## Features

Low-voltage and Standard-voltage Operation

 $- V_{CC} = 1.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{V}$ 

- Internally Organized 4096 x 8, 8192 x 8
- 2-Wire Serial Interface
- Schmitt Trigger, Filtered Inputs for Noise Suppression
- Bi-directional Data Transfer Protocol
- 1MHz (5.0V) and 400KHz (1.8V Compatibility)
- Write Protect Pin for Hardware Data Protection
- 32-Byte Page Write Mode (Partial Page Writes Allowed)
- Self-Timed Write Cycle (5ms max)
- High Reliability
  - Endurance: 1 Million Write Cycles
  - Data Retention: 100 Years
- Lead-free/Halogen-free Devices
- 8-lead JEDEC SOIC, 8-lead TSSOP, 8-lead UDFN, 8-lead XDFN, 5-lead SOT23 and 8-ball VFBGA
- Die Sales: Wafer Form, Waffle Pack and Bumped Wafers

# Description

The Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT24C32D/64D provides 32,768-/65,536-bits of serial electrically erasable and programmable read only memory (EEPROM) organized as 4096/8192 words of 8-bits each. The device's cascadable feature allows up to eight devices to share a common 2-wire bus. The device is optimized for use in many industrial and commercial applications where low power and low voltage operation are essential. The AT24C32D/64D is available in space saving 8-lead JEDEC SOIC, 8-lead TSSOP, 8lead UDFN, 8-lead XDFN, 5-lead SOT23 and 8-ball VFBGA and is accessed via a 2wire serial interface. In addition, the entire family operates from 1.7V to 5.5V.

### Table 0-1.Pin Configurations

Pin Name	Function
A0 - A2	Address Inputs
SDA	Serial Data
SCL	Serial Clock Input
WP	Write Protect

Note: For use of 5-lead SOT23, the software A2, A1, and A0 bits in the device address word must be set to zero to properly communicate

8-lead	SOIC	8-lead	TSSOP
A0 🖂 1	8 🗖 V <sub>CC</sub>	A0 🗆 1	8 🗆 V <sub>CC</sub>
A1 🔤 2	7 🗔 WP	A1 🗆 2	7 🗆 WP
A2 🖂 3	6 SCL	A2 🗆 3	6 🗆 SCL
GND 🖂 4	5 🔤 SDA	GND 🗆 4	5 🗆 SDA
8-lead	UDFN	8-lead	
V <sub>cc</sub> 8	<b>1</b> A0	V <sub>cc</sub> 8	1 A0
WP 7	2 A1	WP 7	2 A1
SCL 6	3 A2	SCL 6	3 A2
SDA 5	4 GND	SDA 5	4 GND
Botton	n View	Botto	m View
5-lead	SOT23	8-ball	VFBGA
SCL 🖂 1	5 🔤 WP	V <sub>cc</sub> ⑧	① A0
GND 2		WP ⑦	2 A1
GND 2		SCL 6	3 A2
SDA 🖂 3	4 🔤 V <sub>CC</sub>	SDA (5)	④ GND
	]	Botto	m View



2-Wire Serial Electrically Erasable and Programmable Read-only Memory

32K (4096 x 8)

64K (8192 x 8)

# Atmel AT24C32D Atmel AT24C64D



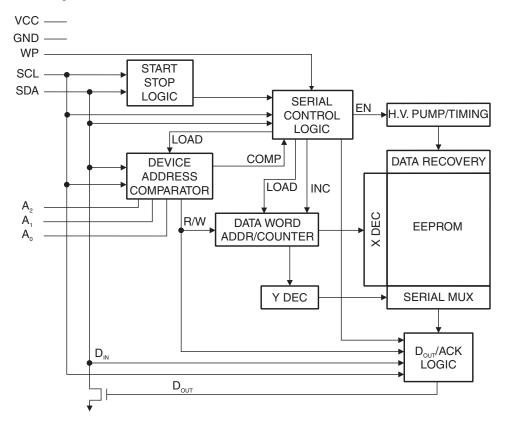


## 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Operating Temperature55 to +125°C
Storage Temperature65 to +150°C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground1.0 to +7.0V
Maximum Operating Voltage 6.25V
DC Output Current 5.0mA

\*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### Figure 1-1. Block Diagram



# 2. Pin Description

**SERIAL CLOCK (SCL):** The SCL input is used to positive edge clock data into each EEPROM device and negative edge clock data out of each device.

**SERIAL DATA (SDA):** The SDA pin is bidirectional for serial data transfer. This pin is open-drain driven and may be wire-ORed with any number of other open-drain or open collector devices.

**DEVICE/ADDRESSES (A2, A1, A0):** The A2, A1 and A0 pins are device address inputs that are hard wired or left not connected for hardware compatibility with other Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT24CXX devices. When the pins are hardwired, as many as eight 32K/64K devices may be addressed on a single bus system (device addressing is discussed in detail under the Device Addressing section). If the pins are left floating, the A2, A1 and A0 pins will be internally pulled down to GND if the capacitive coupling to the circuit board V<sub>CC</sub> plane is <3pF. If coupling is >3pF, Atmel recommends connecting the address pins to GND.

