

# DLP-245SY

# **USB / Microcontroller Module**



The DLP-245SY combines the same USB interface used in the DLP-USB245M module with a Ubicom SX48 microcontroller to form a rapid development tool. The SX48 microcontroller is preprogrammed with basic functionality for accessing the port pins and can be reprogrammed with user hex code via a 5-pin header (4 pins used) that is compatible with the DLP-FLASH device programmer (purchased separately).

# **DLP-245SY FEATURES**

- Send/receive data over USB to a host computer at up to 7 megabits per second
- 20 digital I/O lines plus the 8-bit data bus available for interfacing to user electronics
- Ubicom SX48 processor with 4K FLASH ROM, 262 bytes RAM, and a 2K (256x8) EEPROM
- "Token I/O" code preprogrammed into the SX48's ROM for basic port pin input/output capability including access to the EEPROM, and external digital temperature sensors. ROM can be easily erased and reprogrammed with the DLP FLASH programmer (purchased separately) or a user-supplied compatible programmer
- No in-depth knowledge of USB is required as all USB protocol is handled automatically by the on-board FT245BM and its support circuitry
- Royalty-free device drivers eliminate the need for USB driver development in most cases
- USB bulk or isocronous data-transfer modes

- Required 5V supply can be taken directly from the USB port or supplied by user electronics
- USB 1.1 and USB 2.0 compatible
- USB VID, PID, serial number, and product description strings stored in on-board EEPROM
- Virtual com port (VCP) drivers for:
  - Windows 98 and Windows 98 SE
  - Windows 2000/ME/XP
  - Windows CE\*\*
  - MAC OS-8 and OS-9
  - MAC OS-X\*\*
  - Linux 2.40 and greater
- D2XX (USB direct drivers + DLL S/W interface)
  - Windows 98 and Windows 98 SE
  - Windows 2000/ME/XP
- \*\* In planning or under development.

# **APPLICATION AREAS**

- Prototype development
- USB ISDN and ADSL modems
- USB interface for digital cameras
- USB interface for MP3 players
- High-speed USB instrumentation
- USB smart-card readers
- Set top box (STB) PC-USB interface
- USB hardware modems
- USB wireless modems
- USB bar code readers

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The DLP-245SY provides a cost-effective, microcontroller-based method of interfacing an electronic peripheral to a host computer via USB.

To send data from the peripheral to the host computer, the microcontroller simply writes the byte-wide data into the FT245BM when TXE# is low. If the FT245BM's transmit buffer fills up or is busy storing the previously written byte, it will take its TXE# high in order to stop further data from being written until some of the FIFO data has been transferred over USB to the host.

When the host sends data to the peripheral over USB, the FT245BM will take RXF# low to let the microcontroller know that at least one byte of data is available. The microcontroller then reads the data until RXF# goes high indicating that no more data is available to read.

By using FTDI's virtual COM port drivers, the peripheral looks like a standard COM port to the application software. Commands to set the baud rate are ignored--the FT245BM always transfers data at its fastest rate (up to 3 megabits per second using VCP drivers) regardless of the application's baud-rate setting. The latest versions of the drivers are available for download from DLP Design's website at <u>http://www.dlpdesign.com</u>.

## **DRIVER SOFTWARE**

FTDI's VCP (virtual COM port) driver-executable files are provided royalty free on the condition that they are used only with designs incorporating an FTDI device (i.e. the FT245BM and DLP-245SY). The latest version of the drivers can be downloaded from <u>dlpdesign.com</u> or <u>ftdichip.com</u>.

The VCP driver download file is a combined set of drivers for Windows 98, Windows ME, and Windows 2000/XP. Unzip the file to a blank floppy disk or folder on your PC. (The drivers can coexist on the same floppy disk or folder since the INF files determine which set of drivers to load for each operating system version.) Once loaded, the VCP drivers allow your application software running on the host PC to communicate with the DLP-245SY as though it were connected to a COM (RS-232) port.

In addition to VCP drivers, FTDI's D2XX direct drivers for Windows offer an alternative solution to the VCP drivers that allow application software to interface with the DLP-245SY using a DLL

instead of a virtual com port. The architecture of the D2XX drivers consists of a Windows WDM driver that communicates with the FT245BM device via the Windows USB stack and a DLL that interfaces the application software (written in VC++, C++ Builder, Delphi, VB, etc.) to the WDM driver. An INF installation file, uninstaller program, and D2XX Programmer's Guide complete the package.

