

FCM8202 3-Phase Sinusoidal Brushless DC Motor Controller

Features

- Supports Space Vector Modulation (SVM)
- Supports Sine-Wave & Square-Wave Solutions
- Built-in Clock Generator
- Built-in Error Amplifier for Torque Loop Control
- Direct Duty Control
- Square-Wave 120°, Sine-Wave 180° Turn-on
- PLL Angle Detection (Hall Sensors)
- Current Leading Phase Correction
- Two Selectable Dead Times
- Synchronous Rectifying
- Over-Voltage and Under-Voltage Protections
- Motor and Power Transistors for Over-Voltage Protections (OVP)
- Three Levels of Over-Current Protections (OCP)
- Adjustable OC Timer
- Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

Applications

- BLDC Motor Control
- Low Noise Motor Applications
- Fan, Pump, Tools, etc.

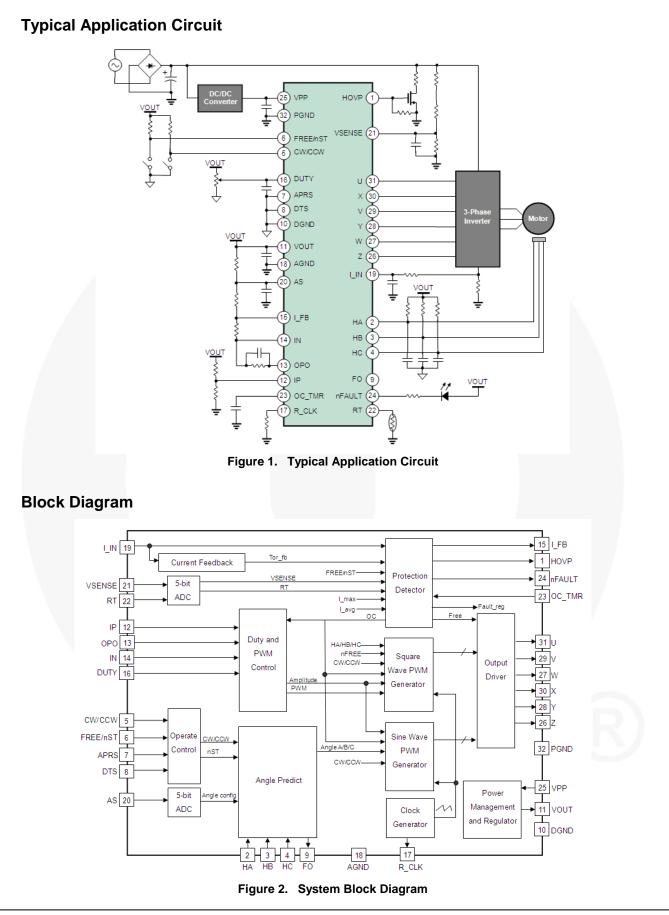
Ordering Information

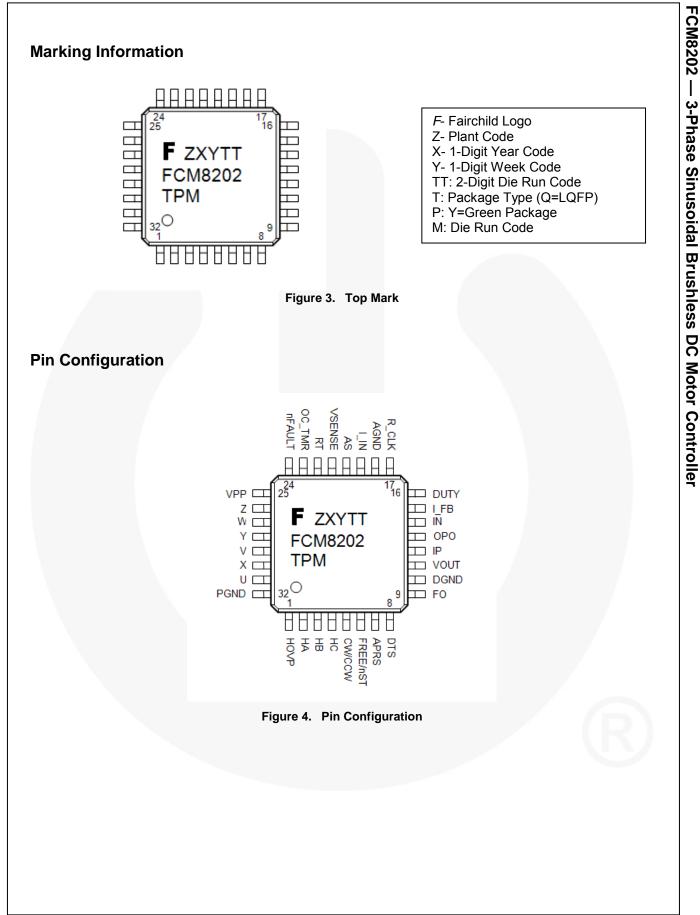
Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Packing Method
FCM8202QY	-40°C to 85°c	32-Pin, Leadless Quad Flat Pack Package (LQFP), JEDEC MS-026, Variation BCE, 7mm Square	Tray

Description

FCM8202 is a three-phase sinusoidal brushless (BLDC) motor controller with the advanced Hall sensor design. Using the Hall sensor signals, the control system is able to execute the PWM commutation by switching the three-phase inverter. There are two PWM modes: Sine-Wave Mode and Square-Wave Mode. The Square-Wave Mode includes PWM-PWM and PWM-ON approaches to improve the efficiency of the motor drive.

Complete protection functions including over-voltage, over-current, over-temperature, and short-circuit protections prevent the control circuits and the motor from being damaged, particularly under stressed applications and demanding environments.





FCM8202
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DC Motor Controll
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Pin #	Name	Description
1	HOVP	Motor Drive Over-Voltage Protection Output. Can be connected to an external power transistor for discharging the Back-EMF.
2	HA	Hall A Sensor Input. Phase-U magnetic field detection.