**WRITE PROTECT (WP):** The write protect input, when connected to GND, allows normal write operations. When WP is connected high to  $V_{CC}$ , all write operations to the memory are inhibited. If the pin is left floating, the WP pin will be internally pulled down to GND if the capacitive coupling to the circuit board  $V_{CC}$  plane is <3pF. If coupling is >3pF, Atmel recommends connecting the pin to GND.





## 3. Memory Organization

**Atmel AT24C32D/64D, 32/64K SERIAL EEPROM:** The 32K/64K is internally organized as 128/256 pages of 32bytes each. Random word addressing requires a 12-/13-bit data word address.

### **Table 3-1.**Pin Capacitance<sup>(1)</sup>

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , f = 1.0MHz,  $V_{CC} = +1.7V$  to 5.5V

Symbol	Test Condition	Max	Units	Conditions
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output Capacitance (SDA)	8	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0V$
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance (A0, A1, A2, SCL)	6	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$

Note: 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested

#### Table 3-2.DC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from:  $T_{AI} = -40$  to  $+85^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{CC} = +1.7$ V to +5.5V (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CC1</sub>	Supply Voltage			1.7		5.5	V
I <sub>CC1</sub>	Supply Current	$V_{\rm CC} = 5.0 V$	READ at 400kHz		0.4	1.0	mA
I <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply Current	$V_{\rm CC} = 5.0 V$	WRITE at 400kHz		2.0	3.0	mA
	Standby Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V				1.0	μA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	(+1.7V option)	$V_{\rm CC} = 5.5 V$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$			6.0	μA
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Leakage Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$			0.10	3.0	μA
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC} \text{ or } V_{SS}$		0.05	3.0	μA
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Level <sup>(1)</sup>			-0.6		V <sub>CC</sub> x 0.3	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Level <sup>(1)</sup>			V <sub>CC</sub> x 0.7		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>OL2</sub>	Output Low Level	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1mA			0.4	V
V <sub>OL1</sub>	Output Low Level	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.7V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.15mA			0.2	V

Note: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min and  $V_{IH}$  max are reference only and are not tested

Atmel AT24C32D/64D

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### Table 3-3. AC Characteristics

Applicable over recommended operating range from  $T_{AI} = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{CC} = +1.7V$  to +5.5V, CL = 1 TTL Gate and 100pF (unless otherwise noted)

		1.	7V	5.	0V	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
f <sub>SCL</sub>	Clock Frequency, SCL		400		1000	kHz
t <sub>LOW</sub>	Clock Pulse Width Low	1.3		0.4		μs
t <sub>HIGH</sub>	Clock Pulse Width High	0.6		0.4		μs
t <sub>i</sub>	Noise Suppression Time <sup>(1)</sup>		100		50	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Clock Low to Data Out Valid	0.05	0.9	0.05	0.55	μs
t <sub>BUF</sub>	Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start <sup>(1)</sup>	1.3		0.5		μs
t <sub>HD.STA</sub>	Start Hold Time	0.6		0.25		μs
t <sub>SU.STA</sub>	Start Set-up Time	0.6		0.25		μs
t <sub>HD.DAT</sub>	Data In Hold Time	0		0		μs
t <sub>SU.DAT</sub>	Data In Set-up Time	100		100		ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Inputs Rise Time <sup>(1)</sup>		0.3		0.3	μs
t <sub>F</sub>	Inputs Fall Time <sup>(1)</sup>		300		100	ns
t <sub>SU.STO</sub>	Stop Set-up Time	0.6		0.25		μs
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Out Hold Time	50		50		ns
t <sub>wR</sub>	Write Cycle Time		5		5	ms
Endurance <sup>(1)</sup>	25°C, Page Mode, 3.3V		1,00	0,000		Write Cycles

Notes: 1. This parameter is ensured by characterization

2. AC measurement conditions:  $R_L$  (connects to V<sub>CC</sub>): 1.3k $\Omega$  (2.5V, 5.0V), 10k $\Omega$  (1.7V) Input pulse voltages: 0.3 V<sub>CC</sub> to 0.7 V<sub>CC</sub>

Input rise and fall times:  $\leq$  50ns Input and output timing reference voltages: 0.5 V\_{CC}





## 4. Device Operation

**CLOCK and DATA TRANSITIONS:** The SDA pin is normally pulled high with an external device. Data on the SDA pin may change only during SCL low time periods (refer to "Data Validity" diagram). Data changes during SCL high periods will indicate a start or stop condition as defined below.

**START CONDITION:** A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a start condition which must precede any other command (refer to "Start and Stop Definition" diagram).

**STOP CONDITION:** A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a stop condition. After a read sequence, the stop command will place the EEPROM in a standby power mode (refer to "Start and Stop Definition" diagram).

**ACKNOWLEDGE:** All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the EEPROM in 8-bit words. The EEPROM sends a zero during the ninth clock cycle to acknowledge that it has received each word.

**STANDBY MODE:** The Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT24C32D/64D features a low power standby mode which is enabled:

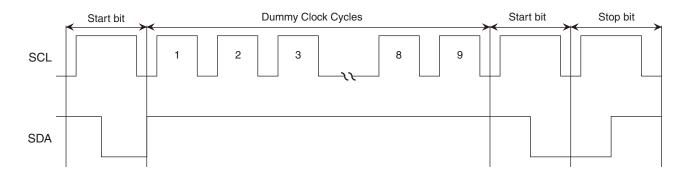
- Upon power-up
- After the receipt of the Stop bit and the completion of any internal operations.

