

#### **Features**

Extensive range

High accuracy 0.5%

Up to 3 analogue outputs in one housing

Zero and span adjustments

DIN rail mounting

Single and 3 phase systems

Flame retardant cases

Screw clamp terminals

#### **Benefits**

Cost saving remote metering

Reduction of signal levels for ease of metering

Isolated output for safety

Protection against high voltage and overload

### **Applications**

Switchgear

Distribution systems

Generator sets

Control panels

**Energy management** 

**Building management** 

Utility power monitoring

Process control

Motor control

#### **Approvals**

UL File No: E140758 CSA File No: LR52592

BV File No: 3896H-07425-AO PRSO BV

An extensive range of Class 0.5 transducers providing measurement, isolation and conversion of electrical parameters into industry standard DC output signals. The range offers protection against high voltage and overload, and resistance to vibration in harsh electrical environments. Transducers offer multiple analogue outputs from one housing, and individual measurement of most electrical parameters.

#### Introduction

Crompton transducers can be used for measuring most electrical parameters. The following transducers can be supplied:

- · A.C. and D.C. current and voltage.
- · Active, reactive and apparent power.
- · Frequency.
- Power Factor and Phase Angle.
- · Integrating current for maximum demand indication and Alarm Control.
- Suppressed zero voltage for monitoring a narrow voltage range.
- · Tap position on a high voltage transformer.
- Temperature transmitters for thermocouples and resistance thermometer detectors (RTD's).
- · Resistance (slidewire) transmitters.

### **Safety Features**

Crompton transducers and transmitters are designed for use in harsh electrical environments and feature:

- High protection against overload 20 x rated current for 1 second.
- · High degree of mechanical shock and vibration resistance.
- Protection against high voltage.
  Inputs, outputs and power supply are galvanically isolated from one another (excluding Resistance transmitters).

#### **Application**

- · Measurement of most electrical parameters.
- · Conversion to standard d.c. output signals.
- Outputs suitable for indication, PLC's.
- For use in Control Cabinets, Switchboards, Motor Control Centres, Generating Sets, Energy Management & Building Management systems.

#### **Ordering Information**

When ordering please specify:

- 1. Product catalogue number.
- 2 Current and/or voltage.
- 3. Frequency.
- 4. Auxiliary voltage A.C. or D.C.
- 5. Options e.g. calibration at 30°C.
- 6. For power products:
  - a. V.T. & C.T. ratios.
  - b. System configuration i.e. Single Phase, 3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire, balanced or unbalanced load.
- 7. For slide wire transmitters quote R1, R2 and R3, see page G9.
- 8. National Specification:

Indicated by 7th letter of part number.

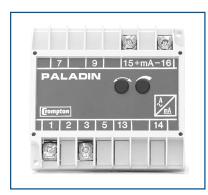




### **Specification**

Specification			
Performance	Designed to comply with BS6253 part 1, EN60688, IEC688, AS1384 and ANSI. C37.		
Temperature Range:	Storage -20°C to +70°C		
_	Operating 0°C to +60°C		
	Calibrated at 23°C		
Temperature Coefficient:	0.03%/ per °C		
Humidity Range:	Up to 95% RH		
Zero Adjustment:	±2% minimum (except TAA & TVA)		
Span Adjustment:	±10% minimum		
Accuracy Class:	0.5 unless otherwise specified		
Accuracy Range:	0 to 125% (except self powered)		
Stability:	+0.25% per annum (reducing with time)		
Test Voltage:	2kV ms to ANSI, C37		
Response Time:	<400ms from 0 to 99% of rated output, 250 ms to 90%		
Response Time:	•		
D.C. outputs (Typical):	0/1mA into 0-10kΩ		
	0/5mA into 0-2kΩ		
	0/10mA into 0-1k $\Omega$ 0/20mA into 0-500 $\Omega$ (600 $\Omega$ available on selected models)		
	4/20mA into 0-500 $\Omega$ (600 $\Omega$ available on selected models)		
	0/5V 1k ohm minimum load		
	0/10V 1K ohm minimum load - bipolar for some models		
Current Outnut Bretestian	Fully protected against open and short circuited output		
Current Output Protection:			
Voltage Output Protection:	Fully protected against open circuit output		
Maximum output:	20V d.c. when open circuit		
Output Ripple:	<0.5% of full rated output		
Overoad Capacity:	2 x rated current continuous		
	1.25 x rated voltage continuous		
	20 x rated current for 1 second		
	1.5 x rated voltage for 10 seconds		
Input Impedance:	d.c. 1000 ohms/volt as standard		
(d.c. I/P)	10k ohms/volt available on request		
Input Burden:	a.c. <2VA		
Auxiliary Burden:	<2VA a.c., <3.5W d.c.		
	auxiliary voltage variation: ±20% a.c., ±15% d.c.,		
	maximum 14% ripple		
Safety:	To IEC1010 with terminal cover, basic insulation category		
Minimum Test Voltage:	2kV rms for 1 minute		
Flammability:	Flame retardant		
Isolation:	Input/Output/Supply/Case (except TRR, TRP, TRT and TRV with no input/output isolation)		
Interference:	Electrical stress surge withstand to IEC 688 part of IEC 80 and ANSI C37 90a		
Immunity:	Impulse test 5kV transient to IEC688 and IEC801		
Enclosure:	IP50 to BS5490, IEC529 when the terminal cover is		
	fitted. The case is UL94V0 and the terminal cover is UL94V2		
Fixing:	EN50022		
Approvals:	EMC and LVD		
	UL recognised File No: E140758		
	CSA recognised File No: LR52592		
	BV File No: 3896H-07425-AO PRSO BV		





