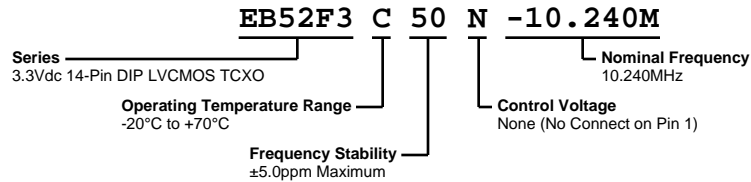


EB52F3C50N-10.240M



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

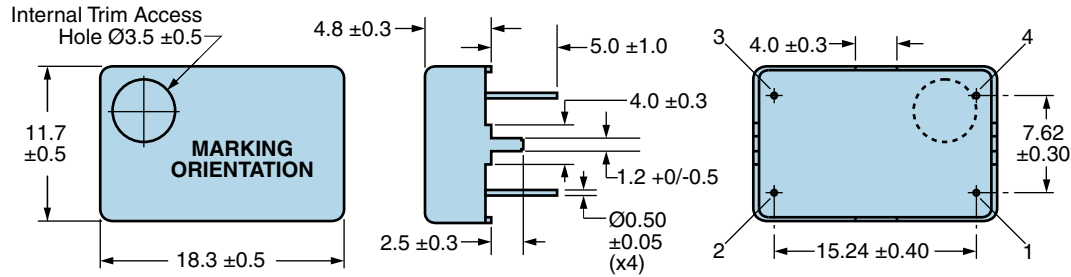
Nominal Frequency	10.240MHz
Frequency Stability	±5.0ppm Maximum (Inclusive of Operating Temperature Range)
Frequency Stability vs. Input Voltage	±0.3ppm Maximum (±5%)
Aging at 25°C	±1ppm/Year Maximum
Frequency Stability vs. Load	±0.2ppm Maximum (±2pF)
Operating Temperature Range	-20°C to +70°C
Supply Voltage	3.3Vdc ±5%
Input Current	10mA Maximum
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	90% of Vdd Minimum
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	10% of Vdd Maximum
Rise/Fall Time	10nSec Maximum (Measured at 20% to 80% of waveform)
Duty Cycle	50% ±10% (Measured at 50% of waveform)
Load Drive Capability	15pF Maximum
Output Logic Type	CMOS
Control Voltage	None (No Connect on Pin 1)
Internal Trim	±3ppm Minimum (Top of Can)
Modulation Bandwidth	10kHz Minimum (Measured at -3dB with a Control Voltage of 1.65Vdc)
Input Impedance	10kOhms Typical
Phase Noise	-70dBc at 10Hz Offset, -100dBc at 100Hz Offset, -130dBc at 1kHz Offset, -140dBc at 10kHz Offset, -145dBc at 100kHz Offset
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C

ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014 Condition A (Internal Crystal Only)
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014 Condition C (Internal Crystal Only)
Lead Integrity	MIL-STD-883, Method 2004
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213 Condition C
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007 Condition A

EB52F3C50N-10.240M

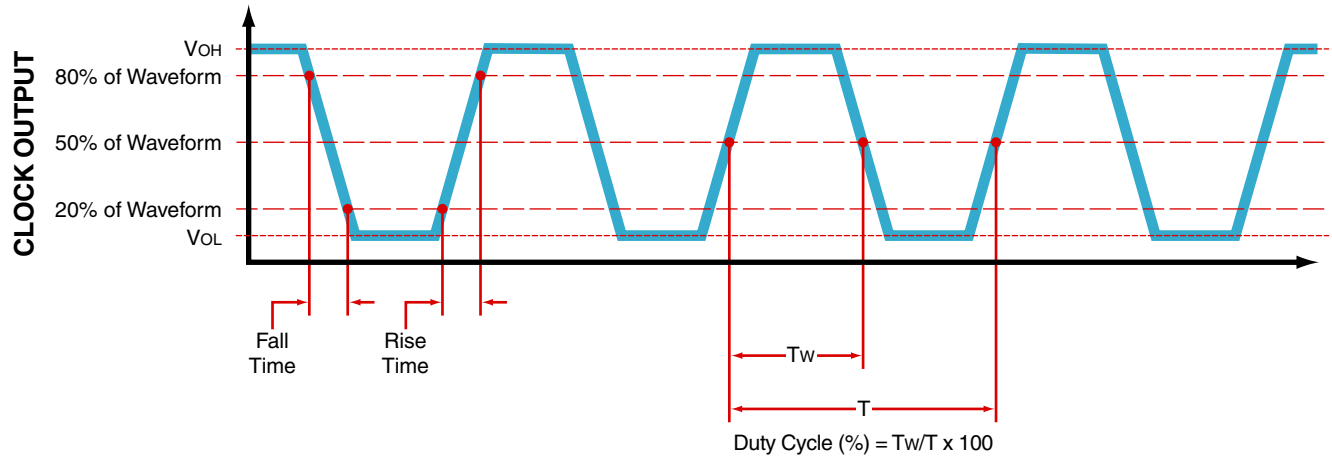
MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)



