

## LM2991

# **Negative Low Dropout Adjustable Regulator**

### **General Description**

The LM2991 is a low dropout adjustable negative regulator with a output voltage range between -3V to -24V. The LM2991 provides up to 1A of load current and features a  $\overline{\text{On}}$  /Off pin for remote shutdown capability.

The LM2991 uses new circuit design techniques to provide a low dropout voltage, low quiescent current and low temperature coefficient precision reference. The dropout voltage at 1A load current is typically 0.6V and a guaranteed worst-case maximum of 1V over the entire operating temperature range. The quiescent current is typically 1 mA with a 1A load current and an input-output voltage differential greater than 3V. A unique circuit design of the internal bias supply limits the quiescent current to only 9 mA (typical) when the regulator is in the dropout mode ( $V_{OUT} - V_{IN} \le 3V$ ).

The LM2991 is short-circuit proof, and thermal shutdown includes hysteresis to enhance the reliability of the device when inadvertently overloaded for extended periods. The LM2991 is available in 5-lead TO-220 and TO-263 packages and is rated for operation over the automotive temperature range of –40°C to +125°C. Mil-Aero versions are also available.

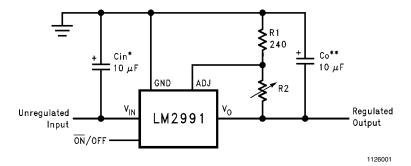
### **Features**

- Output voltage adjustable from -3V to -24V, typically -2V to -25V
- Output current in excess of 1A
- Dropout voltage typically 0.6V at 1A load
- Low quiescent current
- Internal short circuit current limit
- Internal thermal shutdown with hysteresis
- TTL, CMOS compatible ON/OFF switch
- Functional complement to the LM2941 series

### **Applications**

- Post switcher regulator
- Local, on-card, regulation
- Battery operated equipment

## **Typical Application**



 $V_{OUT} = V_{REF} (1 + R2/R1)$ 

\*Required if the regulator is located further than 6 inches from the power supply filter capacitors. A 1  $\mu$ F solid tantalum or a 10  $\mu$ F aluminum electrolytic capacitor is recommended.

\*\*Required for stability. Must be at least a 10 µF aluminum electrolytic or a 1 µF solid tantalum to maintain stability. May be increased without bound to maintain regulation during transients. Locate the capacitor as close as possible to the regulator. The equivalent series resistance (ESR) is critical, and should be less than 10Ω over the same operating temperature range as the regulator.

# **Connection Diagrams**



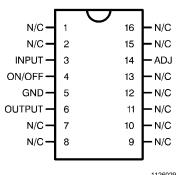
Front View TO-220, 5-Lead, Straight See NS Package Number T05A



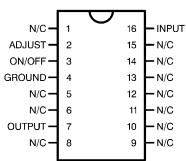
Front View
TO-220 Flow LB03, 5-Lead, Staggered Bend
See NS Package Number T05D



Top View TO263, 5-Lead, Surface-Mount See NS Package TS5B



Top View 16-Lead, Ceramic, Dual-in-Line See NS Package Number J16A



Top View 16-Lead, Ceramic, Surface-Mount See NS Package Number WG16A

# **Ordering Information**

Order Number	Package Type	NSC Package	Package Marking	Supplied As	
LM2991S	5-Lead TO-263	TS5B	LM2991S	Rail of 45	
LM2991SX	5-Lead TO-263	TS5B	LM2991S	Reel of 500	
LM2991T	5-Pin TO-220	T05A	LM2991T	Rail of 45	
LM2991T / LB03	5-Pin TO-220, Stagger	T05D	LM2991T	Rail of 45	
LM2991J-QML	16-Pin CERDIP	J16A	5962-9650501QEA	-	
LM2991J-QMLV	16-Pin CERDIP	J16A	5962-9650501VEA	-	
LM2991WG-QML	16-Lead CERPACK	WG16A	5962-9650501QXA	Tray of 42	
	10 Lead OLTH AOR	I Wales	1 0002 00000 TQXA	11ay 01 42	

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Input Voltage -26V to +0.3V ESD Susceptibility (*Note 2*) 2 kV Power Dissipation (*Note 3*) Internally limited

Junction Temperature ( $T_{Jmax}$ ) 125°C Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) 230°C

### **Operating Ratings** (Note 1)

Junction Temperature Range ( $T_J$ )  $-40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C Maximum Input Voltage (Operational) -26V

### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{IN}$  = -10V,  $V_{O}$  = -3V,  $I_{O}$  = 1A,  $C_{O}$  = 47  $\mu$ F, R1 = 2.7  $k\Omega$ ,  $T_{J}$  = 25°C, unless otherwise specified. **Boldface** limits apply over the entire operating junction temperature range.

