



AP504

DCS-band 4W HBT Amplifier Module



Product Features

- 1705 – 1790 MHz
- 31.5 dB Gain
- +25 dBm CDMA2k 7fa Power (-63 dBc ACPR)
- +12 V Single Supply
- Power Down Mode
- Bias Current Adjustable
- RoHS-compliant flange-mount pkg

Applications

- Final stage amplifiers for Repeaters
- Optimized for driver amplifier PA mobile infrastructure

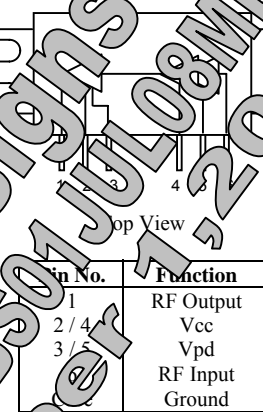
Product Description

The AP504 is a high dynamic range power amplifier in a RoHS-compliant flange-mount package. The multi-stage amplifier module has 31.5 dB gain. The module has been internally optimized for linearity to provide +25 dBm (-63 dBc ACPR) linear power for 7-carrier CDMA2000 applications.

The AP504 uses a high reliability InGaP/GaAs HBT process technology and does not require any external matching components. The module operates off of a single supply and does not require any negative biasing voltages; an internal active bias allows the amplifier to maintain high linearity over temperature. It has the added benefit of a +5V power down control pin. While the module has been tuned for optimal performance for Class A applications, the quiescent current can also be adjusted for Class B applications through an external resistor. The low-profile housing allows the device to have a low thermal resistance and achieves over 100 years MTBF. All devices are 100% RF and DC tested.

The AP504 is targeted to be a driver or final stage amplifier in wireless infrastructure where high linearity and high power is required. This combination makes the device an excellent candidate for next generation multi-carrier 3G base stations using 1800 MHz frequency bands.

Functional Diagram



Pin No.	Function
1	RF Output
2 / 4	Vcc
3 / 5	Vpd
6	RF Input
7	Ground

Specifications ⁽¹⁾

25 °C, V_{cc}=12V, V_{pd}=5V, I_{cc}=835mA, R7=0Ω, 50Ω u.s. standard fixed

Parameter	Units	Typ	Max	Test Conditions
Operational Bandwidth	MHz	1705		
Test Frequency	MHz			
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio	dB	-22		CDMA2000 7fa 25 dBm Total Power, 885 kHz offset
Power Gain	dB	30.7	31.5	P _{out} = +25 dBm
Input Return Loss	dB	11		
Output Return Loss	dB			
Output P1dB	dBm			
Output IP3	dBm		-52	P _{out} = +23 dBm/tone, Δf = 1 MHz
Operating Current ⁽²⁾	mA	785	850	P _{out} = +25 dBm
Quiescent Current, I _{cc} ⁽²⁾	mA		835	
Device Voltage, V _{cc}	V		+12	
Device Voltage, V _{pd}	V		+5	
Load Stability	VSWR	10:1		Pull-down voltage: 0V = "OFF", 5V="ON"

1. Test conditions unless otherwise noted.
 2. The current is measured through a resistor connected to the 5V supply to the pull-down voltage pin (pin 3).

Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Rating
Operating Case Temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +150 °C
RF Output Power (continuous)	+15 dBm

Exposure to any of these parameters above any of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

Ordering Information

Part No.	Description
AP504	DCS-band 4W HBT Amplifier Module
AP504-PCB	Fully-Assembled Evaluation Board (Class AB configuration, I _{cc} =835mA)

