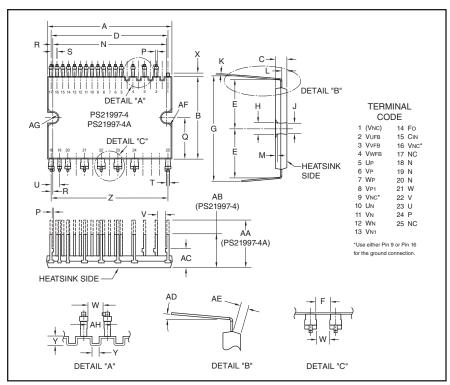


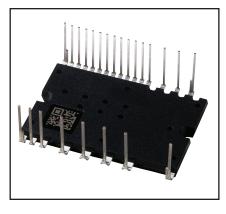
Intellimod<sup>™</sup> Module
Dual In-line Intelligent
Power Module
30 Amperes/600 Volts



#### **Outline Drawing and Circuit Diagram**

Dimensions	Inches	Millimeters
Α	1.50±0.02	38.0±0.5
В	0.94±0.02	24.0±0.5
С	0.14	3.5
D	1.40	35.56
Е	0.57±0.02	14.4±0.5
F	0.118 Min.	3.0 Min.
G	1.15±0.02	29.2±0.5
Н	0.14	3.5
J	0.13	3.3
K	0.016	0.4
L	0.06±0.02	1.5±0.05
М	0.031	0.8
N	1.39±0.019	35.0±0.3
Р	0.02	0.5
Q	0.47	12.0
R	0.011	0.28

Dimensions	Inches	Millimeters
S	0.07±0.008	1.778±0.2
Т	0.024	0.6
U	0.1±0.008	2.54±0.2
V	0.098 Min.	2.5 Min.
W	0.10	2.656
Х	0.04	1.0
Υ	0.05	1.2
Z	1.40	35.56
AA	0.55±0.02	14.0±0.5
AB	0.37±0.02	9.5±0.5
AC	0.22±0.02	5.5±0.5
AD	0 ~ 5°	0 ~ 5°
AE	0.06 Min.	1.5 Min.
AF	0.05	1.2
AG	0.063 Rad.	1.6 Rad.
AH	0.11 Min.	2.756 Min.



# **Description:**

DIPIPMs are intelligent power modules that integrate power devices, drivers, and protection circuitry in an ultra compact dual-in-line transfer-mold package for use in driving small three phase motors. Use of 5th generation IGBTs, DIP packaging, and application specific HVICs allow the designer to reduce inverter size and overall design time.

#### Features:

- ☐ Compact Packages
- ☐ Single Power Supply
- □ Integrated HVICs
- ☐ Direct Connection to CPU
- ☐ Reduced R<sub>th</sub>

# **Applications:**

- □ Refrigerators
- ☐ Air Conditioners
- ☐ Small Servo Motors
- ☐ Small Motor Control

# **Ordering Information:**

PS21997-4 is a 600V, 30 Ampere short pin DIP Intelligent Power Module.

PS21997-4A - long pin type



PS21997-4, PS21997-4A
Intellimod™ Module
Dual In-line Intelligent Power Module
30 Amperes/600 Volts

# Absolute Maximum Ratings, $T_i = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified

Characteristics	Symbol	PS21997-4, PS21997-4A	Units
Power Device Junction Temperature*	Tj	-20 to 125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to 125	°C
Case Operating Temperature (Note 1)	T <sub>C</sub>	-20 to 100	°C
Mounting Torque, M3 Mounting Screws	_	6.9	in-lb
Module Weight (Typical)	_	10	Grams
Heatsink Flatness (Note 2)	_	-50 to 100	μm
Self-protection Supply Voltage Limit (Short Circuit Protection Capability)**	V <sub>CC(prot.)</sub>	400	Volts
Isolation Voltage, AC 1 minute, 60Hz Sinusoidal, Connection Pins to Heatsink Plate	V <sub>ISO</sub>	1500	V <sub>rms</sub>

<sup>\*</sup>The maximum junction temperature rating of the power chips integrated within the DIPIPM is 150°C (@ $T_C \le 100$ °C). However, to ensure safe operation of the DIPIPM, the average junction temperature should be limited to  $T_{j(avg)} \le 125$ °C (@ $T_C \le 100$ °C).