Parameter	Conditions	Typical (Note 4)	Min	Max	Units
Reference Voltage	5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A	-1.210	-1.234	-1.186	V
	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1\text{A},$ $V_O - 1\text{V} \ge V_{\text{IN}} \ge -26\text{V}$		-1.27	-1.15	
Output Voltago Bango		-2		-3	V
Output Voltage Range	$V_{IN} = -26V$	-25	-24		
Line Regulation	$I_{O} = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{O} - 1V \ge V_{IN} \ge -26V$	0.004		0.04	%/V
Load Regulation	50 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A	0.04		0.4	%
Dropout Voltage	$I_{\rm O} = 0.1  {\rm A},  \Delta V_{\rm O} \le 100  {\rm mV}$	0.1		0.2 <b>0.3</b>	V
	$I_O = 1A$ , $\Delta V_O \le 100 \text{ mV}$	0.6		0.8 <b>1</b>	V
Quiescent Current	I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A	0.7		5	mA
Dropout Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} = V_{O}, I_{O} \le 1A$	16		50	mA
Ripple Rejection	$V_{ripple} = 1 \text{ Vrms}, f_{ripple} = 1 \text{ kHz}, I_{O} = 5 \text{ mA}$	60	50		dB
Output Noise	10 Hz – 100 kHz, I <sub>O</sub> = 5 mA	200		450	μV
ON /OFF Input Voltage	(V <sub>OUT</sub> : ON)	1.2		0.8	V
	(V <sub>OUT</sub> : OFF)	1.3	2.4		
ON /OFF Input Current	$V_{\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}} = 0.8V \text{ (V}_{\text{OUT}}: \text{ON)}$	0.1		10	- μΑ
	$V_{\overline{ON}/OFF} = 2.4V (V_{OUT}: OFF)$	40		100	
Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = -26V$ , $V_{\overline{ON}/OFF} = 2.4V$ , $V_{OUT} = 0V$	60		250	μΑ
Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	2	1.5		Α

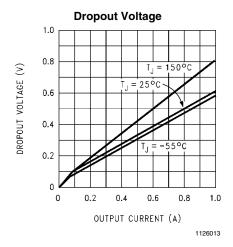
**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics.

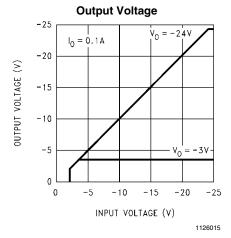
**Note 2:** Human body model, 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 k $\Omega$  resistor.

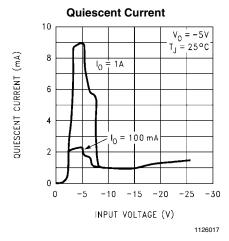
Note 3: The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_{Jmax}$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$  and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_{Jmax} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above 125°C and the LM2991 will go into thermal shutdown. For the LM2991, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is 53°C/W for the TO-220, 73°C/W for the TO-263, and junction-to-case thermal resistance is 3°C. If the TO-263 package is used, the thermal resistance can be reduced by increasing the PC board copper area thermally connected to the package. Using 0.5 square inches of copper area,  $\theta_{JA}$  is 50°C/W; with 1 square inch of copper area,  $\theta_{JA}$  is 37°C/W; and with 1.6 or more square inches of copper area,  $\theta_{JA}$  is 32°C/W.

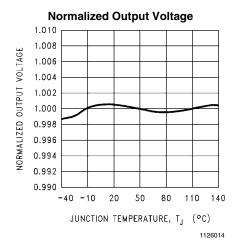
Note 4: Typicals are at  $T_J$  = 25°C and represent the most likely parametric norm.

