

### PIN-PROGRAMMABLE PRECISION CLOCK MULTIPLIER

### **Description**

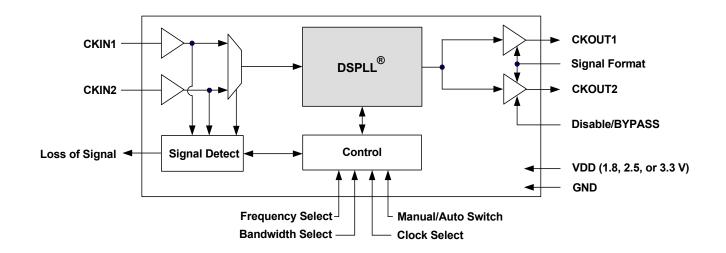
The Si5322 is a low jitter, precision clock multiplier for high-speed communication systems, including SONET OC-48/OC-192, Ethernet, and Fibre Channel. The Si5322 accepts dual clock inputs ranging from 19.44 to 707 MHz and generates two equal frequencymultiplied clock outputs ranging from 19.44 to 1050 MHz. The input clock frequency and clock multiplication ratio are selectable from a table of popular SONET, Ethernet, and Fibre Channel rates. The Si5322 is based on Silicon Laboratories' 3rdgeneration DSPLL® technology, which provides anyrate frequency synthesis in a highly integrated PLL solution that eliminates the need for external VCXO and loop filter components. The DSPLL loop bandwidth is digitally programmable, providing jitter performance optimization at the application level. Operating from a single 1.8, 2.5, or 3.3 V supply, the Si5322 is ideal for providing clock multiplication in high performance timing applications.

### **Applications**

- SONET/SDH OC-48/STM-16 and OC-192/STM-64 line cards
- GbE/10GbE, 1/2/4/8/10GFC line cards
- ITU G.709 line cards
- Optical modules
- Test and measurement

#### **Features**

- Selectable output frequencies ranging from 19.44 to 1050 MHz
- Low jitter clock outputs with jitter generation as low as 0.6 ps<sub>RMS</sub> (50 kHz–80 MHz)
- Integrated loop filter with selectable loop bandwidth (30 kHz to 1.3 MHz)
- Dual clock inputs with manual or automatically controlled switching
- Dual clock outputs with selectable signal format: LVPECL, LVDS, CML, CMOS
- Support for ITU G.709 FEC ratios (255/238, 255/237, 255/236)
- LOS alarm output
- Pin-controlled output phase adjust
- Pin-programmable settings
- On-chip voltage regulator for 1.8 V ±5%, 2.5 or 3.3 V ±10% operation
- Small size: 6 x 6 mm 36-lead QFN
- Pb-free, RoHS compliant



Preliminary Rev. 0.5 2/08

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Si5322

This information applies to a product under development. Its characteristics and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Table 1. Performance Specifications<sup>1</sup>

 $(V_{DD} = 1.8 \pm 5\%, 2.5 \pm 10\%, \text{ or } 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 85 \text{ °C})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>		<del>-4</del> 0	25	85	°C
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		2.97	3.3	3.63	V
3 - 1 - 1 - 3 -			2.25	2.5	2.75	V
			1.71	1.8	1.89	V
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 622.08 MHz			1100	
, , , , , ,		Both CKOUTs enabled		251	279	mA
		LVPECL format output				
		CKOUT2 disabled	_	217	243	mA
		f <sub>OUT</sub> = 19.44 MHz				
		Both CKOUTs enabled		204	234	mA
		CMOS format output				
		CKOUT2 disabled	_	194	220	mA
		Tristate/Sleep Mode	_	165	TBD	mA
Input Clock Frequency	CK <sub>F</sub>	Input frequency and clock multipli-	19.44		707.35	MHz
(CKIN1, CKIN2)		cation ratio pin-selectable from table	19.44	_	707.35	IVITZ
Output Clock Frequency	CK <sub>OF</sub>	of values using FRQSEL and				
(CKOUT1, CKOUT2)		FRQTBL settings. Consult Silicon				
		Laboratories configuration software				
		DSPLLsim or Any-Rate Precision	19.44	_	1049.76	MHz
		Clock Family Reference Manual at				
		www.silabs.com/timing (click on Docu-				
		mentation) for table selections.				
3-Level Input Pins		T			T. T.	
Input Mid Current	I <sub>IMM</sub>	See Note 2.	<b>–</b> 2	_	2	μA
Input Clocks (CKIN1, C						
Differential Voltage	CKN <sub>DPP</sub>		0.25	_	1.9	$V_{PP}$
Swing						
Common Mode	CKN <sub>VCM</sub>	1.8 V ±5%	0.9		1.4	V
Voltage		2.5 V ±10%	1.0	_	1.7	V
		3.3 V ±10%	1.1	_	1.95	V
Rise/Fall Time	CKN <sub>TRF</sub>	20–80%	_	_	11	ns
Duty Cycle	CKN <sub>DC</sub>	Whichever is smaller	40	_	60	%
(Minimum Pulse Width)		Williams is smaller	2	_	_	ns
Output Clocks (CKOUT	1, CKOUT2	)				
Common Mode	V <sub>OCM</sub>	LVPECL	V <sub>DD</sub> – 1.42	_	V <sub>DD</sub> – 1.25	V
Differential Output	V <sub>OD</sub>	100 $\Omega$ load	1.1	_	1.9	V
Swing		line-to-line				
Single Ended Output	V <sub>SE</sub>		0.5	_	0.93	V
Swing						
Rise/Fall Time	CKO <sub>TRF</sub>	20–80%	_	230	350	ps
Notes:		<u> </u>				