Specifications and information are subject to change without notice



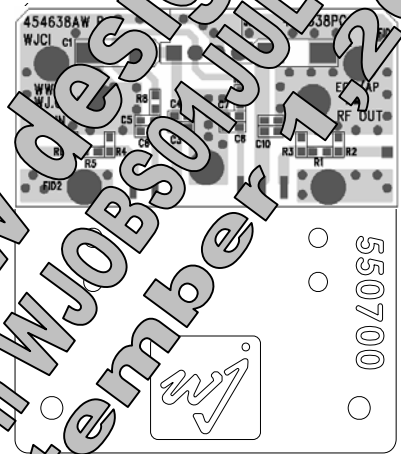
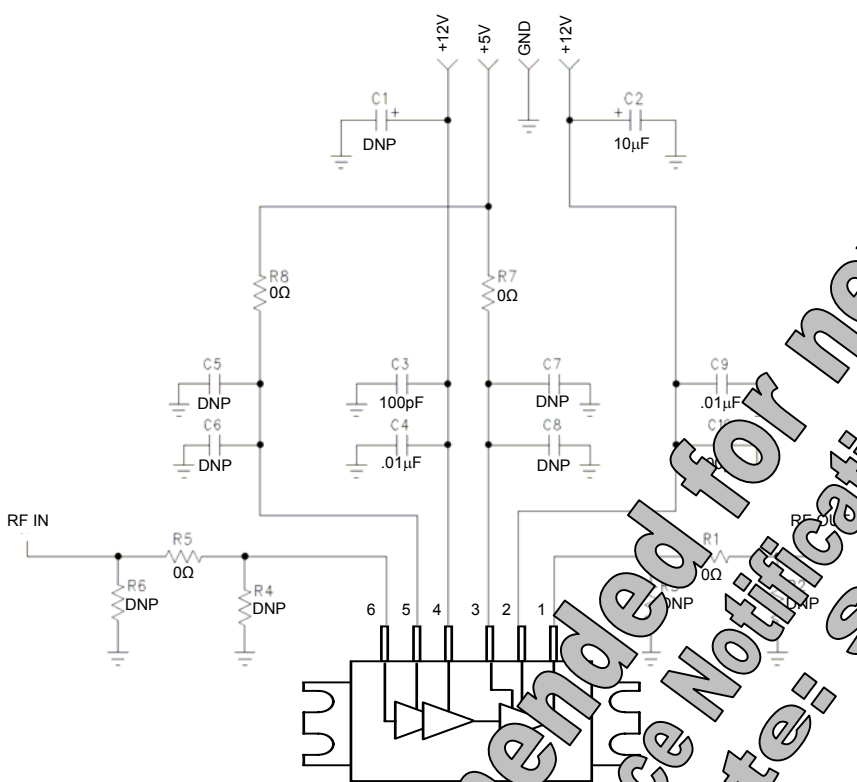
AP504