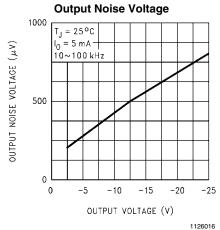
# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

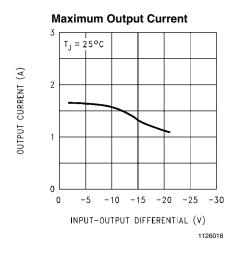




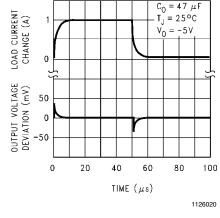




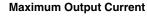


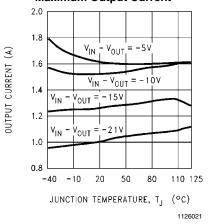


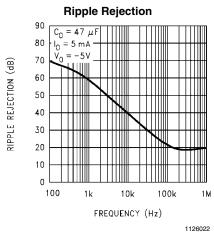
### 



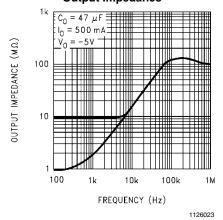
**Load Transient Response** 

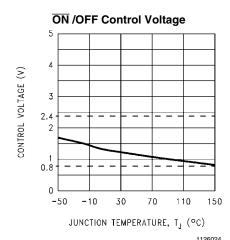


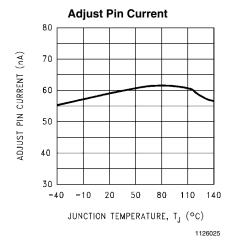


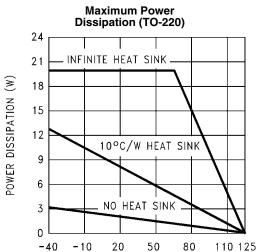


### **Output Impedance**



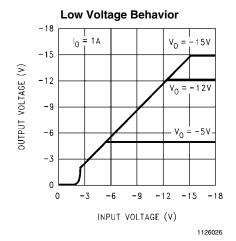


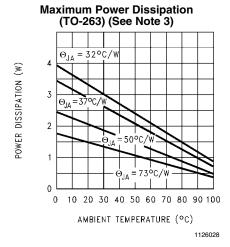




AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

1126027





# **Application Hints**

#### **EXTERNAL CAPACITORS**

Like any low-dropout regulator, external capacitors are required to stabilize the control loop. These capacitors must be correctly selected for proper performance.

#### **INPUT CAPACITOR**

An input capacitor is required if the regulator is located more than 6 inches from the input power supply filter capacitor (or if no other input capacitor is present).

A solid Tantalum or ceramic capacitor whose value is at least 1  $\mu$ F is recommended, but an aluminum electrolytic ( $\geq$  10  $\mu$ F) may be used. However, aluminum electrolytic types should not be used in applications where the ambient temperature can drop below 0°C because their internal impedance increases significantly at cold temperatures.

#### **OUTPUT CAPACITOR**

The output capacitor must meet the ESR limits shown in *Figure 1*, which means it must have an ESR between about 25 m $\Omega$  and 10 $\Omega$ .

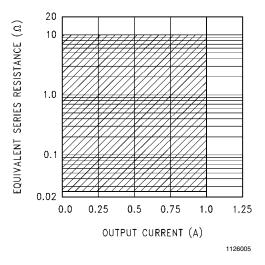


FIGURE 1. Output Capacitor ESR Range

A solid Tantalum (value  $\geq$  1  $\mu$ F) is the best choice for the output capacitor. An aluminum electrolytic ( $\geq$  10  $\mu$ F) may be used if the ESR is in the stable range.

It should be noted that the ESR of a typical aluminum electrolytic will increase by as much as 50X as the temperature is reduced from 25°C down to -40°C, while a Tantalum will exhibit an ESR increase of about 2X over the same range. For this and other reasons, aluminum electrolytics should not be used in applications where low operating temperatures occur.

The lower stable ESR limit of  $25~\text{m}\Omega$  means that ceramic capacitors can not be used directly on the output of an LDO. A ceramic ( $\geq 2.2~\mu\text{F}$ ) can be used on the output if some external resistance is placed in series with it ( $1\Omega$  recommended). Di-

electric types X7R or X5R must be used if the temperature range of the application varies more than  $\pm$  25° from ambient to assure the amount of capacitance is sufficient.

#### **CERAMIC BYPASS CAPACITORS**

Many designers place distributed ceramic capacitors whose value is in the range of 1000 pF to 0.1  $\mu$ F at the power input pins of the IC's across a circuit board. These can cause reduced phase margin or oscillations in LDO regulators.

The advent of multi-layer boards with dedicated power and ground planes has removed the trace inductance that (previously) provided the necessary "de-coupling" to shield the output of the LDO from the effects of bypass capacitors.

These capacitors should be avoided if possible, and kept as far away from the LDO output as is practical.