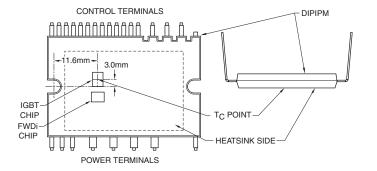
## **IGBT Inverter Sector**

Supply Voltage (Applied between P - N)	$V_{CC}$	450	Volts
Supply Voltage, Surge (Applied between P - N)	V <sub>CC(surge)</sub>	500	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CES}$	600	Volts
Each IGBT Collector Current, ± (T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C)	I <sub>C</sub>	30	Amperes
Each IGBT Peak Collector Current, ± (T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, Less than 1ms)	I <sub>CP</sub>	60	Amperes
Collector Dissipation (T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, per 1 Chip)	P <sub>C</sub>	47.6	Watts

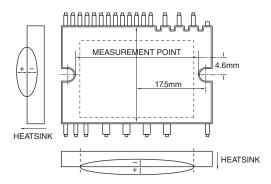
## **Control Sector**

Supply Voltage (Applied between V <sub>P1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> )	V <sub>D</sub>	20	Volts
Supply Voltage (Applied between V <sub>UFB</sub> -U, V <sub>VFB</sub> -V, V <sub>WFB</sub> -W)	$V_{DB}$	20	Volts
Input Voltage (Applied between U <sub>B</sub> , V <sub>B</sub> , W <sub>B</sub> , U <sub>N</sub> , V <sub>N</sub> , W <sub>N</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> )	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 ~ V <sub>D</sub> +0.5	Volts
Fault Output Supply Voltage (Applied between FO-V <sub>NC</sub> )	$V_{FO}$	-0.5 ~ V <sub>D</sub> +0.5	Volts
Fault Output Current (Sink Current at F <sub>O</sub> Terminal)	I <sub>FO</sub>	1	mA
Current Sensing Input Voltage (Applied between C <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> )	V <sub>SC</sub>	-0.5 ~ V <sub>D</sub> +0.5	Volts

Note 1 - T<sub>C</sub> Measure Point



Note 2 - Flatness Measurement Position



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<sup>\*\*</sup>V<sub>D</sub> = 13.5 ~ 16.5V, Inverter Part, T<sub>i</sub> = 125°C, Non-repetitive, Less than 2µs



PS21997-4, PS21997-4A
Intellimod™ Module
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30 Amperes/600 Volts

# Electrical and Mechanical Characteristics, T<sub>i</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Characteristics Symbol Test (		bol Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
IGBT Inverter Sector						
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	$V_D = V_{DB} = 15V$ , $I_C = 30A$ , $V_{IN} = 5V$ , $T_j = 25$ °C	_	1.90	2.50	Volts
		$V_D = V_{DB} = 15V$ , $I_C = 30A$ , $V_{IN} = 5V$ , $T_j = 125$ °C	_	2.00	2.60	Volts
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>EC</sub>	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$ , $-I_C = 30A$ , $V_{IN} = 0V$	_	1.70	2.20	Volts
Switching Times	t <sub>on</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 300V,	0.70	1.30	1.90	μs
	t <sub>rr</sub>	$V_D = V_{DB} = 15V$ ,	_	0.30	_	μs
	t <sub>C(on)</sub>	$I_C = 30A, T_j = 125^{\circ}C,$	_	0.40	0.60	μs
	t <sub>off</sub>	$V_{IN} = 0 \Leftrightarrow 5V,$	_	1.70	2.65	μs
	t <sub>C(off)</sub>	Inductive Load (Upper and Lower Arm)	_	0.40	1.00	μs
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	I <sub>CES</sub>	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	_	_	1.0	mA
	-	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>CES</sub> , T <sub>i</sub> = 125°C	_	_	10	mA
Control Sector Circuit Current I <sub>D</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V	Total of V <sub>P1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub>			2.80	mA
5	$V_{IN} = 5V_{IN}$					
$V_D = V_{DB} = 15V$	$V_{IN} = 0V$	V <sub>UFB</sub> -U, V <sub>VFB</sub> -V, V <sub>WFB</sub> -W			0.55 2.80	mA mA
	vIV = 0 v	Total of V <sub>P1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub>			0.55	mA
Fault Output Voltage	V=0	$V_{UFB}$ -U, $V_{VFB}$ -V, $V_{WFB}$ -W $V_{SC}$ = 0V, $F_O$ Terminal Pull-up to 5V by 10kΩ	4.9		U.55	Volts
radii Odiput voitage	V <sub>FOH</sub>	$V_{SC} = 1V, I_{FO} = 1mA$	4.5		0.95	Volts
 Short Circuit Trip Level*	V <sub>FOL</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> = 15V	0.43	0.48	0.53	Volts
Input Current	V <sub>SC(ref)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V	0.43	1.00	1.50	mA
Supply Circuit Under-voltage	UV <sub>DBt</sub>	$VIN = 3V$ Trip Level, $T_i \le 125^{\circ}C$	10.0		12.0	Volts
Protection	UV <sub>DBr</sub>	Reset Level, T <sub>i</sub> ≤ 125°C	10.5		12.5	Volts
Totalion	UV <sub>Dt</sub>	Trip Level, T <sub>i</sub> ≤ 125°C	10.3		12.5	Volts
	UV <sub>Dr</sub>	Reset Level, T <sub>i</sub> ≤ 125°C	10.8		13.0	Volts
Fault Output Pulse Width**	t <sub>FO</sub>	110001 20101, 1] = 120 0	40			μs
ON Threshold Voltage	V <sub>th(on)</sub>	Applied between	_	2.1	2.6	Volts
OFF Threshold Voltage	V <sub>th(off)</sub>	U <sub>P</sub> , V <sub>P</sub> , W <sub>P</sub>	0.8	1.3		Volts
OLI TITICOLOTO VOLIAUC	v th(off)	OB VB VVP	0.0	1.0	_	VUILO