### A.C. Current Average Sensing - Self Powered

Current measuring applications to 0.5% accuracy. Average sensing and calibrated to indicate the RMS value of a sine wave with less than 1% distortion. Internal power is derived from the input signal. Input and output are isolated.

#### **Specification**

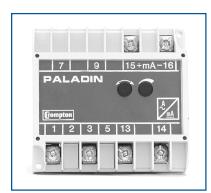
Inputs:	1, 5 or 10A A.C. 50 or 60 Hz
Auxiliary Power:	Self Powered
Output:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA and 0/20mA

#### **Product Code - Single Phase Current Transducer - 1 D.C. Output**

Input A.C.	Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
5A 60Hz	Self	0/1mA	253-TAA*-LSFA-C6	1

#### Product Code - 3 Phase Current Transducer - 3 D.C. Output

Input A.C.	Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
5A 60Hz	Self	0/1mA	256-TAA-LSFA-C6	47



### A.C. Current Average Sensing - Auxiliary Powered

Single or three phase models offering current measurement down to zero input Model TAL provides a current output with a live zero (4-20mA). Average sensing and calibrated to indicate the RMS value of a sinewave with up to 1% distortion, isolation is provided between input, output and auxiliary.

#### **Specification**

Inputs:	1, 5 or 10A A.C 50 or 60 Hz
Output:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 4/20mA
Auxiliary Power:	A.C.: 63.5, 100, 110, 120, 220, 240, 250, 380, 400, 415, 440 and 480V D.C.: 12, 24, 48, 110,120 or 135V nominal

#### **Product Code - Single Phase Current Transducer - 1 D.C. Output**

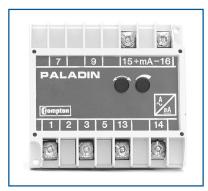
Input A.C.	A.C. Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
5A 60Hz	120V	4/20mA	253-TAL*-LSHG-C6-DG	6

## **Product Code - 3 Phase Current Transducers - 3 D.C. Outputs**

Input A.C.	A.C. Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
5A 60 Hz	120V	0/1mA	256-TAS*-LSFA-C6-DG	2
5A 60 Hz	120V	4/20mA	256-TAL*-LSHG-C6-DG	2

With multiple analogue outputs, do not common the -ve terminals.





### **True RMS Current**

True RMS measurement of the input current, measuring non standard and distorted waveforms. Calibration is correct for sine waves having up to 30% of 3rd harmonic distortion. Isolation is provided between input, output and auxiliary.

#### **Specification**

Inputs:	1.5 or 10A A.C., 50 or 60 Hz
	Refer to factory for other inputs
Output:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 4/20mA
Auxiliary Power:	A.C. 63.5, 100, 110, 120, 220, 240, 250, 380, 400, 415,
	440 and 480V
	D.C. 12, 24, 48, 110, 120, or 135V

#### **Product Code - Single Phase Current Transducer**

Auxiliary Powered - 1 D.C. output.