#### **MINIMUM LOAD**

A minimum load current of 500  $\mu$ A is required for proper operation. The external resistor divider can provide the minimum load, with the resistor from the adjust pin to ground set to 2.4 kO

#### **SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

The output voltage of the LM2991 is set externally by a resistor divider using the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} x (1 + R_2/R_1) - (I_{ADJ} x R_2)$$

where  $V_{REF}=-1.21V$ . The output voltage can be programmed within the range of -3V to -24V, typically an even greater range of -2V to -25V. The adjust pin current is about 60 nA, causing a slight error in the output voltage. However, using resistors lower than 100 k $\Omega$  makes the error due to the adjust pin current negligible. For example, neglecting the adjust pin current, and setting R2 to 100 k $\Omega$  and  $V_{OUT}$  to -5V, results in an output voltage error of only 0.16%.

#### **ON/OFF PIN**

The LM2991 regulator can be turned off by applying a TTL or CMOS level high signal to the  $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$  pin. The impedance of the voltage source driving the  $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$  pin should be low enough to source the  $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$  pin input current to meet the OFF threshold voltage level, 100  $\mu\text{A}$  maximum at 2.4V.

If the  $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$  function is not needed, the pin should be connected to Ground. The  $\overline{\text{ON}}/\text{OFF}$  pin should not be left floating, as this is not a guaranteed operating condition.

See the Adjustable Current Sink Application, Figure 3

#### FORCING THE OUTPUT POSITIVE

Due to an internal clamp circuit, the LM2991 can withstand positive voltages on its output. If the voltage source pulling the output positive is DC, the current must be limited to 1.5A. A current over 1.5A fed back into the LM2991 could damage the device. The LM2991 output can also withstand fast positive voltage transients up to 26V, without any current limiting of the source. However, if the transients have a duration of over 1 ms, the output should be clamped with a Schottky diode to ground.

# **Typical Applications**

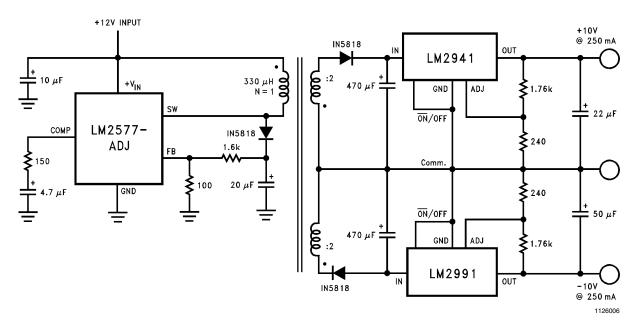


FIGURE 2. Fully Isolated Post-Switcher Regulator

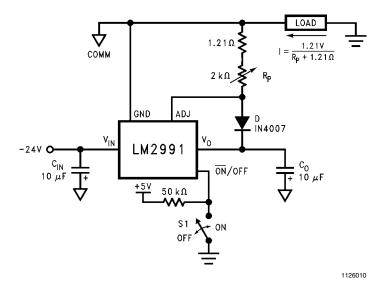
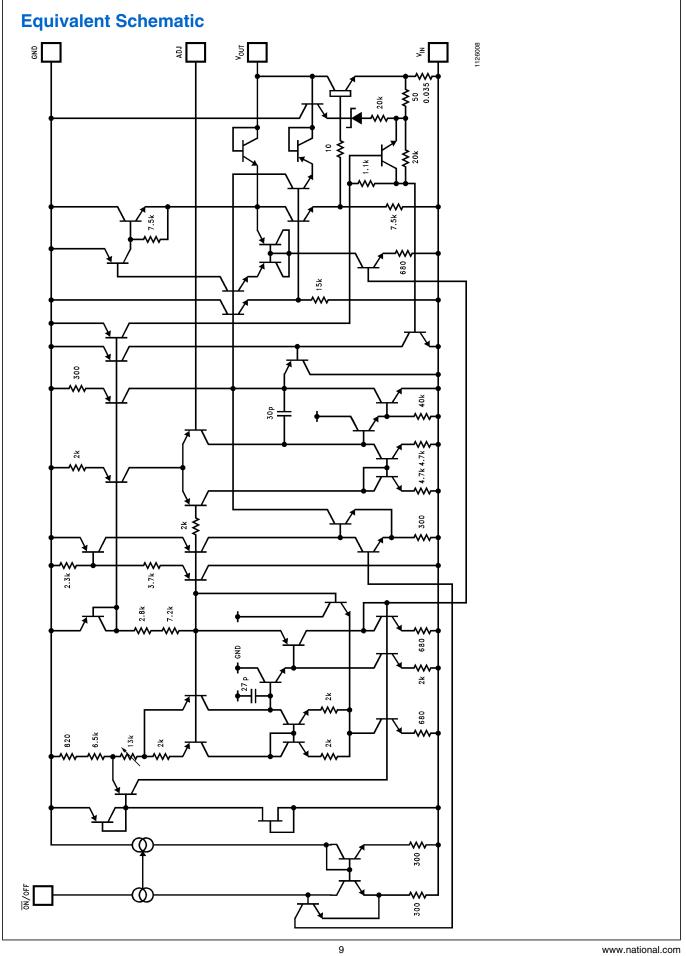
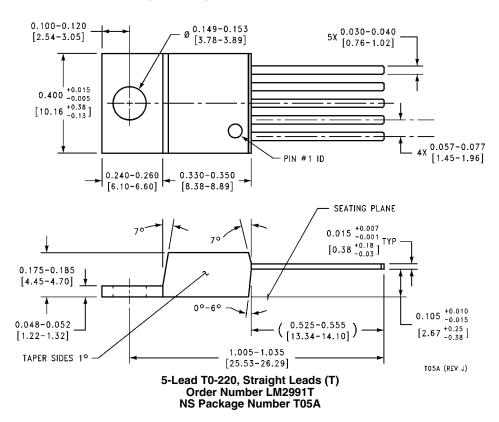