<sup>\*</sup> Short Circuit protection is functioning only for the low-arms. Please select the value of the external shunt resistor such that the S<sub>C</sub> trip level is less than 1.7 times the current rating.

\*\*Fault signal is asserted only for a Uy or S<sub>C</sub> condition on the low side. On a S<sub>C</sub> fault the F<sub>O</sub> duration will be 40µsec. On a Uy condition the fault signal will be asserted as long as the Uy condition exists or for 40µsec, whichever is longer.

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PS21997-4, PS21997-4A
Intellimod™ Module
Dual In-line Intelligent Power Module
30 Amperes/600 Volts

## **Thermal Characteristics**

Characteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Junction to Case	R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> Q	Inverter IGBT (Per 1/6 Module)	_	_	2.1	°C/Watt
Junction to Case	R <sub>th(i-c)</sub> D	Inverter FWDi (Per 1/6 Module)	_		3.0	°C/Watt

## **Recommended Conditions for Use**

Characteristic	Symb	ol Condi	tion	Min.	Typ.	Value	Units
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	Applied between P-N Terminals		0	300	400	Volts
Control Supply Voltage	Control Supply Voltage V <sub>D</sub> Applied between V <sub>P1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub>		-V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub>	13.5	15.0	16.5	Volts
	V <sub>DB</sub>	Applied betwee	n V <sub>UFB</sub> -U,	13.0	15.0	18.5	Volts
		$V_{VFB}$ -V, $V_{W}$	<sub>/FB</sub> -W				
Control Supply Variation	dV <sub>D</sub> , dV <sub>DB</sub>			-1	_	1	V/µs
Arm Shoot-through Blocking Time	t <sub>DEAD</sub>	For Each Input Signal, T <sub>C</sub> ≤ 100°C		2.0	_	_	μs
PWM Input Frequency	f <sub>PWM</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> ≤ 100°C, T <sub>i</sub> ≤ 125°C		_	_	20	kHz
Allowable Minimum Input	P <sub>WIN(on)</sub> **	$200V \le V_{CC} \le 350V$ ,		0.5	_	_	μs
Pulse Width	P <sub>WIN(off)</sub> ***	$13.5$ V ≤ $V_D$ ≤ $16.5$ V,	Below Rated Current	1.5	_	_	μs
		$13.0V \le V_{DB} \le 18.5V$	Between Rated Current	3.0	_	_	μs
		$-20$ °C $\leq$ T <sub>C</sub> $\leq$ 100°C,	and 1.7 Times				
		N-line Wiring Inductance	Rated Current				
		Less than 10nH					
V <sub>NC</sub> Voltage Variation	V <sub>NC</sub>	Between V <sub>NC</sub> -N (Including Surge)		-5.0		5.0	Volts

<sup>\*</sup>The allowable rms current value depends on the actual application conditions.