**SOFTWARE RESET:** After an interruption in protocol, power loss or system reset, and 2-wire part can be protocol reset by following these steps:

- Create a start bit condition
- Clock nine cycles
- Create another start bit followed by stop bit condition as shown below.

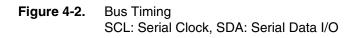
The device is ready for next communication after above steps have been completed.

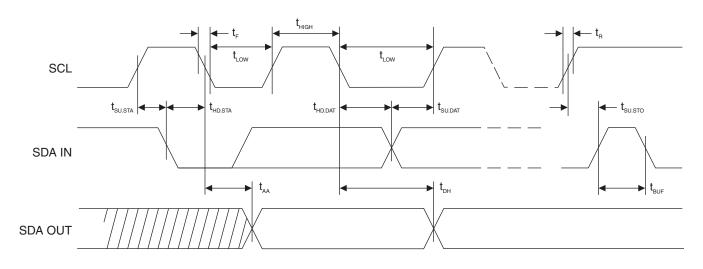
#### Figure 4-1. Software Reset

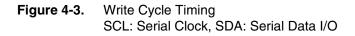


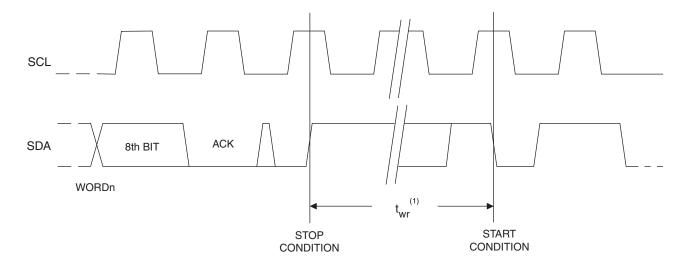
# Atmel AT24C32D/64D

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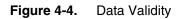


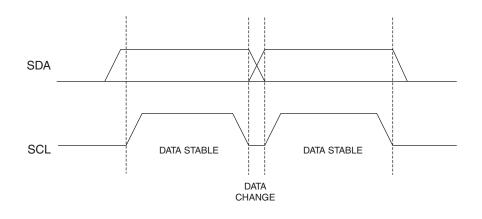


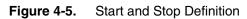
Notes: 1. The write cycle time t<sub>WR</sub> is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the internal clear/write cycle

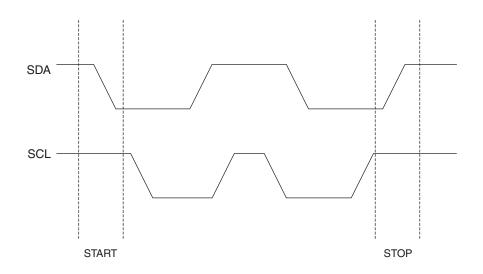


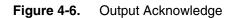


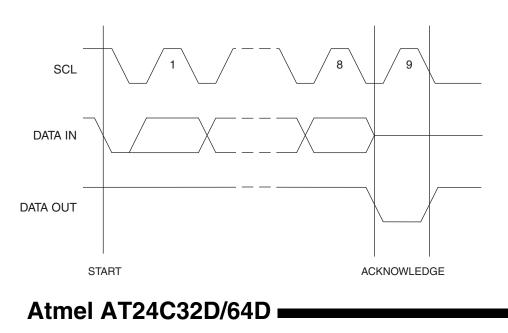












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## 5. Device Addressing

The 32K/64K EEPROM requires an 8-bit device address word following a start condition to enable the chip for a read or write operation (see Figure 7-1 on page 10). The device address word consists of a mandatory one, zero sequence for the first four most significant bits as shown. This is common to all 2-wire EEPROM devices.

The 32K/64K uses the three device address bits A2, A1, A0 to allow as many as eight devices on the same bus. These bits must compare to their corresponding hardwired input pins. The A2, A1, and A0 pins use an internal proprietary circuit that biases them to a logic low condition if the pins are allowed to float.

The eighth bit of the device address is the read/write operation select bit. A read operation is initiated if this bit is high and a write operation is initiated if this bit is low.

Upon a compare of the device address, the EEPROM will output a zero. If a compare is not made, the device will return to standby state.

**DATA SECURITY:** The Atmel<sup>®</sup> AT24C32D/64D has a hardware data protection scheme that allows the user to write protect the entire memory when the WP pin is at  $V_{CC}$ .

## 6. Write Operations

**BYTE WRITE:** A write operation requires two 8-bit data word addresses following the device address word and acknowledgment. Upon receipt of this address, the EEPROM will again respond with a zero and then clock in the first 8-bit data word. Following receipt of the 8-bit data word, the EEPROM will output a zero and the addressing device, such as a microcontroller, must terminate the write sequence with a stop condition. At this time the EEPROM enters an internally-timed write cycle, t<sub>WR</sub>, to the nonvolatile memory. All inputs are disabled during this write cycle and the EEPROM will not respond until the write is complete (see Figure 7-2 on page 10).

PAGE WRITE: The 32K/64K EEPROM is capable of 32-byte page writes.

A page write is initiated the same way as a byte write, but the microcontroller does not send a stop condition after the first data word is clocked in. Instead, after the EEPROM acknowledges receipt of the first data word, the microcontroller can transmit up to 31 more data words. The EEPROM will respond with a zero after each data word received. The microcontroller must terminate the page write sequence with a stop condition (see Figure 7-3 on page 11).