DCS-band 4W HBT Amplifier Module

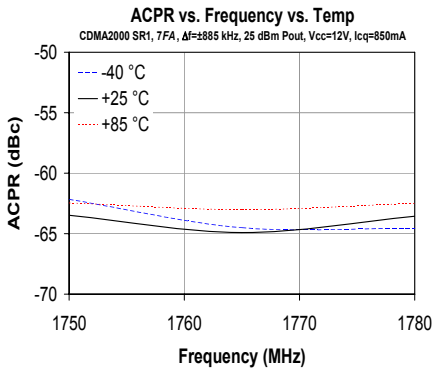
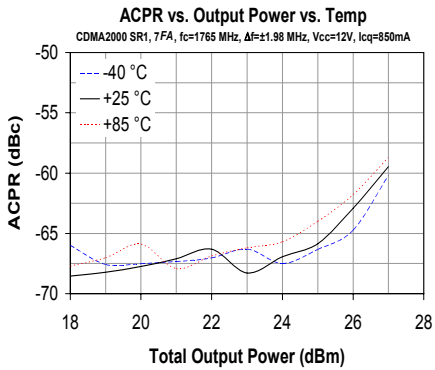
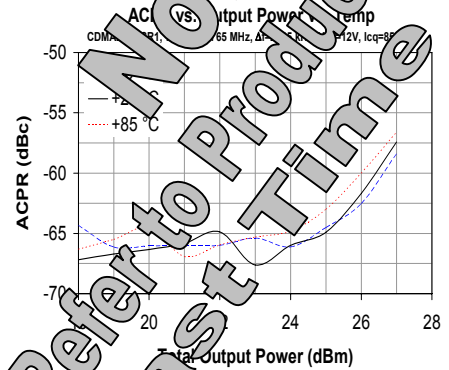
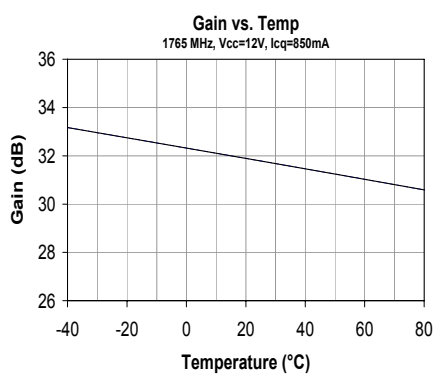
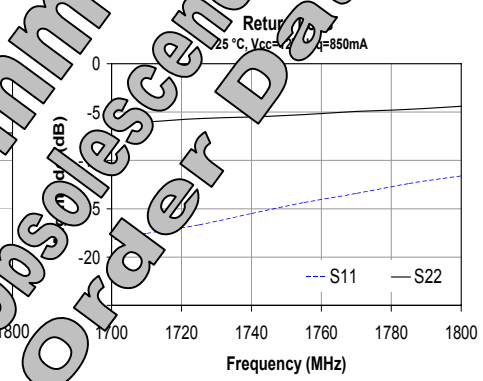
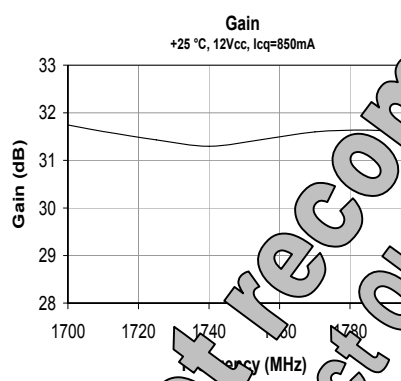


Performance Graphs – Class AB Configuration (AP504-PCB)

The AP504-PCB and AP504 module is configured for Class AB by default. The resistor – R7 – which sets the quiescent current for the amplifier is set at 0 Ω in this configuration. Increasing that value will decrease the quiescent and operating currents of the amplifier module, as described on the next page.



- Notes:
- Note that for reliable operation, the evaluation board will have the module mounted to a much larger heat sink during operation and in laboratory environments to dissipate the power consumed by the device. The use of a convection fan is also recommended in laboratory environments. Details of the mounting holes used in the WJ heatsink are given on the last page of this datasheet.
 - The area around the module underneath the PCB should not contain any soldermask in order to maintain good RF grounding.
 - For proper and safe operation in the laboratory, the power-on sequencing should be followed:
 - Connect RF In and Out
 - Connect the voltages and ground pins as shown in the circuit.
 - Apply the RF signal
 - Power down with the reverse sequence



