Connecting the Power of the Sun

DC Disconnects for Solar Photovoltaic Installations





Solar energy is heating up

Interest in renewable energy sources has never been greater, and the fastest growing of these new green technologies is the use of photovoltaic (PV) panels (modules) to generate power from the sun. PV modules directly convert the sun's light into electricity, providing power during daylight hours. PV systems are being installed on virtually every type of building, resulting in a growing need for products to meet the requirements of these systems.

Switching 600 Vdc

When photovoltaic panels convert the sun's energy into electricity, the power generated is direct current (DC). Typically, the systems are designed with DC system voltages in the 400–600V range. This is much higher voltage than typically found in building systems. The higher voltage, when combined with the lack of a current sine wave with zero crossings, creates a number of challenges in wiring, particularly when switching circuits on and off.

DC circuits consist of two wires—a positive and a negative. In most PV systems, one of these wires is grounded (like a neutral in an AC system). Which of the two wires is grounded is specified by the solar panel manufacturer. The more common application is a negative ground, and the location of this bond is usually found at the inverter. Per the National Electrical Code® (NEC®) Section 690.5(A), only the current-carrying ungrounded conductor should be switched. Thus, in a negative-grounded system, only the positive wire is switched.

Unlike AC systems that possess a current sine wave with zero crossings, the interruption of higher voltage DC circuits requires an increased air gap to safely and quickly interrupt and break the arc. The increased gap is accomplished by wiring multiple poles of a single switch in series for safe arc interruption. All switch manufacturers require the use of multiple poles at 600 Vdc to maintain the UL® listing. For this reason, a switch should only be used to switch one circuit. The UL listing of these products does not permit multiple circuits to be switched by one switch. Eaton's new offering of PV switches have multiple poles factory-wired, and they are approved for NEC Article 690 applications right from the box. Other manufacturers require the contractor to add jumpers to a two- or three-pole switch, add a neutral, and add labels to meet this requirement. For fusible switches, the new Eaton PV switch requires only one fuse per switch-saving the customer at least one fuse on each switch.









Eaton's solar disconnect

Eaton Corporation is proud to offer a new line of solar disconnects that provide the best solution for switching solar PV circuits. This exciting new offering is the first UL 98 listed switch that is labeled as "suitable for NEC Article 690 photovoltaic applications per UL 1741 requirements."

Features include:

- · Marked as suitable for NEC 690 PV applications up to 600 Vdc
- UL 98 listed
- All switches are single-pole and suitable for switching one circuit
- Clear polycarbonate deadfront to guard against accidental contact with live parts
- NEC 690.17–compliant labeling warning that the switch terminals may be energized in the open position
- NEC 690.14.(C) 2 required "PV System Disconnect" label included
- · Isolated ground terminals (neutral) for grounded conductors
- · Ground lug for equipment grounding conductor
- NEMA® 3R, 12 and 4X stainless enclosures
- Fusible and non-fusible configurations—Class R fuse clips standard
- Fuse clips are located on the center pole to ensure that both fuse clips are de-energized—meets NEC Article 690.16, which requires isolation of the fuse from all potential supply sources
- Available for Flex Center modifications (windows, pilot lights, 316 grade stainless, and so on)

Downloaded from Elcodis.com electronic components distributor

Non-Fusible 600 Vdc

| Wiring Diagram | | Ampere Rating | NEMA 3R | NEMA 12 | NEMA 4X | Lug Capacity Main and Neutral (Isolated Ground) 0 | Ground Lug | NEC Rated Short Circuit Current (ISC) 2 |
|---|------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--------------------|---|
| Non-Fused Construction | | 30 | DH161URKN | DH161UDKN | DH161UWKN | #2-#14 Cu/Al | #4-#14 Cu/Al | 19.2A |
| | | 60 | DH162URKN | DH162UDKN | DH162UWKN | #2-#14 Cu/Al | #4-#14 Cu/Al | 38.4A |
| | Line | 100 | DH163URKN | DH163UDKN | DH163UWKN | 1/0-#14 Cu/Al | #4-#14 Cu/Al | 64.0A |
| Grounded Conductor Junction Block | | 200 | DH164URKN | DH164UDKN | DH164UWKN | 250 kcmil—#6 Cu/Al | #2-#14 Cu/Al | 128.0A |
| | | 400 | DH165URKN | DH165UDKN | DH165UWKN | (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 or (2) 300 kcmil—1/0 Cu/Al | 250 kcmil—#6 Cu/Al | 256.0A |
| | Loa | 600 d | DH166URKN | DH166UDKN | DH166UWKN | (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 and (1) 600 kcmil—#2 Cu/Al | 250 kcmil—#6 Cu/Al | 384.0A |