3	HB	Hall B Sensor Input. Phase-V magnetic field detection.
4	HC	Hall C Sensor Input. Phase-W magnetic field detection.
5	CW/CCW	Direction Control Input. This pin has a 200K Ω internal pull-up. HIGH: CW, LOW: CCW.
6	FREE/nST	Free and Start Control Input. This pin has a 200K Ω internal pull-up. HIGH: Free, LOW: Start.
7	APRS	Angle Predict Range Selection Input. This pin has a 200K Ω internal pull-up. LOW: 0.8 ~ 80Hz, HIGH: 3.2 ~ 320Hz Hall Frequency.
8	DTS	Dead-Time Selection Input. This pin has a 200K Ω internal pull-up. LOW: 3µs, HIGH: 4µs.
9	FO	Revolution Pulse Output. Pulses per revolution = motor poles ÷ 2 × 3.
10	DGND	Digital Ground
11	VOUT	Voltage Regulator Output. A $0.1\mu F$ (minimum) capacitor should be connected between this pin and ground.
12	IP	Positive Input of Torque Error Amplifier
13	OPO	Output of Torque Error Amplifier
14	IN	Negative Input of Torque Error Amplifier
15	I_FB	Current Feedback Output
16	DUTY	PWM Duty Control Input. Designed to directly control the PWM duty cycle.
17	R_CLK	External Resistor of Clock Generator. Designed for determining the frequency of internal clock generator.
18	AGND	Analog Ground
19	I_IN	Current Feedback Input
20	AS	Angle Shift Input. Designed for correcting the lead angle of PWM output signals. The range is from 0° to 60° related to the induced magnetic voltage.
21	VSENSE	Motor Drive Voltage-Sensing Resistor. Designed for determining the voltage level of over- voltage protections.
22	RT	Thermistor Voltage Input. Connect to a Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC) thermistor for the over-temperature protection.
23	OC_TMR	Overload Time-Out Programmable Input. Connect to a capacitor for determining the time delay of overload protection.
24	nFAULT	Fault Flag. Open-drain output, LOW: system failure.
25	VPP	Supply Voltage Input
26	Z	PWM Output of W-Phase, Low-Side
27	W	PWM Output of W-Phase, High-Side
28	Y	PWM Output of V-Phase, Low-Side
29	V	PWM Output of V-Phase, High-Side
30	Х	PWM Output of U-Phase, Low-Side
31	U	PWM Output of U-Phase, High-Side
32	PGND	High-Voltage Ground

