

NTC THERMISTORS: TYPE BR32/42/55

GLASS ENCAPSULATED BEAD THERMISTOR

DESCRIPTION:

Large glass encapsulated bead thermistors on fine diameter platinum alloy lead-wires.

FEATURES:

- Suitable for most low cost temperature measurement, control or compensation applications
- Fast thermal response times
- Rugged glass encapsulation provides hermetic seal and better strain relief than large glass coated bead thermistors
- Long term stability is better than large glass coated bead thermistors
- Suitable for self-heated applications such as liquid level sensing or gas flow measurement
- Recommended for all applications where the customer will perform further assembly operations
- Normal operating/storage temperatures range from -80°C to:

105°C for Material system E0 200°C for Material system A1 through A4 300°C for Material systems A5 through D17

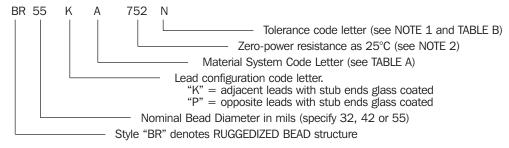
- Unaffected by severe environmental exposures, including nuclear radiation
- Intermittent operation up to 600°C is permissible, however, stability will be degraded.

OPTIONS:

- Non-standard resistance tolerances
- Non-standard resistance values
- Reference temperature(s) other than 25°C specify
- Mounting in special housings or enclosures
- Longer continuous leads
- · Welded or soldered extension leads specify lead material, diameter, length and insulation, if any.
- Solderable or weldable/solderable leads
- · Leads can be pre-tinned or treated for improved soldering
- Calibration specify temperature(s)
- Interchangeable pairs or set, curve matching specify temperature range(s) and tolerance(s)
- Special aging and conditioning for high reliability applications

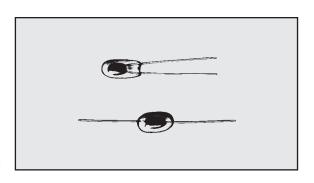
CODING:

The code number to be ordered may be specified as follows:



- **NOTE 1:** Special tolerances are available on request. Consult factory for special resistance tolerances, non-standard resistances and/or non-standard temperatures.
- NOTE 2: The zero-power resistance at 25°C, expressed in Ohms, is identified by a three digit code number. The first two digits represent significant figures, and the last digit specifies the number of zeros to follow. Example: 7.5k Ohms= "752". The standard resistance values are from the 24-Value series decade as specified in Military Standard MS90178.

1.0 / 1.1 / 1.2 / 1.3 / 1.5 / 1.6 / 1.8 / 2.0 / 2.2 / 2.4 / 2.7 / 3.0 3.3 / 3.6 / 3.9 / 4.3 / 4.7 / 5.1 / 5.6 / 6.2 / 6.8 / 7.5 / 8.2 / 9.1



DIMENSIONS:

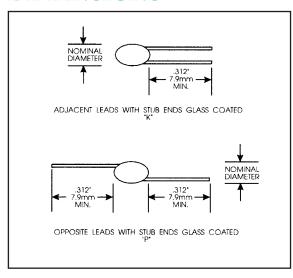


TABLE A: THERMAL AND ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES:

The following table lists the THERMAL and ELECTRICAL properties for all LARGE RUGGEDIZED THERMISTORS. All definitions and test methods are per MIL-PRF-23648.