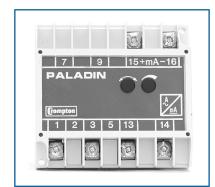
Input A.C.	A.C. Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
5A 60HZ	120V	0/1mA	253-TAR*-LSFA-C6-DG	6

### **Product Code - 3 Phase Current Transducers**

Auxiliary Powered - 3 D.C. outputs.

Input A.C.	A.C. Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
5A 60HZ	120V	0/1mA	256-TAR*-LSFA-C6-DG	2

With multiple analogue outputs, do not common the -ve terminals.



### **Integrating Demand**

RMS calibration, conveniently averages fluctuating input signals into a steady signal. The A.C. input model can provide a maximum demand monitor with 8, 15 or 30 minute integration periods. The D.C. input model can accept the output from other transducers e.g. Watt for indicating integrated power, or RTD for average temperature.

#### **Specification**

Inputs:	1 or 5A a.c., 50 or 60 Hz	
	0/1mA, 0/20mA, d.c.	
	0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 0/1V, 0/10V d.c.	
Auxiliary Power:	63.5, 110, 120, 220, 240, 280, 415, 440, 480V a.c.	

# **Product Code – Single Phase A.C. Integrating Demand Current Transducer**

Auxiliary Powered - 1 D.C. Output.

Input A.C.	Time Constant	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
5A 60Hz	8 Minutes	0/1mA	253-TAP*-LSFA-C6-DG	8
5A 60Hz	15 Minutes	0/1mA	253-TAN*-LSFA-C6-DG	8
5A 60Hz	30 Minutes	0/1mA	253-TAM*-LSFA-C6-DG	8

## **Product Code - D.C. Integrating Demand Transducer**

Auxiliary Powered - 1 D.C. Output.

Input D.C.	Time Constant	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
1mA	8 Minutes	0/1mA	253-TDP*-FAFA-DG	4
1mA	15 Minutes	0/1mA	253-TDN*-FAFA-DG	4
1mA	30 Minutes	0/1mA	253-TDM*-FAFA-DG	4





#### **A.C. Current Bi-Directional**

This transducer shows the magnitude and direction of an A.C. input current.

#### **Specification**

Inputs:	Voltage: 63.5, 100, 110, 120, 220, 240, 250, 380, 400, 415 and 480V a.c., 50 or 60 Hz
	Current: 1 or 5A, 50 or 60 Hz
Auxiliary Power:	Self powered
Outputs:	±1mA/5mA/10mA/20mA

# Product Code – Single or 3 Phase System, Self Powered, 1 D.C. Output

Input A.C.	A.C. Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
120V, 5A, 60Hz	Self	+/-1mA	256-TAB*-LSM1-C6-PQ-T3	3



## A.C. Voltage Average Sensing - Self Powered

Standard version for use in all voltage measuring applications. Average sensing for normal sinewave voltages, RMS calibrated for sinewave with up to 1% of 3rd harmonic distortion. Will allow measurement down to 20% of full input. The input signal provides operational power, thus avoiding the need for a separate supply. The input is isolated from the output.

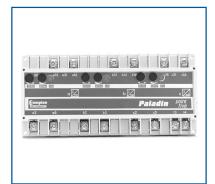
#### **Specification**

Inputs:	63.5, 100, 110, 120, 220, 240, 250, 380, 400, 415, 440V
	and 480V a.c. 50 or 60 Hz
Range:	20 to 125%
Auxiliary Power:	Self Powered
Outputs:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA and 0/20mA

#### Product Code - Single Phase, Self Powered, 1 D.C. Output

Input A.C.	Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
120V 60Hz	Self	0/1mA	253-TVA*-PQFA-C6	10





## A.C. Voltage Average Sensing - Auxiliary Powered

Auxiliary power allows measurement of voltages down to zero. Average sensing and calibrated to indicate the RMS value of a sinewave with up to 1% distortion. Model TVL provides a voltage input with a live zero (4-20mA). All models have input and output isolation.