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{PP}	Supply Voltage		0	30	V
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge	Human Body Model, JESD22-A114		2.50	kV
ESD	Protection Level	Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101		1.25	ĸv

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40		+85	°C
V _{PP}	Supply Voltage		12.0	17.5	V
f _{SYS}	System Clock	0.96	1.28	1.92	MHz
R_CLK	Clock Generator External Resistor		12		kΩ
R _{I_IN}	I_IN Bias Resistor		10		kΩ

Electrical Characteristics

 V_{PP} =12V and T_A =25°C unless otherwise noted.

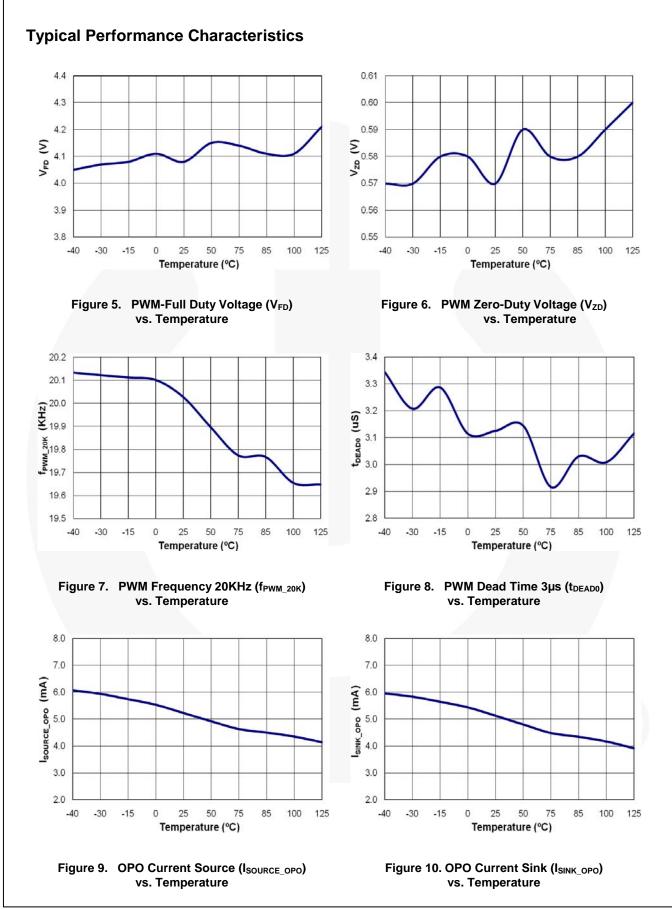
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
V _{PP} Section	•		•			
V_{PP_ON}	Turn-On Threshold Voltage		8.5	9.0	9.5	V
V_{PP_OFF}	Turn-Off Threshold Voltage		7.5	8.0	8.5	V
I _{DD_OP}	Operating Supply Current	V _{PP} =12V, f _{SYS} =1.28MHz	4.0	5.0	6.5	mA
Voltage Regul	ator Section		•			
V _{VOUT}	Regulator Output Voltage	Output Current 5mA	5.0	5.2	5.5	V
Ivout	Regulator Output Current	V _{VOUT} =5.2V			10	mA
C _{VOUT}	Regulator External Capacitor		0.1			μF
Digital I/O Sec	tion					
V _{IH_HALL}	Hall Signals Input High-Level		4.0			V
VIL_HALL	Hall Signals Input Low-Level				1.0	V
V _{HYS_HALL}	Hall Signals Hysteresis Voltage		2.0	2.5	3.0	V
t _{deb_hall}	Hall Signals De-bounce Time			5		μs
