

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND SETTINGS

Description

• The operating function of this unit is classed as a Type A 🖂 for which tripping is ensured for residual sinusoidal alternating currents and residual pulsating direct currents, whether applied suddenly or slowly rising. Additionally, this unit is protected against nuisance tripping \mathcal{N} .

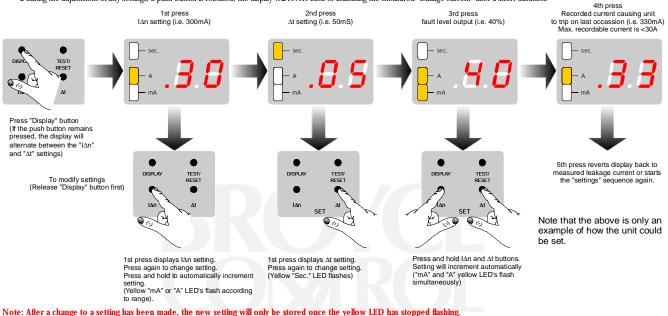
Applying power (assuming no leakage current present)

Apply power and the "positive safety output" relay will energise and contacts 6 and 8 will close. The "standard output" relay will remain de-energised (contacts 12 and 14 open).
After carrying out a self test (all segments illuminate on the LED display for a short period), then indicate the L∆n setting, followed by the measured "leakage current" that may be present in the installation. The yellow LED's to the left of the display show whether the current is "mA" or "A".

Viewing and changing the user settings.

Note: The unit is factory set to 30mA trip and instantaneous delay. The remote fault level output is set to 50%. Adjustment of these settings is prevented by the tamperproof cover, which is sealed at the factory. Access to the push buttons, which are used to change the settings, can only be made once the factory seal is broken. A spare seal is supplied with the unit and should be fitted if any adjustments are made.

- The settings can be viewed and checked by pressing the "Display" push button as shown. Carrying out adjustments to these settings requires the tamperproof cover to be lifted in order to gain access to the two push buttons underneath.
- If during the adjustment of any settings, a push button is released, the display will revert back to indicating the measured "leakage current" after a short duration.



Fault simulation (Test mode)

• The unit can be placed into a fault condition by pressing the "Test/Reset" button on the front of the unit (or by pressing the remote "Test" button - if fitted). If the unit is already in a "no fault" condition, i.e., not tripped, the first press will trip the unit. The output relays operate accordingly. The display shows the following characters.



- Press the same button again to reset the unit. The display reverts back to any measured leakage current that may be present.
- The unit can also be reset using the external "Reset" button (if fitted) or by interrupting the power supply.
- To satisfy regulations, it is recommended that the device be tested periodically to ensure correct operation.

Fault conditions

Leakage currents

- If during normal service, the leakage current increases above the setting for the fault level output, the remote lamp will illuminate (if fitted) and the display will flash to give the user early warning of a possible fault condition. If the fault persists and the level of leakage current exceeds the trip level setting, the unit will trip. The "positive safety output" relay will e-energise and contacts 6 and 8 will open. The "standard output" relay will energise and contacts 12 and 14 will close. The red "fault" LED 4 will illuminate and the display will stop flashing.
- Pressing the "Test/Reset" button returns the unit back to normal operation, assuming the fault has cleared. Note that the level of current that caused the unit to trip is now stored and can be re-called by pressing the "Display" button (see above). Note also that the recorded trip current is only stored whilst power is applied and cleared if the power supply is interrupted.

Toroid open circuit

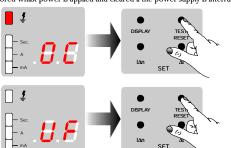
- If the wiring between the unit and toroid becomes damaged (open circuit), the unit will trip.
- The display shows the following characters (see right).
- After the fault has cleared, press the "Test/Reset" button to return the unit back to normal operation.

Supply voltage fault

- If the applied supply voltage is < 80% of Un, the unit will not operate and the display shows the following characters (see right). Both relays remain in the de-energised condition.
- After the correct voltage has been established, the same display test sequence occurs as if power were being applied in a normal manner.

Troubleshooting

If the unit fails to operate correctly other than that described above, then the fault will more than likely be with the wiring to the unit. Check all wiring and that the connections are good.
Ensure the supply to the unit is present on terminals 1 and 3 and is within the operational limits specified.



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