## Tri-EL Lamp Driver IC

## Features

- Tri-EL lamp driver with common terminal
- Independent brightness control for all 3 lamps
- 1.73-6.5V operating supply voltage
- Output voltage regulation
- Two-pin serial data communication for control
- Linear brightness control with seven steps at constant efficiency
- 128 kHz fixed switching frequency
- Split supply capability
- Patented high efficiency EL lamp driver
- Single miniature inductor drives all 3 lamps
- Only 4 external components
- Burst mode power converter for best efficiency
- CMOS compatible serial interface with noise rejection
- 500nA max. leakage current when disabled
- Power-on reset causes all outputs to be off when first powered up


## Applications

- Mulit-segment, variable displays
- Cell phone keypads and displays
- MP3 players


## General Description

The Supertex HV858 is a high voltage triple EL lamp driver designed for driving combined EL lamps of up to $3.0 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ (1.0in ${ }^{2}$ each). The input supply voltage range is from 1.73-6.5V. The device is designed such that the input voltage to the inductor can be different from the input voltage to the device (split supply). The device uses a single inductor and a minimum number of passive components. The nominal regulated output voltage that is applied to the EL lamp is $\pm 95 \mathrm{~V}$. The HV858 has two internal oscillators, one for the internal switching MOSFET, and the other for the high voltage EL lamp driver. The EL lamp frequency is fixed internally at 500 Hz . The power converter oscillator runs 256 times faster than the EL lamp driver at 128 kHz .

An external inductor is connected between the LX and VDD pins (or between the LX pin and a separate voltage source in the case of a split supply application). A $0.001-0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 100 \mathrm{~V}$ capacitor is connected between the CS pin and ground. The switching MOSFET charges the external inductor and discharges it into the capacitor at the CS pin. The voltage at the CS pin will start to increase. Once the voltage at the CS pin reaches a nominal value of 95 V , the switching MOSFET is turned OFF to conserve power.

One side of the 3 EL lamps is connected to the COM pin of the HV858, the other side to the EL1, EL2, and EL3 pins. Each EL lamp output may be independently controlled to have one of the 7 brightness levels or can be completely turned OFF by a $10-$ bit serial data input register. The 10 -bit control code has 3 bits to control the brightness level of each EL Lamp and one bit to optionally control the power converter. The 3-bit binary brightness control code controls the number of 500 Hz cycles (from 0 to 7 ) in a group of 7 cycles.

## Typical Application Circuit



Ordering Information

| Device | Package Options |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 -Lead DFN | 10 -Lead MSOP |
|  | $3.00 \times 3.00 \mathrm{~mm}$ body | $3.00 \times 3.00 \mathrm{~mm}$ body |
|  | 0.80 mm height (max) | 1.10 mm height (max) |
|  | 0.50 mm pitch | 0.50 mm pitch |
| HV858 | HV858K7-G | HV858MG-G |

-G indicates package is RoHS compliant ('Green')


Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Value |
| :--- | ---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$, supply voltage | -0.5 V to +7.0 V |
| SDI, SCK | -0.5 V to +7.0 V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CS}}$, output voltage | 0.5 V to +115 V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}}$ | 0.7 A peak |
| Power dissipation: <br> 10-Lead DFN <br> 10-Lead MSOP | 1.6 W |
| Storage temperature | 250 mW |
| Operating temperature | $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied. Continuous operation of the device at the absolute rating level may affect device reliability. All voltages are referenced to device ground.

Pin Configurations


Note:

1. Bottom side heat slug is at ground potential
2. Pads are at the bottom of the package

Product Marking


Y = Last Digit of Year Sealed
W = Code for Week Sealed
L = Lot Number
___ = "Green" Packaging
Package may or may not include the following marks: Si or $5 i$
10-Lead DFN (K7)


L = Lot Number
$Y Y=$ Year Sealed
WW = Week Sealed = "Green" Packaging
$\qquad$

10-Lead MSOP (MG)

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| Sym | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Conditions |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Supply voltage | 1.73 | - | 6.5 | V | --- |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{EL}}$ | EL Lamp frequency | - | - | 1.0 | kHz | --- |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SW}(\mathrm{PK})}$ | Peak switch current | - | - | 0.4 | A | --- |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating temperature | -40 | - | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | --- |

Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified $V_{D D}=2.6-5.5 \mathrm{~V}, T_{A}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Sym | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ | On-resistance of switching transistor | - | 4.0 | 6.0 | $\Omega$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=1.73-6.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}=100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cs }}$ | Output regulation voltage | 85 | 95 | 105 | V | S1...S9 $=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=1.73-6.5 \mathrm{~V}$, no load |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {LAMP }}$ | Differential lamp voltage | 170 | 190 | 210 | V | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {com }}$ to any EL, no load, code ${ }^{1}=111$ |
| $I_{\text {D }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ supply current | - | - | 0.25 | mA | $V_{D D}=1.73-3.30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CS}}=20 \mathrm{~V}$, no load, PWR_ON = 1 |
|  |  | - | - | 0.70 |  | $V_{D D}=3.40-6.50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CS}}=20 \mathrm{~V}$, no load, PWR_ON = 1 |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {cs }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cS }}$ supply current | 10 | 50 | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $V_{\text {cs }}=75 \mathrm{~V}$, no load |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {DDQ }}$ | Quiescent $V_{D D}$ current when disabled | - | - | 500 | nA | $V_{D D}=1.73-3.30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~S} 1 \ldots \mathrm{~S} 9=0, \mathrm{SCK}$ $\text { and SDI can be tied to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \text { or GND }$ |
|  |  | - | - | 2000 |  | $V_{D D}=3.40-6.50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~S} 1 \ldots \mathrm{~S} 9=0, \mathrm{SCK}$ <br> and SDI can be tied to $V_{D D}$ or GND |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {sw }}$ | Inductor switching frequency | 108.8 | 128 | 147.2 | kHz | See Fig. 1 |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {EL }}$ | EL Lamp frequency | 425 | 500 | 575 | Hz | For all codes except code ${ }^{1}=000$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Low }}$ | Logic pin input low level | -0.5 | 0 | $0.2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {D }}$ | V | --- |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {HIGH }}$ | Logic pin input high level | $0.8 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {D }}$ | $V_{\text {D }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}+0.5$ | V | --- |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {Logic }}$ | Logic pin input current | -0.1 | 0 | 0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $0<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}<7.0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IN }}$ | Inductor current | - | 56 | 70 | mA | See Fig 1. $V_{D D}=V_{I N}=3 V$, <br> total lamp size $=3.0 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ ( $1.0 \mathrm{in}^{2}$ each) <br> 10 -bit SDI serial code $=1111111111$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cs }}$ | Output regulation voltage | - | 82.5 | - | V |  |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {EL }}$ | Lamp frequency | - | 500 | - | Hz |  |
| $\mathrm{D}_{\text {Max }}$ | Maximum PWM switch duty cycle | 80 | 88 | 94 | \% | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cS }}=20 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=20 \Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {CLK }}$ | SCK speed | - | - | 1.0 | MHz | --- |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {su }}$ | SDI setup time before SCK rises | 30 | - | - | ns | --- |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | SDI hold time before SCK rises | 30 | - | - | ns | --- |

Note:

1. Code refers to the 3-bit Brightness Control Code for the respective EL Lamp.

## Logic Input Conditions

The serial data input consists of a 10-bit string, 3-bit of brightness control for each lamp and one bit(10 th bit) to optionally control the power converter. The power converter runs if any of the EL lamps has a non-zero brightness value or if the PWR_ON bit is high while the other 9 bits are low.

1. SDI may be H or L if SCK is H .
2. SCK may be H or L if SDI is H .
3. While inputting serial data to the shift register, SDI can change value only when SCK is $L$.
4. The previous 10 bits of serial input will be latched when SDI makes $L$ to H transition while SCK is H .

## Logic Input Diagram

The EL Lamp brightness control is a 3-bit binary number stored in a latch, which is provided by a serial to parallel conversion shift register.

1. If all the 3 bits for a designated EL lamp are $L$, the differential voltage across that lamp will be zero.
2. If any of the 3 bits for a designated EL lamp is H :
a. The 3-bit value sets the average number of cycles for which the EL lamp voltage is non-zero.
b. The EL lamp brightness is linearly proportional to the binary lamp control code.

## EL lamp Brightness Control



Logic Truth Table

| Brightness |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Level | S1

$L=\operatorname{Low}\left(L=0\right.$ to $L<20 \%$ of $\left.V_{D D}\right), H=\operatorname{High}\left(80 \%\right.$ of $\left.V_{D D}<H=V_{D D}\right), N A=$ Does not control brightness of the designated EL Lamp

Functional Block Diagram


This drawing is a generalized representation. Actual internal circuitry may differ.

## Differential Output Waveform

The following is the differential output waveform across the lamp for each 3-bit input code for each lamp.


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Fig. 1: Test Circuit


* Any 100V fast reverse recovery diode can be used
** $68 \mu H$ Murata LQH32CN680


## Note:

The maximum lamp size for each segment is 1.Oin². To drive larger size lamps, any combination of EL1, EL2 and EL3 can be paralleled. However, the 3-bit serial data input code (for each output) should be such that the paralleled outputs have the same code.

