

# **Film Capacitors**

# Metallized Polypropylene Film Capacitors (MKP)

 Series/Type:
 B32794 ... B32798

 Date:
 February 2010

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# Metallized polypropylene film capacitors (MKP)

#### **MKP AC filtering**

#### **Preliminary Data**

#### **Typical applications**

Output AC filtering for power converters UPS, solar inverters, motor drives

#### Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 105 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 40/85/56

#### Construction

- Dielectric: Polypropylene (PP)
- Plastic case (UL 94 V-0)
- Epoxy resin sealing (UL 94 V-0)

#### Features

- Optimized AC voltage performance
- High ripple current/frequency capability
- Small dimensions
- For PCB mounting

#### Terminals

- Parallel wire leads, lead-free tinned
- 2-pin and 4-pin versions
- Standard lead lengths: 6 -1 mm
- Special lead lengths available on request

#### Marking

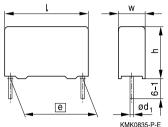
Manufacturer's logo, date code, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated AC voltage

### **Delivery mode**

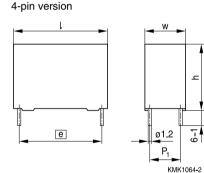
Bulk (untaped, lead length 6 -1 mm)

#### **Dimensional drawings**

2-pin version







#### Dimensions in mm

Version	Lead spacing <i>e</i> _±0.4	Lead diameter d <sub>1</sub>	Туре
2-pin	27.5	0.8	B32794D
2-pin	37.5	1.0	B32796E
4-pin	37.5	1.2	B32796G
4-pin	52.5	1.2	B32798G



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# Overview of available types

Lead spacing	27.5 1	nm			37.5	mm			52.5 r	nm		
Туре	B327				B327				B327			
Page	4					5			6			
V <sub>RMS</sub> (V AC)	250	300	350	400	250	300	350	400	250	300	350	400
C <sub>R</sub> (μF)												+
0.82												1
1.2												
1.5												
2.0												
2.2												
2.5												
3.3												
3.5												
4.0												
5.0												
6.3												
7.5												
8.0												
10												
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35												
40												
45												
55												
75												





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# Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 27.5 mm)

$V_{\text{RMS}}$	VR	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	P <sub>1</sub>	Ordering code	I <sub>RMS</sub>	ESL	ESR	Untaped
			$w \times h \times I$		(composition see	60 °C		10 kHz	
					below)	10 kHz			pcs./
V AC	V DC	μF	mm	mm		А	nH	mΩ	MOQ
250	630	2.5	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$	_	B32794D2255+000	4	24	14.1	2352
		4.0	$11.0\times21.0\times31.5$	-	B32794D2405+000	6	25	9.1	2352
		6.3	$15.0\times24.5\times31.5$	-	B32794D2635+000	8	26	6.1	1680
		10	$16.0\times32.0\times31.5$	-	B32794D2106+000	11	27	4.2	1064
		15	$22.0\times36.5\times31.5$		B32794D2156+000	13	28	3.1	784
300	700	2.0	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$		B32794D3205+000	4	24	15.6	2352
		3.3	$13.5\times23.0\times31.5$	-	B32794D3335+000	6	25	9.7	1932
		5.0	$14.0\times24.5\times31.5$	-	B32794D3505+000	7	26	6.7	1848
		8.0	$18.0\times33.0\times31.5$	-	B32794D3805+000	9	27	4.6	952
		12	$22.0\times36.5\times31.5$		B32794D3126+000	11	28	3.5	784
350	875	1.2	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$		B32794D8125+000	3	24	21.2	2352
		2.2	$12.5\times21.5\times31.5$	-	B32794D8225+000	5	25	11.9	2100
		3.3	$15.0\times24.5\times31.5$	-	B32794D8335+000	7	26	8.2	1680
		5.0	$18.0\times33.0\times31.5$	-	B32794D8505+000	9	27	5.8	952
		7.5	$22.0\times36.5\times31.5$		B32794D8755+000	12	28	4.5	784
400	1050	0.82	$11.0\times19.0\times31.5$		B32794D4824+000	3	24	26.5	2352
		1.5	$13.5\times23.0\times31.5$	-	B32794D4155+000	4	25	14.8	1932
		2.2	$14.0\times24.5\times31.5$	_	B32794D4225+000	6	26	10.4	1848
		3.5	$18.0\times33.0\times31.5$	_	B32794D4355+000	8	27	6.9	952
		5.0	$22.0\times36.5\times31.5$	_	B32794D4505+000	11	28	5.5	784