#### Notes

- 1. For a more comprehensive listing of device specifications, please consult the Silicon Laboratories Any-Rate Precision Clock Family Reference Manual. This document can be downloaded from <a href="https://www.silabs.com/timing">www.silabs.com/timing</a> (click on Documentation).
- 2. This is the amount of leakage that the 3 level input can tolerate from an external driver. See the Family Reference Manual. In most designs, an external resistor voltage divider is recommended.



# Table 1. Performance Specifications (Continued) ( $V_{DD}$ = 1.8 ±5%, 2.5 ±10%, or 3.3 V ±10%, $T_A$ = -40 to 85 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Duty Cycle Uncertainty	CKO <sub>DC</sub>	LVPECL				
		Differential 100 $\Omega$ Line-to-Line	-40		40	ps
		Measured at 50% point				
PLL Performance						
Jitter Generation	$J_{GEN}$	fo = 622.08 MHz,				
		LVPECL output format	_	0.6	TBD	ps rms
		50 kHz-80 MHz				
		12 kHz–20 MHz	_	0.6	TBD	ps rms
Jitter Transfer	$J_{PK}$		_	0.05	0.1	dB
Phase Noise	CKO <sub>PN</sub>	f <sub>OUT</sub> = 622.08 MHz		TBD	TBD	dBc/Hz
		100 Hz offset	_	160	וטטו	UBC/11Z
		1 kHz offset	_	TBD	TBD	dBc/Hz
		10 kHz offset	_	TBD	TBD	dBc/Hz
		100 kHz offset	_	TBD	TBD	dBc/Hz
		1 MHz offset	_	TBD	TBD	dBc/Hz
Subharmonic Noise	SP <sub>SUBH</sub>	Phase Noise @ 100 kHz Offset	_	TBD	TBD	dBc
Spurious Noise	SP <sub>SPUR</sub>	Max spur @ n x F3		TBD	TBD	dBc
		(n ≥ 1, n x F3 < 100 MHz)	_	160	וסטו	UBC
Package			•			•
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA}$	Still Air		38		°C/W
Junction to Ambient		Still All	_	30	_	C/ V V
Notes:						

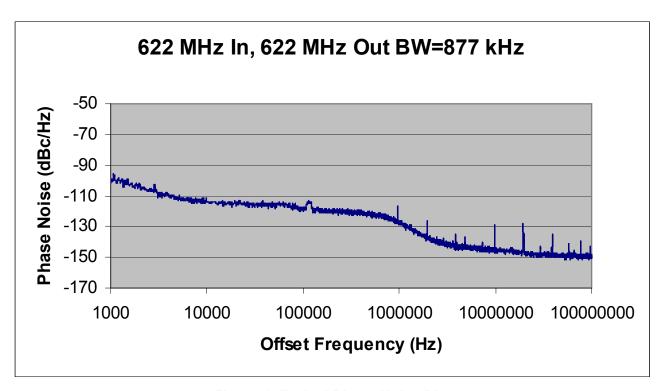
- 1. For a more comprehensive listing of device specifications, please consult the Silicon Laboratories Any-Rate Precision Clock Family Reference Manual. This document can be downloaded from www.silabs.com/timing (click on Documentation).
- 2. This is the amount of leakage that the 3 level input can tolerate from an external driver. See the Family Reference Manual. In most designs, an external resistor voltage divider is recommended.

