F2MC-16LX FAMILY EVALUATION BOARD FLASH-CAN-48P

USER GUIDE





Hardware Revision: V1.1



Revision History

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05.09.2008	V1.9 MSc: China-RoHS regulation added		

This document contains 32 pages.



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1 Overview

1.1 Abstract

The FLASH-CAN-48P is a low cost multifunctional evaluation board for 16-Bit Fujitsu Flash microcontrollers with FPT-48P-M26 package.

It can be used stand alone for software development and testing or as a simple target board to work with the emulator system.

The board allows the designer immediately to start with the software development before his own final target system is available.

1.2 Features

- Supports 16-Bit microcontroller in FPT-48P-M26 package (7x7x1.5mm, 0.5 mm pitch)
 - MB90385 Series: MB90V495G, MB90F387/S
 - ▶ MB90455 Series: MB90V495G, MB90F455/S, MB90F456/S, MB90F457/S
 - ▶ MB90895 Series: MB90V495G, MB90F897/S
 - ▶ MB90360 Series: MB90V340A, MB90F36x
 - ▶ MB90960 Series: MB90V340A, MB90F96x
- 9-12V unregulated external DC power supply usable
- ▶ 5V internal power supply, Power-LED
- ▶ In-Circuit serial Flash programming
- All resources available for evaluation
- All pins routed to connectors
- ▶ 4 MHz main-crystal, 32kHz subclock-crystal (selectable by jumpers)
- Two UART Interfaces (MB90385 and MB90455 series supports only one UART)
- One LIN-Transceiver
- One High-Speed CAN Transceiver (MB9096x does not support CAN)
- ▶ 8 User LEDs, optional: alphanumeric standard LC-Display connectable instead of LEDs
- Reset-Button, Reset-LED
- ▶ 5 User-buttons configurable for INT4, INT5, TIN0, IN0 and ADTG
- ▶ 64pin VG connector (same pin-out as Flash-CAN-64P-M09-V2)

The target board will be delivered with the MB90F387 microcontroller.

This microcontroller contains a 'burn-in'-boot loader for programming the flash.

This board must only be used for test applications in an evaluation laboratory environment.



1.3 General Description

The FLASH-CAN-48P is designed to support 16Bit microcontrollers with 48-pin LQFP package like MB90360 Series, MB90385 Series, MB90455 Series, MB90895 Series, and MB90960 Series.

It can be used as a stand alone evaluation board or as a target board for emulator debugger.

The evaluation board supports following package: FPT-48P-M26 (7x7x1.5mm, 0.5mm pitch)

The board is supplied with a socketed 4MHz crystal as the main oscillation clock. Using the internal PLL of the μ C, internal clock rates up to 16MHz can be achieved.

Additionally a 32kHz crystal is mounted for use as a subclock, if this is supported by the device type.

UART0 (only MB90360, MB90895, and MB90960 Series) and UART1 (all Series) can be used for RS232 communication. (UART0: JP1, JP2, X3; UART1: JP6, JP8, X5)

Separate RS232 transceivers are available to connect the on-chip UARTs to the 9-pin D-Sub connector (X3, X5). The transceiver generate the adequate RS232 levels for the receive (RXD) and transmit (TXD) lines. The DTR line or the CTS line of the connector can be selected with jumpers (JP3, JP4, JP5) to generate a system reset. The RTS signal can be shortcut to CTS using the jumper JP31, JP32.

In-circuit-programming (asynchronous) can be done via UART1 (UART"A", X3) using the Burn-In Bootloader of the microcontroller.

Additionally one TLE6259 single-wire LIN-transceiver can be used by UART1 to drive the bus line in LIN-systems for automotive and industrial applications (JP21, JP22, X8).

If the board provides a socket for the microcontroller than it can be used as an emulator target board. In this case the microcontroller must be removed from the socket and the corresponding probe cable has to be used:

Probe Cable: MB2132-466 (MB90360/960 Series: MB2147-521)

Header Socket: NQ048sd + HQ048sd

All pins of the microcontroller are connected to the edge connectors X1 and X2 and are directly available to the user. Furthermore, the most important signals are available on the VG64 connector (X4).

The on-board voltage regulator allows the user to connect an unregulated DC input voltage between +9V to +12V. In case of any modifications of the board, care should be taken that the total power consumption will not damage the regulator.

There are six push button switches on the board, used for Reset, External Interrupts INT4 and INT5, Trigger for Reload-Timer0 (TIN0), Input-Capture (IN0) and Trigger for the A/D-converter (ADTG).

Eight user-LEDs are connected via a 1k resistor network to Port P30-P33 / P54-P57. If these LEDs are not required, the resistor network can be removed to disconnect the LEDs and to free the port. Take care of Port P30 and P31, which needs the 1k Resistor while serial incircuit programming!

The operating mode of the microcontroller can be selected by the Dip-switch S2.



2 Installation

Remove carefully the board from the shipping carton.

Check first if there are any damages before power on the evaluation board.

For the power supply a DC input voltage of 9V - 12V is recommended. The positive voltage (+) must be connected to the shield, and ground (GND) must be connected to the centre of the connector X12!

After power-on, the green 'Power'-LED (D16) should be on. If the LED does not light, than switch off the power supply and check the default jumper settings.

By default, the evaluation board is equipped with a MB90F387 and the device has been programmed with a test program. So after power-on a running light at the eight 'User'-LEDs can be seen. Furthermore, a welcome string is continuously output with 9600 baud on UART channel (UART"A"). Please use a 1:1 cable for the PC-connection.

The burn-in bootloader allows the user to program it's own application into the Flash-memory. How to program the Flash memory is described in chapter 4.

