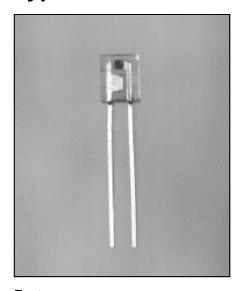
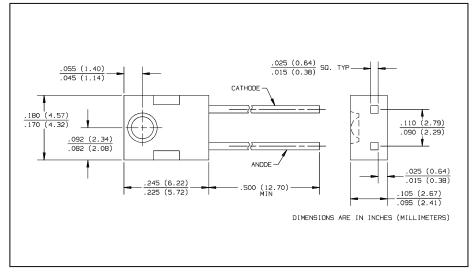


PIN Silicon Photodiode Type OP955





Features

- Wide receiving angle
- Linear response vs. irradiance
- Fast switching time
- Side-looking package ideal for space limited applications

Description

The OP955 devices consists of a PIN silicon photodiode molded in a clear epoxy package which allows spectral response from visible to infrared wavelengths. The wide receiving angle provides relatively even reception over a large area. The side-looking package is designed for easy PC board mounting. The lensing effect of the package allows an acceptance half angle of 45° measured from the optical axis to the half power point. These devices are 100% production tested using infrared light for close correlation with Optek's GaAs and GaAlAs emitters.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25^o C unless otherwise noted)

Reverse Breakdown Voltage..... Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 sec. with soldering Power Dissipation

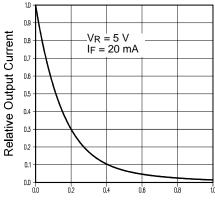
- **Notes:** (1) RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 sec. max. when flow soldering. Max. 20 grams force may be applied to leads when soldering. (2) Derate linearly 1.67 mW/° C above 25° C.
- (3) Light source is an unfiltered GaAs LED with a peak emission wavelength of 935nm and a radiometric intensity level which varies less than 10% over the entire lens surface of the photodiode being tested.
- (4) To calculate typical dark current in μA , use the formula $I_D = 10^{(0.042~T_A^{-1.5})}$ where T_A is ambient temperature in $^{\circ}$ C.

Typical Performance Curves

Relative Response vs. Wavelength 1.0 % Relative Response 700

λ - Wavelength - nm

Coupling Characteristics OP955 and OP245



Distance Between Lens Tips - inches

Optek Technology, Inc.

1215 W. Crosby Road

Carrollton, Texas 75006

(972) 323-2200

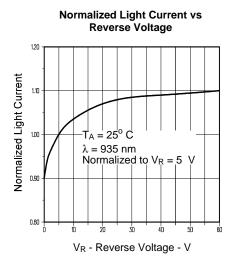
Fax (972) 323-2396

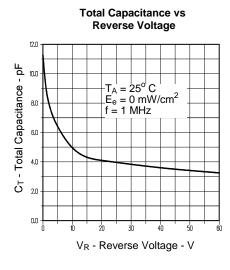
Type OP955

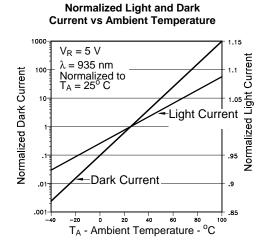
Electrical Characteristics (T_A = 25^o C unless otherwise noted)

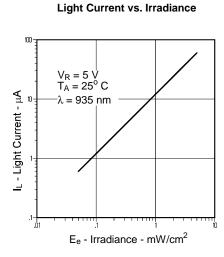
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
IL	Reverse Light Current	8		18	μΑ	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}, E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^{2(3)}$
I _D	Reverse Dark Current		1	60	nA	$V_R = 30 \text{ V}, E_e = 0$
V _(BR)	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	60			V	$I_R = 100 \mu A$
V _F	Forward Voltage			1.2	V	I _F = 1 mA
Ст	Total Capacitance		4		pF	$V_R = 20 \text{ V}, E_e = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$
t _r , t _f	Rise Time, Fall Time		5		ns	V_R = 20 V, λ = 850 nm, R_L = 50 Ω

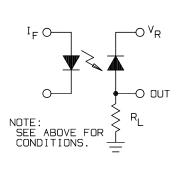
Typical Performance Curves











Switching Time Test Circuit