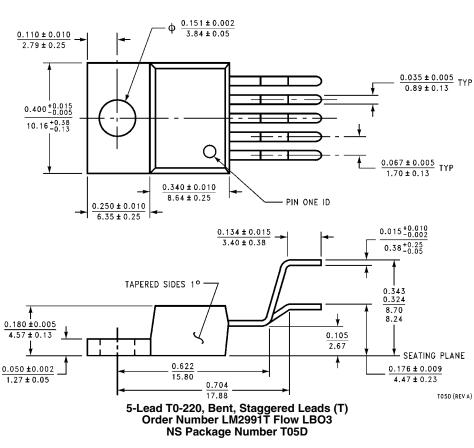
FIGURE 3. Adjustable Current Sink

8

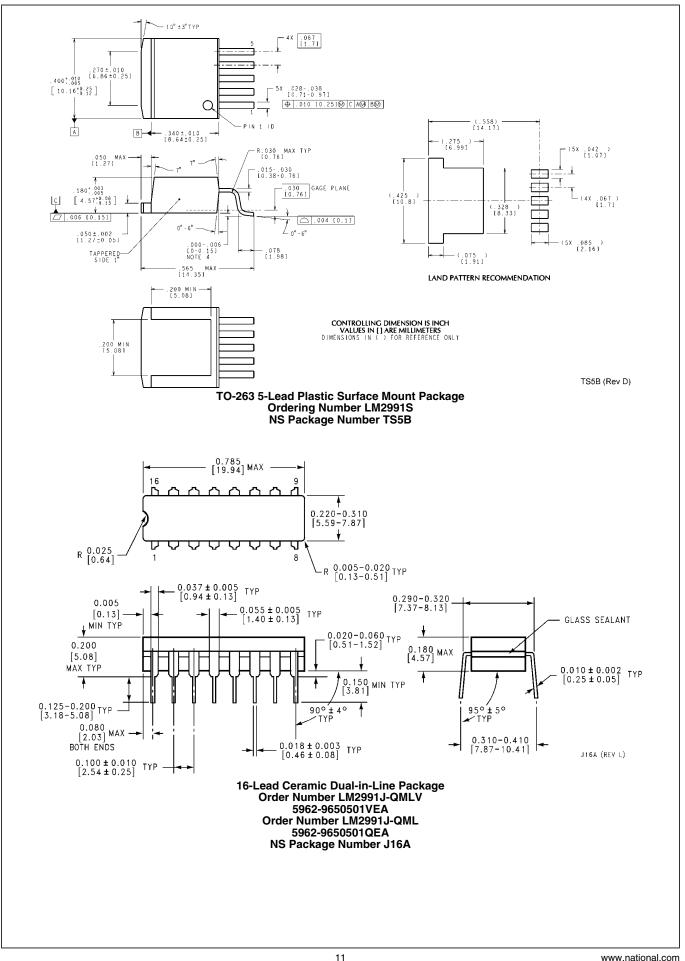


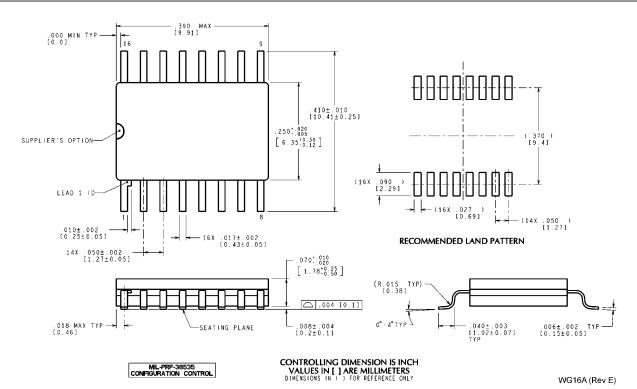
## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted





10





16-Lead Ceramic Surface-Mount Package Order Number LM2991WG-QML 5962-9650501QXA NS Package Number WG16A

12



## **Notes**

For more National Semiconductor product information and proven design tools, visit the following Web sites at: www.national.com

Products		Design Support		
Amplifiers	www.national.com/amplifiers	WEBENCH® Tools	www.national.com/webench	
Audio	www.national.com/audio	App Notes	www.national.com/appnotes	
Clock and Timing	www.national.com/timing	Reference Designs	www.national.com/refdesigns	
Data Converters	www.national.com/adc	Samples	www.national.com/samples	
Interface	www.national.com/interface	Eval Boards	www.national.com/evalboards	
LVDS	www.national.com/lvds	Packaging	www.national.com/packaging	
Power Management	www.national.com/power	Green Compliance	www.national.com/quality/green	
Switching Regulators	www.national.com/switchers	Distributors	www.national.com/contacts	
LDOs	www.national.com/ldo	Quality and Reliability	www.national.com/quality	
LED Lighting	www.national.com/led	Feedback/Support	www.national.com/feedback	
Voltage References	www.national.com/vref	Design Made Easy	www.national.com/easy	
PowerWise® Solutions	www.national.com/powerwise	Applications & Markets	www.national.com/solutions	
Serial Digital Interface (SDI)	www.national.com/sdi	Mil/Aero	www.national.com/milaero	
Temperature Sensors	www.national.com/tempsensors	SolarMagic™	www.national.com/solarmagic	
PLL/VCO	www.national.com/wireless	PowerWise® Design University	www.national.com/training	

THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE PROVIDED IN CONNECTION WITH NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION ("NATIONAL") PRODUCTS. NATIONAL MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS PUBLICATION AND RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES TO SPECIFICATIONS AND PRODUCT DESCRIPTIONS AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE. NO LICENSE, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, ARISING BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT.