If the board is used as an emulator target board, than switch off the power supply and remove the microcontroller from the socket. Now the probe cable can be mounted into the socket. Take care of pin 1 marking onto the socket and fix the probe cable with screws.

Do not use other probe cable than for LQFP-48 package only!

Connect the probe cable to the emulation pod. Check all DIP-switch-settings of the evaluation board and the emulation pod.

For the power on sequence the emulator system must be switched on first, afterwards switch on the evaluation board. Please look at the corresponding user manual for the emulator how to set up the emulator system. After the power on the 'Reset'-LED of the emulator must be off and the 'Vcc'-LED must be on.

If the 'Reset'-LED is still lighting, check the DIP-switch-settings of the emulator system and the power supply of the evaluation board.

Note:

Some customers experience connectivity problems when connecting the MCU into the socket adapter. Only the small red screwdriver available in your box should be used to connect the cover (HQPACK) onto the socket (NQPACK).

If the four screws are not tightening equally, then it may cause a poor contact.

Do not screw the cover too tight (max 0.054 Nm). If you have connectivity problems then please loosen the screws and tighten again the screws equally.

Do not clean NQPACK, YQPACK, and YQSOCKET with steam. Cleaning material will contaminate inside of connector.



3 Jumpers and Switches

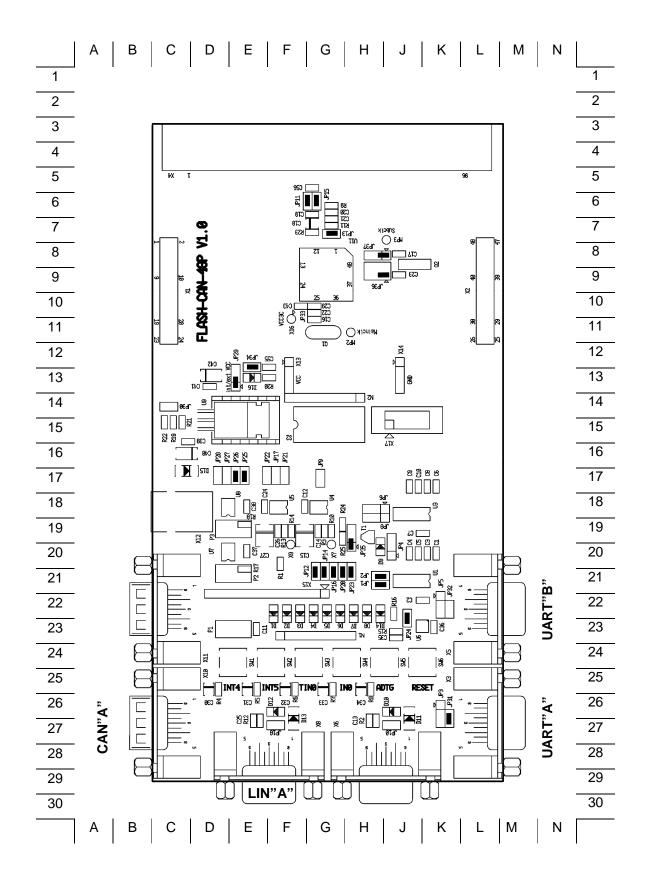
This chapter describes all jumpers and switches which can be modified on the evaluation board. The default setting is shown with a grey shaded area. All jumpers and switches are named directly on the board, so it is very easy to set the jumpers according to the features.

3.1 Jumper Overview

Jumper	Description / Function	Туре	Default	Coordinates
JP1	UART A (TXD)	Jumper 2 pol	closed	HJ 21
JP2	UART A (RXD)	Jumper 2 pol	closed	HJ 21
JP3	DTR/RTS A	Jumper 3 pol	open	K 26
JP4	RESET UART A	Jumper 3 pol	open	J 20
JP5	DTR/RTS B	Jumper 3 pol	open	K 22
JP6	UART B (RXD)	Jumper 2 pol	open	HJ 18
JP8	UART B (TXD)	Jumper 2 pol	open	HJ 18
JP11	AVcc	Jumper 2 pol	closed	G 5/6
JP12	SW INT4	Jumper 2 pol	closed	G 21
JP13	AVcc=AVRH	Jumper 2 pol	closed	G 7
JP14	SW INT5	Jumper 2 pol	closed	G 21
JP15	AVss	Jumper 2 pol	closed	G 5/6
JP16	SW TINO	Jumper 2 pol	closed	GH 21
JP17	LIN A enable	Jumper 2 pol	open	F 17
JP18	Master-Mode	Jumper 2 pol	open	F 27
JP20	SW INO	Jumper 2 pol	closed	H 21
JP21	LIN A (RXD)	Jumper 2 pol	open	F 17
JP22	LIN A (TXD)	Jumper 2 pol	open	F 17
JP23	SW ADTG	Jumper 2 pol	closed	H 21
JP24	RESET	Jumper 2 pol	closed	J 23
JP25	CAN A (TXD)	Jumper 2 pol	closed	E 17
JP26	CAN A (RXD)	Jumper 2 pol	closed	E 17
JP29	int/ext VCC	Jumper 3 pol	1-2	E 13
JP30	5V/3V3	Jumper 2 pol	open	C 14
JP31	RTS-CTS A	Jumper 2 pol	closed	K 27
JP32	RTS-CTS B	Jumper 2 pol	open	K 22
JP33	C-Pin	sold-Jumper	open	F 10
JP34	MCU_VCC	Jumper 2pol	closed	E 12
JP35	Reset inverter	Jumper 3 pol	1-2	H 19
JP36	X0A select	Jumper 3 pol	1-4	H 9
JP37	X1A select	Jumper 3 pol	1-2	H 8

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3.2 Operating-Mode (S2)

The DIP-switch S2 is used to set the operating mode of the μ C.