The data word address lower five bits are internally incremented following the receipt of each data word. The higher data word address bits are not incremented, retaining the memory page row location. When the word address, internally generated, reaches the page boundary, the following byte is placed at the beginning of the same page. If more than 32 data words are transmitted to the EEPROM, the data word address will "roll over" and previous data will be overwritten.

**ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING:** Once the internally-timed write cycle has started and the EEPROM inputs are disabled, acknowledge polling can be initiated. This involves sending a start condition followed by the device address word. The read/write bit is representative of the operation desired. Only if the internal write cycle has completed will the EEPROM respond with a zero, allowing the read or write sequence to continue.





# 7. Read Operations

Read operations are initiated the same way as write operations with the exception that the read/write select bit in the device address word is set to one. There are three read operations: current address read, random address read and sequential read.

**CURRENT ADDRESS READ:** The internal data word address counter maintains the last address accessed during the last read or write operation, incremented by one. This address stays valid between operations as long as the chip power is maintained. The address "roll over" during read is from the last byte of the last memory page, to the first byte of the first page. The address "roll over" during write is from the last byte of the current page to the first byte of the same page.

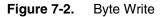
Once the device address with the read/write select bit set to one is clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the current address data word is serially clocked out. The microcontroller does not respond with an input zero but does generate a following stop condition (see Figure 7-4 on page 11).

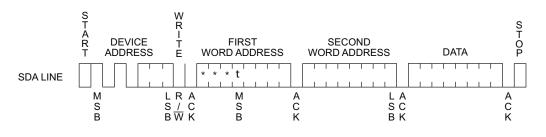
**RANDOM READ:** A random read requires a "dummy" byte write sequence to load in the data word address. Once the device address word and data word address are clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the microcontroller must generate another start condition. The microcontroller now initiates a current address read by sending a device address with the read/write select bit high. The EEPROM acknowledges the device address and serially clocks out the data word. The microcontroller does not respond with a zero but does generate a following stop condition (see Figure 7-5 on page 11).

**SEQUENTIAL READ:** Sequential reads are initiated by either a current address read or a random address read. After the microcontroller receives a data word, it responds with an acknowledge. As long as the EEPROM receives an acknowledge, it will continue to increment the data word address and serially clock out sequential data words. When the memory address limit is reached, the data word address will "roll over" and the sequential read will continue. The sequential read operation is terminated when the microcontroller does not respond with a zero but does generate a following stop condition (see Figure 7-6 on page 11).

#### Figure 7-1. Device Address

1	0	1	0	A <sub>2</sub>	<b>A</b> <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub> R/W
MSE	3		-			LSB



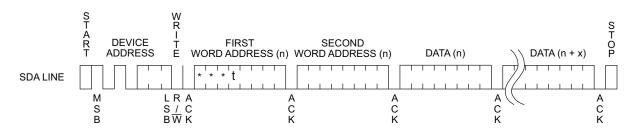


Notes: 1. \* = DON'T CARE bits

2. t = DON'T Care bit for Atmel AT24C32D

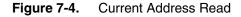
# Atmel AT24C32D/64D

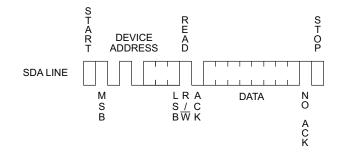


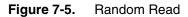


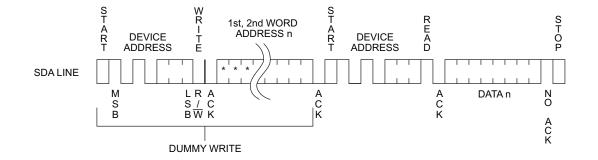
Notes: 1. \* = DON'T CARE bits

2. t = DON'T CARE bit for Atmel AT24C32D

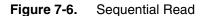


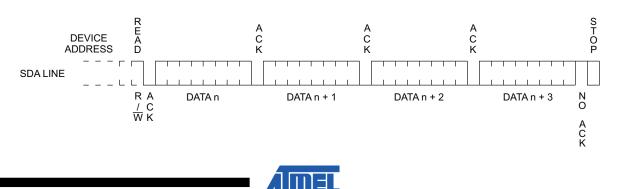






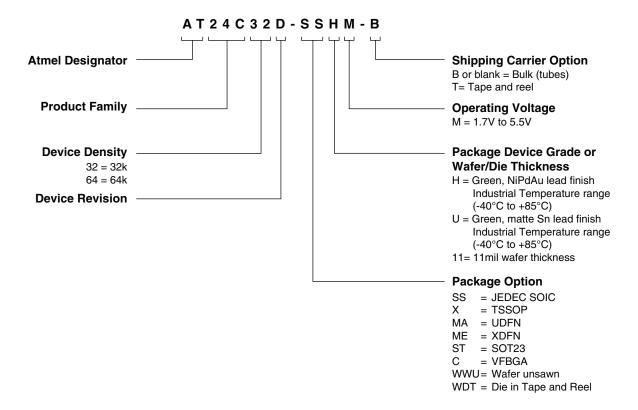
Notes: 1. \* = DON'T CARE bits







## 8. Ordering Code Detail



# 9. Part Markings

## 9.1 Atmel AT24C32D

## Atmel AT24C32D-SSHM

Top Mark Seal Year | Seal Week | | | |---|--|--|--|--|--|---| A T M L H Y W W |---|--|--|--|---|---| 3 2 D M @ |---|--|--|--|--|--|--| \* LOT NUMBER |---|--|--|--|--|--|--|

