

# Single-Ended Bus Transceiver

# FEATURES

- Operating Power Supply Range 6 V  $\leq$  V<sub>BAT</sub>  $\leq$  36 V
- Reverse Battery Protection Down to  $V_{BAT} \ge -24 \text{ V}$
- Standby Mode With Very Low Current Consumption  $I_{BAT(SB)}$  = 1  $\mu A @ V_{DD}$  = 0.5 V
- Low Quiescent Current in OFF Condition  $I_{BAT}$  = 120  $\mu$ A and  $I_{DD} \le 10 \mu$ A
- ISO 9141 Compatible

- Overtemperature Shutdown Function For K Output
- Defined K Output OFF for Open GND
- Defined Receive Output Status for Open K Input
- Defined K Output OFF for TX Input Open
- Open Drain Fault Output
- 2-kV ESD
- Typical Transmit Speeds of 200 kBaud

# DESCRIPTION

The Si9241AEY is a monolithic bus transceiver designed to provide bidirectional serial communication in automotive diagnostic applications.

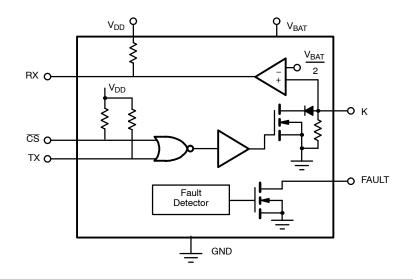
The device incorporates protection against overvoltages and short circuits to  $V_{BAT}$ . The transceiver pin is protected and can be driven beyond the  $V_{BAT}$  voltage.

The Si9241AEY is built on the Vishay Siliconix BiC/DMOS process. An epitaxial layer prevents latchup.

The RX output is capable of driving CMOS or 1  $\times$  LSTTL load.

The Si9241AEY is available in a space efficient 8-pin SO package. It operates reliably over the automotive temperature range (-40 to 125°C). The Si9241AEY is available in both standard and lead (Pb)-free packages.

### PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



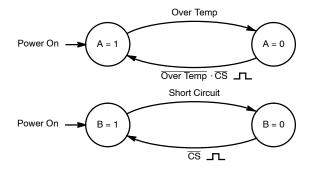
Document Number: 70787 S-40137—Rev. E, 16-Feb-04

# Si9241AEY

# Vishay Siliconix



### **OUTPUT TABLE AND STATE DIAGRAMS**



Note: Over Temp is an internal condition, not meant to be a logic signal.

INPUTS		STA VARIA		OUTPUT TABLE			
CS	ТΧ	Α	В	RX	RX K FAULT		Comments
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
х	х	0	1	К	HiZ	0	Over Temp
0	х	1	0	К	HiZ	0	Short Circuit
1	х	1	1	0	0	1	Receive Mode
1	х	1	1	1	1	1	
	X = "1" or "0" HiZ = High Impedance State						

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Voltage Referenced to Ground	Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub>
Voltage On V <sub>BAT</sub> 24 V to 45 V	K Pin Only, Short Circuit Duration (to V <sub>BAT</sub> or GND) Continuous
Voltage K	Operating Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )40 to 125°C
Voltage Difference V <sub>(VBAT, K)</sub>	Junction and Storage Temperature $\hdotspace{1.55}$ to 150 $^\circ$ C
Voltage or Max. Current On Any Pin (Except V <sub>BAT</sub> , K)	Thermal Resistance $\Theta_{JA}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE**