Ensure that the mode pin settings correspond to the operation-mode of the application.

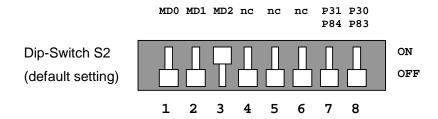
For more detailed information please check the Hardware-Manual of the microcontroller.

DIP switch	Setting	Logical value	
S2/4 (MD0)	ON (closed)	0 (low)	
S2/1 (MD0)	OFF (open)	1 (high)	
S2/2 (MD1)	ON (closed)	0 (low)	
32/2 (IVID1)	OFF (open)	1 (high)	
S2/3 (MD2)	ON (closed)	0 (low)	
S2/3 (MD2)	OFF (open)	1 (high)	
S2/4	not connected (OFF)		
S2/5	not connected (OFF)		
S2/6	not connected (OFF)		
C2/7 (D24)	ON (closed)	1 (high)	
S2/7 (P31)	OFF (open)	0 (low)*1	
S2/8 (D20)	ON (closed)	1 (high)	
S2/8 (P30)	OFF (open)	0 (low) *1	

Default: MD0, 1, 2 = 1 1 0 P30, P31 = 0 0

By default, the Single Chip Run-Mode is selected.

Note: *1 Take care that the low-level is reached by the resistor-network N1 and the LEDs D1/D2. In case that N1 is removed in order to free the Port, then P30 and P31 (MB90360/960 Series: P83 and P84) have to be connected manually to GND in case of asynchronous programming (see chapter 4).





3.3 Power Supply Voltage (JP: 29, 34)

Vcc and GND (Vss) are both connected to the edge-connector (X4) in order to supply additional circuitry. In this case take care of not to exceed the maximum ratings of the on board voltage regulator LM317T.

JP29 Power Supply selection

JP30 Power Supply voltage selection: +5V or +3.3V

JP34 This Jumper is used to connect the Vcc supply voltage to the μ C. Connecting an Ampere-meter instead of the jumper allows measuring of the power-supply-current of the microcontroller (lcc).

Jumper	Setting	Description
JP29 (Vcc)	1 - 2	On-board voltage regulation
3F29 (VCC)	2 - 3	not supported
JP30 (3V3)	ON (closed)	voltage regulation adjusted to +3.3V
JF30 (3V3)	OFF (open)	voltage regulation adjusted to +5V
ID24 (MCLIV/oo)	ON (closed)	Power supply Vcc is connected to μC
JP34 (MCUVcc)	OFF (open)	Disconnected from Power supply Vcc

Default: JP29 = 1-2, JP30 = OFF, JP34 = ON,

By default, the on-board Voltage +5V regulation is used and the microcontroller is powered.



3.4 Analogue Power Supply Voltage (JP: 11, 13, 15)

The power supply as well as the positive reference voltage for the A/D-converter can be provided internally or externally.

JP11, JP15 connect power supply voltages (AVcc and AVss)

JP13 connect reference voltages (AVRH to AVcc)

Jumper	Setting	Description
JP11 (AVcc)	ON (closed)	AVcc is connected to Vcc
JFTT (AVCC)	OFF (open)	AVcc is disconnected from Vcc
JP13 (AVRH)	ON (closed)	AVRH is connected to AVcc
JE 13 (AVKH)	OFF (open)	AVRH defined by resistor divider*1
JP15 (AVss)	ON (closed)	AVss is connected to GND
	OFF (open)	AVss is disconnected from GND

¹By default the resistor-divider R11 and R23 is not mounted on the board

Default: JP11, JP13, JP15 are closed

By default, the A/D-converter supply and reverence voltage is +5V.

Note:

If JP11 and J15 are open, the user has to supply an adequate analogue voltage supply (AVcc and AVss) to the A/D-converter.

If JP13 is open, the resistors R11 and R23 define AVRH. By default, the resistor divider (R11 and R23) is not mounted on the board.

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3.5 Subclock (JP: 36,37)

Some devices like e.g. MB90F387 support a 32kHz subclock (X0A, X1A), other devices like MB90FxxxS do not support a subclock but will offer additional port-pins (P35, P36) instead.

Please check the related datasheet.

JP36: defines usage of Pin 46 (X0A/P35)

JP37: defines usage of Pin 47 (X1A/P36)

D' / ID00		2	
Pin-out JP36:	3	4	1

Jumper Setting		Description
	1-4	Pin 46 is connected to the 32kHz Subclock (X0A)
JP36 (X0A/P35)	2-4	Pin 46 is used as P35 and is connected to X4-A28
01 00 (707 00)	3-4	Pin 46 is connected to GND (in case that subclock-device is used, but no 32kHz crystal is connected)
JP37 (X1A/P36)	1-2	Pin 47 is connected to the 32kHz Subclock (X1A)
	2-3	Pin 47 is used as P36 and is connected to X4-C29

Default: JP36: 1-4, JP37: 1-2

By default, the 32kHz-subclock-crystal is connected to the microcontroller.



3.6 UART"A" (JP: 1, 2, 31)

One RS232-transceiver can be connected to UART1.

JP1, JP2 connects UART1 to the RS232-transceiver (U1, X3)

JP31 Some Flash-programming-Tools needs a connection between CTS and RTS

Jumper	Setting	Description
JP1 (UART"A"TxD)	ON (closed)	SOT1 is connected to RS232-Transceiver
JFT (OAKT A TXD)	OFF (open)	SOT1 is disconnected from RS232-Transceiver
JP2 (UART"A"RxD)	ON (closed)	SIN1 is connected to RS232-Transceiver
JP2 (UART A RXD)	OFF (open)	SIN1 is disconnected from RS232-Transceiver
JP31 (RTS-CTS)	ON (closed)	RTS and CTS is shortcut on X3
JF31 (K13-C13)	OFF (open)	RTS and CTS is not shortcut on X3

Default: JP1=ON, JP2=ON, JP31 = ON

By default, UART1 of MB90F387 is used as UART"A".