Y = SEAL YEA	٩R		WW	=	SEAL	WEEK
8:2008	2:	2012	02	=	Week	2
9:2009	3:	2013	04	=	Week	4
0:2010	4:	2014	::	:	::::	:
1:2011	5:	2015	::	:	::::	::
			50	=	Week	50
			52	=	Week	52
0 = Country	of	Assembly				
BOTTOM MARK						

No Bottom Mark

### Atmel AT24C32D-XHM

```
Top Mark

PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)

Y = SEAL

8:2008

|---|--| ---| ---|

* A T H Y W W

0:2010

|---|--| ---| ---|

3 2 D M @

|---| ---| ---| ---|

ATMEL LOT NUMBER

0 = Coun
```

Y = SEAL	YEAR		WW	=	SEAL	WEEK
8:2008	2:	2012	02	=	Week	2
9:2009	3:	2013	04	=	Week	4
0:2010	4:	2014	::	:	::::	:
1:2011	5:	2015	::	:	::::	::
			50	=	Week	50
			52	=	Week	52
@ = Count	ry of	Assembly				

No Bottom Mark

## Atmel AT24C32D-MAHM

Top Mark

```
Y = YEAR OF ASSEMBLY
      |---|---|
                               TC= TRACE CODE (ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND
       3 2 D
                                  WITH TRACE CODE LOG BOOK)
      |---|---|
                               Y = SEAL YEAR
       Н М @
                               8:2008 2:2012
      |---|---|
                                        3: 2013
                               9:2009
                                        4: 2014
       У Т С
                               0:2010
                                        5: 2015
      |---|---|
                               1:2011
       T
PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)
```





### Atmel AT24C32D-MEHM

Top Mark

|---|---| 3 2 D |---|---| У Т С |---|---| 1 PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)

Y = YEAR OF ASSEMBLY TC= TRACE CODE (ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND WITH TRACE CODE LOG BOOK) Y = SEAL YEAR 8:2008 2:2012 9:20093:20130:20104:20141:20115:2015

### Atmel AT24C32D-STUM

Top Mark

|---|---| BD= Device Code Line 1 -----> B D M W U M = Operating Voltage|---|---| W = Write Protect Feature\* U = Material Set PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)

Bottom Mark

Y	М	Т	С

Y	=	One Digit Year	Code
М	=	Seal Month	
ТC	C=	Trace Code	

### Atmel AT24C32D-CUM

Top Mark

Line 1> 3 2 D U	Y = One Digit Year Code 8:2008 1:2011 9:2009 2:2012 0:2010 3:2013
	<pre>M = SEAL MONTH (USE ALPHA DESIGNATOR A-L) A = JANUARY B = FEBRUARY J = OCTOBER K = NOVEMBER L = DECEMBER</pre>
	<pre>TC= TRACE CODE (ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND WITH TRACE CODE LOG BOOK) (e.g. XX = AA, AB YZ, ZZ)</pre>

## 9.2 Atmel AT24C64D

## Atmel AT24C64D-SSHM

Top Mark Seal Year | Seal Week Y = | | | 8: |---|---|--|---|---| 9: A T M L H Y W W 0: |---|--|--|--|--|---| 1: 6 4 D M @ |---|--|--|--|--|---| 6 \* LOT NUMBER @ |---|--|--|--|---|---| | BOT PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)

Y = SEAL YEA	٩R		WW	=	SEAL	WEEK
8:2008	2:	2012	02	=	Week	2
9:2009	3:	2013	04	=	Week	4
0:2010	4:	2014	::	:	::::	:
1:2011	5:	2015	::	:	::::	::
			50	=	Week	50
			52	=	Week	52
@ = Country	of	Assembly				
BOTTOM MARK						

No Bottom Mark

## Atmel AT24C64D-XHM

Top Mark	
PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)	Y = SEAL YEAR WW = SEAL WEEK
	8:2008 2:2012 02 = Week 2
	9:2009 3:2013 04 = Week 4
* A T H Y W W	0:2010 4:2014 :: : : : : :
	1:2011 5:2015 :: : : : :::
64DM@	50 = Week 50
	52 = Week 52
ATMEL LOT NUMBER	<pre>@ = Country of Assembly</pre>
	No Bottom Mark

### Atmel AT24C64D-MAHM

Top Mark Y = YEAR OF AS I ---I ---I TC= TRACE CODE 6 4 D WITH TRACE I ---I ---I Y = SEAL YEAR H M @ 8:2008 2: I ---I ---I 9:2009 3: Y T C 0:2010 4: I ---I ---I 1:2011 5: \* PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)





### Atmel AT24C64D-MEHM

Top Mark

|---|---| 6 4 D |---|---| Y T C |---|---| \* PIN 1 INDICATOR (DOT)

### Atmel AT24C64D-CUM

Top Mark

Line 1> 6 4 D U	Y = One Digit Year Code 8:2008 1:2011 9:2009 2:2012 0:2010 3:2013
	M = SEAL MONTH (USE ALPHA DESIGNATOR A-L) A = JANUARY B = FEBRUARY
	J = OCTOBER K = NOVEMBER L = DECEMBER
	<pre>TC= TRACE CODE (ATMEL LOT NUMBER TO COORESPOND WITH TRACE CODE LOG BOOK) (e.g. XX = AA, AB YZ, ZZ)</pre>