| THEF | RMISTOR SERIE | S: | BR32 | BR42 | BR55 | |
|-------------------|---------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| BODY DIMENSION | S: | | | | | |
| | - | Nom. Diameter: | .032" (.81 mm) | .042" (1.1 mm) | .055" (1.4 mm) | |
| | | Max. Diameter: | .033" (.84 mm) | .046" (1.2 mm) | .060" (1.5 mm) | |
| | | Max. Length: | .084" (2.1 mm) | .095" (2.4 mm) | .120" (3.0 mm) | |
| | | · · | | | | |
| lead-wires: | | | | | | |
| | | Nom. Diameter: | .003" (.08 mm) | .004" (.10 mm) | .004" (.10 mm) | |
| | Minimu | ım Lead Length: | .312" (7.9 mm) | .312" (7.9 mm) | .312" (7.9 mm) | |
| | | Lead Material: | Platinum Alloy | Platinum Alloy | Platinum Alloy | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | Available Cuts: | "K" adjacent | "K" adjacent | "K" adjacent | |
| | | | "P" opposite | "P" opposite | "P" opposite | |
| | _ | | | | | |
| MATERIAL SYSTEM | | | Nominal | Nominal | Nominal | |
| CODE | R-vs-T | 25/125 | Resistance | Resistance | Resistance | |
| LETTER | CURVE | RATIO | Range @ 25°C | Range @ 25°C | Range @ 25°C | |
| E | 0 | 5.0 | _ | 30 Ω - 51 Ω | $30~\Omega-51~\Omega$ | |
| Α | 1 | 11.8 | 100 Ω - 300 Ω | 51 Ω - 150 Ω | 51 Ω – 150 Ω | |
| Α | 2 | 12.5 | 300 Ω – 750 Ω | 150 Ω - 360 Ω | 150 Ω – 360 Ω | |
| Α | 3 | 14.0 | $750~\Omega - 1.5~k\Omega$ | 360 Ω - 750 Ω | 360 Ω – 750 Ω | |
| Α | 4 | 16.9 | $1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ $-3.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $750~\Omega$ – $1.5~k\Omega$ | $750~\Omega - 1.5~k\Omega$ | |
| Α | 5 | 19.8 | $3.0 \text{ k}\Omega - 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $1.5 \text{ k}\Omega - 3.6 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ $- 3.6 \text{ k}\Omega$ | |
| Α | 6 | 22.1 | $6.8 \text{ k}\Omega - 13 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $3.6 \text{ k}\Omega - 6.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $3.6 \text{ k}\Omega - 6.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ | |
| Α | 7 | 22.7 | 13 kΩ $-$ 18 kΩ | $6.2 \text{ k}\Omega - 9.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $6.2~\text{k}\Omega$ $-~9.1~\text{k}\Omega$ | |
| В | 8 | 29.4 | 18 k Ω – 51 k Ω | $9.1 \text{ k}\Omega - 27 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $9.1~\text{k}\Omega$ $ 27~\text{k}\Omega$ | |
| В | 9 | 30.8 | $51 \text{ k}\Omega$ $ 82 \text{ k}\Omega$ | $27 \text{ k}\Omega - 43 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 27 kΩ – 43 kΩ | |
| В | 10 | 32.3 | 82 kΩ $-$ 150 kΩ | $43 \text{ k}\Omega - 75 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 43 kΩ – 75 kΩ | |
| В | 11 | 35.7 | 150 kΩ – 330 kΩ | $75 k\Omega - 160 k\Omega$ | 75 k Ω $-$ 160 k Ω | |
| В | 12 | 38.1 | 330 kΩ – 680 kΩ | 160 kΩ – 360 kΩ | 160 kΩ – 360 kΩ | |
| В | 13 | 45.0 | $680 \text{ k}\Omega - 1.5 \text{ M}\Omega$ | $360 \text{ k}\Omega - 750 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 360 kΩ – 750 kΩ | |
| В | 14 | 48.1 | $1.5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ $-~3.0~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | $750 \text{ k}\Omega - 1.5 \text{ M}\Omega$ | $750 \text{ k}\Omega - 1.5 \text{ M}\Omega$ | |
| В | 15 | 56.5 | $3.0 \text{ M}\Omega - 6.2 \text{ M}\Omega$ | $1.5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ $-~3.0~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | $1.5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ $-3.0~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | |
| D | 16 | 75.6 | $6.2~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ $-~10~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | $3.0~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ $-~8.2~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | $3.0~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ $-~8.2~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | |
| D | 17 | 81.0 | _ | $8.2~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ $-~20~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ | $8.2 \text{ M}\Omega - 20 \text{ M}\Omega$ | |
| THERMAL TIME CO | NICTANIT. | | | | | |
| THERIVIAL TIME CO | | Ctill Air at 25°C | 4.5 sec | E 000 | 7 sec | |
| | | Still Air at 25°C: unge into Water: | 4.5 sec 90 msec | 5 sec 140 msec | 200 msec | |
| | PI | unge milo Waler. | ao msec | T40 IIISEC | ZOO HISEC | |
| DISSIPATION CONS | STANT. | | | | | |
| DISSIFATION CON | | Still Air at 25°C: | .28 mW/°C | .33 mW/°C | .50 mW/°C | |
| | | I Water at 25°C: | 1.4 mW/°C | 1.65 mW/°C | 2.50 mW/°C | |
| | Stil | 20 0. | I IIIVV/ O | 1.00 IIIVV/ 0 | 2.55 11100/ 5 | |
| POWER RATING: (i | n air) | | | | | |
| | , | m Power Rating: | .035 Watts | .042 Watts | .050 Watts | |
| | | Max. Power to: | 150°C | 150°C | 150°C | |
| | | erated to 0% at: | 300°C | 300°C | 300°C | |
| | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

RESISTANCE -VS- TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS: The nominal resistance range for the zero-power resistance at 25°C is shown for each THERMISTOR Type and each available Material System. Each Material System is denoted by an ordering Code Letter, a referenced Curve number and the nominal 25°C/125°C resistance ratio.

TABLE B: STANDARD TOLERANCES:

| Tolerance Code Letter | F | G | J | K | L | М | N | Р | Q | R | S |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--------------------------------|
| ± % Tolerance at 25°C | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 | Non-standard – consult factory |