Voltage Referenced to Ground	
V <sub>DD</sub>	
V <sub>BAT</sub>	

К	3 V to 36 V
Digital Inputs	. 0 to V <sub>DD</sub>



		Test Conditions Unless Specified			Limits -40 to 125°C			
Parameter	Symbol	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5 V V <sub>BAT</sub> = 6 to 36 V		Temp <sup>a</sup>	Min <sup>b</sup>	Тур <sup>с</sup>	Max <sup>b</sup>	Unit
Transmitter and Logic Leve	els			1	1	1		L
CS, TX Input Low Voltage	VILT			Full			1.5	
CS, TX Input High Voltage	VIHT			Full	3.5			V
TX Input Capacitance <sup>d</sup>	CINT			Full			10	pF
CS, TX Input Pull-up Resistance	R <sub>TX</sub> , R <sub>CS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5 \	/, TX or <del>CS</del> = 1.5 V, 3.5 V	Full	10	20	40	kΩ
K Transmit								
		$R_L$ = 510 $\Omega\pm$ 5% , $V_{BAT}$ = 6 to 18 V		Full			0.2 V <sub>BAT</sub>	
K Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OLK</sub>	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 5\%$ , $V_{BAT} = 16 \text{ to } 36 \text{ V}$		Full			0.2 V <sub>BAT</sub>	
		$R_L = 510 \ \Omega \pm 5\%, V_{BAT} = 4.5 \ V$		Full			1.2	V
K Output High Voltage	V <sub>онк</sub>	$R_L$ = 510 $\Omega~\pm$ 5%, $V_{BAT}$ = 4.5 to 18 V		Full	0.95 V <sub>BAT</sub>			1
	∙онк	$R_L = 1 \ k\Omega$	$\pm5\%$ , $V_{BAT}$ = 16 to 36 V	Full	0.95 V <sub>BAT</sub>			
K Rise, Fall Times	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	5	See Test Circuit	Full			9.6	μs
K Output Sink Resistance	Rsi	<u> </u>	5̄ = 0 V, TX = 0 V	Full			110	Ω
K Output Capacitanced	CO	03 = 0 V, 1X = 0 V		Full			20	pF
Receiver								
K Input Low Voltage	V <sub>ILK</sub>			Full			0.35 V <sub>BAT</sub>	
K Input High Voltage	V <sub>IHK</sub>			Full	0.65 V <sub>BAT</sub>			V
K Input Hysteresis <sup>,c, d</sup>	V <sub>HYS</sub>			Full		0.05 V <sub>BAT</sub>		
K Input Currents	I <sub>IHK</sub>		V <sub>IHK</sub> = V <sub>BAT</sub>	Full			20	μA
RX Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OLR</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}} = 4 \text{ V}$	V <sub>ILK</sub> = 0.35 V <sub>BAT</sub> I <sub>OLR</sub> = 1 mA	Full			0.4	V
RX Pull-up Resistance	R <sub>RX</sub>			Full	5		20	kΩ
RX Turn On Delay	<b>+</b> <i>u</i> ,	$R_L$ = 510 $\Omega~\pm$ 5%, $V_{BAT}$ = 6 to 18 V $C_L$ = 10 nF, See Test Circuit		Full		3	10	- μs
HA TUIT OIT Delay	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	$R_L$ = 1 k $\Omega~\pm$ 5% , V_{BAT} = 16 to 36 V $C_L$ = 4.7 nF, See Test Circuit		Full		3	10	
RX Turn Off Delay	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$ \begin{array}{c} R_{L} = 510 \; \Omega \; \pm 5\%, \; V_{BAT} = 6 \; to \; 18 \; V \\ C_{L} = 10 \; nF, \; See \; Test \; Circuit \\ \\ \\ R_{L} = 1 \; k\Omega \; \pm 5\%, \; V_{BAT} = 16 \; to \; 36 \; V \\ C_{L} = 4.7 \; nF, \; See \; Test \; Circuit \\ \end{array} $		Full		3	10	
	-4(01)			Full		3	10	
Supplies								
Bat Supply Current On	I <sub>BAT (on)</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = TX = 0 V, V <sub>BAT</sub> $\leq$ 16 V		Full		1.2	3	mA
Bat Supply Current Off	I <sub>BAT(off)</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = High, V <sub>BAT</sub> $\leq$ 12 V, TX = High <sup>f</sup>		Full		120	220	μA
Bat Supply Current Standby	I <sub>BAT(SB)</sub>	$V_{DD} \leq  0.5  \text{V},  \text{V}_{BAT} \leq  12  \text{V}$		Full		<1	10	μΑ
Logic Supply Current On	I <sub>DD(on)</sub>	$V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{TX} = 0 \text{ V}$		Full		1.4	2.3	mA
Logic Supply Current Off	I <sub>DD(off)</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = High, V <sub>BAT</sub> $\leq$ 12 V, TX = High <sup>f</sup>		Full			10	μΑ
Miscellaneous								
TX Transmit Baud Rate	BR <sub>T</sub>	$R_L = 510 \ \Omega, \ C_L = 10 \ nF$		Full	10.4			kBaud
RX Receive Baud Rate <sup>c</sup>	BR <sub>R</sub>	$6 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{BAT}}$ < 16 V, C <sub>RX</sub> = 20 pF		Full		200		nDaul
Transmission Frequency	f <sub>K-RXK</sub>	6 V $<$ V_{BAT} $<$ 16 V, $R_K$ = 510 $\Omega,C_K\leq$ 1.3 nF		Full	50	200		kHz
Fault Output Low Voltage	Volf	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = T <sub>X</sub> = 0 V, K = V <sub>BAT</sub> , I <sub>OLF</sub> = 1 mA		Full			0.4	V
CS Minimum Pulse Width <sup>d, e</sup>	t <sub>cs</sub>			Full	1			μs
Over Temperature Shutdown <sup>d</sup>	T <sub>SHUT</sub>		Temperature Rising		160	180		

Notes

a.

tes Room = 25°C, Cold and Hot = as determined by the operating temperature suffix. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test. Minimum pulse width to reset a fault condition. High referes to Logic High and Low refers to Logic Low. b.

c.