# Atmel AT24C32D/64D

# 10. Ordering Codes

### Atmel AT24C32D Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Voltage	Package	Operation Range
AT24C32D-SSHM-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8S1	
AT24C32D-SSHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8S1	
AT24C32D-XHM-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8A2	Lead-free/Halogen-free
AT24C32D-XHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8A2	Industrial Temperature
AT24C32D-MAHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8Y6	(-40°C to +85°C)
AT24C32D-MEHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8ME1	
AT24C32D-STUM-T <sup>(2)</sup>	1.7 to 5.5	5TS1	
AT24C32D-CUM-T <sup>(2)</sup>	1.7 to 5.5	8U3-1	
AT24C32D-WWU11M <sup>(3)</sup>	1.7 to 5.5	Die Sale	Industrial Temperature (-40°C to +85°C)

Notes: 1. "-B" denotes bulk delivery

2. "-T" denotes tape and reel delivery. SOIC = 4K/reel. TSSOP, UDFN, XDFN, SOT23 and VFBGA = 5K/reel

3. For Wafer sales, please contact Atmel Sales

Package Type		
8S1	8-lead, 0.150" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (JEDEC SOIC)	
8A2	8-lead, 4.4mm Body, Plastic, Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)	
8Y6	8-lead, 2.00mm x 3.00mm Body, 0.50mm Pitch, Ultra Thin Dual no Lead Package (UDFN)	
8ME1	8-lead, 1.80mm x 2.20mm Body, (XDFN)	
5TS1	5-lead, 1.60mm Body, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (SOT-23)	
8U3-1	8-ball, 1.50mm x 2.00mm Body, 0.50mm Pitch, Small Die Ball Grid Array (VFBGA)	





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AT24C64D-SSHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8S1	
AT24C64D-XHM-B <sup>(1)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8A2	Lead-free/Halogen-free Industrial Temperature
AT24C64D-XHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8A2	(-40°C to +85°C)
AT24C64D-MAHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8Y6	(-40 0 10 +83 0)
AT24C64D-MEHM-T <sup>(2)</sup> (NiPdAu Lead Finish)	1.7 to 5.5	8ME1	
AT24C64D-CUM-T <sup>(2)</sup>	1.7 to 5.5	8U3-1	
AT24C64D-WWU11M <sup>(3)</sup>	1.7 to 5.5	Die Sale	Industrial Temperature
	1.7 10 5.5	Die Sale	(-40°C to +85°C)

Notes: 1. "-B" denotes bulk delivery

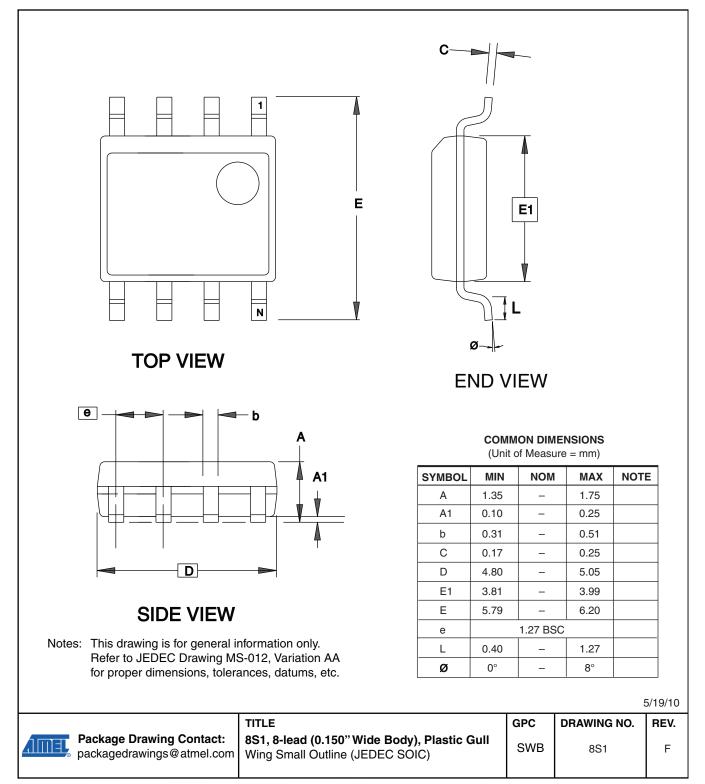
2. "-T" denotes tape and reel delivery. SOIC = 4K/reel. TSSOP, UDFN, XDFN, SOT23 and VFBGA = 5K/reel

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8Y6	8-lead, 2.00mm x 3.00mm Body, 0.50mm Pitch, Ultra Thin Dual no Lead Package (UDFN)	
8ME1	8-lead, 1.80mm x 2.20mm Body, (XDFN)	
8U3-1	8-ball, 1.50mm x 2.00mm Body, 0.50mm Pitch, Small Die Ball Grid Array (VFBGA)	