#### **Specification**

Inputs:	63.5, 100, 110, 120, 220, 240, 250, 380, 400, 415, 440 and 480V a.c., 50 or 60 Hz
Output: 0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 4/20mA	
Auxiliary Power:	A.C. 100, 110, 120, 220, 240, 250, 380, 400, 415, 480V
	D.C. 12V, 24V, 48V, 110V, 120V or 135V

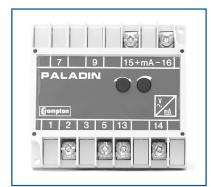
# Product Code – Single Phase - Live Zero - A.C. Voltage Transducer, Auxiliary Powered - 1 D.C. Output

Input A.C.	A.C. Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
120V	120V	4/20mA	253-TVL*-PQHG-C6-DG	15

# Product Code – 3 Phase - Live Zero - A.C. Voltage Transducer, Auxiliary Powered - 3 D.C. Outputs

Input A.C.	System	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
120V	3 Phase 3 wire	4/20mA	256-TVL*-PQHG-C6-DG	11
120V	3 Phase 4 wire	0/1mA	256-TVS*-PQFA-C6-DG	11

With multiple analogue outputs, do not common the -ve terminals.



### A.C. Voltage Suppressed Zero - Expanded Scale

Allows 'expanded scale' measurements at critical voltage levels, indicating small changes within a large voltage span. Average sensing and RMS calibrated, isolation is provided between input and output.

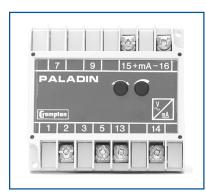
#### **Specification**

Inputs:	Between ±10% and ±30% of nominal			
	63.5, 100, 110, 120, 139, 208, 220, 240, 250, 277, 380,			
	400, 415, 440V and 480V a.c. 50 or 60 Hz			
Outputs:	0/1mA, 0/5mA,			
	0/10mA, 0/20mA d.c.			

# Product Code – Single Phase - Suppressed Zero - A.C. Voltage Transducer, Self Powered - 1 D.C. Output

Input A.C.	A.C.Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
108 - 132V	Self	0/1mA	253-TVZ*-A9FA-C6	15





## **True RMS A.C. Voltage**

Single or 3 phase true RMS voltage measurement down to zero. Calibration is maintained for sinewaves having up to 30% of 3rd harmonic distortion. Isolation is provided between input and output.

### **Specification**

Inputs:	63.5, 100, 110, 120, 220, 240, 250, 380, 400, 415, 440V and 480V A.C., 50 or 60 Hz
D.C. Outputs:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 4/20mA
Auxiliary Power:	A.C.: 100, 110, 120, 220, 250, 380, 400, 415 and 480V. D.C.: 12V, 24V, 48V, 110V, 120V or 135V

# Product Code – Single Phase. Voltage Transducer, Auxiliary Powered - 1 D.C. Output

Input A.C.	A.C.Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
120V 60Hz	120V	0/1mA	253-TVR*-PQFA-C6-DG	15

#### **Product Code - 3 Phase. Voltage Transducers**

Auxiliary Powered - 3 D.C. outputs.

Input A.C.	A.C.Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
120V 60Hz	120V	0/1mA	256-TVR*-PQFA-C6-DG	11

With multiple analogue outputs, do not common -ve terminals.



## **Frequency Transducer**

A simple reliable transducer for the measurement of AC power frequencies, and to provide a DC output which is directly proportional to the change of input within a specified span. Isolation is provided between input and output. Ideally suited for process control monitoring, data acquisition, mains and genset applications.

#### **Specification**

Frequency:	45-55Hz, 55-65Hz, 45-65Hz, 360-440Hz		
Inputs:	63.5, 100, 110, 120, 220, 230, 240, 380, 400, 415, 440,		
	and 480V 50 or 60 Hz. Refer to factory for other inputs		
Outputs:	0/1mA, 4/20mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA		
Auxiliary Powered:	Self Powered		
Accuracy:	0.1% of mid Frequency		

# Product Codes – Single Frequency Transducer, Self Powered - 1 D.C. Output

Input A.C.	Frequency	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
120V	45/55Hz	0/1mA	253-THZ*-PQFA-AG	10
120V	55/65Hz	0/1mA	253-THZ*-PQFA-AN	10
120V	45/65Hz	0/1mA	253-THZ*-PQFA-AJ	10
120V	360/440Hz	0/1mA	253-THZ*-PQFA-BI	10





#### **Tap Position Transmitter**

For accurate remote indication of tap position selection on a high voltage transformer. The variable tap position voltage is monitored, a D.C. output produced which is proportional to the tap position.