The D2XX direct drivers add support for simultaneous access and control of multiple FT245BM devices. The extended open function (FT\_OpenEx) allows the device to be opened either by its product description or serial number, both of which can be programmed to be unique. The list devices function (FT-ListDevices) allows the application software to determine which devices are currently available for use, again by product description or by serial number.

Several new features have been recently added to the D2XX drivers. Functions are provided to program the EEPROM (FT\_EE\_Program) and read the EEPROM (FT\_EE\_Read). Unused space in the EEPROM is called the user area (EEUA), and functions are provided to access the EEUA. FT\_EE\_UASize gets its size, FT\_EE\_UAWrite writes data into it, and FT\_EE\_UARead is used to read its contents.

Download FTDI Application Notes AN232-03, AN232-05, AN232-06, and AN232-07 for detailed instructions on how to install and remove the drivers.

## **EEPROM WRITE UTILITY**

The DLP-245SY has the option to accept manufacturer-specific information that is written into the on-board 93C46 EEPROM. Parameters that can be programmed include the VID and the PID identifiers, the manufacturer's product string, and a serial number.

FTD2XXST is the latest EEPROM serializer and testing utility from FTDI for the FT245BM device. It replaces the VCP-based 232Prog utility. FTD2XXST is based on the new D2XX drivers and will work on Windows 98, Windows ME, and Windows 2000/XP platforms. You must install the latest release of the D2XX drivers in order to run this application. (Refer to the SER200.PDF guide that is included in the EEPROM write utility's download zip file for details on how to use the serializer.)

The DLP Design Test Application V2.0, available from DLP Design as a separate purchase, can also be used to program the DLP-245SY's EEPROM with manufacturer-specific strings. For more details visit <u>http://www.dlpdesign.com/test.shtml</u>.

If you have VCP drivers installed on the PC that will be used to perform the EEPROM write process, you must uninstall these drivers using the uninstaller program (included with the driver files) and install the D2XX drivers prior to running the serializer utility.

# **QUICK START GUIDE**

## This guide requires the use of a Windows 98/2000/XP PC that is equipped with a USB port.

- Download the DLL version of the device drivers from either <u>dlpdesign.com</u> or <u>ftdichip.com</u>. Unzip the drivers onto a blank floppy disk or into a folder on the hard drive.
- The board can be configured to receive its operating power from the USB port or from user electronics. Pins 18, 19, and 20 allow for this configuration. (Refer to the Pinout Description in the next section for a detailed description of the DLP-245SY electrical interface.)

<u>Note</u>: The board will not operate until a power source has been selected as mentioned in Step 2.

3. Connect the DLP-245SY board to the PC via a standard A-B, 6-foot USB cable. This action initiates the loading of the USB drivers. When prompted, select the folder where the DLL version of the device drivers was stored in Step 1. Windows will then complete the installation of the device drivers for the DLP-245SY board. The next time the DLP-245SY board is attached, the host PC will immediately load the correct drivers without any prompting. Reboot the PC if prompted to do so.

The DLP-245SY is shipped with default VID, PID, etc. values programmed into the EEPROM. You only need to run the serializer program if you want to change the default values.

At this point, the DLP-245SY is ready for use. Note that the DLP-245SY will appear non-responsive if data sent from the host PC is not read from the FT245BM device by the SX48 microcontroller.

If changing drivers from the VCP to the DLL type (or vice versa), you must first uninstall the currently loaded drivers. This is accomplished by first disconnecting the DLP-245SY adapter from the host computer and then running the uninstall program for the currently loaded version of

the drivers (Ftdiunin.exe for VCP and Ftd2xxun.exe for DLL). These uninstall programs are included with the driver files.

## **TOKEN I/O**

The SX48 microcontroller on the DLP-245SY is shipped from the factory preprogrammed with firmware that provides rudimentary access to the port pins via either the VCP or DLL drivers. Features include the ability to read and write individual port pins as well as 8-bit port reads and writes.

The firmware in the DLP-245SY also provides access to the on-board EEPROM memory, and communications with digital temperature-sensing devices.