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

### Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $K = \pm 10\%$ 

 $J = \pm 5\%$ 



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MKP → 37.5 →

# **Preliminary Data**

# Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 37.5 mm)

V <sub>RMS</sub>	V <sub>R</sub>	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	P <sub>1</sub>	Ordering code	I <sub>RMS</sub>	ESL	ESR	Untaped
			$w \times h \times l$		(composition see	60 °C		10 kHz	
					below)	10 kHz			pcs./
V AC	V DC	μF	mm	mm		А	nH	mΩ	MOQ
250	630	22	$20.0\times 39.5\times 42.0$	10.2	B32796G2226+000	15	30	3.2	640
		22	$20.0\times 39.5\times 42.0$	_	B32796E2226+000	14	30	3.2	640
		25	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	10.2	B32796G2256+000	17	30	2.9	440
		25	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	_	B32796E2256+000	16	30	2.9	440
		40	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	20.3	B32796G2406+000	21	33	2.3	400
		40	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	_	B32796E2406+000	20	33	2.3	400
		45	$33.0\times48.0\times42.5$	20.3	B32796G2456+000	23	33	1.9	192
300	700	16	$20.0\times 39.5\times 42.0$	10.2	B32796G3166+000	14	30	3.9	640
		16	$20.0\times 39.5\times 42.0$	-	B32796E3166+000	13	30	3.9	640
		20	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	10.2	B32796G3206+000	15	30	3.1	440
		20	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	—	B32796E3206+000	14	30	3.1	440
		30	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	20.3	B32796G3306+000	19	33	2.2	400
		30	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	_	B32796E3306+000	18	33	2.2	400
		34	$33.0\times48.0\times42.5$	20.3	B32796E3346+000	20	33	1.9	192
350	875	10	$20.0\times 39.5\times 42.0$	10.2	B32796G8106+000	12	30	4.9	640
		10	$20.0\times 39.5\times 42.0$	-	B32796E8106+000	11	30	4.9	640
		14	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	10.2	B32796G8146+000	15	30	3.6	440
		14	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	-	B32796E8146+000	14	30	3.6	440
		15	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	20.3	B32796G8156+000	15	30	3.0	400
		20	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	20.3	B32796G8206+000	19	30	2.6	400
		20	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	—	B32796E8206+000	18	30	2.6	400
		24	$33.0\times48.0\times42.5$	20.3	B32796G8246+000	20	30	2.5	192
400	1050	7.5	$20.0\times39.5\times42.0$	10.2	B32796G4755+000	11	30	5.5	640
		7.5	$20.0\times 39.5\times 42.0$	—	B32796E4755+000	10	30	5.5	640
		10	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	10.2	B32796G4106+000	14	30	4.5	440
		10	$28.0\times37.0\times42.0$	—	B32796E4106+000	13	30	4.5	440
		13	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	20.3	B32796G4136+000	17	33	3.5	400
		13	$30.0\times45.0\times42.0$	—	B32796E4136+000	16	33	3.5	400
		16	$33.0\times48.0\times42.5$	20.3	B32796G4166+000	18	33	3.5	192

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

- + = Capacitance tolerance code:
  - $K = \pm 10\%$

 $J = \pm 5\%$ 





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# Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 52.5 mm)