#### **Specification**

Input Span:	1-20k	
	5-50 taps at $400\Omega$ each	
10-50 taps at $30\Omega$ each		
Outputs:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 4/20mA	
Auxiliary Power:	A.C. 110, 120, 220, 240, 380, 415V	
	63.5, 139, 208, 277, 440, 480V	
	D.C. 12, 24, 48, 120, 135V	

#### **Product Codes - Tap Position Transmitter, Auxiliary Powered**

Taps	Ohm	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
10-50	30	0/1mA	253-TRT*-TIFA-DG	12
5-50	400	0/1mA	253-TRT*-T5FA-DG	12



#### **Slide Wire Transmitter**

Designed for accurate measurements and transmission of resistance ratio of a 3 wire potentiometer. A stabilised voltage is applied to the potentiometer and the voltage measured from the zero to the end of the wiper. This is amplified and the D.C. output produced is proportional to the resistance value.

### **Specification**

Input Span:	Minimum 1kΩ Max 50kΩ Specify values of R1, R2, R3	
	Example for 1k Potentiometer: R1 = 1k, R2 = 0, R3 = 1k	
	Example for 5k Potentiometer using only 4k;	
	R1 = 5k, R2 = 1k, R3 = 4k (Remember R1 = R2 + R3)	
Outputs:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA or 4-20mA,	
	0/1, 0/5, 0/10V D.C.	
Auxiliary Power:	A.C. 110, 120, 220, 240, 380, 415V,	
	63.5, 139, 208, 277, 440, 480V	
	D.C. 12, 24, 48, 110, 120 or 135V	

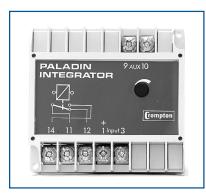
#### Note:

Not all applications provide for the slider to mechanically travel the full distance along the resistor track. Normally the first resistor step is inside the transducer and its value should be stated when ordering, as well as the total track resistance. End of track or connecting lead resistance, if significant, should also be considered. For satisfactory operation, the change in resistance should be greater than 20% of the total resistance.

#### Product Code - Side Wire Transmitter (3 wire), Auxiliary Powered

Input (Specify)	A.C. Aux Power	O/P D.C.	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
R1, R2, R3	120V	0/1mA	253-TRP*-TRFA-DG	12





### **Linear Integrator Pulsed Output Transducer**

Typical applications result in pulses proportional to kilowatt-hours, ampere hours, litre-hours etc., depending on the transducer or transmitter used. Accepts inputs in the form of a process signal derived from transducers or transmitters and integrates them with respect to time, to produce a pulsed output via volt free relay contacts. Converts a D.C. input into a pulsed kilowatt hour and ampere hour measurement output.

#### **Specification**

Inputs:	0/1mA, 4/20mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 0/1V D.C., 0/10V D.C.	
Output:	Volt free relay contacts.	
Pulse rate:	Minimum 100/hour maximum 10,000/hour, specify.	
Auxiliary Power:	63.5, 110, 120, 139, 208, 220, 240, 277, 380, 415, 440, 480V A.C.	

#### **Product Code - Linear Integrator**

Input	Pulses per hour	A.C. Aux	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
		Power		
0/1mA	Specify	120V	253-TIK*-FAPO-DG	13



## **Signal Isolator**

The signal isolator is designed for use in signal transmission and processing applications to prevent noise and interference caused by ground loops between signal source and the measuring device. The isolator provides galvanic high voltage isolation between source and measuring device.