Commands sent to the Token I/O firmware must adhere to a specific communications protocol. Each command sequence contains the following information:

Byte 0:	Number of bytes in command sequence
Byte 1:	Command
Byte 2n-1:	Parameter/Data bytes
Byte n:	Checksum

The checksum is computed by exclusive-OR-ing every byte in the string. If the same checksum is calculated by the SX48 upon receipt of the packet, then a single-byte reply of 0x55 is returned to the host. In the event of a checksum error, the SX48 will return an error code of 0xAA. For example, setting port PIN\_A1 high would require the following string of bytes:

0x03, 0xA6, 0x29, 0x01, 0x8D

## Definition of the Bytes:

- 0x03 Number of bytes in command (checksum excluded)
- 0xA6 Command for set port pin high/low
- 0xA1 Affected port pin
- 0x01 Desired state of port pin
- 0x8D Checksum of previous 4 bytes

The port pins equate to hexadecimal numeric constants as defined here:

#### PORT B:

PIN\_B0 0xB0, PIN\_B1 0xB1, PIN\_B2 0xB2, PIN\_B3 0xB3,

## PORT C:

PIN\_C0 0xC0, PIN\_C1 0xC1, PIN\_C2 0xC2, PIN\_C3 0xC3, PIN\_C4 0xC4, PIN\_C5 0xC5, PIN\_C6 0xC6, PIN\_C7 0xC7,

#### PORT D:

PIN\_D0 0xD0, PIN\_D1 0xD1, PIN\_D2 0xD2, PIN\_D3 0xD3, PIN\_D4 0xD4, PIN\_D5 0xD5, PIN\_D6 0xD6, PIN\_D7 0xD7

## PORT E:

PIN\_E0 0XE0, PIN\_E1 0XE1, PIN\_E2 0XE2, PIN\_E3 0xE3, PIN E4 0xE4, PIN E5 0xE5, PIN E6 0xE6, PIN E7 0xE7

The source code for the Token I/O firmware (developed for the SnXC C compiler from Grich RC) is available as a free download upon purchase of the DLP-245SY. Example Visual C++ source code (for Windows 98/2000/XP) for communicating with the DLP-245SY via the Token I/O firmware is also available for download upon purchase. The windows source code also contains the port pin definitions listed above.

# TOKEN I/O COMMAND SET

# 0xA5 – Line In – Reads the state of a single port pin

Parameters:	Port – Select from available port pins (PIN_A3, PIN_B0, etc)
Returns:	1 Byte: State of the port pin (0 or 1)
Function:	This function will read the state of a single port pin. If the data direction for the
	pin selected was set to output, the direction is first set to input.
Example:	0x2, 0xA5, 0xA3, 0x3 - Reads the current state of port pin PIN_A3.

# 0xA6 – Line Out - Sets a single port pin high or low

Parameters:	Port – Select from available port pins (PIN_A3, PIN_B3, etc)	
	State – 0 or 1	
Returns:	Undefined	
Function:	This function will change the output state of a single port pin. If the data direction	
	for the pin selected was set to input, the direction is first set to output.	
Example:	0x3, 0xA6, 0xA3, 0x1, 0x7 – Sets port pin PIN_A3 high.	

# 0xA7 – Return Board ID

Parameters:	None
Returns:	5 bytes: "245SY"
Function:	This function will return the ID of the 245xx board currently opened.
Example:	0x1, 0xA7, A6 – Reads the board ID.

# **0xAA – EEPROM Read**

Parameters:	Address – Selects the zero-based address of the location in the EEPROM for
	reading.
Returns:	1 Byte: The byte of data read from the EEPROM.
Function:	This function will read the selected location in the EEPROM.
Example:	0x2, 0xAA, 0x2, 0xAA – Reads EEPROM Address 2, and returns a single byte of
	data.

# 0xAB – EEPROM Write

Parameters:	Address – Selects the zero-based address of the location in the EEPROM for
	writing.
	Data – Data to be written to the EEPROM.
Returns:	Undefined.
Function:	This function will write the selected location in the EEPROM.
Example:	0x3, 0xAA, 0x2, 0xFE, 0x55 – Writes a value of 0xFE to EEPROM Address 2.