R _{DIO_UP}	Digital I/O Internal Pull High Resistor		150	200	250	kΩ
High-Voltage I	/O Section					
Vон_рwм	PWM Signals Output High-Level (U/V/W/X/Y/Z)	V _{PP} =12V, I _O =4mA	10			v
V _{OL_PWM}	PWM Signals Output Low-Level (U/V/W/X/Y/Z)	V _{PP} =12V, I _O =4mA			1	v
V _{OH_HOVP}	HOVP Output High-Level	V _{PP} =12V, I _O =1mA	10			V
V _{OL_HOVP}	HOVP Output Low-Level	V _{PP} =12V, I _O =1mA			1	V
PWM Control	Section		_			
V _{FD}	Full Duty Voltage of DUTY Pin		4.1	4.5	4.6	V
V _{ZD}	Zero Duty Voltage of DUTY Pin			0.7		V
t _{PWM_MIN}	PWM Minimum On Time	R_CLK=12KΩ		1		μs
t _{DEAD0}	PWM Dead Time 3µS	DTS=LOW	2.5	3.0	3.5	μs
t _{DEAD1}	PWM Dead Time 4µS	DTS=HIGH	3.5	4.0	4.5	μs
f _{PWM_20K}	PWM Frequency 20KHz	R_CLK=12KΩ	18.5	20.0	21.5	KHz
I _{SOURCE_OPO}	Current Source Capability of OPO Pin	IP=5V, IN=0V, OPO=0V	4.5	5.0	5.5	mA
I _{SINK_OPO}	Current Sink Capability of OPO Pin	IP=0V, IN=5V, OPO=5V	-4.5	-5.0	-5.5	mA
Averr	Gain of Torque Error Amplifier			60		dB
GBW _{ERR}	Unit-Gain Bandwidth of Torque Error Amplifier			10	6	MHz
Sine Wave PW	/M Generator					
V_{SIN_ENA}	Sine Wave Enable Threshold of DUTY Pin			0.75		V
V _{SIN_DIS}	Sine Wave Disable Threshold of DUTY Pin			0.65		V
t _{sin_ena}	Sine Wave Enable Debounce Time		1	1	1	ms
t _{SIN_DIS}	Sine Wave Disable Debounce Time		1	100		ms