Specifications and information are subject to change without notice

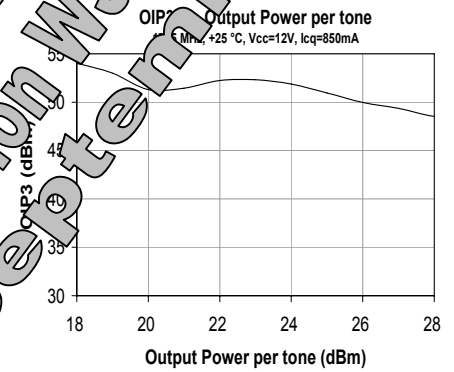
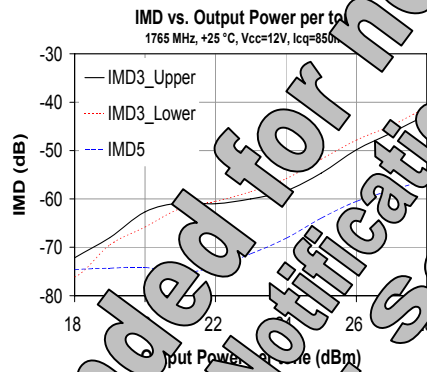
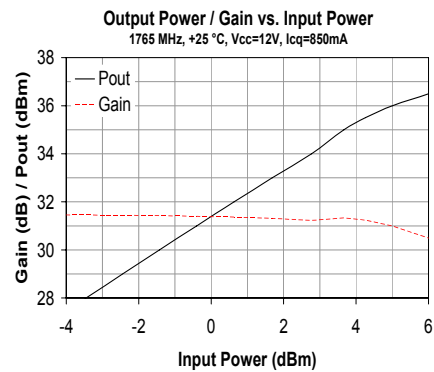
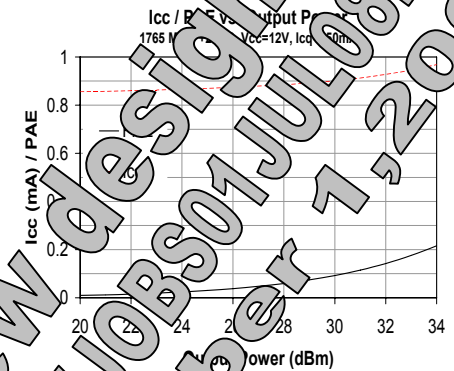
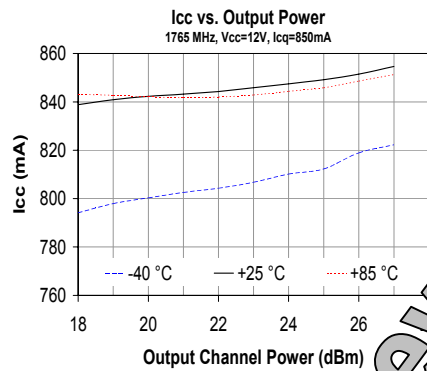
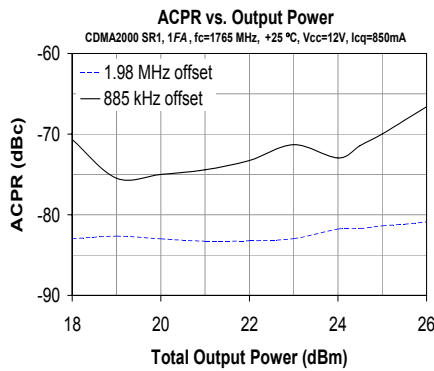


AP504

DCS-band 4W HBT Amplifier Module



Performance Graphs (cont'd)



Not recommended for new designs
Refer to Product Obsolescence Notification WJ0BS01JUL08MB1
Last Time Order Date: September 1, 2008

Specifications and information are subject to change without notice



MTTF Calculation

The MTTF of the AP504 can be calculated by first determining how much power is being dissipated by the amplifier module. Because the device's intended application is to be a power amplifier pre-driver or final stage output amplifier, the output RF power of the amplifier will help lower the overall power dissipation. In addition, the amplifier can be biased with different quiescent currents, so the calculation of the MTTF is custom to each application.

The power dissipation of the device can be calculated with the following equation:

$$P_{diss} = V_{cc} * I_{cc} - (\text{Output RF Power} - \text{Input RF Power}),$$

V_{cc} = Operating supply voltage = **12V**
 I_{cc} = Operating current
 {The RF power is converted to Watts}

While the maximum recommended case temperature on the datasheet is listed at 85 °C, it is suggested that customers maintain an MTTF above 1 million hours. This would convert to a derating curve for maximum case temperature versus power dissipation as shown in the plot below.