# 0xAC – DS18S20 Start Convert

Parameters:	Port Pin – Selects the microcontroller port pin on the SX48 to be used for communication with the DS18S20 temperature sensor.
Returns:	1 Byte: A single byte indicating the result of trying to reset the temperature sensor.
	Sensor status definitions: 99: Sensor ready
	8: Short circuit detected
	2: No sensor detected
Function:	This function will select a port pin for communicating with a DS18S20
	temperature sensor and start a temperature conversion. In addition to power and
	ground connections, a 1.5K to 4.7K pull-up resistor must be connected between
	VCC and the data pin of the DS18S20 for proper communication. The
	conversion time for the DS18S20 is specified for a maximum of 750 milliseconds.
Example:	0x2, 0xAC, 0xB0, 0x1E – Starts a temperature conversion on SX48 port pin B0.

# 0xAD – DS18S20 Read Data

Parameters:	Port Pin – Selects the microcontroller port pin on the SX48 to be used for
	communication with the DS18S20 temperature sensor.
Returns:	9 Bytes: The contents of the scratchpad memory in the DS18S20.
Function:	This function will select a port pin for communicating with a DS18S20
	temperature sensor and request the current contents of the DS18S20's
	scratchpad memory. A conversion (command 0xAC) must have been previously
	requested for the data to be current. Additionally, host software must wait at
	least 750 milliseconds for the conversion to complete before reading the 9 bytes
	of data. In addition to power and ground, a 1.5K to 4.7K pull-up resistor must be
	connected between VCC and the data pin of the DS18S20 for proper
	communications. (For an example of how to calculate .1°C resolution
	temperature data from the 9 bytes of return data, refer to the example Windows
	source code.)
Example:	0x2, 0xAD, 0xB0, 0x1F – Requests 9 byte temperature data from SX48 port pin
	B0.

# 0xAE – Reserved

# 0xAF – Loopback

Parameters:	Data byte – The byte of data to be looped back to the host.
Returns:	1 Byte: The data byte written.
Function:	This function will echo the specified byte of data back to the host. The port pins
	are not affected.
Example:	0x2, 0xAF, 0x12, 0xBF – Requests the data byte 0x12 to be echoed back to the
	host.

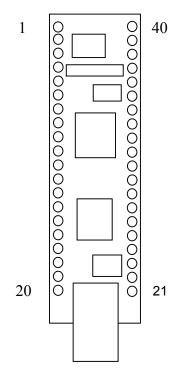
0x55 – Port A Read 0x59 – Port C Read 0x5B – Port D Read

Parameters:	None
Returns:	1 Byte: The 8-bit data read from the selected port.
Function:	This function will read the specified 8-bit port and return the results to the host.
	The port is automatically configured as an input port. Port A must be configured
	for digital I/O (command 0xA8) prior to using this command.
Example:	0x1, 0x5B, 0x5A – Requests a read from the 8-bit data bus Port D.

0x56 – Port A Write 0x5A – Port C Write 0x5C – Port D Write

Parameters:	Data byte – The byte of data to be written to the 8-bit port.
Returns:	Undefined
Function:	This function will write the specified data byte to the 8-pit port. Data is latched on
	the port pins until changed by another command. The port is automatically
	configured as an output port. Port A must be configured for digital I/O (command
	0xA8) prior to using this command.
Example:	0x2, 0x5C, 0x12, 0xBF – Writes the data byte 0x12 to the 8-bit data bus Port D.

# TABLE 1: DLP-245SY PINOUT DESCRIPTION



Pin #	Description
1	C0 (I/O) Port Pin C0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller
2	C1 (I/O) Port Pin C1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller
3	C2 (I/O) Port Pin C2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
4	C3 (I/O) Port Pin C3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
5	C4 (I/O) Port Pin C4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
6	C5 (I/O) Port Pin C5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
7	C6 (I/O) Port Pin C6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
8	C7 (I/O) Port Pin C7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
9	MCLR* (In) Can be used by an external device to reset the SX48. Can be left disconnected if not
	used.
10	RTCC (In) Input to the SX48's Real-Time Clock/Counter
11	RESET# (In) Can be used by an external device to reset the FT245BM. Can be left disconnected if
	not used.
12	RESETO# (Out) Output of the FT245BM's internal Reset Generator. Stays high impedance for ~
	2ms after VCC>3.5v and the internal clock starts up, then clamps its output to the 3.3v
	output of the internal regulator. Taking RESET# low will also force RESETO# to
	go high impedance. RESET0# is NOT affected by a USB Bus Reset.

