



150-mA Ultra Low-Noise LDO Regulator With Discharge Option

FEATURES

- Ultra Low Dropout—130 mV at 150-mA Load
- Ultra Low Noise—30 μV_(rms) (10-Hz to 100-kHz Bandwidth)
- Shutdown Control
- 110-μA Ground Current at 150-mA Load
- 1.5% Guaranteed Output Voltage Accuracy
- 300-mA Peak Output Current Capability
- Uses Low ESR Ceramic Capacitors
- Fast Start-Up (50 μs)
- Fast Line and Load Transient Response (≤ 30 μs)
- 1-μA Maximum Shutdown Current
- Output Current Limit
- Reverse Battery Protection
- Built-in Short Circuit and Thermal Protection



- Output, Auto-Discharge In Shutdown Mode
- Fixed 1.8, 2.5, 2.6, 2.8, 2.85, 2.9, 3.0, 3.3, 5.0-V Output Voltage Options
- Thin SOT23-5 Package

APPLICATIONS

- Cellular Phones, Wireless Handsets
- Noise-Sensitive Electronic Systems, Laptop and Palmtop Computers
- PDAs
- Pagers
- Digital Cameras
- MP3 Player
- Wireless Modem

DESCRIPTION

The Si91841 is a 150-mA CMOS LDO (low dropout) voltage regulator. It is the perfect choice for low voltage, low power applications. An ultra low ground current makes this part attractive for battery operated power systems. The Si91841 also offers ultra low dropout voltage to prolong battery life in portable electronics. Systems requiring a quiet voltage source, such as RF applications, will benefit from the Si91841's ultra low output noise. An external noise bypass capacitor connected to the device's BP pin can further reduce the noise level. The Si91841 is designed to maintain regulation while delivering 300-mA peak current, making it ideal for systems that have a high surge current upon turn-on.

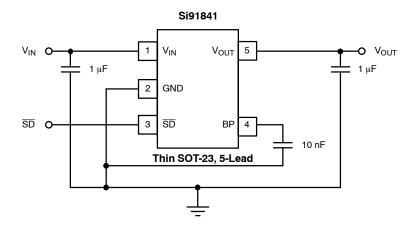
For better transient response and regulation, an active

pull-down circuit is built into the Si91841 to clamp the output voltage when it rises beyond normal regulation. The Si91841 automatically discharges the output voltage by connecting the output to ground through a 100- Ω n-channel MOSFET when the device is put in shutdown mode.

The Si91841 features reverse battery protection to limit reverse current flow to approximately 1- μ A in the event reversed battery is applied at the input, thus preventing damage to the IC.

The Si91841 is available in both standard and lead (Pb)-free packages.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Document Number: 71447 S-50956—Rev. D, 16-May-05



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Absolute Maximum Ratings	
Input Voltage, V _{IN} to GND	–6.0 to 6.5 V
$V_{\overline{SD}}$ (See Detailed Description)	–0.3 V to V _{IN}
Output Current, I _{OUT}	Short Circuit Protected
Output Voltage, V _{OUT}	0.3 V to V _{IN} + 0.3 V
Package Power Dissipation, $(P_d)^b$	440 mW

Package Thermal Resistance, $(\theta_{JA})^a$	°C/W
Maximum Junction Temperature, T _{J(max)}	50°C
Storage Temperature, T _{STG} 65°C to 1	50°C
Notes	

Device mounted with all leads soldered or welded to PC board. Derate 5.5 mW/ $^{\circ}$ C above $T_A = 70 ^{\circ}$ C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Input Voltage, V _{IN}	2 V to 6 V
Input Voltage, V _{SD}	0 V to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$
$C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ (ceramic), $C_{BP} = 0.01 \mu F$ (ceramic)	
Maximum ESR of C_{OUT} : 0.4Ω	

Operating Ambient Temperature, T_A $\dots \dots -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