TESTING AND OTHER QUALITY CONTROLS ARE USED TO THE EXTENT NATIONAL DEEMS NECESSARY TO SUPPORT NATIONAL'S PRODUCT WARRANTY. EXCEPT WHERE MANDATED BY GOVERNMENT REQUIREMENTS, TESTING OF ALL PARAMETERS OF EACH PRODUCT IS NOT NECESSARILY PERFORMED. NATIONAL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR APPLICATIONS ASSISTANCE OR BUYER PRODUCT DESIGN. BUYERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR PRODUCTS AND APPLICATIONS USING NATIONAL COMPONENTS. PRIOR TO USING OR DISTRIBUTING ANY PRODUCTS THAT INCLUDE NATIONAL COMPONENTS, BUYERS SHOULD PROVIDE ADEQUATE DESIGN, TESTING AND OPERATING SAFEGUARDS.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN NATIONAL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR SUCH PRODUCTS, NATIONAL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER, AND NATIONAL DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY RELATING TO THE SALE AND/OR USE OF NATIONAL PRODUCTS INCLUDING LIABILITY OR WARRANTIES RELATING TO FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, MERCHANTABILITY, OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

#### LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND GENERAL COUNSEL OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

Life support devices or systems are devices which (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

National Semiconductor and the National Semiconductor logo are registered trademarks of National Semiconductor Corporation. All other brand or product names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Copyright© 2010 National Semiconductor Corporation

For the most current product information visit us at www.national.com



National Semiconductor Americas Technical Support Center Email: support@nsc.com Tel: 1-800-272-9959 National Semiconductor Europe Technical Support Center Email: europe.support@nsc.com National Semiconductor Asia Pacific Technical Support Center Email: ap.support@nsc.com

National Semiconductor Japan Technical Support Center Email: jpn.feedback@nsc.com