<ul> <li>3V3OUT (Out) Output from the integrated L.D.O. regulator. Its primary purpose is to provide the internal 3.3v supply to the USB transceiver cell and the RSTOUT# pin. A small amount of current (&lt;=5mA) can be drawn from this pin to power external 3.3v logic if required.</li> <li>GROUND</li> <li>SWCC (Out) Power from EXTVCC (Pin 19) controlled via Pin 10 (POWERN#) of the FT245BM and Q1 MOSFET power switch. R5 and C3 control the power-up rate to help limit inrush current.</li> <li>GROUND</li> <li>VCC-IO (In) 3.0 volt to +5.25 volt VCC to the FT245BM's interface pins 10-12, 14-16, and 18-25. When interfacing with 3.3v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3v supply of the external logic; otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li>EXTVCC (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC if the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). S00nA is the maximum current available to the DLP-24SSY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB8 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the S</li></ul>	13	GROUND
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<ul> <li>GROUND</li> <li>GROUND</li> <li>SWVCC (Out) Power from EXTVCC (Pin 19) controlled via Pin 10 (POWERN#) of the FT245BM and Q1 MOSFET power switch. R5 and C3 control the power-up rate to help limit inrush current.</li> <li>GROUND</li> <li>VCC-IO (In) 3.0 volt to +5.25 volt VCC to the FT245BM's interface pins 10-12, 14-16, and 18-25. When interfacing with 3.3 v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3 v supply of the external logic; otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li>EXTVCC (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC (In) Be for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>S00MA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (</li></ul>		internal 3.3v supply to the USB transceiver cell and the RSTOUT# pin. A small amount of current
<ul> <li>SWVCC (Out) Power from EXTVCC (Pin 19) controlled via Pin 10 (POWERN#) of the FT245BM and Q1 MOSFET power switch. R5 and C3 control the power-up rate to help limit inrush current.</li> <li>GROUND</li> <li>VCC-IO (In) 3.0 volt to +5.25 volt VCC to the FT245BM's interface pins 10-12, 14-16, and 18-25. When interfacing with 3.3v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3v supply of the external logic; otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li>EXTVCC (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC if the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcont</li></ul>		(<=5mA) can be drawn from this pin to power external 3.3v logic if required.
<ul> <li>and Q1 MOSFET power switch. R5 and C3 control the power-up rate to help limit inrush current.</li> <li><b>GROUND</b></li> <li><b>VCC-IO</b> (In) 3.0 volt to +5.25 volt VCC to the FT245BM's interface pins 10-12, 14-16, and 18-25. When interfacing with 3.3v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3v supply of the external logic; otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li><b>EXTVCC</b> (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC if the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li><b>PORTVCC</b> (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li><b>DB7</b> (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB6</b> (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB5</b> (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB5</b> (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB6</b> (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E1</b> (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E3</b> (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E3</b> (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E4</b> (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E6</b> (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E6</b> (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E6</b> (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected</li></ul>	15	GROUND
<ul> <li><b>GROUND</b></li> <li><b>VCC-IO</b> (In) 3.0 volt to +5.25 volt VCC to the FT245BM's interface pins 10-12, 14-16, and 18-25. When interfacing with 3.3v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3v supply of the external logic; otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li><b>EXTVCC</b> (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC (out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li><b>PORTVCC</b> (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li><b>DB7</b> (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB6</b> (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB5</b> (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB5</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB5</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB5</b> (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <l< th=""><th>16</th><th><b>SWVCC</b> (Out) Power from EXTVCC (Pin 19) controlled via Pin 10 (POWERN#) of the FT245BM</th></l<></ul>	16	<b>SWVCC</b> (Out) Power from EXTVCC (Pin 19) controlled via Pin 10 (POWERN#) of the FT245BM
<ul> <li>VCC-IO (In) 3.0 volt to +5.25 volt VCC to the FT245BM's interface pins 10-12, 14-16, and 18-25. When interfacing with 3.3v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3v supply of the external logic; otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li>EXTVCC (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC (Jul be for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>When interfacing with 3.3v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3v supply of the external logic; otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li><b>19</b> EXTVCC (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li><b>20</b> PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li><b>21</b> DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>22</b> DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>23</b> DB5 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>24</b> DB4 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>25</b> DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>26</b> DB2 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>27</b> DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>28</b> DB0 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>29</b> E0 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>31</b> E2 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>33</b> E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>34</b> E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>35</b> E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>36</b> E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	17	GROUND
<ul> <li>otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li><b>EXTVCC</b> (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC of the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li><b>PORTVCC</b> (out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li><b>DB7</b> (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB6</b> (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB6</b> (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li><b>DB4</b> (I/O) Drot Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E3</b> (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li><b>E3</b> (I/O)</li></ul>	18	VCC-IO (In) 3.0 volt to +5.25 volt VCC to the FT245BM's interface pins 10-12, 14-16, and 18-25.