$V_{\text{RMS}}$	V <sub>R</sub>	C <sub>R</sub>	Max. dimensions	P <sub>1</sub>	Ordering code	I <sub>RMS</sub>	ESL	ESR	Untaped
			$w \times h \times l$		(composition see	60 °C		10 kHz	
					below)	10 kHz			pcs./
V AC	V DC	μF	mm	mm		А	nH	mΩ	MOQ
250	630	55	$30.0\times45.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G2556+000	21	35	2.7	280
		75	$35.0\times50.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G2756+000	25	38	2.1	108
300	700	40	$30.0\times45.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G3406+000	19	35	3.2	280
		55	$35.0\times50.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G3556+000	24	38	2.5	108
350	875	26	$30.0\times45.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G8266+000	18	35	4.5	280
		30	$35.0\times50.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G8306+000	20	37	4.0	108
		35	$35.0\times50.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G8356+000	22	38	3.0	108
		40	$35.0\times50.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G8406K000	22	38	3.0	108
400	1050	18	$30.0\times45.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G4186+000	16	35	4.7	280
		20	$35.0\times50.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G4206+000	17	37	4.5	108
		25	$35.0\times50.0\times57.5$	20.3	B32798G4256+000	20	38	3.5	108

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

#### Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

K = ±10%

 $J = \pm 5\%$ 

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# **Preliminary Data**

# **Technical data**

C 61071						
range (case)	$ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Max. operating temperature, } T_{\text{op,max}} & +105 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{Upper category temperature } T_{\text{max}} & +85 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{Lower category temperature } T_{\text{min}} & -40 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \text{Note: At } T > 85 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \ \text{de-rating for} \\ V_{\text{RMS}} \ (\text{V AC}) \ \text{should be } 1.5\%/^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \end{array} $					
ge	2% respect the value measured at reference conditions					
ty ≤ 65% values)	30 000 s					
erminals	1.5 · V <sub>R</sub> for 10 s 1.65 · V <sub>R</sub> for 2 s					
l to case (10 s)	$2 \cdot V_{\text{RMS}}$ + 1000 V AC (min. 2000	V AC) at 50 Hz				
overvoltage for (max 1 min/day)	1.3 · V <sub>RMS</sub>					
(A)	$I_{P,max} = C_R \cdot \frac{dV}{dt}$					
	56 days/40 °C/93% relative humi	dity				
heat test	Capacitance change   $\Delta C/C$	≤ 5%				
	Dissipation factor change $\Delta$ tan $\delta$ Insulation resistance $R_{\text{ins}}$	$\leq 1.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ (at 1 kHz) $\geq 50\%$ of minimum as-delivered values				
	In accordance with IEC 60068-2-14 (Test Nb)					
Failure rate $\lambda$	300 fit					
Service life $t_{SL}$	> 60 000 h at V <sub>RMS</sub> For conversion to other operating chapter "Reliability" on page 439					
Failure criteria: Total failure	Short/open circuit					
Failure due to variation of parameters	Capacitance change   $\Delta$ C/C   Dissipation factor change $\Delta$ tan $\delta$ Insulation resistance R <sub>ins</sub> or time constant $\tau = C_n \cdot B_{ins}$	≥ 10% > 4 · upper limit value < 1500 MΩ $(C_R \le 0.33 \mu F)$ < 500 s $(C_R > 0.33 \mu F)$				
	range (case) ge ty $\leq 65\%$ values) prminals I to case (10 s) vervoltage for (max 1 min/day) (A) heat test Failure rate $\lambda$ Service life t <sub>SL</sub> Failure criteria: Total failure Failure due to variation of	range (case)Max. operating temperature, $T_{op,n}$ Upper category temperature $T_{max}$ Lower category temperature $T_{min}$ Note: At T > 85 °C de-rating for $V_{RMS}$ (V AC) should be 1.5%/°Cge2% respect the value measured a 30 000 s $i_{ins}$ 30 000 sty $\leq 65\%$ values)1.5 · V <sub>R</sub> for 10 s 1.65 · V <sub>R</sub> for 2 sI to case (10 s)2 · V_{RMS} + 1000 V AC (min. 2000 Vervoltage for (max 1 min/day)(A) $I_{P,max} = C_R \cdot \frac{dV}{dt}$ heat test56 days/40 °C/93% relative humic Capacitance change I $\Delta C/C$ I Dissipation factor change $\Delta$ tan $\delta$ Insulation resistance $R_{ins}$ In accordance with IEC 60068-2- Failure rate $\lambda$ 300 fit Service life $t_{SL}$ Failure criteria: Total failureShort/open circuitFailure due to variation ofCapacitance change I $\Delta C/C$ I Dissipation factor change $\Delta$ tan $\delta$				