Note: RS232- and LIN-transceiver can not be used at the same time. Take care that the jumpers JP21 and JP22 are open if JP1 and JP2 are closed.

3.7 UART"B" (JP: 6, 8, 32)

One RS232-transceiver can be connected to UART0 (only MB90360, MB90895, and MB90960 Series).

JP6, JP8 connects UART0 to the RS232-transceiver (U3, X5)

JP32 Some tools need a connection between CTS and RTS

Jumper	Setting	Description
IDC (LIADT"D"DVD)	ON (closed)	SIN0 is connected to RS232-Transceiver
JP6 (UART"B"RxD)	OFF (open)	SIN0 is disconnected from RS232-Transceiver
JP8 (UART"B"TxD)	ON (closed)	SOT0 is connected to RS232-Transceiver
JF6 (UART B TXD)	OFF (open)	SOT0 is disconnected from RS232-Transceiver
JP32 (RTS-CTS)	ON (closed)	RTS and CTS is shortcut on X5
JF32 (K13-C13)	OFF (open)	RTS and CTS is not shortcut on X5

Default: JP6=OFF, JP8=OFF, JP32 = OFF

By default, UART0 is not connected. (UART0 would only be available for MB90360, MB90895, and MB90960 Series)



3.8 LIN"A" (JP: 17, 18, 21, 22)

One LIN-transceiver is available and can be used with UART1.

JP17 enable LIN-Transceiver

JP18 LIN Master-mode

JP21, JP22 connects UART1 to the LIN-transceiver (U5, X8)

Jumper	Setting	Description
JP17 (LIN enable)	open	LIN-transceiver is disabled
31 17 (LIN enable)	closed	LIN-transceiver is enabled
JP18 (LIN Master)	open	LIN Slave-mode
JF TO (LIN Master)	closed	LIN Master-mode
JP21 (LIN"A"RXD)	open	SIN1 is disconnected from LIN-Transceiver
JP21 (LIN A RAD)	closed	SIN1 is connected to LIN-Transceiver
JP22 (LIN"A"TXD)	open	SOT1 is disconnected from LIN-Transceiver
JI ZZ (LIN A TAD)	closed	SOT1 is connected to LIN-Transceiver

Default: JP17, JP18, JP21, JP22 = open

By default, UART1 of MB90F387 is not used as LIN-interface.

Note: RS232- and LIN-transceiver can not be used at the same time. Take care that the jumpers JP1 and JP2 are open if JP21 and JP22 are closed.

3.9 CAN"A" (JP: 25, 26)

One high-speed CAN-transceiver is available on the FLASH-CAN-48P evaluation board.

JP25, JP26 connects the CAN-Port to the CAN-transceiver (U7, X10).

If the CAN interface is not used, the jumpers should be left open.

Jumper	Setting	Description			
JP25 (TX0)	Open	TX is disconnected from CAN-Transceiver (U7, X10)			
JP25 (170)	Closed	TX is connected to CAN-Transceiver (U7, X10)			
JP26 (RX0)	Open RX is disconnected from CAN-Transceiver (U7, X				
	Closed	RX is connected to CAN-Transceiver (U7, X10)			

Default: JP25, JP26 = Closed

By default, the CAN transceiver is connected to the microcontroller



3.10 Reset-Generation (JP: 3, 4, 24, 35)

Additional to the internal Power-On-Reset the microcontroller can be reset by an external Reset-circuit (Voltage-Monitor) and by the UART, too.

JP3, JP5 Select DTR- or RTS-Line of UART"A" / UART"B" to generate a system-reset.

JP4 This jumper selects whether the DTR/RTS line from UART"A" or UART"B" will generate a system-reset.

JP24 open this jumper if no external Reset shall be generated.
In this case, only the internal reset is active (e.g.: power-on)

JP35 The polarity of the DTR/RTS line can be invert by this jumper. Remove the jumper in order to disable the reset logic.

Jumper	Setting	Description
JP3 (DTR / RTS "A")	1-2	DTR of UART"A" is selected
313 (DIK/ KI3 A)	2-3	RTS of UART"A" is selected
JP5 (DTR / RTS "B")	1-2	DTR of UART"B" is selected
313 (DIK/KI3 B)	2-3	RTS of UART"B" is selected
JP4 (UART"A"/"B")	1-2	UART"A" is used to generate Reset
31 4 (OAKT A / B)	2-3	UART"B" is used to generate Reset
JP24 (Main Reset)	closed	external Reset generation is active
JF 24 (Mail Reset)	open	no external Reset generation
JP35 (Polarity)	1-2	No polarity inversion for the DTR/RTS signal
JF 33 (Folding)	2-3	Polarity inversion for the DTR/RTS signal

Default: JP24 = closed (JP3, JP4, JP5 and JP35 are not set)

By default, the external Reset generation is active. The Reset by UART is disabled.

Note:

While a reset signal is asserted the red Reset-LED D14 is lit.

During normal operation, this LED should be off!

If JP35 (Polarity) is set, than JP4 together with JP3 or JP5 have to be set, too.

If the reset LED is steadily on, check the power supply input voltage and the settings for the reset-generation by UART.