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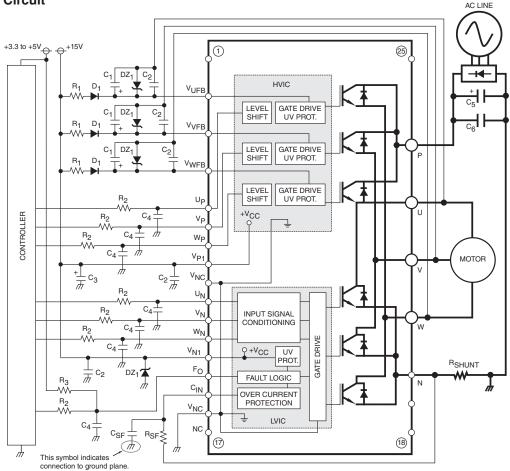
<sup>\*\*</sup>Input signal with ON pulse width less than  $P_{\mbox{WIN}(\mbox{on})}$  may not respond.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Input signal with OFF pulse width less than PWIN(off) may make no resonse or may have a delayed response to P-side input only. The delay is less than 4µs.



PS21997-4, PS21997-4A Intellimod™ Module **Dual In-line Intelligent Power Module** 30 Amperes/600 Volts

## **Application Circuit**



#### Component Selection:

Dsgn.	Typ. Value	Description
D <sub>1</sub>	1A, 600V	Boot strap supply diode – Ultra fast recovery
DZ <sub>1</sub>	24V, 1.0W	Control and boot strap supply over voltage suppression
C <sub>1</sub>	10-100uF, 50V	Boot strap supply reservoir – Electrolytic, long life, low Impedance, 105°C (Note 5)
$C_2$	0.22-2.0uF, 50V	Local decoupling/High frequency noise filters - Multilayer ceramic (Note 8)
C <sub>3</sub>	10-100uF, 50V	Control power supply filter - Electrolytic, long life, low Impedance, 105°C
C <sub>4</sub>	100pF, 50V	Optional Input signal noise filter – Multilayer ceramic (Note 1)
C <sub>5</sub>	200-2000uF, 450V	Main DC bus filter capacitor - Electrolytic, long life, high ripple current, 105°C
C <sub>6</sub>	0.1-0.22uF, 450V	Surge voltage suppression capacitor - Polyester/Polypropylene film (Note 9)
C <sub>SF</sub>	1000pF, 50V	Short circuit detection filter capacitor - Multilayer Ceramic (Note 6, Note 7)
R <sub>SF</sub>	1.8k ohm	Short circuit detection filter resistor (Note 6, Note 7)
R <sub>SHUNT</sub>	5-100mohm	Current sensing resistor - Non-inductive, temperature stable, tight tolerance (Note 10)
R <sub>1</sub>	10 ohm	Boot strap supply inrush limiting resistor (Note 5)
R <sub>2</sub>	330 ohm	Optional control input noise filter (Note 1, Note 2)
R <sub>3</sub>	10k ohm	Fault output signal pull-up resistor (Note 3)

#### Notes:

- 1) To prevent input signal oscillations minimize wiring length to controller (-2cm). Additional RC filtering (C5 etc.) may be required. If filtering is added be careful to maintain proper dead time and voltage levels. See application notes for details.
- 2) Internal HVIC provides high voltage level shifting allowing direct connection of all six driving signals to the controller.

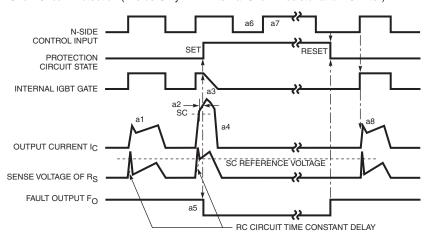
  3) FO output is an open collector type. Pull up resistor (R3) should be adjusted to current sink capability of the controller.
- 4) Use only one V<sub>NC</sub> Pin (either 9 or 16) and leave the other open.
- 5) Boot strap supply component values must be adjusted depending on the PWM frequency and technique
- 6) Wiring length associated with R<sub>SHUNT</sub>, R<sub>SF</sub>, C<sub>SF</sub> must be minimized to avoid improper operation of the OC function.
  7) R<sub>SF</sub>, C<sub>SF</sub> set over current protection trip time. Recommend time constant is 1.5µs-2.0µs. See application notes.
  8) Local decoupling/high frequency filter capacitors must be connected as close as possible to the modules pins.
- 9) The length of the DC link wiring between C5, C6, the DIP's P terminal and the shunt must be minimized to prevent excessive transient voltages. In particular C6 should be mounted as close to the DIP as possible.
- Use high quality, tight tolerance current sensing resistor. Connect resistor as close as possible to the DIP's N terminal. Be careful to check for proper power rating. See application notes for calculation of resistance value.



