

PTC thermistors as limit temperature sensors

Leaded disks, coated

Series/Type: B59100

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Applications

■ Limit temperature monitoring

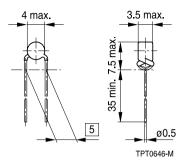
Features

- Tinned leads
- Manufacturer's logo and type designation stamped on in white
- Characteristics for sensing temperatures of 90 to 150 °C conform with DIN 44081
- RoHS-compatible

Delivery mode

Cardboard strips (standard), cardboard tape reeled or in Ammo pack on request

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions in mm

General technical data

Max. operating voltage	(T ₄ = 0 40 °C)	V	30	V DC
wax. operating voltage	$(1_A = 0 40 C)$	V _{max}	30	V DC
Max. measuring voltage	$(T_A - 25 \text{ K } T_{\text{sense}} + 23 \text{ K})$	$V_{\text{meas,max}}$	7.5	V DC
Rated resistance	$(V_{PTC} \le 2.5 \text{ V})$	R _R	$\leq 100^{1)}$	Ω
Thermal threshold time		ta	< 5	s
Operating temperature range	$(V \le V_{meas,max})$	T _{op}	$-40/T_{\text{sense}}$ +23	°C
Operating temperature range	$(V = V_{max})$	T _{op}	0/+40	°C

Electrical specifications and ordering codes

T _{sense}	R	R	R	R	Ordering code				
	$(T_{sense} - \Delta T)$	$(T_{\text{sense}} + \Delta T)$	$(T_{sense} + 15 K)$	$(T_{sense} + 23 \text{ K})$					
	(V _{PTC} ≤ 2.5 V)	$(V_{PTC} \le 2.5 V)$	$(V_{PTC} \le 7.5 \text{ V})$	$(V_{PTC} \le 2.5 \text{ V})$					
°C	Ω	Ω	Ω	Ω					
$\Delta T = \pm 5 \text{ K}$									
10	≤ 2300	≥ 2300	-	≥ 10 k	B59100C0010A070				
50	≤ 400	≥ 400	-	≥ 4 k	B59100C0050A070				
60	≤ 570	≥ 570	-	≥ 10 k	B59100C0060A070				
70	≤ 570	≥ 570	-	≥ 10 k	B59100C0070A070				
80	≤ 570	≥ 570	-	≥ 10 k	B59100C0080A070				
90	≤ 550	≥ 1330	≥ 4 k	-	B59100C0090A070				
100	≤ 550	≥ 1330	≥ 4 k	-	B59100C0100A070				
110	≤ 550	≥ 1330	≥ 4 k	-	B59100C0110A070				
120	≤ 550	≥ 1330	≥ 4 k	-	B59100C0120A070				
130	≤ 550	≥ 1330	≥ 4 k	-	B59100C0130A070				
140	≤ 550	≥ 1330	≥ 4 k	-	B59100C0140A070				
150	≤ 550	≥ 1330	≥ 4 k	-	B59100C0150A070				

¹⁾ Exception: B59100C0920A070: R_{R} > 100 $k\Omega$; B59100C0010A070: R_{R} > 5 $k\Omega$; B59100C0050A070: R_{R} < 150 Ω



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Reliability data

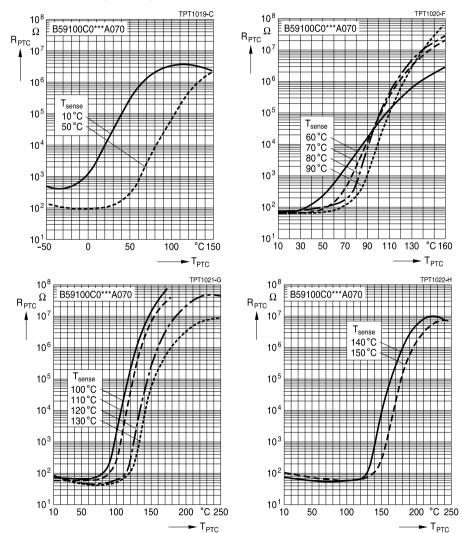
Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V _{max} /T _{op,max} (V _{max})	< 25%
constant		Test duration: 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 10%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T_1 = T_{op,min} (0 \text{ V}), T_2 = T_{op,max} (0 \text{ V})$	< 25%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, Test Na	
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency range: 10 to 55 Hz	< 5%
		Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm	
		Test duration: 3 × 2 h	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-6, Test Fc	

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Characteristics (typical)

PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)





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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature −25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within 6 months after delivery.

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).



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Symbols and terms

A Area

 $\begin{array}{ll} C_{\text{th}} & & \text{Heat capacity} \\ f & & \text{Frequency} \\ I & & \text{Current} \end{array}$

 I_{max}
 Maximum current

 I_R
 Rated current

 I_{PTC}
 PTC current

 I.
 Residual current

 $\begin{array}{ll} I_{\text{r,oil}} & \text{Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors)} \\ I_{\text{r,air}} & \text{Residual currrent in air (for level sensors)} \\ I_{\text{BMS}} & \text{Root-mean-square value of current} \end{array}$

I_S Switching current

I_{Smax} Maximum switching current LCT Lower category temperature

N Number (integer)

N_c Operating cycles at V_{max}, charging of capacitor

N_f Switching cycles at V_{max}, failure mode

P Power

P₂₅ Maximum power at 25 °C

 P_{el} Electrical power P_{diss} Dissipation power R_{min} Minimum resistance R_{R} Rated resistance ΔR_{R} Tolerance of R_R Parallel resistance R_{P} R_{PTC} PTC resistance Reference resistance R_{ref} Series resistance R_s

Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C

 ΔR_{25} Tolerance of R_{25} T Temperature

t Time

 R_{25}

T_A Ambient temperaturet_a Thermal threshold time

T_C Ferroelectric Curie temperature

Resistance at 25 °C



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t_E Settling time (for level sensors)

 $\begin{array}{lll} T_{\text{R}} & & \text{Rated temperature} \\ T_{\text{sense}} & & \text{Sensing temperature} \\ T_{\text{op}} & & \text{Operating temperature} \\ T_{\text{PTC}} & & \text{PTC temperature} \\ t_{\text{R}} & & \text{Response time} \end{array}$

T_{rof} Reference temperature

T_{Bmin} Temperature at minimum resistance

t_s Switching time

T_{surf} Surface temperature

UCT Upper category temperature

V or V_{el} Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume)

V_{RMS} Root-mean-square value of voltage

 V_{BD} Breakdown voltage V_{ins} Insulation test voltage $V_{link,max}$ Maximum link voltage V_{max} Maximum operating voltage

V_{max dvn} Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage

V_{meas} Measuring voltage

V_{meas.max} Maximum measuring voltage

V_B Rated voltage

V_{PTC} Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor

 $\begin{array}{lll} \alpha & & \text{Temperature coefficient} \\ \Delta & & \text{Tolerance, change} \\ \delta_{\text{th}} & & \text{Dissipation factor} \end{array}$

 τ_{th} Thermal cooling time constant

λ Failure rate

e Lead spacing (in mm)

Abbreviations / Notes

SMD Surface-mount devices

* To be replaced by a number in ordering codes, type designations etc.

+ To be replaced by a letter

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.



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