SPECIFICATIONS								
		Test Conditions Unless Specified $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{OUT(nom)}} + 1 \text{V}$		Limits -40 to 85°C				
Parameter	Symbol	I_{OUT} = 1 mA, C_{IN} = 1 μ F, C_{OUT} = 1.0 μ F $V_{\overline{SD}}$ = 1.5 V	Temp ^a	Min ^b	Турс	Max ^b	Unit	
	<u> </u>		 		1	1		
Start-Up BP Current	I _{OUT}	ON/OFF = High	Room		1		mA	
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}		Full	2		6	V	
Output Voltage Accuracy	V _{OUT}	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 150 \text{ mA}$	Room	-1.5	1	1.5	%	
output voltago / toouraoy	*001	1 11001 = 10011	Full	-2.5	1	2.5	,,,	
Line Regulation ($V_{OUT} \le 3 \text{ V}$)			Full	-0.06		0.18	%/V	
Line Regulation (3.0 V < V _{OUT} ≤ 3.6 V)	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT} \times 100}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT(nom)}}$	From $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1 V \text{ to } V_{OUT(nom)} + 2 V$	Full	0		0.3		
Line Regulation (5-V Version)		From V _{IN} = 5.5 V to 6 V	Full	0		0.4		
		I _{OUT} = 1 mA	Room		1		1	
			Room		45	80	mV	
Dropout Voltage ^{d, g} (V _{OUT(nom)} ≥ 2.6 V)	V _{IN} – V _{OUT}	I _{OUT} = 50 mA	Full		50	90		
(VOUI (nom) = 2.0 V)			Room		130	180		
		I _{OUT} = 150 mA	Full			220		
			Room		65	100		
Dropout Voltage ^{d, g}		I _{OUT} = 50 mA	Full			120		
$(V_{OUT(nom)} < 2.6 \text{ V}, V_{IN} \ge 2 \text{ V})$			Room		190	250		
,		I _{OUT} = 150 mA	Full			300		
Ground Pin Current ^{e, 9} $(V_{OUT(nom)} \le 3 V)$	- I _{GND}		Room		100	150		
		I _{OUT} = 0 mA	Full			180	μΑ	
			Room		110	200		
		I _{OUT} = 150 mA	Full			230		
Ground Pin Currente			Room		110	170		
		$I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$	Full			200		
(V _{OUT(nom)} > 3 V)			Room		120	200		
		I _{OUT} = 150 mA	Full		<u>.</u>	230		
Peak Output current	I _{O(peak)}	$V_{OUT} \ge 0.95 \text{ x } V_{OUT(nom)}. \text{ tpw} = 2 \text{ ms}$	Full	300			mA	



SPECIFICATIONS								
		Test Conditions Unless Specified $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C, \ V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1 \ V$ $I_{OUT} = 1 \ mA, \ C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F, \ C_{OUT} = 1.0 \ \mu F$ $V_{SD}^{-} = 1.5 \ V$		Temp ^a	Limits -40 to 85°C			
Parameter	Symbol				Minb	Турс	Max ^b	Unit
	_	1			1	T	,	T
Output Noise Voltage	e _N	V_{NOM} = 2.6 V, BW = 10 Hz to 100 kHz, 0 mA < I_{OUT} < 150 mA, C_{NOISE} = 0.01 μF		Room		30		μV(rms)
		I _{OUT} = 150 mA	f = 1 kHz	Room		60		dB
Ripple Rejection	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$		f = 10 kHz	Room		40		
			f = 100 kHz	Room		30		
Dynamic Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(line)}$	$V_{IN}: V_{OUT(nom)} + 1 \text{ V to } V_{OUT(nom)} + 2 \text{ V} $ $t_f/t_f = 2 \mu s, I_{OUT} = 150 \text{ mA}$		Room		20		mV
Dynamic Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(load)}$	I _{OUT} : 1 mA to 150 mA, t _r /t _f = 2 μs		Room		20		1
Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature	T _{J(S/D)}					150		°C
Thermal Hysteresis	T _{HYST}			Room		20		_
Reverse current	I _R	V _{IN} = -6.0	V	Room		1		μΑ
Short Circuit Current	I _{SC}	V _{OUT} = 0	V	Room		700		mA
Shutdown				•			•	•
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{CC(off)}	$V_{\overline{SD}} = 0 \text{ V}$		Room		0.1	1	μΑ
		High = Regulator ON (Rising)		Full	1.5		V _{IN}	
SD Pin Input Voltage	V _{SD}	Low = Regulator OFF (Falling)		Full			0.4	V
Auto Discharge Resistance	R_DIS	Si91841 Only		Room		100		Ω
SD Pin Input Currentf	I _{IN(SD)}	V _{SD} = 1.5 V, V _{IN} = 6 V		Room		0.7		μΑ
SD Hysteresis	V _{HYST(SD)}		Full		150		mV	
V _{OUT} Turn-On Time	t _{ON}	V _{SD} (See Figure 1), I _L			50		μS	

Notes

- Room = 25° C, Full = -40 to 85° C.
- The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum.

 Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing. Typical values for dropout voltage at V_{OUT} = 2 V are measured at V_{OUT} = 3.3 V, while typical values for dropout voltage at V_{OUT} < 2 V are measured at V_{OUT} = 1.8 V.

 Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential voltage at which the output voltage drops 2% below the output voltage measured with a 1-V
- differential, provided that V_{IN} does not not drop below 2.0 V.
- Ground current is specified for normal operation as well as "drop-out" operation. The device's shutdown pin includes a typical 2-M Ω internal pull-down resistor connected to ground.
- $V_{OUT(nom)}$ is V_{OUT} when measured with a 1-V differential to $V_{IN.}$

TIMING WAVEFORMS

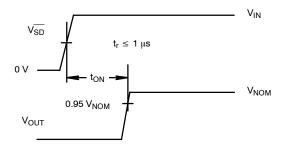
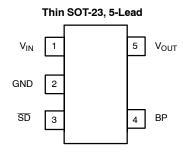


FIGURE 1. Timing Diagram for Power-Up



PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION					
Pin No.	Name	Function			
1	V _{IN}	Input supply pin. Bypass this pin with a 1-μF ceramic or tantalum capacitor to ground			
2	GND	Ground pin. For better thermal capability, directly connected to large ground plane			
3	SD	By applying less than 0.4 V to this pin, the device will be turned off. Connect this pin to V_{IN} if unused			
4	BP	Noise bypass pin. For low noise applications, a 0.01 μF ceramic capacitor should be connected from this pin to ground.			
5	V _{OUT}	Output voltage. Connect C _{OUT} between this pin and ground.			

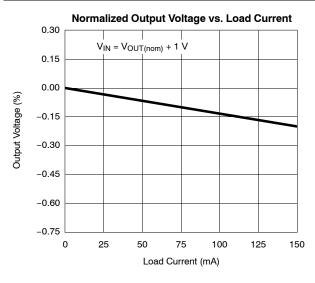
ORDERING INFORMATION—Si91841								
Part Number	Lead (Pb)-Free Part Number	Marking	Voltage	Temperature Range	Package			
Si91841DT-18-T1	Si91841DT-18-T1—E3	B4LL	1.8					
Si91841DT-25-T1	Si91841DT-25-T1—E3	B7LL	2.5					
Si91841DT-26-T1	Si91841DT-26-T1—E3	B8LL	2.6					
Si91841DT-28-T1	Si91841DT-28-T1—E3	B0LL	2.8					
Si91841DT-285-T1	Si91841DT-285—E3	C1LL	2.85	−40 to 85°C	Thin SOT23-5			
Si91841DT-29-T1	Si91841DT-29-T1—E3	C2LL	2.9					
Si91841DT-30-T1	Si91841DT-30-T1—E3	C3LL	3.0					
Si91841DT-33-T1	Si91841DT-33-T1—E3	C4LL	3.3					
Si91841DT-50-T1	Si91841DT-50-T1—E3	C7LL	5.0					

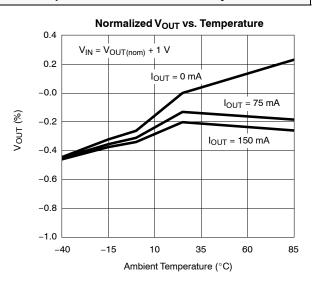
Note: LL = Lot Code

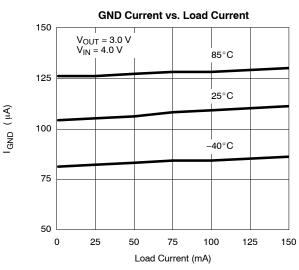


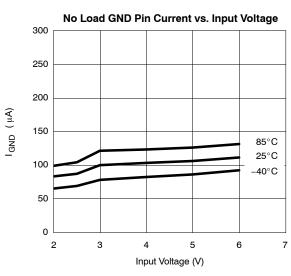


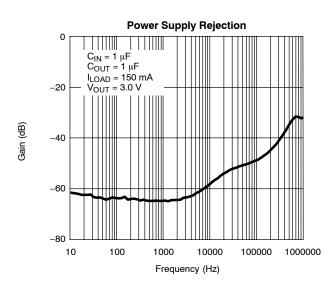
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (INTERNALLY REGULATED, 25°C UNLESS NOTED)