### **Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
DC Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.5 to 3.6	V	
LVCMOS Input Voltage	V <sub>DIG</sub>	-0.3 to (V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3)	V	
Operating Junction Temperature	T <sub>JCT</sub>	-55 to 150	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C	
ESD HBM Tolerance (100 pF, 1.5 k $\Omega$ ); All pins except CKIN+/CKIN–		2	kV	
ESD MM Tolerance; All pins except CKIN+/CKIN-		200	V	
ESD HBM Tolerance (100 pF, 1.5 kΩ); CKIN+/CKIN–		700	V	
ESD MM Tolerance; CKIN+/CKIN-		150	V	
Latch-Up Tolerance		JESD78 Compliant		

Note: Permanent device damage may occur if the Absolute Maximum Ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as specified in the operation sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

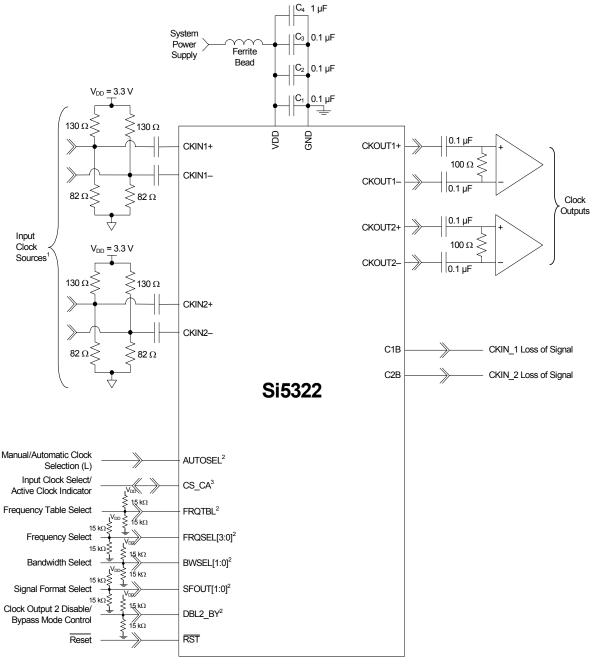




**Figure 1. Typical Phase Noise Plot** 

Jitter Bandwidth	RMS Jitter (fs)
OC-48, 12 kHz to 20 MHz	374
OC-192, 20 kHz to 80 MHz	388
OC-192, 4 MHz to 80 MHz	181
OC-192, 50 kHz to 80 MHz	377
Broadband, 800 Hz to 80 MHz	420





Notes: 1. Assumes differential LVEPECL termination (3.3 V) on clock inputs.

2. Denotes tri-level input pins with states designated as L (ground), M ( $V_{DD}/2$ ), and H ( $V_{DD}$ ).

3. Assumes manual input clock selection.

Figure 2. Si5322 Typical Application Circuit

### 1. Functional Description

The Si5322 is a low jitter, precision clock multiplier for high-speed communication systems, including SONET OC-48/OC-192, SDH STM-16/64 Ethernet, and Fibre Channel. The Si5322 accepts dual clock inputs ranging from 19.44 to 707 MHz and generates two frequencymultiplied clock outputs ranging from 19.44 to 1050 MHz. The two input clocks are at the same frequency and the two output clocks are at the same frequency. The input clock frequency and clock multiplication ratio are selectable from a table of popular SONET, Ethernet, and Fibre Channel rates. In addition to providing clock multiplication in SONET and datacom applications, the Si5322 supports SONET-to-datacom frequency translations. Silicon Laboratories offers a PC-based software utility, DSPLLsim, that can be used to look up valid Si5322 frequency translations. This utility can be downloaded from http://www.silabs.com/timing (click on Documentation).

The Si5322 is recommended for applications in which the input clock is relatively low jitter and only clock multiplication is required. The Si5322 is based on Laboratories' 3rd-generation DSPLL<sup>®</sup> Silicon technology, which provides any-rate frequency synthesis in a highly integrated PLL solution that eliminates the need for external VCXO and loop filter components. The Si5322 PLL loop bandwidth is selectable via the BWSEL[1:0] pins and supports a range from 30 kHz to 1.5 MHz. The DSPLLsim software utility can be used to calculate valid loop bandwidth settings for a given input clock frequency/clock multiplication ratio. The Si5322 monitors all input clocks for loss of signal and provides a LOS alarm when it detects a missing clock.