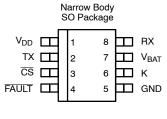
d.

e. f.

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# **PIN CONFIGURATION**



Top View

ORDERING INFORMATION				
Part Number	Temperature Range			
Si9241AEY-T1	-40 to 125°C			
Si9241AEY-T1—E3 (Lead (Pb)-Free)				

PIN DESCRIPTION					
Pin Number	Symbol	Description			
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Power Supply			
2	ТХ	Transmit, Input			
3	CS	Chip Select, Input			
4	FAULT	Fault, Open Drain Output			
5	GND	Ground Connection			
6	К	Transmit/Receive, Bidirectional			
7	V <sub>BAT</sub>	Battery Power Supply			
8	RX	Receiver, Output			

### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The Si9241AEY can be either in transmit or receive mode and it contains over temperature, and short circuit  $V_{BAT}$  fault detection circuits.

The voltage on K is internally compared to V<sub>BAT/2</sub>. If the voltage on the K pin is less than V<sub>BAT/2</sub> then RX output will be "low." If the voltage on the K pin is greater than V<sub>BAT/2</sub> then RX output will be "high."

In order to be in transmit mode,  $\overline{CS}$  must be set "low." When  $\overline{CS}$  and TX are set "low" the internal MOSFET will turn on, causing the K pin to be "low." In the transmit mode, the processor monitors RX and TX. When the two mirror each other there is no fault. In the event of over temperature, or short

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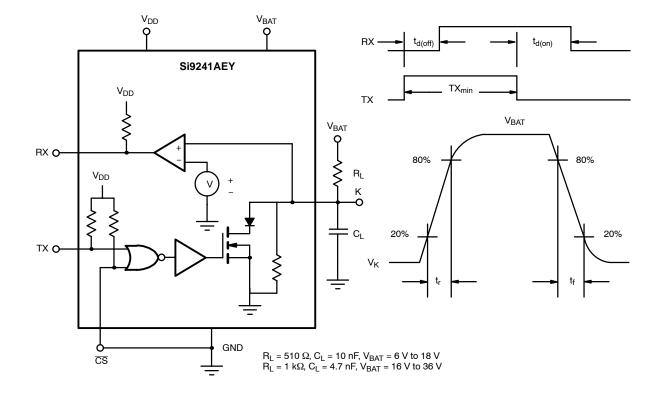
circuit to V<sub>BAT</sub>, the Si9241AEY will turn off the K output to protect the IC and the external open drain FAULT pin will be asserted. The K pin will stay in high impedance and RX will follow the K pin. The fault will be reset when  $\overline{CS}$  is toggled high. RX,  $\overline{CS}$  and TX pins have an internal pull up resistor to V<sub>DD</sub> while the K pin has internal pull down resistors. When any one of the TX, V<sub>BAT</sub> or GND pins is open the K output is off.

When  $\overline{CS}$  is set "high" the Si9241AEY is in receive mode and the internal MOSFET for the K pin is turned off. The RX output will follow the K pin. If  $\overline{CS}$  is "low" while the IC is receiving data, an incorrect fault signal will occur.

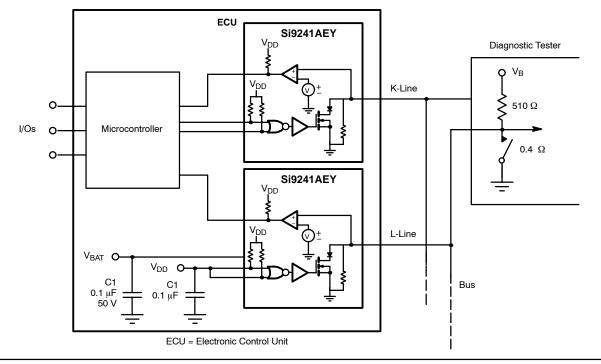
To inhibit the short detect, tie  $\overline{CS}$  and TX together.



# **TEST CIRCUIT AND TIMING DIAGRAMS (TRANSMIT ONLY)**



### **APPLICATION CIRCUIT**





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