PIN	CONNECTION
1	No Connect
2	Case/Ground
3	Output
4	Supply Voltage

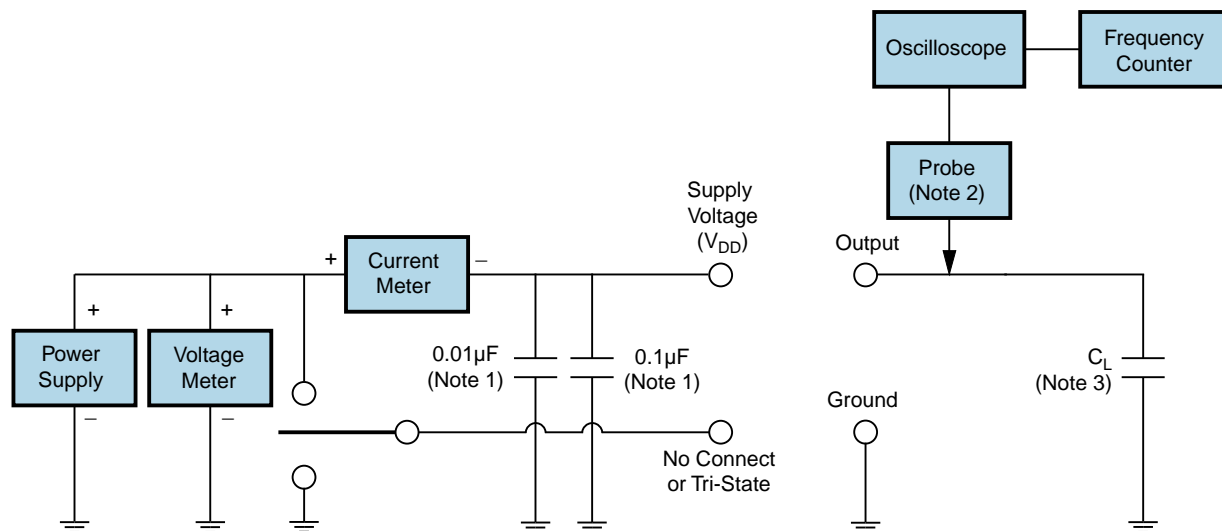
LINE	MARKING
1	ECLIPTEK
2	10.240M
3	XXYYZZ XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year

OUTPUT WAVEFORM



EB52F3C50N-10.240M

Test Circuit for CMOS Output

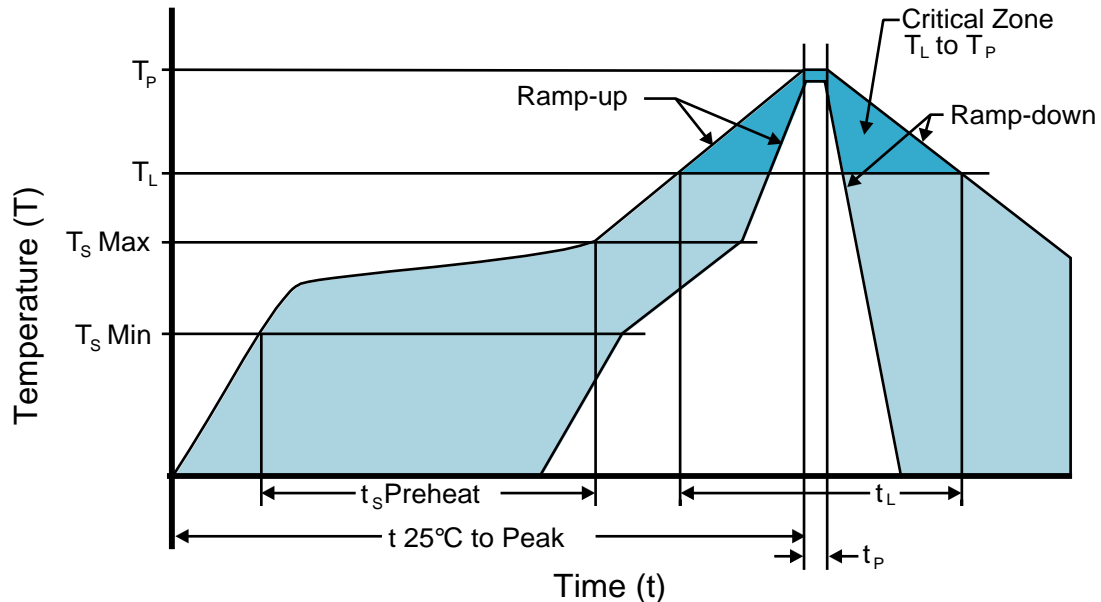


Note 1: An external $0.1\mu\text{F}$ low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a $0.01\mu\text{F}$ high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and V_{DD} pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance ($<12\text{pF}$), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance ($>10\text{Mohms}$), and high bandwidth ($>300\text{MHz}$) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value C_L includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.

Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



Low Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)

T_S MAX to T_L (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T_S MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T_S TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T_S MAX)	N/A
- Time (t_s MIN)	30 - 60 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T_L to T_P)	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T_L)	150°C
- Time (t_L)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T_P)	245°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T_P Target)	245°C Maximum 1 Time / 235°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (t_p)	5 seconds Maximum 1 Time / 15 seconds Maximum 2 Times
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1

Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum.

High Temperature Manual Soldering

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum.

Low Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder) Note 1

Device is non-hermetic; Post reflow aqueous wash is not recommended

Low Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder) Note 2

Temperatures shown are applied to back of PCB board and device leads only.