Typical Performance ( $V_{D D}=V_{I N}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ )

| $1^{\text {ST }}$ 9-bit SDI Code | EL1 Brightness |  |  | $\underset{(\mathrm{mA})}{\mathrm{I}_{1 / 2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{c s} \\ & (V) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | ft -Im | $\mathrm{Cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ |  |  |
| 000111111 | 0/7 | 0 | 0 | 42.6 | 85.7 |
| 001111111 | 1/7 | 1.60 | 5.46 | 44.7 | 85.3 |
| 010111111 | 2/7 | 3.24 | 11.08 | 46.9 | 84.9 |
| 011111111 | 3/7 | 4.95 | 16.94 | 48.9 | 84.5 |
| 100100100 | 4/7 | 6.68 | 22.85 | 51.2 | 84.0 |
| 101111111 | 5/7 | 8.44 | 28.85 | 53.3 | 83.5 |
| 110111111 | 6/7 | 10.21 | 34.93 | 55.0 | 82.9 |
| 111111111 | 7/7 | 12.05 | 41.20 | 56.2 | 82.5 |

Pin Description

| Pin | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | LX | Inductor pin. |
| 2 | GND | Ground pin. |
| 3 | VDD | Input voltage supply pin. It is a common practice to use a bypass capacitor as close as <br> possible to the device on this pin. |
| 4 | SDI | Serial data input pin. |
| 5 | SCK | Serial clock input pin. |
| 6 | EL1 | EL Lamp 1 pin. |
| 7 | EL2 | EL Lamp 2 pin. |
| 8 | EL3 | EL Lamp 3 pin. |
| 9 | COM | Common pin for one side of all 3 EL Lamps. |
| 10 | CS | High voltage capacitor pin. |

## 10-Lead DFN Package Outline (K7)

## $3.00 \times 3.00 \mathrm{~mm}$ body, 0.80 mm height (max), 0.50 mm pitch



## Notes:

1. A Pin 1 identifier must be located in the index area indicated. The Pin 1 identifier can be: a molded mark/identifier; an embedded metal marker; or a printed indicator.
2. Depending on the method of manufacturing, a maximum of 0.15 mm pullback (L1) may be present.
3. The inner tip of the lead may be either rounded or square.

| Symbol |  | A | A1 | A3 | b | D | D2 | E | E2 | e | L | L1 | $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dimension } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \end{aligned}$ | MIN | 0.70 | 0.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.20 \\ & \text { REF } \end{aligned}$ | 0.18 | 2.85* | 2.20 | 2.85* | 1.40 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & \text { BSC } \end{aligned}$ | 0.30 | 0.00* | $0^{\circ}$ |
|  | NOM | 0.75 | 0.02 |  | 0.25 | 3.00 | - | 3.00 | - |  | 0.40 | - | - |
|  | MAX | 0.80 | 0.05 |  | 0.30 | 3.15* | 2.70 | 3.15* | 1.75 |  | 0.50 | 0.15 | $14^{\circ}$ |

[^0]
## 10-Lead MSOP Package Outline (MG)

## $3.00 \times 3.00 \mathrm{~mm}$ body, 1.10 mm height (max), 0.50 mm pitch



View B


View A-A

Note:

1. A Pin 1 identifier must be located in the index area indicated. The Pin 1 identifier can be: a molded mark/identifier; an embedded metal marker; or a printed indicator.

| Symbol |  | A | A1 | A2 | b | D | E | E1 | e | L | L1 | L2 | $\theta$ | 01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimension (mm) | MIN | 0.75* | 0.00 | 0.75 | 0.17 | 2.80* | 4.65* | 2.80* | $\begin{aligned} & 0.50 \\ & \text { BSC } \end{aligned}$ | 0.40 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.95 \\ & \text { REF } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \\ & \text { BSC } \end{aligned}$ | $0^{\circ}$ | $5^{\circ}$ |
|  | NOM | - | - | 0.85 | - | 3.00 | 4.90 | 3.00 |  | 0.60 |  |  | - | - |
|  | MAX | 1.10 | 0.15 | 0.95 | 0.33 | 3.20* | 5.15* | 3.20* |  | 0.80 |  |  | $8^{\circ}$ | $15^{\circ}$ |

JEDEC Registration MO-187, Variation BA, Issue E, Dec. 2004.

* This dimension is not specified in the JEDEC drawing.


## Drawings are not to scale.

Supertex Doc. \#: DSPD-10MSOPMG, Version F041309
(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to http://www.supertex.com/packaging.html.)

[^1]
[^0]:    JEDEC Registration MO-229, Variation WEED-5, Issue C, Aug. 2003.

    * This dimension is not specified in the JEDEC drawing.


    ## Drawings not to scale.

    Supertex Doc.\#: DSPD-10DFNK73X3P050, Version D041309.

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