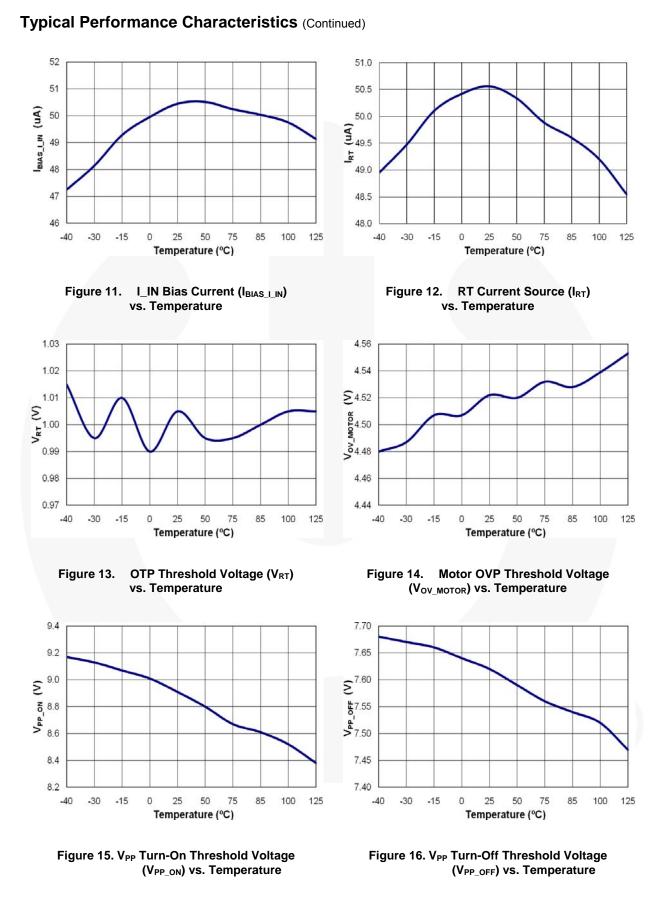
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Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 V_{PP} =12V and T_A =25°C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Over-Current I	Protection Section					
V _{OCP_SH}	Short-Circuit Current Protection Threshold Voltage			2.5		V
V _{OCP_CYC}	Cycle-by-Cycle Current Protection Threshold Voltage			1.5		V
V _{OCP_OL}	Overload Current Protection Threshold Voltage			1.4		V
V _{OC_TMR}	OC_TMR Threshold Voltage			2.5		V
I _{TMR_CHG}	OC_TMR Charge Current	OC_TMR=0V	30	40	50	μA
I _{TMR_DIS}	OC_TMR Discharge Current	OC_TMR=5V	5	10	15	μA
I _{BIAS_I_IN}	Bias Current of I_IN	R _{I_IN} =10kΩ	40	50	60	μA
I _{O_I_FB}	I_FB Output Current			0.5		mA
GI_FB	I_FB Output Gain			8		
Over- / Under-	Voltage Protection (OVP/UVP) Section					
V _{OV_VPP}	System OVP Threshold Voltage			18		V
$V_{OV_VPP_RLS}$	System OVP Release Voltage			17		V
t _{ov_vpp}	System OVP Debounce Time			100		μs
V_{UV_VPP}	System UVP Threshold Voltage		7.5	8.0	8.5	V
$V_{UV_VPP_RLS}$	System UVP Release Voltage		8.5	9.0	9.5	V
V _{UV_VOUT}	V _{OUT} UVP Threshold Voltage			4		V
$V_{\text{UV}_\text{VOUT}_\text{RLS}}$	V _{OUT} UVP Release Voltage			4.5		V
Vov_motor	Motor Drive Voltage OVP Threshold Voltage		4.3	4.5	4.8	V
V_{RL} _motor	Motor Drive Voltage OVP Release Voltage			4.0		V
Over-Tempera	ture Protection (OTP) Section					
V _{RT}	OTP Threshold Voltage		0.9	1.0	1.1	V
V _{RT_RLS}	OTP Release Voltage		1.15	1.20	1.25	V
I _{RT}	RT Pin Source Current		40	50	60	μA
Pin Open / Sho	ort Protection Section					
V _{SHORT}	Pin Short Protection Level	R_CLK pin		0.2		V
VOPEN	Pin Open Protection Level	R_CLK and RT pins	4.6	4.8	5.2	V