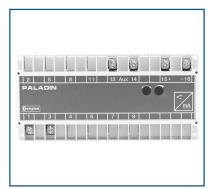
### **Specification**

Input/Output Ratio:	1 to 1
Max Input/Output:	20mA D.C.
Accuracy:	0.2% at 250 ohms
Isolation:	660V A.C., 930V D.C. continuous
Test Voltage:	1.5kV at 50Hz for 1 minute
Load Range:	0-500 ohms @ 20mA D.C.
Output Voltage:	I out x R Load limited to 15V
Input Voltage:	Typically I x (load + 200Ω) limited to 18V
UL File Number:	E149713N
CSA File Number:	LR52592

### **Product Code - Signal Isolator**

Input D.C.	O/P D	O.C. Catalogue	No. Connection Diag.
20mA	0/20n	nA 250-ISA*	-HF 5





## D.C./D.C. & Temperature

D.C. input versions accept signals over a wide range providing galvanic isolation between the input and output signal. Output is directly proportional to the input. Thermocouple models also incorporate cold junction compensation for all base metal Thermocouples, and Thermocouple break protection. Suitable for data acquisition and data control monitoring.

#### **Specification**

D.C. Voltage: Any value between 10mV to 600V		
D.C. Current: Any value between 100µA to 10A		
A range of temperature transmitters suitable for use		
with a variety of thermocouples.		
The most popular types are:		
J-Fe/Const 0-700°C		
K-NiCr/NiA 0-1200°C		
T-Cu/Cn0-200°C		
A.C.: 63.5, 110, 120, 220, 240, 380, 415, 440 and 480V		
D.C.: 12, 24, 48, 110, 120 or 135V		

#### **Product Codes - D.C./D.C. and Temperature Transducer**

Input	O/P D.C.	A.C. Aux Power	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
D.C. Current	0/1mA	120V	256-TTA*-**FA-DG	18
D.C. Millivolts	0/1mA	120V	256-TTM*-**FA-DG	18
D.C. Voltage	0/1mA	120V	256-TTV*-**FA-DG	18
Thermocouple				
Type K	0/1mA	120V	256-TTN*-KTFA-DG	18
Type T	0/1mA	120V	256-TTC*-TTFA-DG	18
Type J	0/1mA	120V	256-TTF*-JTFA-DG	18



#### **Resistance Transmitter**

A simple and convenient way of measuring and transmitting values of temperature in the form of a load independent D.C. signal. They detect varying resistance due to temperature change at the RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector). Designed for platinum (Vt.100), Copper (Cu 10) or Nickel (Ni100) RTDs.

#### **Specification**

Input:	100 $\Omega$ Platinum - (Pt100), 10 $\Omega$ Copper, 100 $\Omega$ Nickel
Outputs:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 4/20mA,
Auxiliary:	A.C.: 110, 120, 220, 240, 380, 415V
	D.C.: 12, 24, 48, 110, 120 or 135V

### **Product Codes - Resistance Transmitter**

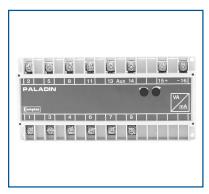
Input	O/P D.C.	A.C. Aux Power	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
10 Ohms copper RTD	0/1mA	120V	253-TRR*-R1FA-DG	17
100 Ohms VT RTD	0/1mA	120V	253-TRR*-R2FA-DG	17

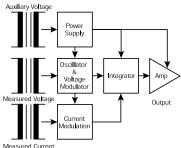
#### **Ordering Information**

Input span can be specified in temperature or resistance. The resistance value between lowest and highest temperature being measured must be within limits stated.

Platinum:	$20\Omega$ minimum span, $200\Omega$ maximum span
Copper:	$2\Omega$ minimum span, $20\Omega$ maximum span
Nickel:	$20\Omega$ minimum span, $200\Omega$ maximum span







#### **Power Transducers**

A wide range of transducers to measure all forms of power, in single or 3 phase balanced or unbalanced, 3 or 4 wire systems. These Transducers utilise the well proven 'time division multiplication' method of measuring instantaneous power over a wide range of input waveforms. In the self powered version the system voltage provides both power supply and an input to the voltage modulation circuit of an oscillator. Square wave pulses from a multi-vibrator circuit with a mark-space ratio varied by the measured voltage, and amplitude varied by the measured current, are fed to an integrator and an output amplifier circuit. The D.C. milliamp signal produced is therefore directly proportional to the power input. All inputs are isolated by the use of transformers. For large voltage variations use the auxiliary powered versions. Self powered units permit voltage variations up to +20% of the nominal input. Measures both import and export power.

