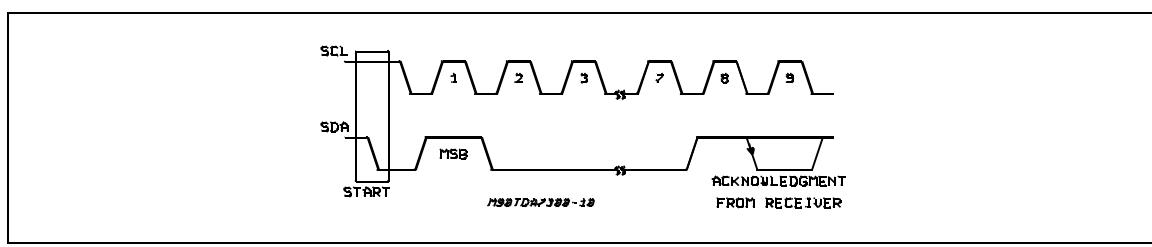


Figure 16: Timing Diagram of S-BUS and I²CBUS



the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse (see fig. 17). The peripheral (audioprocessor) that acknowledges has to pull-down (LOW) the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse, so that the SDA line is stable LOW during this clock.

Figure 17: Acknowledge on the I²CBUS



APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

The audioprocessor which has been addressed has to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte, otherwise the SDA line remains at the HIGH level during the ninth clock pulse time. In this case the master transmitter can generate the STOP information in order to abort the transfer.

Transmission without Acknowledge

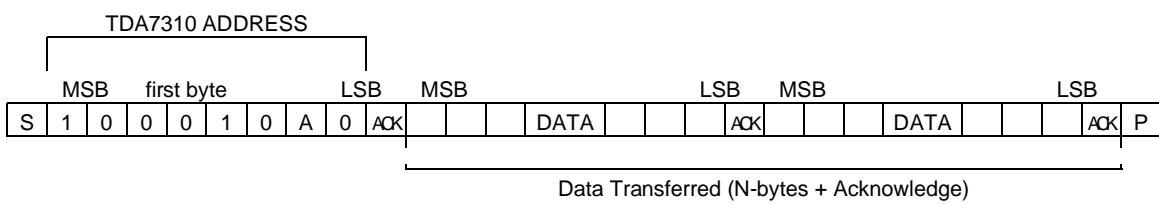
Avoiding to detect the acknowledge of the audioprocessor, the μ P can use a simpler transmission: simply it waits one clock without checking the slave acknowledging, and sends the new data.

This approach of course is less protected from misworking and decreases the noise immunity.

Interface Protocol

The interface protocol comprises:

- A start condition (s)
- A chip address byte, containing the TDA7310 address (the 8th bit of the byte must be 0). The TDA7310 must always acknowledge at the end of each transmitted byte.
- A sequence of data (N-bytes + acknowledge)
- A stop condition (P)



ACK = Acknowledge

S = Start

P = Stop

MAX CLOCK SPEED 100kbit/s

SOFTWARE SPECIFICATION

Chip address

| | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------|
| 1 MSB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | A | 0 LSB |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------|

A = LOGIC LEVEL ON PIN ADDR

DATA BYTES

| MSB | | | | | | | LSB | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----------------|
| 0 | 0 | B2 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Volume control |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Speaker ATT LR |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Speaker ATT RR |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Speaker ATT LF |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Speaker ATT RF |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | G1 | G0 | S2 | S1 | S0 | Audio switch |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | C3 | C2 | C1 | C0 | Bass control |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | C3 | C2 | C1 | C0 | Treble control |

Ax = 1.25dB steps; Bx = 10dB steps; Cx = 2dB steps; Gx = 6.25dB steps

STATUS AFTER POWER ON RESET

| | |
|---|---|
| Volume speaker audio Switch bass treble gain | -77.5dB -37.5dB Stereo 5 +2dB +2dB 0dB |
|---|---|



SOFTWARE SPECIFICATION (continued)

DATA BYTES (detailed description)

Volume

| MSB | | | | LSB | | | FUNCTION | |
|-----|---|----|----|-----|----|----|----------|---------------------|
| 0 | 0 | B2 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | -1.25 |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | -2.5 |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | -3.75 |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | -5 |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | -6.25 |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | -7.5 |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | -8.75 |
| 0 | 0 | B2 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Volume 1.25dB steps |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 |
| | | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | -10 |
| | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | | -20 |
| | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | -30 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | -40 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | | -50 |
| | | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | | -60 |
| | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | -70 |
| 0 | 0 | B2 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Volume 10dB steps |

For example a volume of -45dB is given by:

0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0

Speaker Attenuators

| MSB | | | | LSB | | | FUNCTION | |
|-----|---|---|----|-----|----|----|----------|------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Speaker LF |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Speaker RF |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | B1 | B0 | A2 | A1 | A0 | Speaker LR |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | Speaker RR |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | -1.25 |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | -2.5 |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | -3.75 |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | -5 |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | -6.25 |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | -7.5 |
| | | | | | | | | -8.75 |
| | | | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 |
| | | | 0 | 1 | | | | -10 |
| | | | 1 | 0 | | | | -20 |
| | | | 1 | 1 | | | | -30 |
| | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Mute |

For example attenuation of 25dB on speaker RF is given by:

1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0

Audio Switch

| MSB | | | LSB | | | | FUNCTION | |
|-----|---|---|-----|----|----|----|----------|--------------|
| 0 | 1 | 0 | G1 | G0 | S2 | S1 | S0 | Audio Switch |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | Stereo 1 |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | Stereo 2 |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | Stereo 3 |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | Stereo 4 |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | Stereo 5 |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | Not allowed |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | Not allowed |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | Not allowed |
| | | | | | 0 | 0 | | +18.75dB |
| | | | | | 0 | 1 | | +12.5dB |
| | | | | | 1 | 0 | | +6.25dB |
| | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 0dB |