Fusible 600 Vdc (Class R Fuse Clips—one fuse required per switch)

| Wiring Diagram | | Ampere Rating | NEMA 3R | NEMA 12 | NEMA 4X | Lug Capacity Main and Neutral (Isolated Ground) 0 | Ground Lug | Rated ISC @ |
|-----------------------------|--------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|--|--------------------|----------------|
| Fused Construction | | 30 | DH161NRK | DH161NDK | DH161NWK | #2-#14 Cu/Al | #4 – #14 Cu/Al | 19.2A |
| | Line | 60 | DH162NRK | DH162NDK | DH162NWK | #2-#14 Cu/Al | #4 – #14 Cu/Al | 38.4A |
| 1 | | 100 | DH163NRK | DH163NDK | DH163NWK | 1/0-#14 Cu/Al | #4—#14 Cu/Al | 64.0A |
| Grounded | _/_/_/ | 200 | DH164NRK | DH164NDK | DH164NWK | 250 kcmil—#6 Cu/Al | #2—#14 Cu/Al | 128.0A |
| Conductor Junction Block | ĬĂĬ | 400 | DH165NRK | DH165NDK | DH165NWK | (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 or (2) 300 kcmil—1/0 Cu/Al | 250 kcmil—#6 Cu/Al | 256.0A |
| | beol | 600 | DH166NRK | DH166NDK | DH166NWK | (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 and (1) 600 kcmil—#2 Cu/Al | 250 kcmil—#6 Cu/Al | 384.0A |

• UL 98 limits the conductor current sizing to 75°C. 90°C wire may be terminated per Article 110.14(C); however, the maximum current capacity is limited to NEC Table 310.16, 75°C column.

The NEC Rated ISC is calculated by applying two 25% derating factors per NEC 690.8. Thus, a 30A disconnect has an ISC Rating of 19.2A because: 30 / 1.25 / 1.25 = 19.2. The first 25% derating is due to the fact that PV output circuits can deliver output currents higher than the rated short circuit current for more than 3 hours near solar noon. The second derating—690.9(B)(1) for the circuit conductors—is because PV system currents are considered to be continuous.



600 Vdc Solar Switches Features and Benefits

1 NEC Required Labeling

Factory-Installed Jumpers

- Standard K-Switch Mechanism
- 4 Clear Deadfront Shield Covering all potentially live parts
- Fused Center Pole Isolates fuse clips from potential back feed only one fuse required per switch
- Factory Installed Isolated ground and equipment ground lug



Type 3R Solar Switch Dimensions 0



С

Type 12-3R and 4X Solar Switch Dimensions

В С Main Lug Capacity 0 **Ground Lug Capacity** Amps Α 8.87 9.89 #2 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI 30 16.35 #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI 9.89 60 16.35 8.87 #2 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI 1/0 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI 100 22.15 11.84 9.89 #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/Al 200 28.27 16.66 11.26 250 kcmil – #6 AWG Cu/Al #2 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI 400 45.00 24.12 12.39 (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 or (2) 300 kcmil—1/0 Cu/Al 250 kcmil-#6 AWG Cu/Al 600 52.50 25.12 14.07 (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 and (1) 600 kcmil—#2 AWG Cu/AI 250 kcmil-#6 AWG Cu/Al

Type 12-3R and 4X Solar Switch Dimensions

| Amps | А | В | С | Main Lug Capacity 0 | Ground Lug Capacity |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|---|------------------------|
| 30 Non-fusible | 14.14 | 8.76 | 10.22 | #2 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI | #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI |
| 30 Fusible | 19.08 | 8.76 | 10.22 | #2 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI | #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/AI |
| 60 Non-fusible | 14.14 | 8.76 | 10.22 | #2 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/Al | #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/Al |
| 60 Fusible | 19.08 | 8.76 | 10.22 | #2 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/Al | #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/Al |
| 100 | 24.95 | 11.79 | 10.22 | 1/0 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/Al | #4 AWG - #14 AWG Cu/Al |
| 200 | 35.38 | 16.95 | 11.63 | 300 kcmil – #6 AWG Cu/Al | #2 AWG – #14 AWG Cu/AI |
| 400 | 57.47 | 24.12 | 12.43 | (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 or (2) 300 kcmil—1/0 Cu/Al | 250 kcmil—#6 AWG Cu/Al |
| 600 | 63.00 | 26.34 | 14.25 | (1) 750 kcmil—1/0 and (1) 600 kcmil—#2 AWG Cu/Al | 250 kcmil—#6 AWG Cu/Al |

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Type 3R Solar Switch Dimensions

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