#### **Specification**

Input Voltage:	63.5, 110, 120, 150, 208, 220, 240, 277, 380, 415, 480V
Current:	1, 5, 10A
Frequency:	50 or 60 or 400Hz
Outputs:	0/1mA, 0/5mA, 0/10mA, 0/20mA, 4/20mA
Auxiliary Power:	Self Powered
A.C.:	63.5, 110, 120, 150, 208, 220, 240, 277, 380, 415, 480V
D.C.:	12, 24, 48, 120, 135V

#### **Product Codes - Watt Transducer**

	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
Single Phase	256-TWK	14
3 Phase 3 Wire Balanced Load	256-TWL	19
3 Phase 4 Wire Balanced Load	256-TWH	24
3 Phase 3 Wire Unbalanced Load	256-TWM	20
3 Phase 4 Wire Unbalanced Load	256-TWN	35
3 Phase 3 Wire Balanced Load (2 Voltage connections)	256-TWS	38

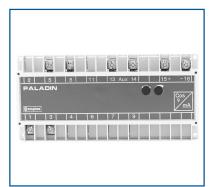
#### **Product Codes - VAr Transducer**

Single Phase	256-TXK	14
3 Phase 3 Wire Balanced Load	256-TXG	34
3 Phase 4 Wire Balanced Load	256-TXH	42
3 Phase 3 Wire Unbalanced Load	256-TXM	20
3 Phase 4 Wire Unbalanced Load	256-TXN	40

#### **Product Codes - VA Transducer**

Single Phase	256-TYK	14
3 Phase 3 Wire Balanced Load	256-TYG	41
3 Phase 4 Wire Balanced Load	256-TYH	42
3 Phase 3 Wire Unbalanced Load	256-TYM	20
3 Phase 4 Wire Unbalanced Load	256-TYN	35





### **Power Factor and Phase Angle**

A range of power factor and phase angle transducers with a linearised output.

# Product Codes – Power Factor Transducer (for Digital Meters & Systems)

3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire Balanced Load.

Power Factor	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
Single Phase 0.5/1/0.5	256-TDSU	43
Single Phase 0/1/0	256-TDCU	43
Single Phase 1/0/1/0/1	256-TDAU	43
3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire Balance Load 0.5/1/0.5	256-TDTU	45
3 Phase 3 Wire Balance Load 0/1/0	256-TDEU	46
3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire Balance Load 1/0/1/0/1	256-TDBU	46

Note: These products are only suitable for 50Hz or 60Hz operation.

#### **Product Codes - Phase Angle Transducers Single Phase**

3 Phase 3/4 Wire Balanced Load 2 or 4 Quadrant

Phase Angle	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
Single Phase	256-TPSU	14
60/0/60 75/0/36 0.5/1.0/0.5 or 0.2/1/0.8		
Single Phase -180°/0/180°	256-TPAU	14
3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire Balanced Load	256-TPTU	42
0.5/1/0.5 or 0.2/1/0.8		
3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire Balanced Load -180°/0/180°	256-TPBU	19

# Product Codes – Power Factor Transducer (Suits Analogue Indicators) Single Phase

3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire Balanced Load.

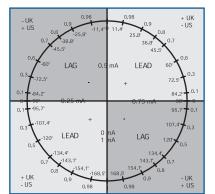
Accuracy +/- 3% of Span, i.e. 0.03 counts on 0.5/1/1/0.5 model.

Power Factor	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
Single Phase - 0.5/1/0.5	256-TFSU	14
Single Phase - 0/1/0	256-TFCU	14
Single Phase - 1/0/1/0/1	256-TFAU	14
3 Phase 3 or 4 Wire Balanced Load 0.5/1/0.5	256-TFTU	42
3 Phase 3 Wire Balanced Load 0/1/0	256-TFEU	19
3 Phase 3 Wire or 4 Wire Balanced Load 1/0/1/0/1	256-TFBU	19

Note: These products are only suitable for 50Hz or 60Hz operation.

### **Product Code - Phase Relationship Transducer**

Phase Relationship	Catalogue No.	Connection Diag.
Measures the phase relationship between two systems (voltage inputs)	256-TPDU	36



#### Conversion to P.F.

The transducer output, if displayed on an analogue meter, produces an inconvenient non-linear scale. Computer users may find the need for a linearising program. Other transducers are available from Crompton Instruments with a linearised output if required.