<ul> <li>from the target electronics or EXTVCC.</li> <li>EXTVCC (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC if the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E</li></ul>		When interfacing with 3.3v external logic, connect VCC-IO to the 3.3v supply of the external logic;
<ul> <li>EXTVCC (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to PORTVCC if the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>		otherwise, connect to the VCC to drive out at 5v CMOS level. This pin must be connected to VCC
<ul> <li>PORTVCC if the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).</li> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E5 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E5 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>		from the target electronics or EXTVCC.
<ul> <li>PORTVCC (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E5 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	19	<b>EXTVCC</b> (In) Use for applying main power (4.4 to 5.25 volts) to the module. Connect to
<ul> <li>USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.</li> <li>21 DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>22 DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>23 DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>24 DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>25 DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>26 DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>27 DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>28 DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>29 E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>30 E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>31 E2 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>		PORTVCC if the module is to be powered by the USB port (typical configuration).
target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.21DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.22DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.23DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.24DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.25DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.26DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.27DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.28DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.29E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.30E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.31E2 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.33E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.34E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.35E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.36E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.	20	<b>PORTVCC</b> (Out) Power from USB port. Connect to EXTVCC if module is to be powered by the
<ul> <li>DB7 (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>		USB port (typical configuration). 500mA is the maximum current available to the DLP-245SY and
<ul> <li>DB6 (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>		target electronics if the USB device is configured for high power.
<ul> <li>DB5 (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	21	<b>DB7</b> (I/O) Line 7 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>DB4 (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	22	<b>DB6</b> (I/O) Line 6 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>DB3 (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E3 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E4 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E5 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>E6 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	23	<b>DB5</b> (I/O) Line 5 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>26 DB2 (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>27 DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>28 DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>29 E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>30 E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>31 E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>32 E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	24	<b>DB4</b> (I/O) Line 4 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>27 DB1 (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>28 DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>29 E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>30 E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>31 E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>32 E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	25	<b>DB3</b> (I/O) Line 3 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>28 DB0 (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.</li> <li>29 E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>30 E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>31 E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>32 E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	26	<b>DB2</b> (I/O) Line 2 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>29 E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>30 E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>31 E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>32 E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	27	<b>DB1</b> (I/O) Line 1 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>30 E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>31 E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>32 E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	28	<b>DB0</b> (I/O) Line 0 of the data bus between the SX48 and the FT245BM USB-FIFO.
<ul> <li>31 E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>32 E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	29	E0 (I/O) Port Pin E0 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
<ul> <li>32 E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	30	E1 (I/O) Port Pin E1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
<ul> <li>33 E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	31	E2 (I/O) Port Pin E2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
<ul> <li>34 E5 (I/O) Port Pin E5 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	32	E3 (I/O) Port Pin E3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
<ul> <li>35 E6 (I/O) Port Pin E6 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> <li>36 E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.</li> </ul>	33	E4 (I/O) Port Pin E4 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
<b>36 E7</b> (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.	34	
	35	
<b>37 B3</b> (I/O) Port Pin B3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.	36	E7 (I/O) Port Pin E7 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
	37	B3 (I/O) Port Pin B3 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
<b>38 B2</b> (I/O) Port Pin B2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.	38	B2 (I/O) Port Pin B2 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.
<b>39 B1</b> (I/O) Port Pin B1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.	39	B1 (I/O) Port Pin B1 connected to the SX48 microcontroller.

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