3.11 Buttons INT4, INT5, TIN0, IN0, ADTG, Reset (JP: 12, 14, 16, 20, 23, 24)

JP12, JP14: Two push buttons can be used to trigger the external interrupts INT4 and INT5

JP16: One button can be used as trigger-input for the Reload-Timer0 (TIN0)

JP20: One Button can be used for input at Input-Capture0 (IN0)

JP23: One Button can be used as trigger for the A/D-converter (ADTG)

JP24: One Button can be used for manually reset

Jumper	Setting	Description			
JP12 (INT4)	Closed	MB90360 Series: INT8 is connected to Push-button "INT4" MB90385 Series: INT4 is connected to Push-button "INT4" MB90455 Series: INT4 is connected to Push-button "INT4" MB90895 Series: INT4 is connected to Push-button "INT4" MB90960 Series: INT8 is connected to Push-button "INT4"			
	Open	No connection to Push-button "INT4"			
JP14 (INT5)	Closed	MB90360 Series: INT9 is connected to Push-button "INT5" MB90385 Series: INT5 is connected to Push-button "INT5" MB90455 Series: INT5 is connected to Push-button "INT5" MB90895 Series: INT5 is connected to Push-button "INT5" MB90960 Series: INT9 is connected to Push-button "INT5"			
	Open	No connection to Push-button INT5			
JP16 (TIN0)	Closed	MB90360 Series: P50 is connected to Push-button "TIN0" MB90385 Series: TIN0 is connected to Push-button "TIN0" MB90455 Series: TIN0 is connected to Push-button "TIN0" MB90895 Series: TIN0 is connected to Push-button "TIN0" MB90960 Series: P50 is connected to Push-button "TIN0"			
	Open	No connection to Push-button TIN0			
JP20 (IN0)	Closed	MB90360 Series: IN3 is connected to Push-button "IN0" MB90385 Series: IN0 is connected to Push-button "IN0" MB90455 Series: IN0 is connected to Push-button "IN0" MB90895 Series: IN0 is connected to Push-button "IN0" MB90960 Series: IN3 is connected to Push-button "IN0"			
	Open	No connection to Push-button IN0			
JP23 (ADTG)	Closed	MB90360 Series: ADTG is connected to Push-button "ADTG" MB90385 Series: ADTG is connected to Push-button "ADTG" MB90455 Series: ADTG is connected to Push-button "ADTG" MB90895 Series: ADTG is connected to Push-button "ADTG" MB90960 Series: ADTG is connected to Push-button "ADTG"			
	Open	No connection to Push-button ADTG			
JP24	Closed	Push-button "Reset" is active			
(Reset)	Open	No external Reset generation			

Default: JP12, JP14, JP16, JP20, JP23, JP24 = Closed

FLASH-CAN-48P Chapter 3 Jumpers and Switches



By default, INT4, INT5, TIN0, IN0 and ADTG of the microcontroller are connected to the Push buttons and the external Reset-generation is active.



4 Programming the internal Flash

All Flash devices have an internal bootloader for asynchronous- as well as synchronous-Flash-programming:

- asynchronous-serial Flash-programming via UART1 (UART"A", X3)
- synchronous-serial Flash-programming via Serial I/O (SCI1, X17)

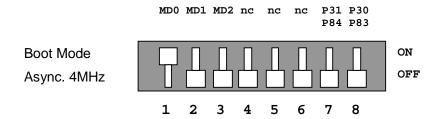
4.1 Asynchronous Mode

In order to program the Flash-ROM asynchronously via UART1, the tool "Fujitsu Flash MCU Programmer for FMC16LX" can be used. This tool is available free on the Fujitsu Micros CD-ROM or Web Site (http://www.fme.gsdc.de/gsdc.htm: select ▶ Software ▶ Utilities)

The following procedure must be followed to enable Flash Programming:

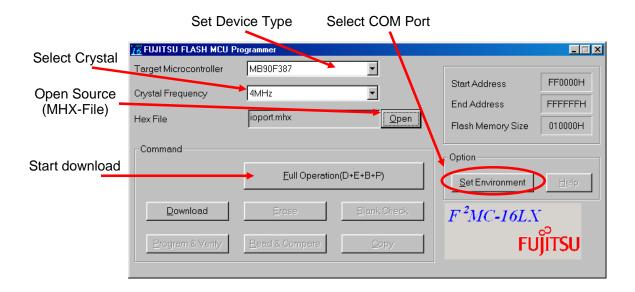
- 1. Power off the board
- 2. Connect the Evaluation Board UART"A" to your serial PC communication port. Please use a 1:1 cable for the PC-connection.
- 3. Check the Jumper-settings according to the UART as described in chapter 3.6
- 4. Configure the chip mode:

 Depending on the external crystal two modes can be selected by DIP-switch S2:

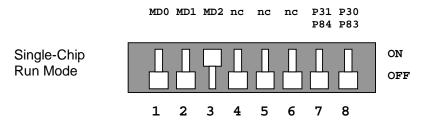


- 5. Power on the board
- 6. Check that the Reset LED is off. Otherwise change the DTR polarity (JP35) and check the power supply voltage.
- 7. Start the tool "Fujitsu Flash MCU Programmer for FMC16LX" software and follow the instructions:

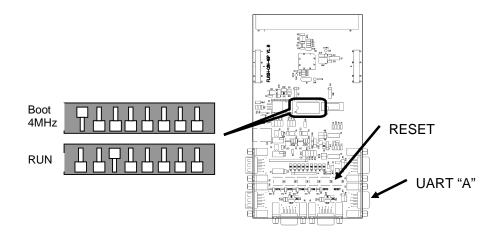




8. After programming the Flash-ROM, switch off the power supply and set back the mode according to the usage of the application, e.g.:



9. Power on the board. The user application is started directly.





4.2 Synchronous Mode

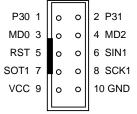
In order to program the Flash-ROM synchronously via Serial-I/O (SCI1) special software has to be used, e.g. Fujitsu 'FlashKit' Tool. This tool is <u>not</u> available free.