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## Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in  $V/\mu s$ .

Note:

The values of dV/dt provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

Lead spacing	27.5 mm				37.5 mm			52.5 mm				
Туре	B32794			B32796			B32798					
V <sub>RMS</sub> (V AC)	250	300	350	400	250	300	350	400	250	300	350	400
					dV/dt i	n V/µs						
	27	31	39	47	19	21	26	32	12	14	18	21

Notes: Please take all additional data not mentioned above from our Data Book 2009



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#### **Preliminary Data**

#### **Mounting guidelines**

### 1 Soldering

#### 1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

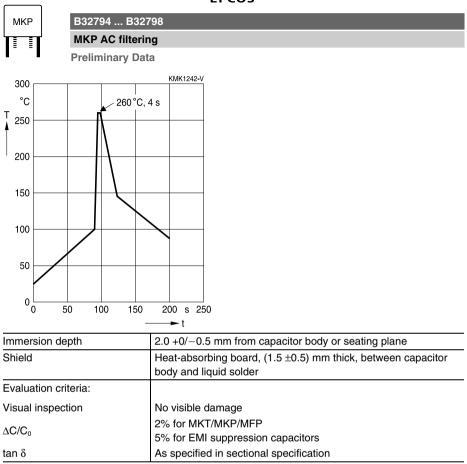
Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/ $-0.5$ mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder $\geq$ 90%, free-flowing solder

#### 1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A. Conditions:

Serie	S	Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT	boxed (except $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm) coated uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm)	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
MFP MKP	(lead spacing > 7.5 mm)		
MKT	boxed (case $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)		5±1 s
МКР МКТ	(lead spacing $\leq$ 7.5 mm) uncoated (lead spacing $\leq$ 10 mm) insulated (B32559)		< 4 s recommended soldering profile for MKT uncoated (lead spacing $\leq$ 10 mm) and insulated (B32559)







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## 1.3 General notes on soldering

Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature  $T_{max}$ . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
- diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

EPCOS recommends the following conditions:

- Pre-heating with a maximum temperature of 110 °C
- Temperature inside the capacitor should not exceed the following limits:
  - MKP/MFP 110 °C
  - MKT 160 °C
- When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the leaded film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.
- Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

### **Uncoated capacitors**

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings  $\leq$ 10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering





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# 2 Cleaning

To determine whether the following solvents, often used to remove flux residues and other substances, are suitable for the capacitors described, refer to the table below:

Туре	Ethanol, isopropanol, n-propanol	n-propanol-water mixtures, water with surface tension-reducing tensides (neutral)	Solvent from table A (see next page)	Solvent from table B (see next page)
MKT (uncoated)	Suitable	Unsuitable	In part suitable	Unsuitable
MKT, MKP, MFP (coated/boxed)		Suitable	Suitable	

Even when suitable solvents are used, a reversible change of the electrical characteristics may occur in uncoated capacitors immediately after they are washed. Thus it is always recommended to dry the components (e.g. 4 h at 70  $^{\circ}$ C) before they are subjected to subsequent electrical testing.