FCM8202 — Sine wave drive brushless DC motor controller design specification

Functional Description

Power Management and Regulator

FCM8202 can be operated in a wide input voltage (V_{PP}) range from 10V to 17.5V. The VOUT pin is the output terminal of an internal voltage regulator. The typical output voltage ranges between 5.0V and 5.2V. To stabilize the V_{OUT} circuit, an external capacitor must be connected closely between this terminal and the ground. If the V_{PP} voltage is lower than 8V threshold, the FCM8202 is shut-down and all the internal registers are reset.

Clock Generator

FCM8202 comes with a programmable oscillator. Being determined by an externally added resistor, the system clock, R_CLK, can be programmed from 960KHz to 1920KHz. The switching frequency of the PWM signal is equal to 1/64 (divided by 64) of the system clock. Therefore, when the system clock is configured as 960KHz, PWM is 960KHz / 64 = 15KHz. Similarly, if a 20KHz PWM is intended, the system clock should be set as 1.28MHz.

PWM Commutation

FCM8202 supports both square-wave PWM and sinewave PWM for the BLDC motor control. The controller comes with the Hall-sensor design used to align the rotor position of the motor. For Square-Wave Mode, the PWM output commutation is shown at Table 1.

CW	Hall	Hall	U-V-W	X-Y-Z	
Х	000	0	0-0-0	0-0-0	
Х	111	7	0-0-0	0-0-0	
1	001	1 P-0-0		Pb-1-0	
1	011	3	0-0-P	0-1-Pb	
1	010	2	0-0-P	1-0-Pb	
1	110	6	0-P-0	1-Pb-0	
1	100	4	0-P-0	0-Pb-1	
1	101	5	5 P-0-0 Pl		
0	101	5 0-0-P 1		1-0-Pb	
0	100	4	4 0-0-P 0		
0	110	6	P-0-0	Pb-1-0	
0	010	2	P-0-0	Pb-0-1	
0	011	3	0-P-0	0-Pb-1	
0	001	1	0-P-0	1-Pb-0	

Table 1. Square Wave Commutation

Note:

1. P= PWM, Pb= PWM inverse.

2. X= don't care.

HALL Signals Input

FCM8202 provides a $3\sim6\mu$ s debounce time for each Hall signal input to reduce the glitch of the Hall signals. When the transition of the Hall signal is slow, a glitch might be produced and an error follow. Through a built-in Hall signal debounce circuit, FCM8202 minimizes the risk of the glitches and related errors.

PWM Duty Cycle and Operation

The PWM duty is proportional to the voltage levels on the OPO pin and DUTY pin. A FREE/nST pin is utilized to enable the PWM signals. When FREE/nST pin is set as logic HIGH, the PWM state is in Free Mode and all PWM outputs (U, V, W, X, Y, Z pins) are logic LOW. Once the FREE/nST pin goes logic LOW, the FCM8202 starts operating the PWM.

Sine-Wave Generator

FCM8202 includes space vector modulation (SVM) for the sine-wave PWM. An angle-detect circuit phaselocks the rotor position using the Hall signals of the motor. The resolution is 32 steps per 60°. Through the PWM operation, the motor current of each phase is sine-wave. The angle shift between each phase is 120°.

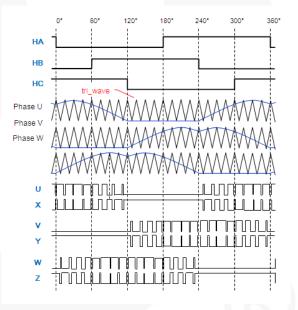


Figure 17. Sine-Wave Output at CW=1

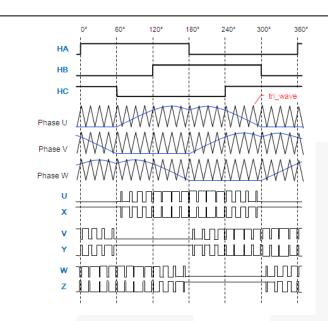


Figure 18. Sine-Wave Output at CW=0

Current Feedback and Protections

The current feedback circuit performs two major functions: (1) for generating a current feedback signal for the motor control (2) for the over-current protection. The I_IN pin outputs 50μ A current to provide a DC bias on the I_IN terminal to prevent a negative voltage. Equation 1 shows the I_FB and the I_IN. A 0.5V DC bias on I_IN is recommended. The maximum average current signal is 1V. By using these parameters, the maximum I_FB signal swing is 0.5V~4.5V.

$$V_{I_FB} = (V_S \times 8) + (I_{BIAS_I_IN} \times R_{BIAS})$$
(1)