Please contact our Web Site in order to get more information about the FlashKit-Tool:

http://www.fme.gsdc.de/gsdc.htm: select ▶ Tools ▶ Programme ▶ MCU FlashKit

A dedicated Flash programming socket (X17) is provided on the FLASH-CAN-48P board for direct connection to the Fujitsu 'FlashKit'.

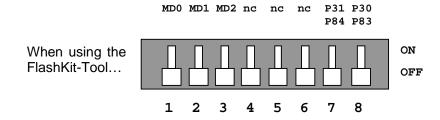
X17: Flash programming socket



Note:

Open Jumper JP1 and JP2 in order to disconnect UART1 from the RS232-Transceiver!

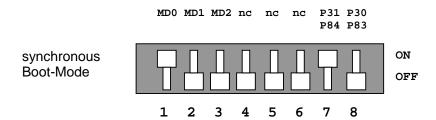
In case that the FlashKit-Tool is used, all Mode-settings will be done automatically by the FlashKit. This means that all DIP-switch S2 has to be set to the "OFF" position.



Please refer to the manual of the FlashKit for more information how to program a Flash-device by the synchronous-serial mode.

Note:

In case that another Programming-Tool is used and the Mode-settings have to be done manually then use the following configuration of DIP-switch S2 in order to select the synchronous-serial Flash-programming mode:





5 Connectors

5.1 Power connector (X12)

The following figure shows the power connection jack X12. This connector is used to connect an external unregulated DC power supply voltage (9V-12V DC) to the evaluation board.

Connector X12: Shield is connected to positive voltage supply Centre is connected to ground (GND)

It is recommended to use 9V to keep the power dissipation to a minimum. Otherwise, an additional heat sink for the linear voltage regulator might be necessary.

5.2 Edge connector (X1, X2)

All pins of the microcontroller are directly connected to X1 and X2, both are 2 x 12 Pin headers, as follows:

Connector	MCU Pins		
X1 (1 – 24)	1 – 24		
X2 (25 – 48)	25 – 48		

The odd pin numbers are located on the one side and the even pin numbers are located on the other side of the connector.

On the PCB, the corresponding pin numbers of the µC are written next to the connector pins.

5.3 UART"A", UART"B" connector (X3, X5)

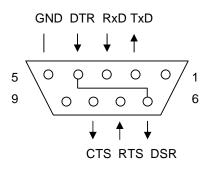
Two 9-pin D-Sub female connectors are used for the serial interfaces UART"A" and UART"B".

TXD is the transmit output, RXD is the receive input.

The DTR or RTS signal can be used to generate a reset.

Please use 1:1 cable for PC-connection.

Note: UART"B" (X5) is only available within MB90895 Series, MB90360, and MB90960 Series.

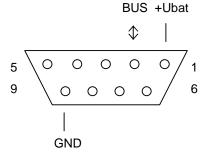


Connector X3, X5:



5.4 LIN"A" Interface connector (X8)

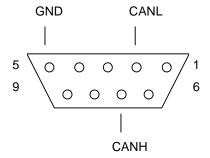
One 9-pin D-Sub female connector is used for the LIN-communication.



Connector X8:

5.5 CAN"A" Interface connector (X10)

One 9-pin D-Sub male connector is used for the CAN interface.



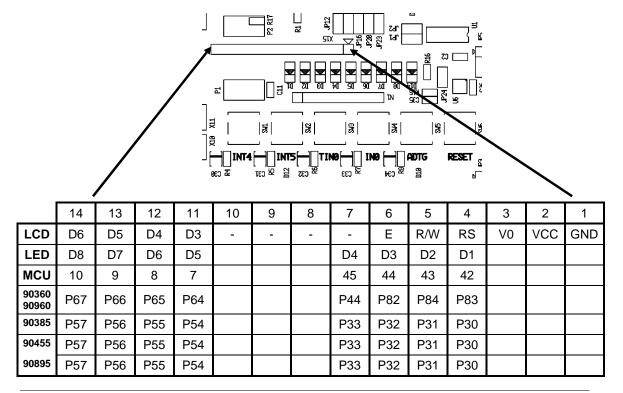
Connector X10:

5.6 USER-LEDs & LC-Display (optional)

Eight LEDs are reserved for user-application. In order to disconnect the LEDs from the related microcontroller port, the resistor network N1 can be removed. Take care that, in case of asynchronous programming, the low-level of P30 and P31 is reached by the resistor-network N1 and the LEDs D1/D2. If N1 is removed in order to free the Port, then P30 and P31 have to be connected manually to GND. See chapter 4 for more details.

Instead of the user-LEDs one alphanumeric LC-Display (optional) can be connected.

The following control-signals are reserved:





5.7 VG96 connector (X4)

The signal-layout of connector X4 is near the same as used with the Evaluation-Board Flash-CAN-64P-M09-V2 that will be used together with the MB90495 Series.