In the case when the input clocks enter alarm conditions, the PLL will freeze the DCO output frequency near its last value to maintain operation with an internal state close to the last valid operating state.

The Si5322 has two differential clock outputs. The electrical format of the clock outputs is programmable to support LVPECL, LVDS, CML, or CMOS loads. If not required, the second clock output can be powered down to minimize power consumption. For system-level debugging, a bypass mode is available which drives the output clock directly from the input clock, bypassing the internal DSPLL. The device is powered by a single 1.8, 2.5, or 3.3 V supply.

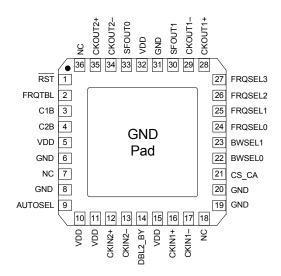
#### 1.1. Further Documentation

Consult the Silicon Laboratories Any-Rate Precision Clock Family Reference Manual (FRM) for detailed information about the Si5322. Additional design support is available from Silicon Laboratories through your distributor.

Silicon Laboratories has developed a PC-based software utility called DSPLLsim to simplify device configuration, including frequency planning and loop bandwidth selection. The FRM and this utility can be downloaded from <a href="http://www.silabs.com/timing">http://www.silabs.com/timing</a>; click on Documentation.



### 2. Pin Descriptions: Si5322



Pin assignments are preliminary and subject to change.

Table 3. Si5322 Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Pin Name	I/O	Signal Level	Description
1	RST	I	LVCMOS	External Reset.  Active low input that performs external hardware reset of device. Resets all internal logic to a known state. Clock outputs are tristated during reset. After rising edge of RST signal, the Si5322 will perform an internal self-calibration. This pin has a weak pull-up.
2	FRQTBL	I	3-Level	Frequency Table Select.  Selects SONET/SDH, datacom, or SONET/SDH to datacom frequency table.  L = SONET/SDH.  M = Datacom.  H = SONET/SDH to Datacom.  The pin has a weak pull-up and weak pull-down and defaults to M.  Some designs may require an external resistor voltage divider when driven by an active device that will tri-state.
3	C1B	0	LVCMOS	CKIN1 Loss of Signal.  Active high loss-of-signal indicator for CKIN1. Once triggered, the alarm will remain active until CKIN1 is validated.  0 = CKIN1 present.  1 = LOS on CKIN1.

Table 3. Si5322 Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin #	Pin Name	I/O	Signal Level	Description
4	C2B	0	LVCMOS	CKIN2 Loss of Signal.  Active high loss-of-signal indicator for CKIN2. Once triggered, the alarm will remain active until CKIN2 is validated.  0 = CKIN2 present.  1 = LOS on CKIN2.
5, 10, 11, 15, 32	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply	Supply. The device operates from a 1.8, 2.5, or 3.3 V supply. Bypass capacitors should be associated with the following $V_{DD}$ pins:
6, 8,19, 20, 31	GND	GND	Supply	Ground.  Must be connected to system ground. Minimize the ground path impedance for optimal performance of this device.
9	AUTOSEL	I	3-Level	Manual/Automatic Clock Selection.  Three level input that selects the method of input clock selection to be used.  L = Manual.  M = Automatic non-revertive.  H = Automatic revertive.  The pin has a weak pull-up and weak pull-down and defaults to M.  Some designs may require an external resistor voltage divider when driven by an active device that will tri-state.
12 13	CKIN2+ CKIN2–	I	Multi	Clock Input 2.  Differential input clock. This input can also be driven with a single-ended signal. Input frequency selected from a table of values. The same frequency must be applied to CKIN1 and CKIN2.
14	DBL2_BY	I	3-Level	Output 2 Disable/Bypass Mode Control.  Controls enable of CKOUT2 divider/output buffer path and PLL bypass mode.  L = CKOUT2 enabled.  M = CKOUT2 disabled.  H = Bypass mode with CKOUT2 enabled.  The pin has a weak pull-up and weak pull-down and defaults to M.  Some designs may require an external resistor voltage divider when driven by an active device that will tri-state.
16 17	CKIN1+ CKIN1-	I	Multi	Clock Input 1.  Differential input clock. This input can also be driven with a single-ended signal. Input frequency selected from a table of values. The same frequency must be applied to CKIN1 and CKIN2.