To calculate the MTTF for the module, the junction temperature needs to be determined. This can be calculated with the module's power dissipation, the thermal resistance value, and the case temperature of operation.

$$T_j = P_{diss} * R_{th} + T_{case}$$

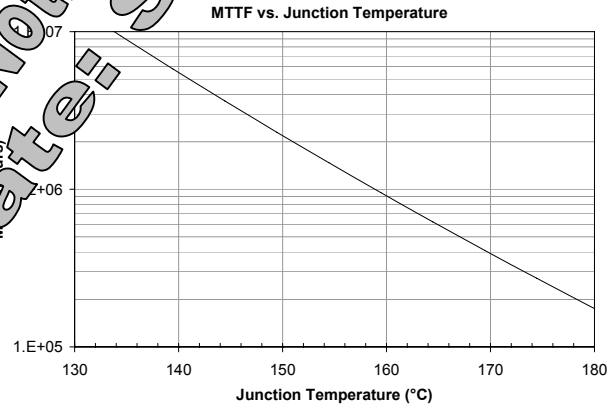
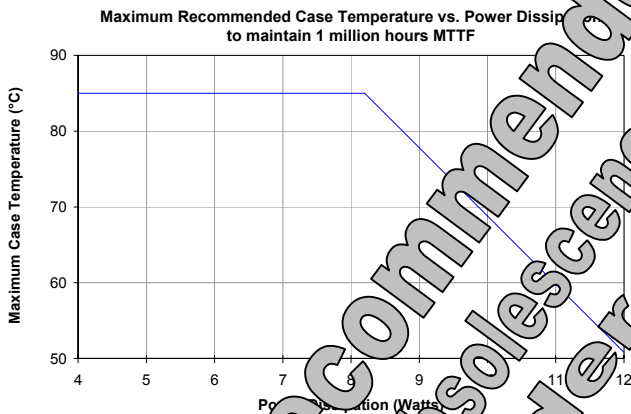
T_j = Junction Temperature
 P_{diss} = Power dissipation (calculated from above)
 R_{th} = Thermal resistance (°C/W)
 T_{case} = Case temperature (module heat sink)

From a numerical standpoint, the MTTF can be calculated using the Arrhenius equation:

$$MTTF = A * e^{(E_a/k/T_j)}$$

A = Pre-exponential Factor = **6.087 x 10⁻¹¹ hours**
 E_a = Activation Energy = **1.39 eV**
 k = Boltzmann's Constant = **8.617 x 10⁻⁵ eV/°K**
 T_j = Junction Temperature (°K) = T_j (°C) + 273

A graphical view of the MTTF can be shown in the plot below.



Not recommended for new designs
 Refer to Product Obsolescence Notification Worksheet
 Last Time Order Date: September 1, 2008