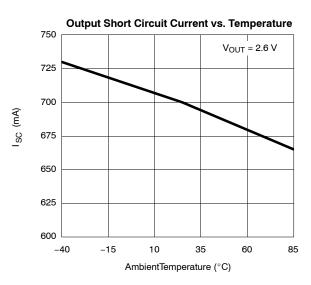






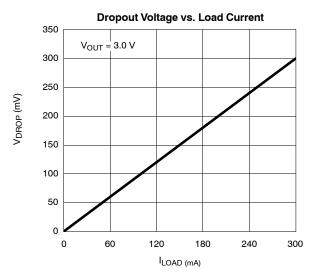


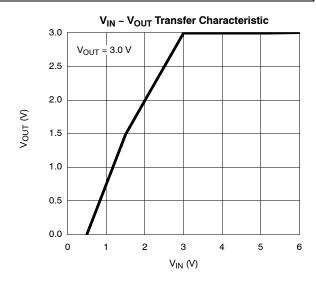


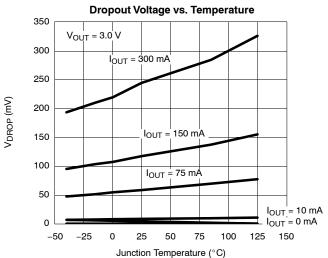


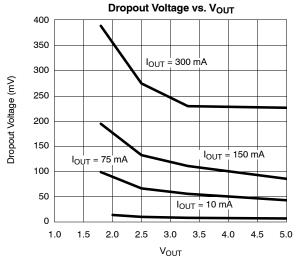


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (INTERNALLY REGULATED, 25°C UNLESS NOTED)





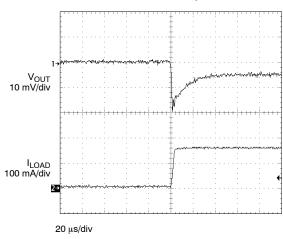






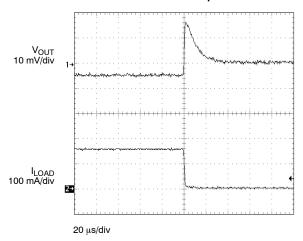
TYPICAL WAVEFORMS

Load Transient Response-1



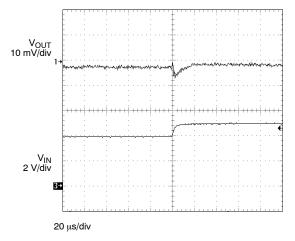
 $\begin{array}{l} V_{OUT} = 3.0 \ V \\ C_{OUT} = 1 \ \mu F \\ I_{LOAD} = 1 \ to \ 150 \ mA \\ t_{rise} = 2 \ \mu sec \end{array}$

Load Transient Response-2



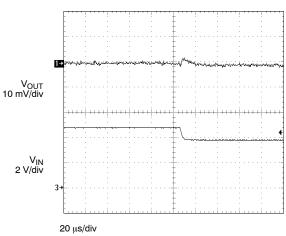
 $\begin{aligned} &V_{OUT} = 3.0 \text{ V} \\ &C_{OUT} = 1 \text{ } \mu\text{F} \\ &I_{LOAD} = 150 \text{ to 1 mA} \\ &t_{fall} = 2 \text{ } \mu\text{sec} \end{aligned}$

LineTransient Response-1



 $\begin{array}{l} V_{INSTEP} = 4 \ to \ 5 \ V \\ V_{OUT} = 3 \ V \\ C_{OUT} = 1 \ \mu F \\ C_{IN} = 1 \ \mu F \\ I_{LOAD} = 150 \ mA \\ t_{rise} = 5 \ \mu sec \end{array}$