Table 3. Si5322 Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin #	Pin Name	I/O	Signal Level	Description
21	CS_CA	I/O	LVCMOS	Input Clock Select/Active Clock Indicator.  Input: If manual clock selection mode is chosen (AUTOSEL = L), this pin functions as the manual input clock selector. This input is internally deglitched to prevent inadvertent clock switching during changes in the CS input state.  0 = Select CKIN1.  1 = Select CKIN2. If configured as input, must be set high or low.  Output: If automatic clock selection mode is chosen (AUTOSEL = M or H), this pin indicates which of the two input clocks is currently the active clock. If alarms exist on both CKIN1 and CKIN2, indicating that the digital hold state has been entered, CA will indicate the last active clock that was used before entering the hold state.  0 = CKIN1 active input clock.  1 = CKIN2 active input clock.
23 22	BWSEL1 BWSEL0	I	3-Level	Bandwidth Select.  Three level inputs that select the DSPLL closed loop bandwidth. Detailed operations and timing characteristics for these pins may be found in the Any-Rate Precision Clock Family Reference Manual.  These pins have both weak pull-ups and weak pull-downs and default to M.  Some designs may require an external resistor voltage divider when driven by an active device that will tri-state.
27 26 25 24	FRQSEL3 FRQSEL2 FRQSEL1 FRQSEL0	I	3-Level	Multiplier Select.  Three level inputs that select the input clock and clock multiplication ratio, depending on the FRQTBL setting. Consult the Any-Rate Precision Clock Family Reference Manual or DSPLL sim configuration software for settings, both available for download at <a href="https://www.silabs.com/timing">www.silabs.com/timing</a> (click on Documentation).  These pins have both weak pull-ups and weak pull-downs and default to M.  Some designs may require an external resistor voltage divider when driven by an active device that will tri-state.

Table 3. Si5322 Pin Descriptions (Continued)

Pin#	Pin Name	I/O	Signal Level	Description		
				Signal Format Select. Three level inputs that select the output signal format (common mode voltage and differential swing) for both CKOUT1 and CKOUT2. Valid settings include LVPECL, LVDS, and CML. Also includes selections for CMOS mode, tristate mode, and tristate/sleep mode.		
				SFOUT[1:0] Signal Format		
				HH Reserved		
				HM LVDS		
33	SFOUT0			HL CML		
30	SFOUT1	I	3-Level	MH LVPECL		
				MM Reserved		
				ML LVDS—Low Swing		
				LH CMOS		
				LM Disabled		
				LL Reserved		
				These pins have both weak pull-ups and weak pull-downs and default to M.  Some designs may require an external resistor voltage divider when driven by an active device that will tri-state.		
34 35	CKOUT2– CKOUT2+	0	Multi	Clock Output 2.  Differential output clock with a frequency selected from a table of values. Output signal format is selected by SFOUT pins. Output is differential for LVPECL, LVDS, and CML compatible modes. For CMOS format, both output pins drive identical single-ended clock outputs.		
29 28	CKOUT1- CKOUT1+	0	Multi	Clock Output 1.  Differential output clock with a frequency selected from a table of values. Output signal format is selected by SFOUT pins. Output is differential for LVPECL, LVDS, and CML compatible modes. For CMOS format, both output pins drive identical single-ended clock outputs.		
7, 18, 36	NC	_	_	No Connect. These pins must be left unconnected for normal operation.		
			_	Ground Pad.		
GND PAD	GND	GND	Supply	The ground pad must provide a low thermal and electrical impedance to a ground plane.		



## 3. Ordering Guide

Ordering Part Number	Package	ROHS6, Pb-Free	Temperature Range
Si5322-C-GM	36-Lead 6 x 6 mm QFN	Yes	–40 to 85 °C

### 4. Package Outline: 36-Pin QFN

Figure 3 illustrates the package details for the Si5322. Table 4 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

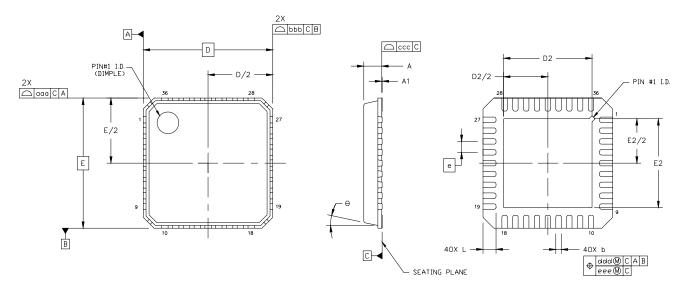


Figure 3. 36-Pin Quad Flat No-lead (QFN)