		FLASH-	CAN-48P	FLASH-CAN-64P		
Connector	MCU-Pin	MB90385 MB90455 MB90895	MB90360 MB90960	MB9049	5 Series	
A1	-	-		1	P61/INT1	
C1	-	-		2	P62/INT2	
A2	3	P50/AN0	P60/AN0	3	P50/AN0	
C2	4	P51/AN1	P61/AN1	4	P51/AN1	
A3	5	P52/AN3	P62/AN3	5	P52/AN3	
C3	6	P53/AN3	P63/AN3	6	P53/AN3	
A4	7	P54/AN4	P64/AN4	7	P54/AN4	
C4	8	P55/AN5	P65/AN5	8	P55/AN5	
A5	9	P56/AN6	P66/AN6/PPGC	9	P56/AN6	
C5	10	P57/AN7	P67/AN7/PPGE	10	P57/AN7	
A6	-	-	-	11	AVcc	
C6	-	-	-	12	AVR	
A7	-	-	-	13	AVss	
C7	-	-	-	14	P60/INT0	
A8	-	-	-	15	X0A	
C8	-	-	-	16	X1A	
A9	-	-	-	17	P63/INT3	
C9	-	-	-	18	MD0	
A10	23	RSTX	RSTX	19	RSTX	
C10	-	-	-	20	MD1	
A11	-	-	-	21	MD2	
C11	-	-	-	22	X0	
A12	-	-	-	23	X1	
C12	25	Vss	Vss	24	Vss	
A13	-	-	-	25	P00/AD00	
C13	-	-	-	26	P01/AD01	
A14	-	-	-	27	P02/AD02	
C14	-	-	-	28	P03/AD03	
A15	-	-	-	29	P04/AD04	
C15	-	-	-	30	P05/AD05	
A16	-	-	-	31	P06/AD06	
C16	-	-	-	32	P07/AD07	



		FLASH-CAN-48P		FLASH-CAN-64P		
Connector	MCU-Pin	MB90385 MB90455 MB90895	MB90360 MB90960	MB9	00495 Series	
A17	29	P10/IN0	P27/IN3	33	P10/IN0/AD08	
C17	30	P11/IN1	P26/IN2	34	P11/IN1/AD09	
A18	31	P12/IN2	P25/IN1	35	P12/IN2/AD10	
C18	32	P13/IN3	P24/IN0	36	P13/IN3/AD11	
A19	33	P14/PPG0	P23/PPGF	37	P14/PPG0/AD12	
C19	34	P15/PPG1	P22/PPGD	38	P15/PPG1/AD13	
A20	35	P16/PPG2	P21	39	P16/PPG2/AD14	
C20	36	P17/PPG3	P20	40	P17/PPG3/AD15	
A21	12	P20/TIN0/	P50/AN8	41	P20/TIN0/A16	
C21	13	P21/TOUT0	P51/AN9	42	P21/TOUT0/A17	
A22	14	P22/TIN1	P52/AN10	43	P22/TIN1/A18	
C22	15	P23/TOUT1	P53/AN11/TIN3	44	P23/TOUT1/A19	
A23	16	P24/INT4	P54/AN12/TOT3/INT8	45	P24/INT4/A20	
C23	17	P25/INT5	P55/AN13/INT10	46	P25/INT5/A21	
A24	18	P26/INT6	P56/AN14/INT11	47	P26/INT6/A22	
C24	19	P27/INT7	P57/AN15/INT13	48	P27/INT7/A23	
A25	25	Vss	Vss	49	Vss	
C25	42	P30/(SOT0) *3	P83/SOT0/TOT2*3	50	P30/SOT0/ALE	
A26	43	P31/(SCK0) *3	P84/SCK0/INT15R*3	51	P31/SCK0/RDX	
C26	44	P32/(SIN0) *3	P82/SIN0/INT14R/TIN2 ^{*3}	52	P32/SIN0/WRLX	
A27	45	P33	P44/FRCK0	53	P33/WRHX	
C27	-	-	-	54	P34/HRQ	
A28	(46)	(P35) *2	(P40) *2	55	P35/HAKX	
C28	24	Vcc	Vcc	56	Vcc	
A29	-	-	-	57	С	
C29	(47)	(P36) *2	(P41) *2	58	P36/FRCK/RDY	
A30	11	P37/ADTG	P80/ADTG/INT12R	59	P37/ADTG/CLK	
C30	37	P40/SIN1	P85/SIN1	60	P40/SIN1	
A31	38	P41/SCK1	P87/SCK1	61	P41/SCK1	
C31	39	P42/SOT1	P86/SOT1	62	P42/SOT1	
A32	40	P43/(TX)*1	P43/TX1	63	P43/TX	
C32	41	P44/(RX)*1	P42/RX1/INT9R	64	P44/RX	

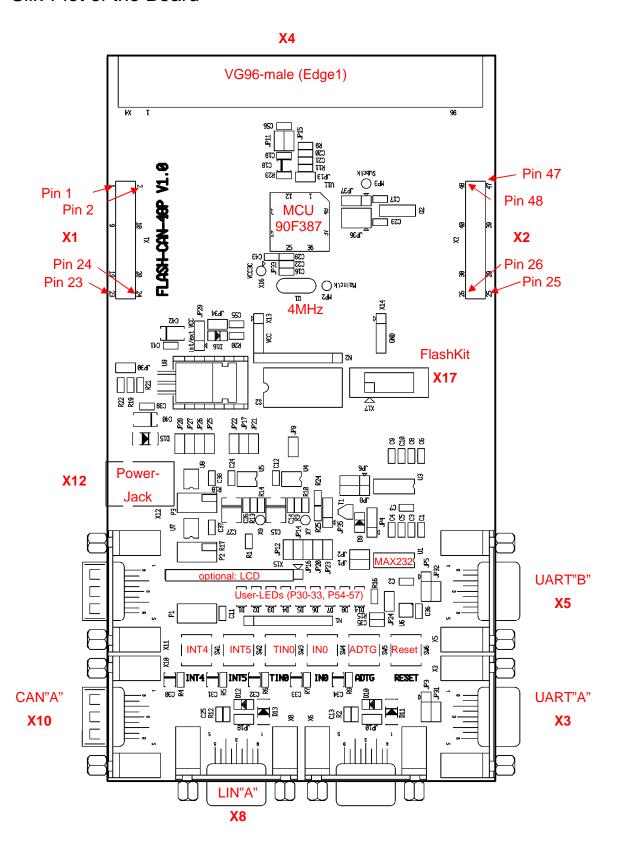
^{*1} only CAN devices (MB90360, 90385, MB90895 Series)

