

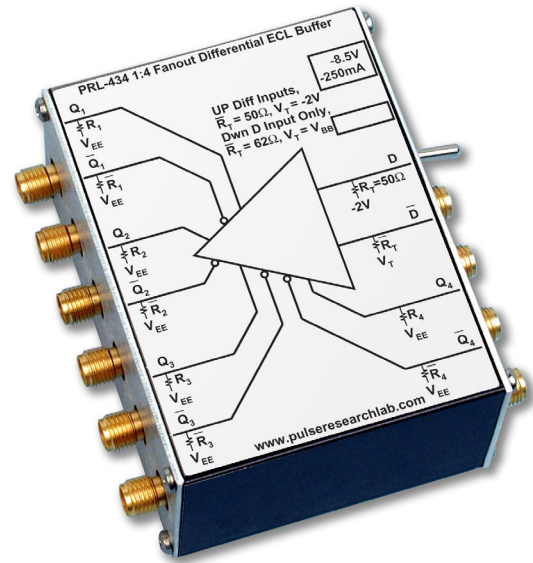
PRL-434 1:4 DIFFERENTIAL FAN OUT NECL BUFFER

APPLICATIONS

- ◆ Fanout Single-ended/Differential NECL Inputs into four pairs of Complementary NECL Outputs for driving long lines
- ◆ Ideal for receiving signals from long lines
- ◆ Fanout GHz Sine Wave signals into four pairs of Complementary NECL signals
- ◆ An Essential Lab Tool for Working with NECL Circuits

FEATURES

- ◆ 1.2GHz f_{MAX}
- ◆ Single-ended or Differential Inputs
- ◆ Internal 50Ω/-2V Input Terminations also accept AC coupled PECL or Sine wave signals
- ◆ Complementary Outputs drive 50Ω loads terminated to -2V or AC coupled 50Ω loads
- ◆ DC Coupled I/O's Compatible with ECLinPS or 100KH Devices
- ◆ SMA I/O Connectors
- ◆ Ready-to-Use 1.3 x 2.9 x 2.2-in. Module includes a ±8.5V AC/DC Adaptor



PRL-434

DESCRIPTION

The PRL-434 is a 1:4 Differential Fan Out NECL Buffer module. It is intended for fanning out single ended or differential NECL signals into four pairs of complementary outputs. It can also be used for converting AC coupled GHz sine wave or PECL signals into complementary NECL signals.

A switch selects either single-ended or differential inputs, as shown in Fig. 1. In the differential input mode, both inputs D and \bar{D} are terminated internally into 50Ω/-2V, and, therefore, either one or both inputs can accept AC coupled signals as well. In the single input mode, signal should be connected to the D input only. Input \bar{D} is switched internally to V_{BB} , nominally -1.3V, and termination resistor \bar{R}_T for the \bar{D} input channel is changed to 62Ω. Complementary outputs of the PRL-434, with internal pull down resistors, can drive either 50Ω loads terminated into -2V, AC coupled or floating 50Ω loads.

The PRL-434 is housed in a 1.3 x 2.9 x 2.2-in. extruded aluminum enclosure and is supplied with a ±8.5V/±1A AC/DC Adaptor.



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SPECIFICATIONS* (0° C ≤ T_A ≤ 35° C)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Min	Typ	Max	UNIT	Comments
R _{in}	Input Resistance	49.5	50	50.5	Ω	
V _{TT}	D Input Termination Voltage	-2.2	-2	-1.8	V	D input
V _T	\bar{D} Input Termination Voltage	-1.17/-2.2	-1.3/-2	-1.43/-1.8	V	\bar{D} input
V _{IL}	Input Lo Voltage	-1.95	-1.6	-1.48	V	
V _{IH}	Input Hi Voltage	-1.13	-0.9	-0.81	V	
V _{OL}	Output Lo Voltage	-1.95	-1.6	-1.48	V	
V _{OH}	Output Hi Voltage	-1.13	-0.9	-0.81	V	
I _{DC}	DC Input Current		-245	-265	mA	
V _{DC}	DC Input Voltage	-7.5	-8.5	-12	V	
V _{AC}	AC/DC Adaptor Input Voltage	103	115	127	V	
T _{PLH}	Propagation Delay to output ↑		1100	1500	ps	
T _{PHL}	Propagation Delay to output ↓		1100	1500	ps	
t _r /t _f	Rise/Fall Times(20%-80%)		500	800	ps	Note (1)
T _{SKREW}	Skew between any 2 outputs		60	150	ps	
F _{MAX}	Max clock frequency	1.2	1.4		GHz	Note (2)
V _{CMR}	Common Mode Range	-2.7		-0.4	V	Note (3)
	Size	1.3x2.9x2.2			in.	
	Weight	5			Oz	
	Shipping weight including AC adapter	3			lb	

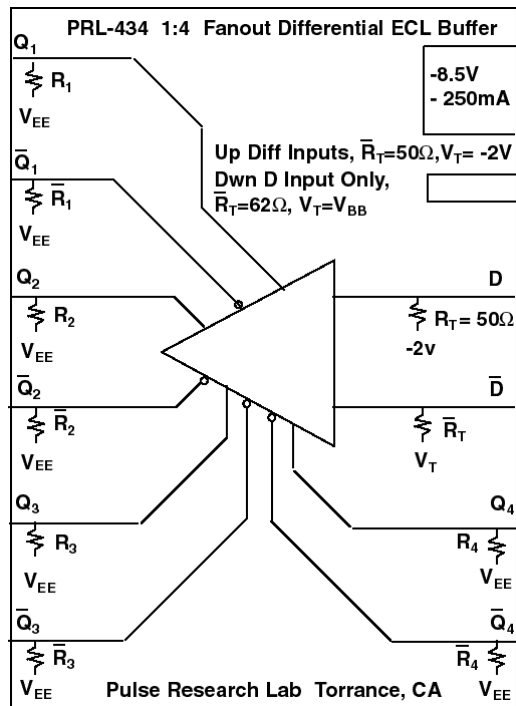


Fig. 1 PRL-434 Block Diagram

*All dynamic measurements are made with outputs terminated into 50Ω/-2V, using the PRL-550NQ4X, four channel NECL Terminators, connected to a 50Ω input sampling oscilloscope.

Notes:

(1). The output rise and fall times of each channel are measured with its complementary output terminated into 50 Ω/-2 V. An unused complementary 50 Ω output must be either terminated into 50 Ω/-2 V or AC coupled into a 50 Ω load; otherwise, output waveform distortion and rise time degradation will occur. Use the PRL-550NQ4X, four channel ECL Terminator for the 50 Ω/-2 V termination and for connection of NECL signals to 50 Ω input oscilloscopes. Use the 56003270-1 dual channel, AC coupled 50 Ω terminator for terminating unused outputs.

(2). f_{MAX} is measured using differential inputs only. Each pair of differential outputs are first divided by four, using the PRL-255N, and then measured using the PRL-550NQ4X, four channel ECL Terminator, connected to a sampling 'scope.

(3). When the unit is driven by an AC coupled Sine wave signal in the differential input mode, the signal swing is symmetrical with respect to -2 V. The peak-to-peak swing of the input signal should not exceed these Common Mode limits.