**Table 4. Package Dimensions** 

Symbol	Millimeters			
	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	0.80	0.85	0.90	
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	
D	6.00 BSC			
D2	3.95	4.10	4.25	
е	0.50 BSC			
Е	6.00 BSC			
E2	3.95	4.10	4.25	

Symbol	Millimeters			
	Min	Nom	Max	
L	0.50	0.60	0.70	
θ	_		12°	
aaa	_		0.10	
bbb	_		0.10	
CCC	_		0.08	
ddd	_	_	0.10	
eee	_	_	0.05	

#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. This drawing conforms to JEDEC outline MO-220, variation VJJD.
- **4.** Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020C specification for Small Body Components.



## 5. Recommended PCB Layout

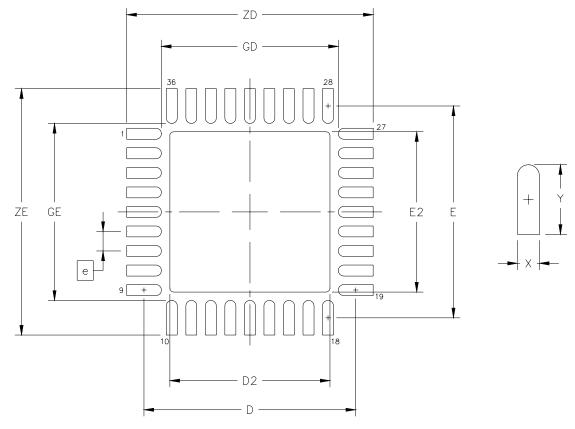


Figure 4. PCB Land Pattern Diagram

**Table 5. PCB Land Pattern Dimensions** 

Dimension	MIN	MAX	
е	0.50 E	SSC.	
E	5.42 F	REF.	
D	5.42 F	REF.	
E2	4.00	4.20	
D2	4.00	4.20	
GE	4.53	_	
GD	4.53	_	
X	_	0.28	
Y	0.89 REF.		
ZE	_	6.31	
ZD	_	6.31	

#### Notes (General):

- 1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing is per the ANSI Y14.5M-1994 specification.
- 3. This Land Pattern Design is based on IPC-SM-782 guidelines.
- **4.** All dimensions shown are at Maximum Material Condition (MMC). Least Material Condition (LMC) is calculated based on a Fabrication Allowance of 0.05 mm.

#### Notes (Solder Mask Design):

1. All metal pads are to be non-solder mask defined (NSMD). Clearance between the solder mask and the metal pad is to be  $60 \mu m$  minimum, all the way around the pad.

#### Notes (Stencil Design):

- 1. A stainless steel, laser-cut and electro-polished stencil with trapezoidal walls should be used to assure good solder paste release.
- 2. The stencil thickness should be 0.125 mm (5 mils).
- 3. The ratio of stencil aperture to land pad size should be 1:1 for the perimeter pads.
- **4.** A 4 x 4 array of 0.80 mm square openings on 1.05 mm pitch should be used for the center ground pad.

### Notes (Card Assembly):

- 1. A No-Clean, Type-3 solder paste is recommended.
- 2. The recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020C specification for Small Body Components.



### **DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST**

### Revision 0.44 to Revision 0.45

Condensed format.

### Revision 0.45 to Revision 0.46

- Removed references to latency control, INC, and DEC in figures and text.
- Changed LVTTL to LVCMOS in Table 2, "Absolute Maximum Ratings," on page 3.
- Added Figure 1, "Typical Phase Noise Plot," on page 4
- Updated "2. Pin Descriptions: Si5322".
- Added "5. Recommended PCB Layout".

### Revision 0.46 to Revision 0.47

- Removed Figure 1. "Typical Phase Noise Plot."
- Changed pins 11 and 15 from NC to VDD in "2. Pin Descriptions: Si5322".

### Revision 0.47 to Revision 0.5

- Changed 1.8 V operating range to ±5%.
- Updated Table 1 on page 2.
- Updated Table 2 on page 3.
- Updated Figure 2 on page 5 to add pull-up/pull-down resistors for 3-level inputs.
- Added figure and table on page 4.
- Updated 1."Functional Description" on page 6.
- Clarified 2."Pin Descriptions: Si5322" on page 7.
- Updated SFOUT values.



### Si5322

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