# Table A

Manufacturers' designations for trifluoro-trichloro-ethane-based cleaning solvents (selection)

Trifluoro-trichloro-	Mixtures of trifluoro-trichloro-ethane with ethanol and	Manufacturer
ethane	isopropanol	
Freon TF	Freon TE 35; Freon TP 35; Freon TES	Du Pont
Frigen 113 TR	Frigen 113 TR-E; Frigen 113 TR-P; Frigen TR-E 35	Hoechst
Arklone P	Arklone A; Arklone L; Arklone K	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDR	Kaltron 113 MDA; Kaltron 113 MDI; Kaltron 113 MDI 35	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113	Flugene 113 E; Flugene 113 IPA	Rhone-Progil

### Table B (worldwide banned substances)

Manufacturers' designations for unsuitable cleaning solvents (selection)

Mixtures of chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones with fluorated hydrocarbons	Manufacturer
Freon TMC; Freon TA; Freon TC	Du Pont
Arklone E	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDD; Kaltron 113 MDK	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113 CM	Rhone-Progil



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### 3 Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies

In many applications, finished circuit assemblies are embedded in plastic resins. In this case, both chemical and thermal influences of the embedding ("potting") and curing processes must be taken into account.

Our experience has shown that the following potting materials can be recommended: non-flexible epoxy resins with acid-anhydride hardeners; chemically inert, non-conducting fillers; maximum curing temperature of 100  $^{\circ}$ C.

### Caution:

Consult us first if you wish to embed uncoated types!





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### Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"



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Торіс	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"





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# Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
$\alpha_{c}$	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
Α	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
β <sub>c</sub>	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C <sub>R</sub>	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
$\Delta C$	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
$\Delta C/C$	Relative capacitance change (relative	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative
	deviation of actual value)	Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta C/C_R$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation	
	from rated capacitance)	vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
$\Delta t$	Time interval	Zeitintervall
$\Delta T$	Absolute temperature change	Absolute Temperaturänderung
	(self-heating)	(Selbsterwärmung)
∆tan δ	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
$\Delta V$	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate	Differentielle Spannungsänderung
	of voltage rise)	(Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V / \Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f <sub>1</sub>	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte
	AC voltage due to thermal limits	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f <sub>2</sub>	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte
	AC voltage due to current limit	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f <sub>r</sub>	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F <sub>D</sub>	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur
-	Deveting factor	Diffusion
F <sub>T</sub>	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
1	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I <sub>C</sub>	Category current (max. continuous	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)
	current)	



MKP

**MKP AC filtering** 

Preliminary	Data
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Symbol	English	German
I <sub>RMS</sub>	(Sinusoidal) alternating current,	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
	root-mean-square value	
z	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k <sub>o</sub>	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
L <sub>s</sub>	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λο	Constant failure rate during useful	Konstante Ausfallrate in der
	service life	Nutzungsphase
$\lambda_{\text{test}}$	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P <sub>diss</sub>	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P <sub>gen</sub>	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des
		Entladekreises
Ri	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R <sub>ins</sub>	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R₽	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
Rs	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
tan δ <sub>D</sub>	Dielectric component of dissipation	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
-	factor	
tan δ <sub>P</sub>	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
tan δ <sub>s</sub>	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T <sub>max</sub>	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T <sub>min</sub>	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t <sub>oL</sub>	Operating life at operating temperature	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und
	and voltage	-spannung
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating temperature	Beriebstemperatur
T <sub>R</sub>	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T <sub>ref</sub>	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
t <sub>SL</sub>	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer
V <sub>AC</sub>	AC voltage	Wechselspannung



МКР	B32794 B32798	
	MKP AC filtering	
I = = I	Preliminary Data	
Symbol	English	German
Vc	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
V <sub>C,RMS</sub>	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige)
		Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V <sub>CD</sub>	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
V <sub>ch</sub>	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V <sub>DC</sub>	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
$V_{\text{FB}}$	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
Vi	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
Vo	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V <sub>op</sub>	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V <sub>p</sub>	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
$V_{pp}$	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V <sub>R</sub>	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
Ŷ <sub>R</sub>	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
$V_{\text{RMS}}$	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
$V_{sc}$	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
$V_{sn}$	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß

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