# 11. Packaging Information

### 8S1 – JEDEC SOIC

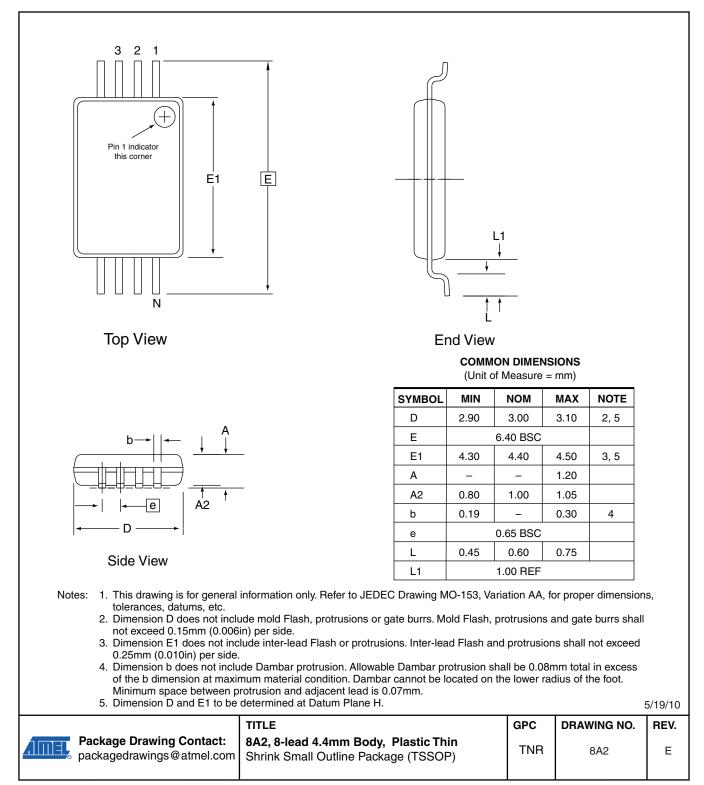




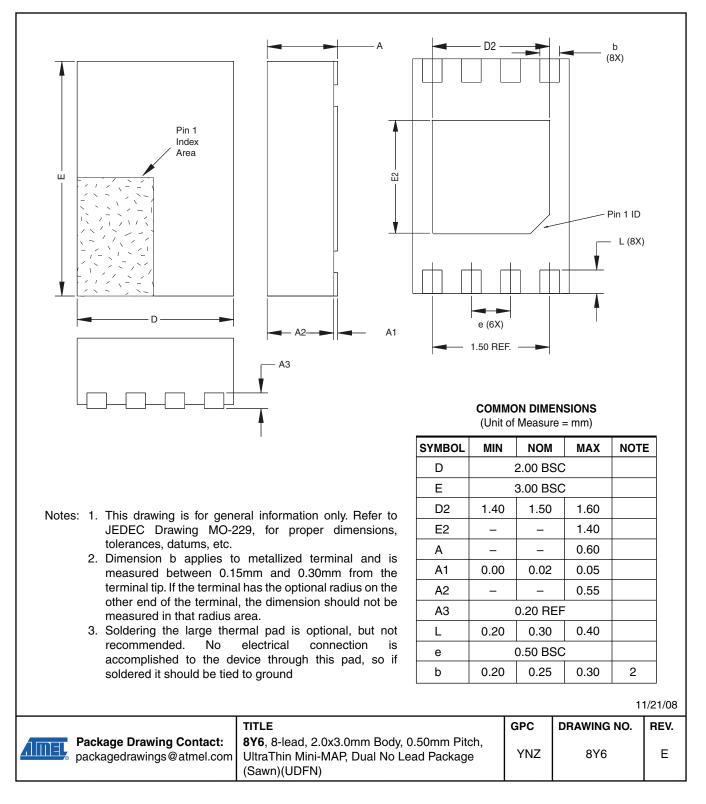
8717B-SEEPR-6/10



#### 8A2 – TSSOP



8Y6 – MLP

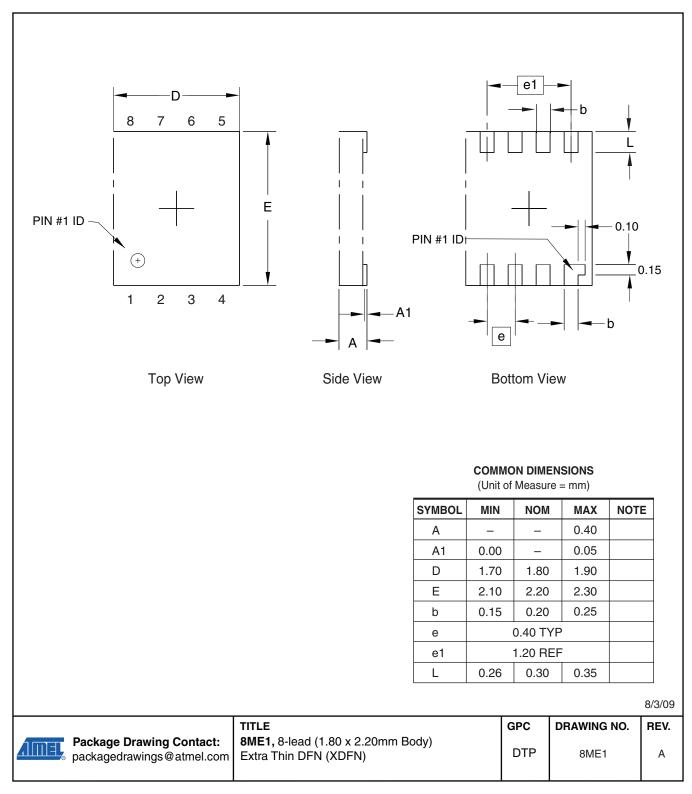




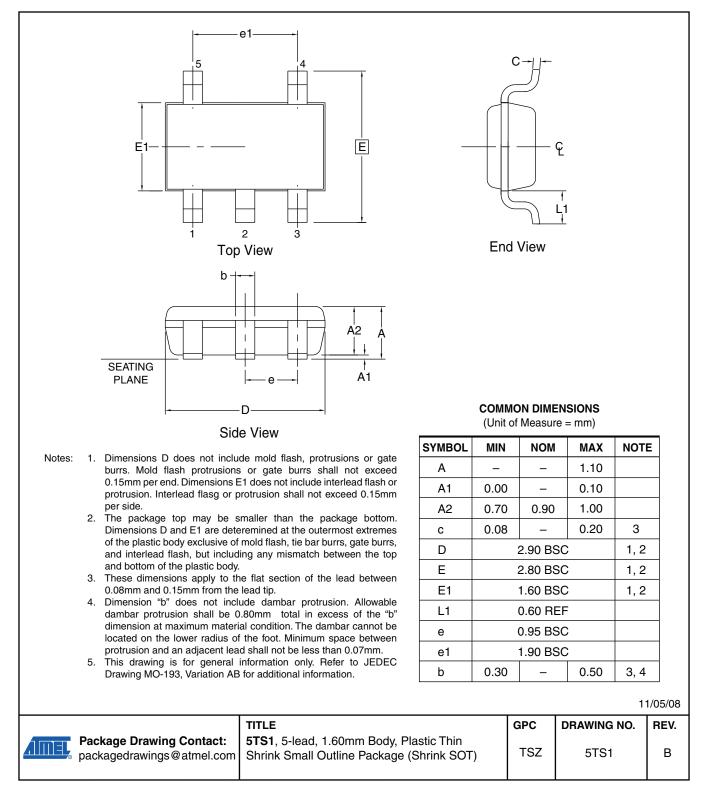
8717B-SEEPR-6/10



8ME1 – XDFN



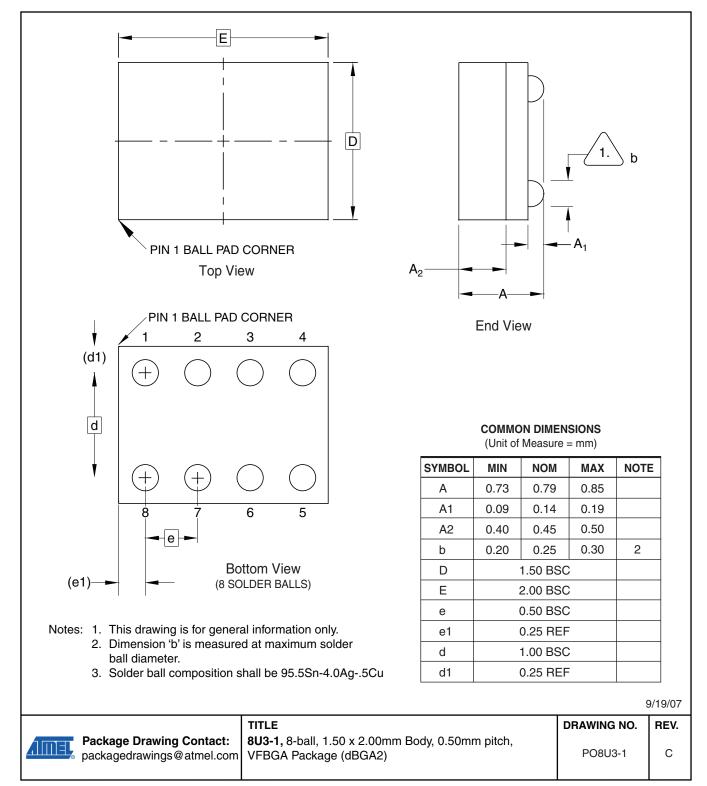
#### 5TS1-SOT-23







8U3-1 – VFBGA



# **Revision History**

Doc. Rev.	Date	Comments
5298B	6/2010	Update 8A2 and 8S1 package drawings Remove all PDIP device package references Add SOT23 in feature and description list, pin configuration with note and package drawing
5298A	4/2010	Initial document release





#### Headquarters

Atmel Corporation 2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 USA Tel: (+1)(408) 441-0311 Fax: (+1)(408) 487-2600 www.atmel.com

#### International

Atmel Asia Limited Unit 01-5 & 16, 19/F BEA Tower, Millennium City 5 418 Kwun Tong Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon HONG KONG Tel: (+852) 2245-6100 Fax: (+852) 2722-1369 Atmel Munich GmbH Business Campus Parkring 4 D-85748 Garching b. Munich GERMANY Tel: (+49) 89-31970-0 Fax: (+49) 89-3194621

#### Atmel Japan

9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg. 1-24-8 Shinkawa Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033 JAPAN Tel: (+81) 3-3523-3551 Fax: (+81) 3-3523-7581

#### **Product Contact**

Technical Support s\_eeprom@atmel.com

Sales Contact www.atmel.com/contacts Literature Requests www.atmel.com/literature

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