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30 Amperes/600 Volts

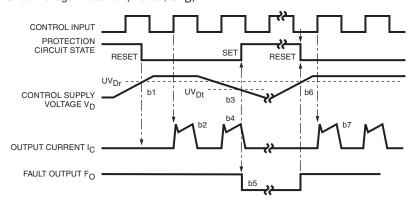
# **Protection Function Timing Diagrams**

Short Circuit Protection (N-side Only with External Shunt Resistor and RC Filter)



- a1: Normal operation IGBT turns on and carries current.
- a2: Short circuit current is detected (SC trigger).
- a3: All N-side IGBT's gate are hard interrupted.
- a4: All N-side IGBT's turn off.
- a5: FO output wirh a fixed pulse width (determined by the external capacitance CFO).
- a6: Input "L" IGBT off.
- a7: Input "H" IGBT on, but during the  $F_O$  output perid the IGBT will not turn on.
- a8: IGBT turns on when  $L\rightarrow H$  signal is input after  $F_O$  is reset.

## Under-Voltage Protection (N-side, UVD)



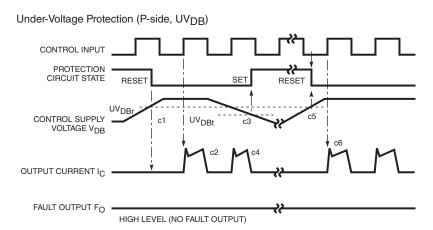
- b1: Control supply voltage  $V_D$  rises After  $V_D$  level reaches under voltage reset level ( $UV_{Df}$ ), the circuits start to operate when next input is applied.
- b2: Normal operation IGBT turns on and carries current.
- b3:  $V_D$  level dips to under voltage trip level (UV $_{Dt}$ ).
- b4: All N-side IGBT's turn off in spite of control input condition.
- b5:  $F_O$  is low for a minimum period determined by the capacitance  $C_{FO}$  but continuously during UV period.
- b6: V<sub>D</sub> level reaches UV<sub>Dr</sub>.
- b7: Normal operation IGBT turns on and carries current.

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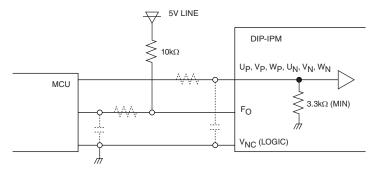
PS21997-4, PS21997-4A
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# **Protection Function Timing Diagrams**



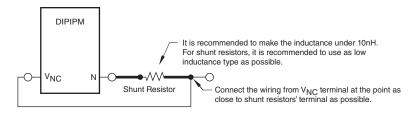
- c1: Control supply voltage  $V_{DB}$  rises After  $V_{DB}$  level reaches under voltage reset level (UV<sub>DBr</sub>), the circuits starts to operate when next input is applied.
- c2: Normal operation IGBT turns on and carries current.
- c3:  $V_{DB}$  level dips to under voltage trip level (UV<sub>DBt</sub>).
- c4: P-side IGBT turns off in spite of control input signal level, but there is no  $F_O$  signal output.
- c5:  $V_{DB}$  level reaches  $UV_{DBr}$ .
- c6: Normal operation IGBT on and carries current.

## **Typical Interface Circuit**



NOTE: RC coupling at each input (parts shown dotted) may change depending on the PWM control scheme used in the application and the wiring impedance of the printed circuit board. The DIPIPM input signal section integrates a 3.3kΩ (min) pull-down resistor. Therefore, when using an external filtering resistor, care must be taken to satisfy the turn-on threshold voltage requirement.

#### Wiring Method Around Shunt Resistor



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