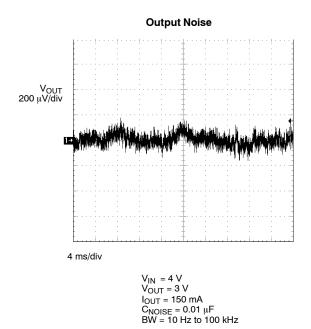
LineTransient Respons-2

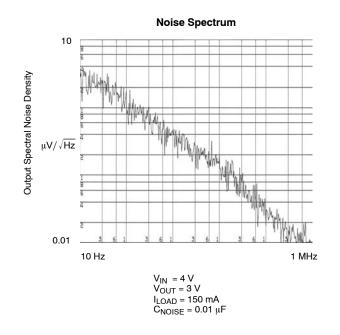


 $\begin{array}{l} V_{INSTEP}=5 \ \ to \ 4 \ V \\ V_{OUT}=3 \ V \\ C_{OUT}=1 \ \mu F \\ C_{IN}=1 \ \mu F \\ I_{LOAD}=150 \ mA \\ t_{fall}=5 \ \mu sec \end{array}$

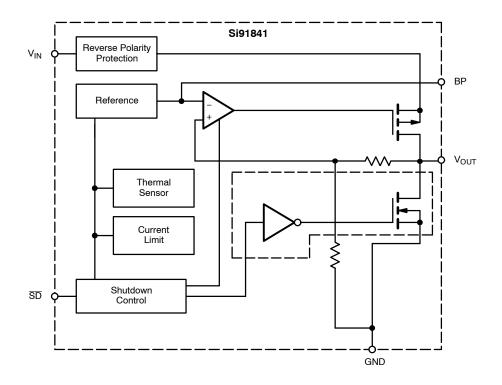


TYPICAL WAVEFORMS





BLOCK DIAGRAM





DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The Si91841 is a low-noise, low drop-out and low quiescent current linear voltage regulator, packaged in a small footprint Thin SOT23-5 package. The Si91841 can supply loads up to 150 mA. As shown in the block diagram, the circuit consists of a bandgap reference error, amplifier, p-channel pass transistor and feedback resistor string. An external bypass capacitor connected to the BP pin reduces noise at the output. Additional blocks, not shown in the block diagram, include a precise current limiter, reverse battery and current protection and thermal sensor.

Thermal Overload Protection

The thermal overload protection limits the total power dissipation and protects the device from being damaged. When the junction temperature exceeds 150°, the device turns the p-channel pass transistor off.

Reverse Battery Protection

The Si91841 has a battery reverse protection circuitry that disconnects the internal circuitry when V_{IN} drops below the GND voltage. There is no current drawn in such an event. When the \overline{SD} pin is hardwired to $V_{IN},$ the user must connect the \overline{SD} pin to V_{IN} via a 100-k Ω resistor if reverse battery

protection is desired. Hardwiring the \overline{SD} pin directly to the V_{IN} pin is allowed when reverse battery protection is not desired.

Noise Reduction

An external 10-nF bypass capacitor at BP is used to create a low pass filter for noise reduction. The start-up time is fast, since a power-on circuit pre-charges the bypass capacitor. After the power-up sequence the pre-charge circuit is switched to standby mode in order to save current. It is therefore not recommended to use larger bypass capacitor values than 50 nF. When the circuit is used without a capacitor, stable operation is guaranteed.

Auto-Discharge/No-Discharge

For Si91841 only, V_{OUT} has an internal 100- Ω (typ.) discharge path to ground when the \overline{SD} pin is low.

Stability

The circuit is stable with only a small output capacitor equal to 6 nF/mA (= 1 μF @ 150 mA). Since the bandwidth of the error amplifier is around 1–3 MHz and the dominant pole is at the output node, the capacitor should be capacitive in this range, i.e., for 150-mA load current, an ESR <0.4 Ω is necessary. Parasitic inductance of about 10 nH can be tolerated.

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see http://www.vishay.com/ppg?71447.





Vishay

Disclaimer

All product specifications and data are subject to change without notice.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained herein or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay disclaims any and all liability arising out of the use or application of any product described herein or of any information provided herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. The product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein, which apply to these products.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications unless otherwise expressly indicated. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so entirely at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages arising or resulting from such use or sale. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Document Number: 91000 Revision: 18-Jul-08

r: 91000 www.vishay.com