For example to select the stereo 2 input with a gain of +12.5dB the 8bit string is:

0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1

Bass and Treble

| 0 0 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 0 1 | C3 C3 | C2 C2 | C1 C1 | C0 C0 | Bass Treble |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------------|
| | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -14 |
| | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | -12 |
| | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | -10 |
| | | | | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | -8 |
| | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -6 |
| | | | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | -4 |
| | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | -2 |
| | | | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| | | | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| | | | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 |
| | | | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 |

C3 = Sign

For example Bass at -10dB is obtained by the following 8 bit string:

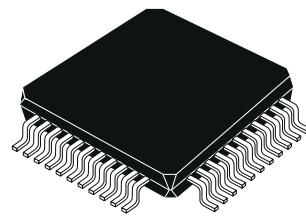
0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0

Purchase of I²C Components from STMicroelectronics, conveys a license under the Philips I²C Patent Rights to use these components in an I²C system, provided that the system conforms to the I²C Standard Specifications as defined by Philips.

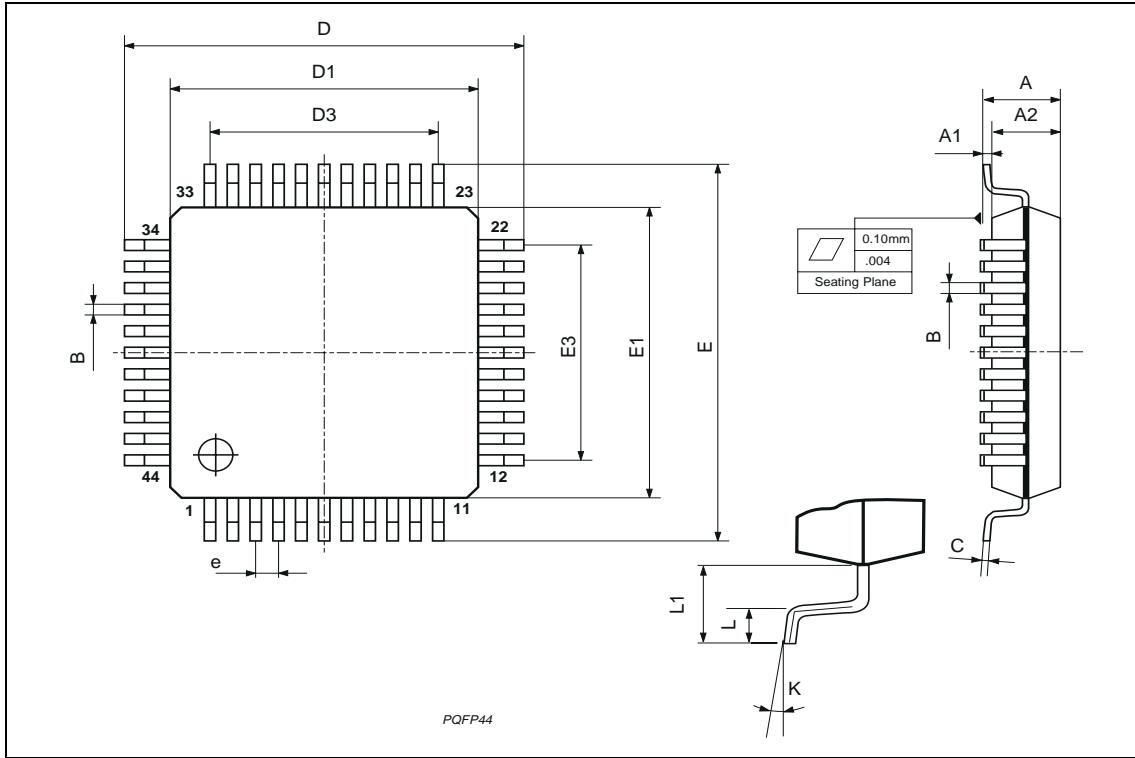


| DIM. | mm | | | inch | | |
|------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | MIN. | Typ. | MAX. | MIN. | Typ. | MAX. |
| A | | | 2.45 | | | 0.096 |
| A1 | 0.25 | | | 0.010 | | |
| A2 | 1.95 | 2.00 | 2.10 | 0.077 | 0.079 | 0.083 |
| B | 0.30 | | 0.45 | 0.012 | | 0.018 |
| c | 0.13 | | 0.23 | 0.005 | | 0.009 |
| D | 12.95 | 13.20 | 13.45 | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.53 |
| D1 | 9.90 | 10.00 | 10.10 | 0.390 | 0.394 | 0.398 |
| D3 | | 8.00 | | | 0.315 | |
| e | | 0.80 | | | 0.031 | |
| E | 12.95 | 13.20 | 13.45 | 0.510 | 0.520 | 0.530 |
| E1 | 9.90 | 10.00 | 10.10 | 0.390 | 0.394 | 0.398 |
| E3 | | 8.00 | | | 0.315 | |
| L | 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.95 | 0.026 | 0.031 | 0.037 |
| L1 | | 1.60 | | | 0.063 | |
| K | 0°(min.), 7°(max.) | | | | | |

**OUTLINE AND
MECHANICAL DATA**



PQFP44 (10 x 10)



Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, STMicroelectronics assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of such information nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of STMicroelectronics. Specification mentioned in this publication are subject to change without notice. This publication supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied. STMicroelectronics products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without express written approval of STMicroelectronics.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics

© 1999 STMicroelectronics – Printed in Italy – All Rights Reserved

STMicroelectronics GROUP OF COMPANIES

Australia - Brazil - China - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco -
Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - U.S.A.

<http://www.st.com>