^{*2} only single-clock device (MB90F38xS /MB90F45xS / MB90F36xS)

^{*3} only MB90360, MB90895, and MB90960 Series



6 Silk-Plot of the Board





7 Related Products

•	FLASH-CAN-48P-M26	Evaluation board for MB90360, MB90385, MB90455, MB90895, and MB90960 Series with socket (MB90F387 included)				
•	MB2147-01	Emulator debugger main unit				
•	MB2147-10	Emulation adapter for MB90385, MB90455 and MB90895 Series				
•	MB2147-20	Emulation adapter for MB90360 and MB90960 Series				
•	MB2132-466	Emulator probe cable for MB90385, MB90455 and MB90895 Series.				
•	MB2145-521	Emulator probe cable for package MB90360 and MB90960 Series				
•	MB90V495G	Evaluation chip for MB90385, MB90455 and MB90895 Series				
•	MB90V340xxx	Evaluation chip for MB90340 / 350 / 360 / 960 Series				
	▶ MB90V340A-101	Single-clock version				
	► MB90V340A-102	Dual-clock version				
•	NQPACK48SD	Socket for package FPT-48P-M26 (Tokyo Eletech Corp. www.tetc.co.jp/e_tet.htm)				
•	HQPACK48SD	Header for NQPACK48SD				



8 Information in the WWW

Information about FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS Products can be found on the following Internet pages:

Microcontrollers (8-, 16- and 32bit), Graphics Controllers Datasheets and Hardware Manuals, Support Tools (Hard- and Software)

http://www.fme.gsdc.de/gsdc.htm

Linear Products: Power Management, A/D and D/A Converters

http://www.fujitsu.com/emea/services/microelectronics/linears/

Media Products: SAW filters, acoustic resonators and VCOs

http://www.fujitsu.com/emea/services/microelectronics/saw/

For more information about FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS

http://www.fujitsu.com/emea/services/microelectronics/



9 China-RoHS regulation

Evaluation Board评估板

Emulation Board 仿真板

根据SJ/T11364-2006

《电子信息产品污染控制标识要求》特提供如下有关污染控制方面的信息。

The following product pollution control information is provided according to SJ/T11364-2006 Marking for Control of Pollution caused by Electronic Information Products.

1. 电子信息产品污染控制标志说明 Explanation of Pollution Control Label



该标志表明本产品含有超过中国标准SJ/T11363-2006

《电子信息产品中有毒有害物质的限量要求》中限量的有毒有害物质。标志中的数字为本产品的环保使用期,表明本产品在正<u>常</u>使用的条件下,有毒有害物质不会发生外泄或突变,用户使用本产品不会对环境造成严重污染或对其人身、财产造成严重损害的期限,单位为年。

为保证所申明的环保使用期限,应按产品手册中所规定的环境条件和方法进行正常使用,并严格遵守产品维修手册中规定的定期维修和保养要求。

产品中的消耗件和某些零部件可能有其单独的环保使用期限标志,并且其环保使用期限有可能 比整个产品本身的环保使用期限短。应到期按产品维修程序更换那些消耗件和零部件,以保证 所申明的整个产品的环保使用期限。

本产品在使用寿命结束时不可作为普通生活垃圾处理,应被单独收集妥善处理。

请注意:环保使用期限50年的指定不是与产品的耐久力,使用期限或任何担保要求等同的。

This symbol to be added to all EIO sold to China, indicates the product contains hazardous materials in excess of the limits established by the Chinese standard SJ/T11363-2006 Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products. The number in the symbol is the Environment-friendly Use Period (EFUP), which indicates the period, starting from the manufacturing date, during which the toxic or hazardous substances or elements contained in electronic information products will not leak or mutate under normal operating conditions so that the use of such electronic information products will not result in any severe environmental pollution, any bodily injury or damage to any assets, the unit of the period is "Year".



In order to maintain the declared EFUP, the product shall be operated normally according to the instructions and environmental conditions as defined in the product manual, and periodic maintenance schedules specified in Product Maintenance Procedures shall be followed strictly.

Consumables or certain parts may have their own label with an EFUP value less than the product. Periodic replacement of those consumables or parts to maintain the declared EFUP shall be done in accordance with the Product Maintenance Procedures.

This product must not be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste, and must be collected separately and handled properly after decommissioning.

Please note: The designation of 10 years EFUP is <u>not</u> to be equated with the <u>durability</u>, <u>useduration</u> or any <u>warranty-claims</u> of the product.

产品中有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量

Table of hazardous substances name and concentration

	有毒有害物质或元素						
部件名称	Hazardous substances name						
Component Name							
	铅	汞	镉	六价铬	多溴联苯	多溴二苯醚	
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)	
FLASH-CAN-48P	x	0	0	0	0	0	

- O:表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下
- X:表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求
- 此表所列数据为发布时所能获得的最佳信息
- 由于缺少经济上或技术上合理可行的替代物质或方案,此医疗设备运用以上一些有毒有害物质来实现设备的预期 临床功能,或给人员或环境提供更好的保护效果。
- O: Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.
- X: Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.
- Data listed in the table represents best information available at the time of publication



10 Recycling

Gültig für EU-Länder:

Gemäß der Europäischen WEEE-Richtlinie und deren Umsetzung in landesspezifische Gesetze nehmen wir dieses Gerät wieder zurück.

Zur Entsorgung schicken Sie das Gerät bitte an die folgende Adresse:

Fujitsu Microelectronics Europe GmbH Warehouse/Disposal Monzastraße 4a 63225 Langen

Valid for European Union Countries:

According to the European WEEE-Directive and its implementation into national laws we take this device back.

For disposal please send the device to the following address:

Fujitsu Microelectronics Europe GmbH Warehouse/Disposal Monzastraße 4a 63225 Langen