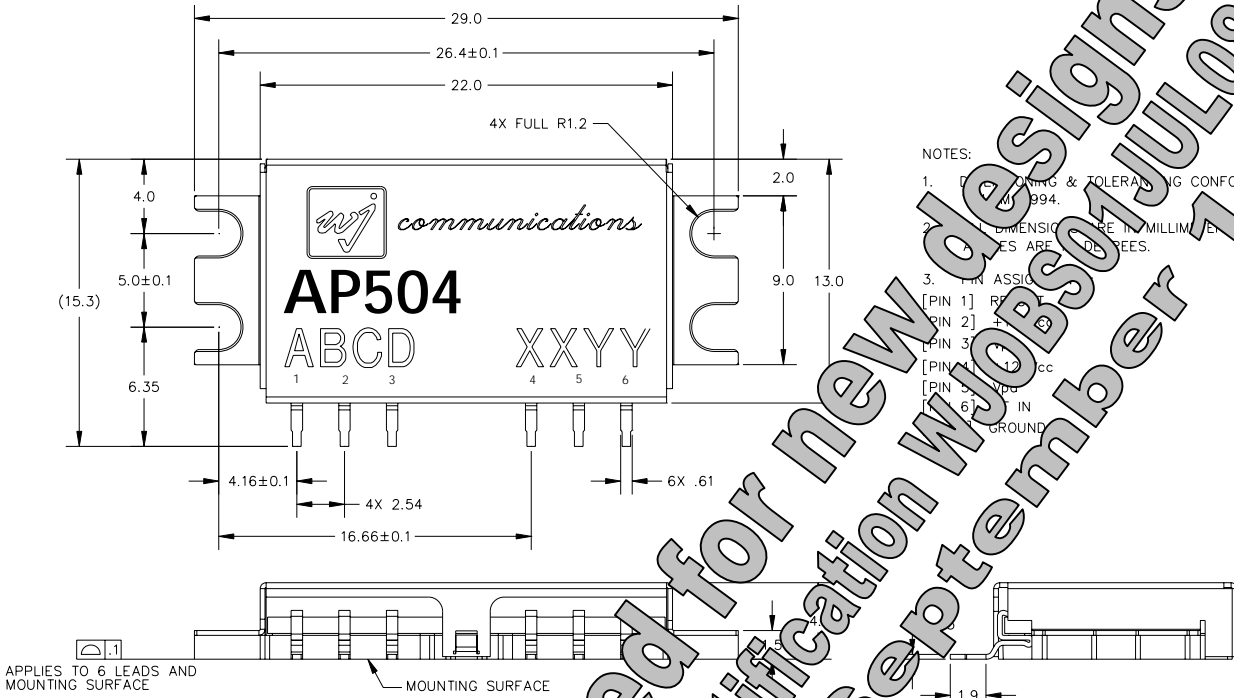


AP504

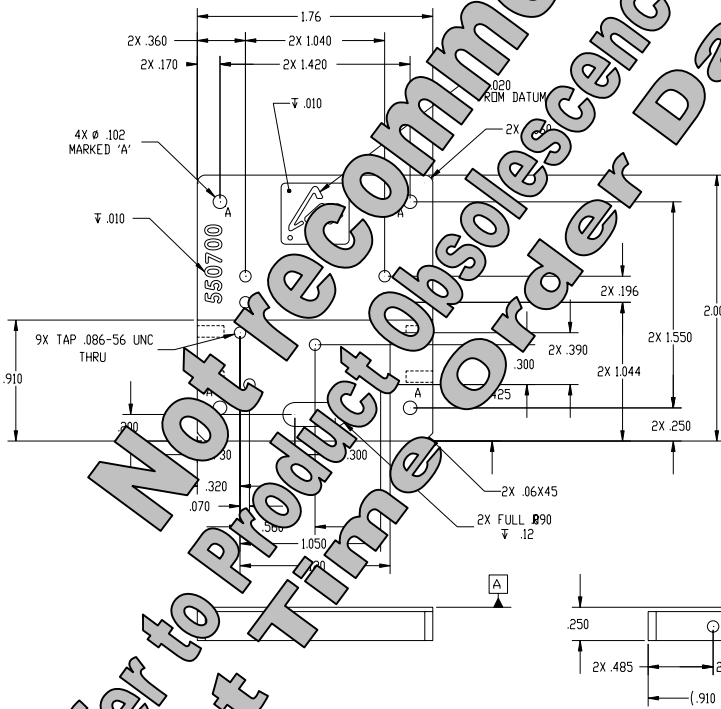
DCS-band 4W HBT Amplifier Module



Outline Drawing



Outline Drawing for the Heatsink with the WJ Evaluation Board



Product Marking

The device will be marked with an "AP504" designator with an alphanumeric lot code on the top surface of the package noted as "ABCD" on the drawing. A manufacturing date will also be printed as "XXYY", where the "XX" represents the week number from 1 – 52.

The product will be shipped in tubes in multiples of 15.

ESD / MSL Information



Caution! ESD sensitive device.

ESD Rating: Class 1C
 Value: Passes at ≥ 1,000 to < 2,000 volts
 Test: Human Body Model (HBM)
 Standard: JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114

ESD Rating: Class III
 Value: Passes ≥ 500 to < 1,000 volts
 Test: Charged Device Model (CDM)
 Standard: JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101

Not recommended for new designs. Refer to Product Obsolescence Notification Website: WJ08MBT1, 2008