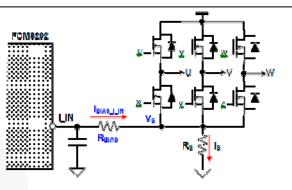


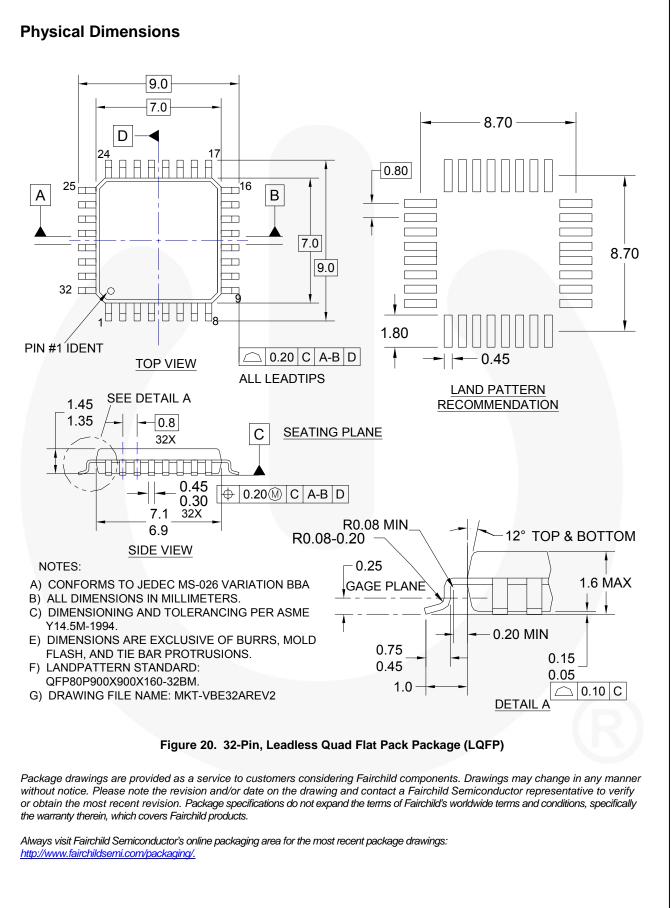
Figure 19. Current Feedback Flow

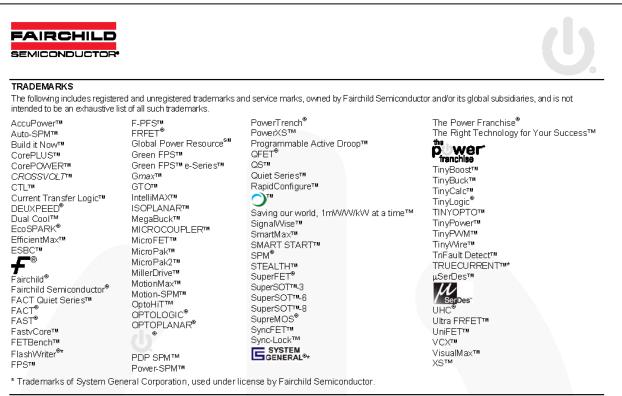
FCM8202 provides three levels of over-current protection (OCP). The first level is 1.4V, is used for overload current protection with the OCP timer delay. If the I_IN is higher than 1.4V, the OC timer is triggered. The OC_Latch is enabled once the timer is exceeds its time-out limit. The second level is 1.5V, used for the cycle-by-cycle current limit. The PWM signal is turned off immediately when the I_IN is > 1.5V. The third level is 2.5V, designed for short-circuit protection. If the I_IN is > 2.5V for over three PWM pulses, all PWM outputs (U, V, W, X, Y, Z pins) are turned off.

Protections and Faults

Table 2. Faults Table

Туре	State	Trigger	Release
V _{PP} OV	Free	V _{PP} > 18V	V _{PP} < 17V
V _{PP} UV	Free, Reset	V _{PP} < 8V	V _{PP} > 9V
V _{OUT} UV	Free	$V_{OUT} < 4V$	V _{OUT} > 4.5V
RT	Free	R _T < 1.0V	R _T > 1.2V
OS	Free	Open and Short	FREE/nST 7
Hall Error	Free	Hall = 000 or 111	
HOVP	Free	$V_{SENSE} > 4.5V$	$V_{SENSE} < 4.0V$
OC_Latch	Free	I_IN > 1.4V	FREE/nST 7
SHORT	Free	I_IN > 2.5V	FREE/nST 7





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PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
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Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.

Rev. 151

FCM8202

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Sine wave

drive brushless

DC

motor controller design specification